- (4) The national executive, a provincial executive, a municipality or any other relevant authority may implement the national legislation referred to in subsection (1) only after considering any recommendations of the commission established in terms of subsection (2).
- (5) National legislation must establish frameworks for determining the salaries, allowances and benefits of judges, the Public Protector, the Auditor-General, and members of any commission provided for in the Constitution, including the broadcasting authority referred to in section 192.

Financial and Fiscal Commission

Establishment and functions

- 220. (1) There is a Financial and Fiscal Commission for the Republic which makes recommendations envisaged in this Chapter, or in national legislation, to Parliament, provincial legislatures and any other authorities determined by national legislation.
 - (2) The Commission is independent and subject only to the Constitution and the law, and must be impartial.
 - (3) The Commission must function in terms of an Act of Parliament and, in performing its functions, must consider all relevant factors, including those listed in section 214(2).

Appointment and tenure of members

- 221. (1) The Commission consists of the following women and men appointed by the President, as head of the national executive:
 - (a) A chairperson and a deputy chairperson;
 - (b) three persons selected, after consulting the Premiers, from a list compiled in accordance with a process prescribed by national legislation;
 - (c) two persons selected, after consulting organised local government, from a list compiled in accordance with a process prescribed by national legislation; and
 - (d) two other persons.

[Sub-s (1) substituted by s. 2 of the Constitution Fifth Amendment Act of 1999] and substituted by s. 7(a) of the Constitution Seventh Amendment Act of 2001.]