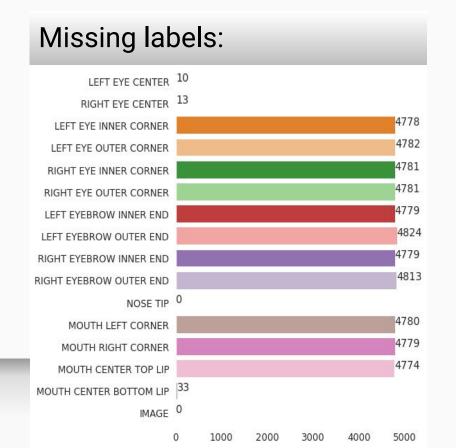
Facial Keypoint Detection

Presented by: Sourav Karmakar 24.06.2021

Data description

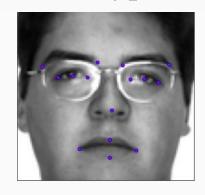
- The data is taken from kaggle competition
 - Training Set
 - > 7049 Images with keypoints
 - Test Set
 - ➤ 1783 Images
 - Image
 - > Grayscale images
 - ➤ Dimension: 96 * 96
 - **♦** 15 keypoints
 - ➤ Real-valued
 - > x and y coordinates
 - > Eye, Nose, Mouth
 - ★ Missing Lables(keypoints):
 - O 2225 images: 15 keypoints
 - 4770+ images: only 4 keypoints



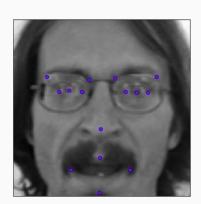
Data visualization

Random images with keypoints









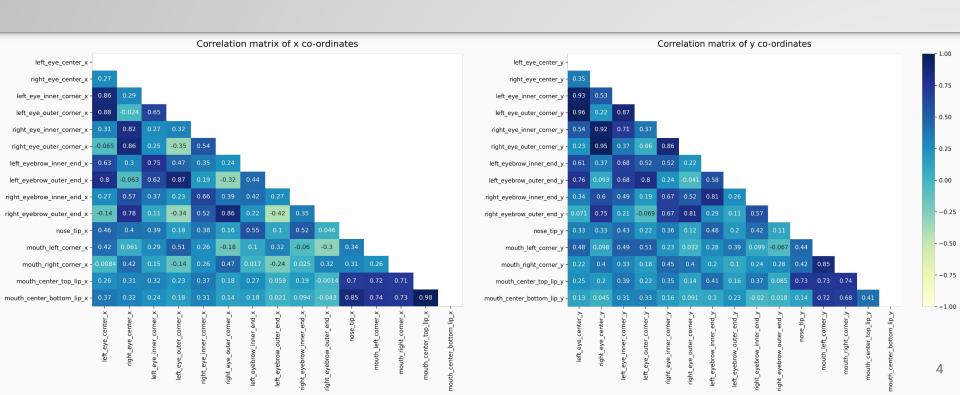
- Inter relation among 15 keypoint positions
 - Nose is likely to fall on the perpendicular bisector of the line-segment connecting two eyes with good probability.



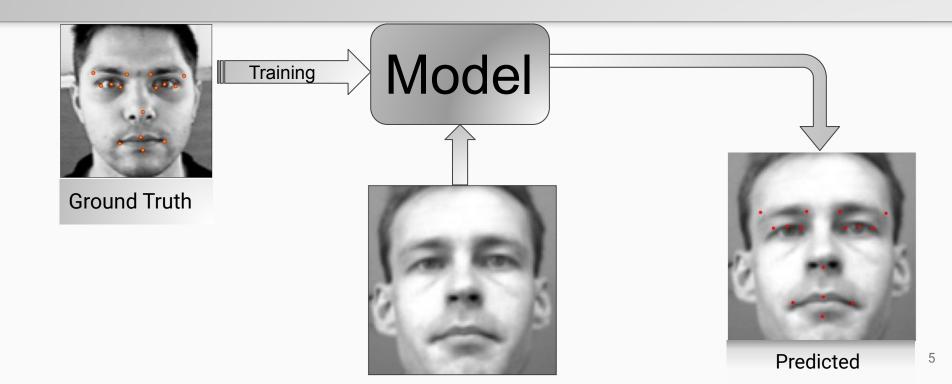




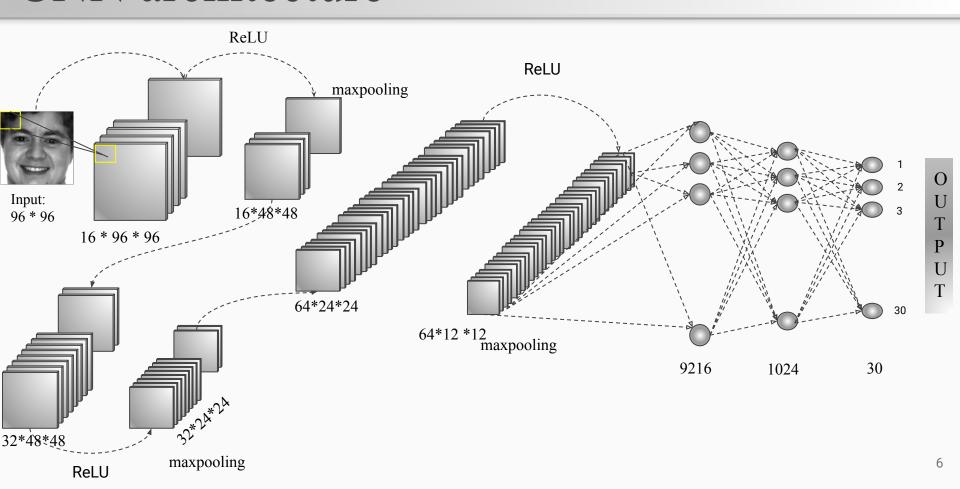
- x coordinates of one side are highly correlated with each other on that side (i.e., left, right and centre)
- Correlation of y coordinates are almost non-negative and same property as x coordinates



Our Goal



CNN architecture



Data augmentation:

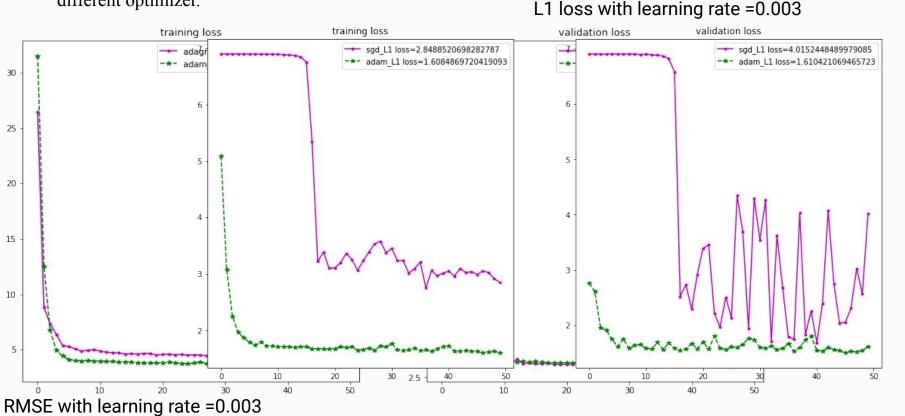
Image faces are mostly in center, so Horizontal Flip is a good idea to add some randomness to the data.

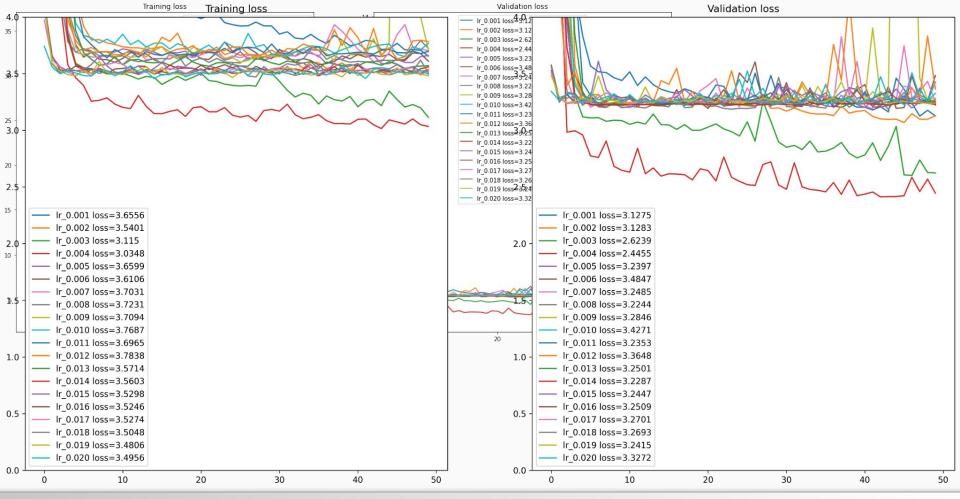
Augmentation has been done on non-null keypoints.



Evaluation:

• Error metric used to evaluate training and validation data is Root Mean Squared Error(RMSE) and L1 loss with different optimizer.



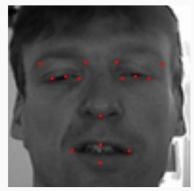


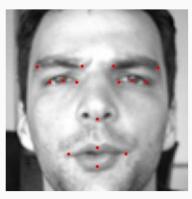
Different learning rates for adam optimizer on RMSE loss function

Results:

Model applied to predict the keypoints











References:

- 1. Facial Key Points Detection using Deep Convolutional Neural Network NaimishNet, Naimish Agarwal, IIIT-Allahabad (irm2013013@iiita.ac.in) Artus Krohn-Grimberghe, University of Paderborn (artus@aisbi.de) Ranjana Vyas, IIIT-Allahabad (<u>ranjana@iiita.ac.in</u>)
- 2. Facial Keypoints Detection, Shenghao Shi

THANK YOU