Array and Functions in C Language Assignment:-15

Name:-Sourav Samanta

1. Write a function to find the greatest number from the given array of any size. (TSRS)

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Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
int greatest_number(int x[]);
int main()
   int a[5]={23,34,45,56,67};
   printf("Greatest number=%d",greatest_number(a));
   return 0;
}
int greatest number(int x[])
  int y,i;
  y=x[0];
  for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    y=y>x[i]?y:x[i];
  return y;
2. Write a function to find the smallest number from the given array of any size. (TSRS)
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
int greatest number(int x[]);
int main()
   int a[5]={23,34,45,56,67};
   printf("Smallest number=%d",greatest_number(a));
   return 0;
}
int greatest number(int x[])
  int y,i;
  y=x[0];
  for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    y=y<x[i]?y:x[i];
  return y;
3. Write a function to sort an array of any size. (TSRS)
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void* sort(int *,int);
int main()
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int a[10],x,i,j;
   printf("Enter 10 number ");
   for(i=0;i<10;i++)
     scanf("%d",&a[i]);
   sort(a,10);
   for(i=0;i<10;i++)
     printf("%d ",a[i]);
   return 0;
void* sort(int *p,int size)
  int i,j,x;
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
   {
     x=*(p+i);
     for(j=i;j<size;j++)
       x=x<*(p+j)?x:*(p+j);
     for(j=i;j<size;j++)</pre>
       if(x==*(p+j))
          *(p+j)=*(p+i);
         *(p+i)=x;
         break;
       }
   }
4. Write a function to rotate an array by n position in d direction. The d is an indicative
value for left or right. (For example, if array of size 5 is [32, 29, 40, 12, 70]; n is 2 and d is
left, then the resulting array after left rotation 2 times is [40, 12, 70, 32, 29])
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void leftrotation(int b[],int);
void rightrotation(int b[],int);
int main()
  int n,b[]={32,29,40,12,70};
  int i,x;
  char c;
  printf("Enter 'L' or 'l' for left rotation and 'R' or 'r' for right rotation\n ");
  scanf("%c",&c);
  printf("Enter the number of rotation ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  if(c=='L' || c=='l')
   leftrotation(b,n);
  if(c=='r' || c=='R')
     rightrotation(b,n);
  return 0;
```

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}
void leftrotation(int a[],int n)
  int i,x;
  for(;n;n--)
    x=a[0];
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)
       a[i]=a[i+1];
    a[i]=x;
  }
  for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
}
void rightrotation(int a[],int n)
  int i,x;
    for(;n;n--)
    x=a[4];
    for(i=4;i>0;i--)
       a[i]=a[i-1];
    a[i]=x;
  for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
5. Write a function to find the first occurrence of adjacent duplicate values in the array.
Function has to return the value of the element.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
int find_aduplicate(int b[],int);
int main()
  int a[]={1,2,3,3,5,6,7,4};
  printf("Adjacent Duplicate value is =%d ",find_aduplicate(a,8));
  return 0;
}
find aduplicate(int b[],int x)
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<x-1;i++)
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if(b[i]==b[i+1])
       return b[i];
  }
}
6. Write a function in C to read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse
order.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void display_reverse(int b[],int);
int main()
  int b[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9};
  display_reverse(b,9);
  return 0;
void display_reverse(int a[],int x)
  int i,k;
  if(x%2)
    k=x/2+1;
  else
    k=x/2;
  for(i=0;i<k;i++)
    a[i]=(a[i]+a[x-i-1])-(a[x-i-1]=a[i]);
  for(i=0;i<x;i++)
    printf("%d ",a[i]);
7. Write a function in C to count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
int duplicate_count(int b[],int);
int main()
  int a[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,3,2,1};
  printf("Total number of duplicate element is =%d ",duplicate count(a,10));
  return 0;
}
int duplicate_count(int b[],int x)
  int i,j,count;
  for(i=0;i<x-1;i++)
    for(j=i+1;j<x;j++)
      if(b[i]==b[j])
         count++;
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}
  return count;
8. Write a function in C to print all unique elements in an array.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void print_unique(int b[],int);
int main()
{
  int a[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,3,2,1};
  print_unique(a,10);
  return 0;
}
void print_unique(int b[],int x)
  int i,j,c[100]={0},k=0;
  for(i=0;i<x;i++)
    for(j=i+1;j<x;j++)
      if(b[i]==b[j])
         {
           c[k]=b[i];
           k++;
         }
    }
  }
  for(i=0;i<x;i++)
    for(j=0;j<k;j++)
      if(b[i]==c[j])
        break;
    if(b[i]!=c[j])
       printf("%d ",b[i]);
  }
}
9. Write a function in C to merge two arrays of the same size sorted in descending order.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void merge_array(int x[],int y[],int);
int main()
{
  int a[5]={1,2,3,4,5};
  int b[5]={7,9,8,10,6};
  merge_array(a,b,5);
  return 0;
}
```

```
void merge_array(int x[],int y[],int z)
   int arr[100]={0},i,j,k;
   for(i=0,j=z;i<z;i++,j++)
   {
     arr[i]=x[i];
     arr[j]=y[i];
   for(i=0;i<2*z;i++)
     k=arr[i];
     for(j=i;j<2*z;j++)
       k=k>arr[j]?k:arr[j];
     for(j=i;j<2*z;j++)
       if(k==arr[j])
       {
         arr[j]=arr[i];
         arr[i]=k;
         break;
       }
   for(i=0;i<2*z;i++)
    printf("%d ",arr[i]);
10. Write a function in C to count the frequency of each element of an array.
Ans:-
#include<stdio.h>
void* countfreq(int*,int*,int);
int findmax(int*,int);
int main()
{
   int a[10],i,freq[100]={0};
   printf("Enter 10 number ");
  for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
   countfreq(a,freq,10);
  for(i=0;i<100;i++)
    if(freq[i]!=0)
      printf("%d appear %d times\n",i,freq[i]);
   return 0;
}
void* countfreq(int *p,int *q,int size)
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
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*(q+*(p+i))+=1;
}
}
```