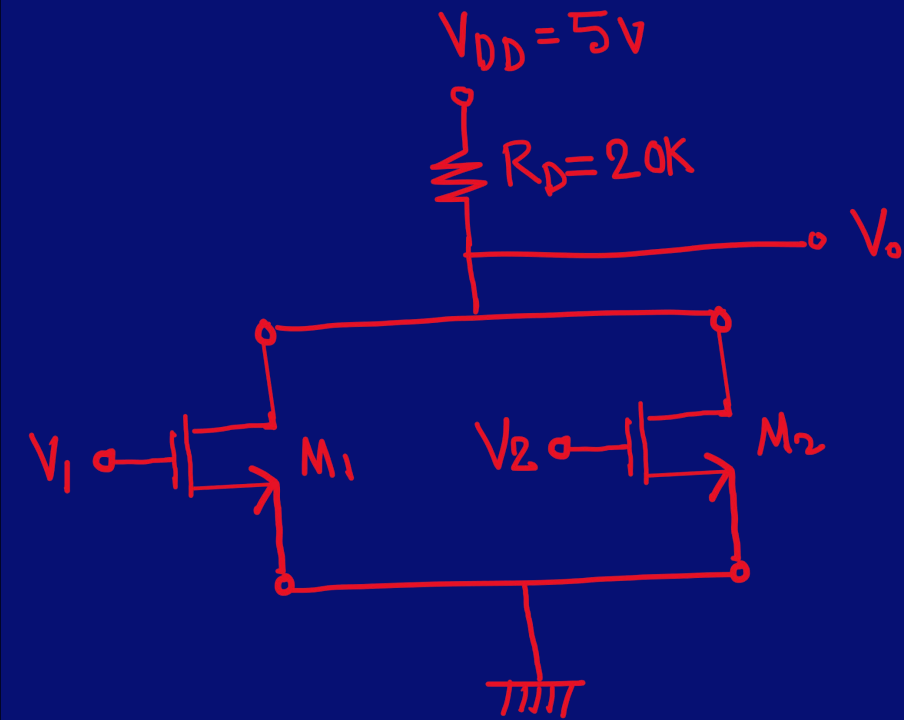


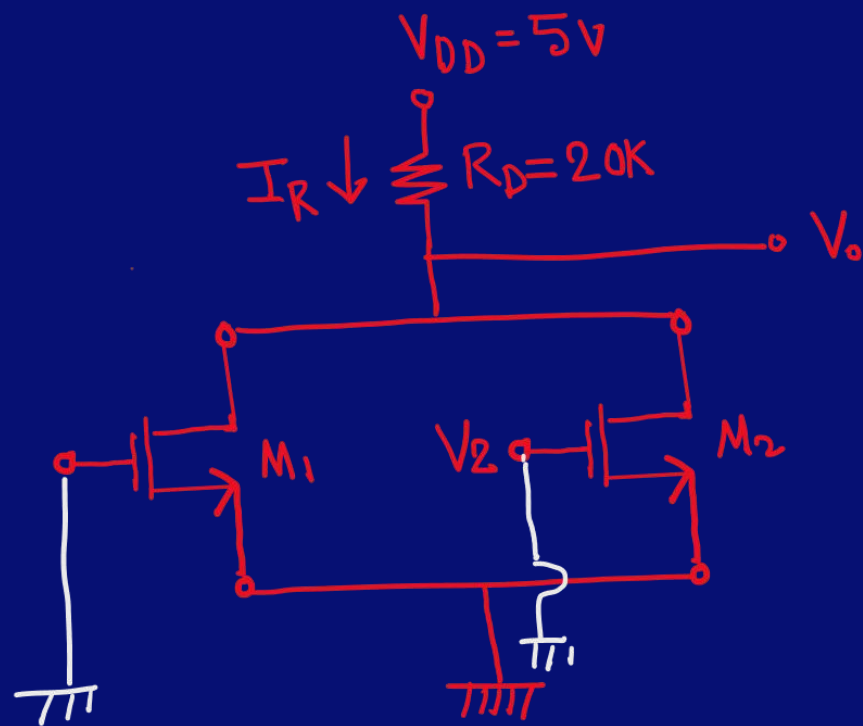


$K_n = 0.1 \text{ mA/V}^2$  ,  $V_{TN} = 0.8 \text{ V}$  for both  
MOSFETs ( $M_1$  &  $M_2$ )

Find  $V_o$  for the following conditions



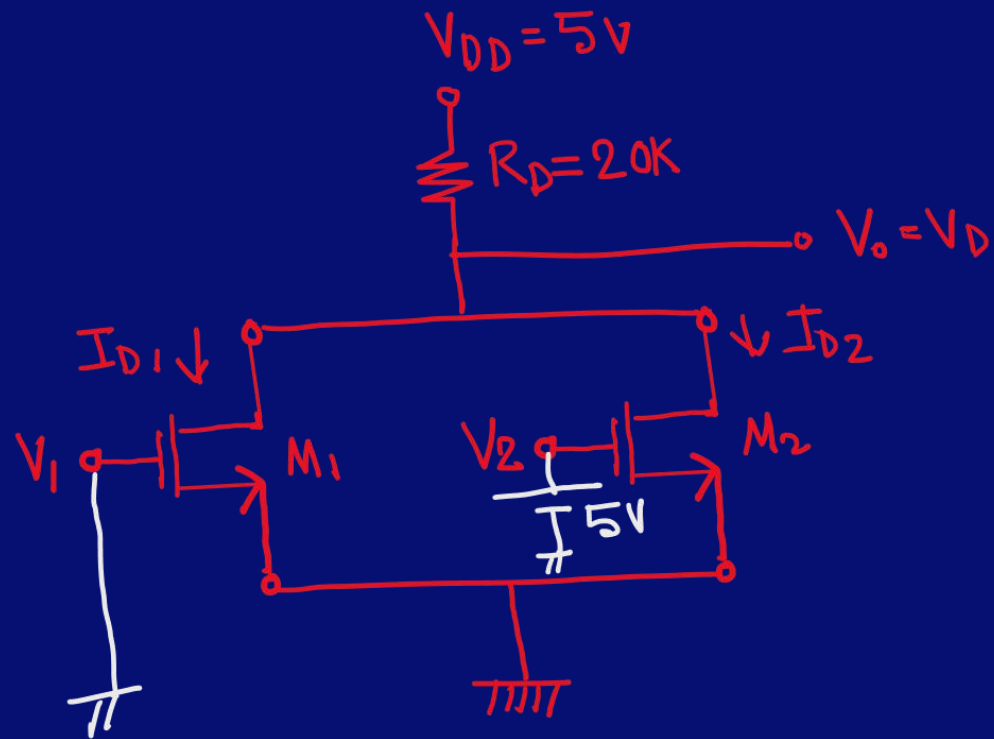
|    | $V_1$ | $V_2$ | $V_o$ |
|----|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. | 0V    | 0V    | 5V    |
| 2. | 0V    | 5V    | 0.29V |
| 3. | 5V    | 0V    | 0.29V |
| 4. | 5V    | 5V    | 0.15V |



1.  $V_1 = V_2 = 0V$   
 checking  $V_{GS}$ :  $V_{1-0} = 0 < V_{TN}$  [No ch. Ind.]  
 Cut-off Region

$$I_{D1} = 0, I_{D2} = 0, I_R = I_{D1} + I_{D2} = 0$$

$$V_O = V_{DD} - \cancel{I_R} R_D = V_{DD} = 5V$$



Here,  
 $V_{DS} = V_D - V_S = V_D = V_0$

2.  $V_1 = 0V$  &  $V_2 = 5V$

$M_1$ :  $V_{GS} = 0 < V_{TN}$  [No ch. Ind.]

Cut-off.  $I_{D1} = 0$

$M_2$ :  $V_{GS} = V_G - V_S = V_2 - V_S = 5 - 0 > V_{TN}$   
 [Ch. Ind.]

Triode Region

$$I_{D2} = K_n [2(V_{GS} - V_{TN})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2]$$

$$I_R = \frac{V_{DD} - V_D}{R_D} = I_{D1} + I_{D2} = 0 + I_{D2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5-V_o}{20} = 0.1 [2(5-0.8)V_o - V_o^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow 5-V_o = 2 [8.4V_o - V_o^2]$$

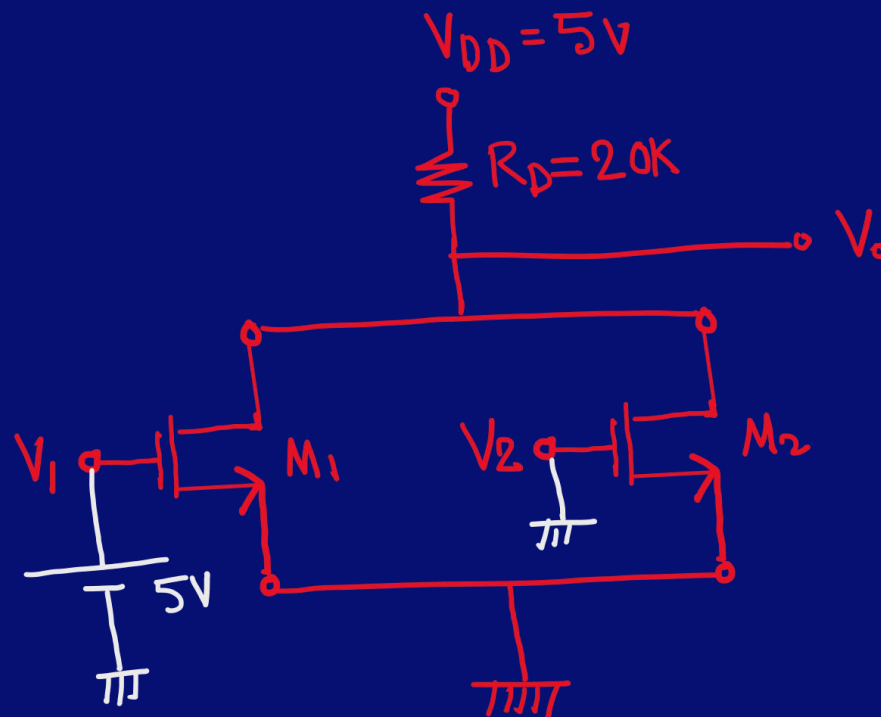
$$\Rightarrow 5-V_o = 16.8V_o - 2V_o^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2V_o^2 - 17.8V_o + 5 = 0$$

$$V_o = 8.6V, (0.29V) \rightarrow \text{Valid}$$

Not possible

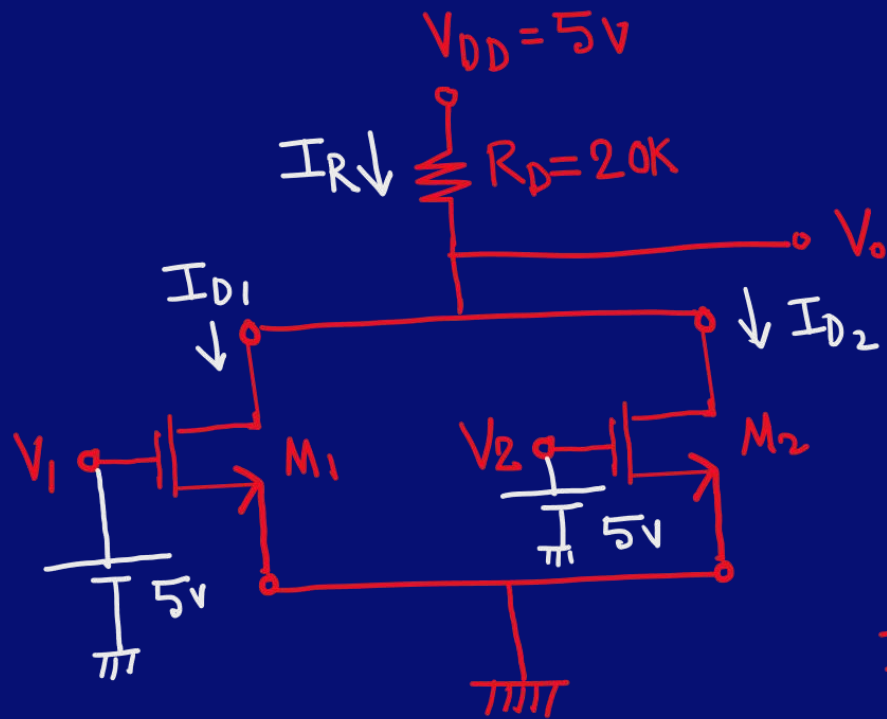
$$V_o = 0.29V$$



3. Same as (2).

$$V_1 = 5V, V_2 = 0V$$

$$V_o = 0.29V$$



$$4. \quad V_1 = V_2 = 5V$$

By checking  $V_{GS}$ , Both Mosfets ( $M_1$  &  $M_2$ ),  $V_{GS} > V_{TN}$  [ch. Ind.]

$$I_R = I_{D1} + I_{D2}$$

$$I_R = \frac{V_{DD} - V_D}{R_D} = I_{D1} + I_{D2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{V_{DD} - V_D}{R_D} &= K_n \left[ 2(V_{GS} - V_{TN})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2 \right] + K_n \left[ 2(V_{GS} - V_{TN})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2 \right] \\ \frac{5 - V_0}{20} &= 0.1 \left[ 2(5 - 0.8)V_0 - V_0^2 \right] + 0.1 \left[ 2(5 - 0.8)V_0 - V_0^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

