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# **CAPSTONE PROJECT**

## **Restaurant revenue prediction**

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# OUTLINE

- Problem Statement
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
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# Problem Statement

- "Increasing restaurant revenue through predictive analytics"

# Proposed Solution

## \*Data Collection and Preprocessing:

Gather historical data on restaurant sales, including daily or weekly revenue figures, menu items, pricing, promotions, weather conditions, and other relevant variables.

## \*Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):

Conduct exploratory data analysis to gain insights into the dataset. Visualize relationships between variables, identify patterns, trends, and correlations that may influence restaurant revenue.

## \*Model Selection and Training:

Choose appropriate machine learning algorithms for regression tasks, such as linear regression, decision trees, random forests, gradient boosting, or neural networks.

## \*Monitoring and Maintenance:

Continuously monitor the model's performance in production, tracking forecast accuracy and identifying any deviations or anomalies.

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# System Approach

## \*Feedback Loop:

Establish a feedback loop to gather insights from restaurant stakeholders and incorporate user feedback into model refinement and future iterations.

## \*Deployment:

Deploy the trained model into a production environment, either as a standalone application or integrated into existing restaurant management systems. Ensure scalability, reliability, and real-time processing capability.

# Algorithm & Deployment

## 1) Algorithm Selection:

- Time Series Forecasting Algorithms: Time series forecasting methods like ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average) or SARIMA (Seasonal ARIMA) are suitable for modeling temporal patterns in restaurant revenue data, accounting for seasonality and trends.
- Machine Learning Regression Models: Regression algorithms such as Linear Regression, Random Forest Regression, or Gradient Boosting Regression can capture complex relationships between various factors (e.g., menu items, pricing, weather) and restaurant revenue.

## 2) Data Preparation:

- Preprocess the data by cleaning, normalizing, and encoding features. Extract relevant features such as sales volume, menu popularity, seasonality indicators, and external factors like weather conditions.
- Split the data into training and testing sets, ensuring that the training set contains historical data and the testing set represents future periods for evaluation.

# ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

## 3) Model Training and Evaluation:

- Train the selected algorithm(s) on the training data, optimizing hyperparameters through techniques like cross-validation or grid search.
- Evaluate model performance using appropriate evaluation metrics such as Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE), or Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE) on the testing set.

## 4) Ensemble Methods (Optional):

- Explore ensemble techniques like model averaging or stacking to combine predictions from multiple algorithms and potentially improve prediction accuracy.

## 5) Model Deployment:

- Deploy the trained model into a production environment, either as a standalone application or integrated into existing restaurant management systems.
- Implement a RESTful API or web interface for easy interaction with the model, allowing stakeholders to input relevant variables (e.g., menu items, pricing) and receive revenue predictions in real-time.

# ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

## 6)Monitoring and Maintenance:

- Monitor model performance in production, tracking prediction accuracy and detecting any deviations or anomalies.
- Periodically retrain the model with new data to adapt to changing trends and ensure continued accuracy over time.

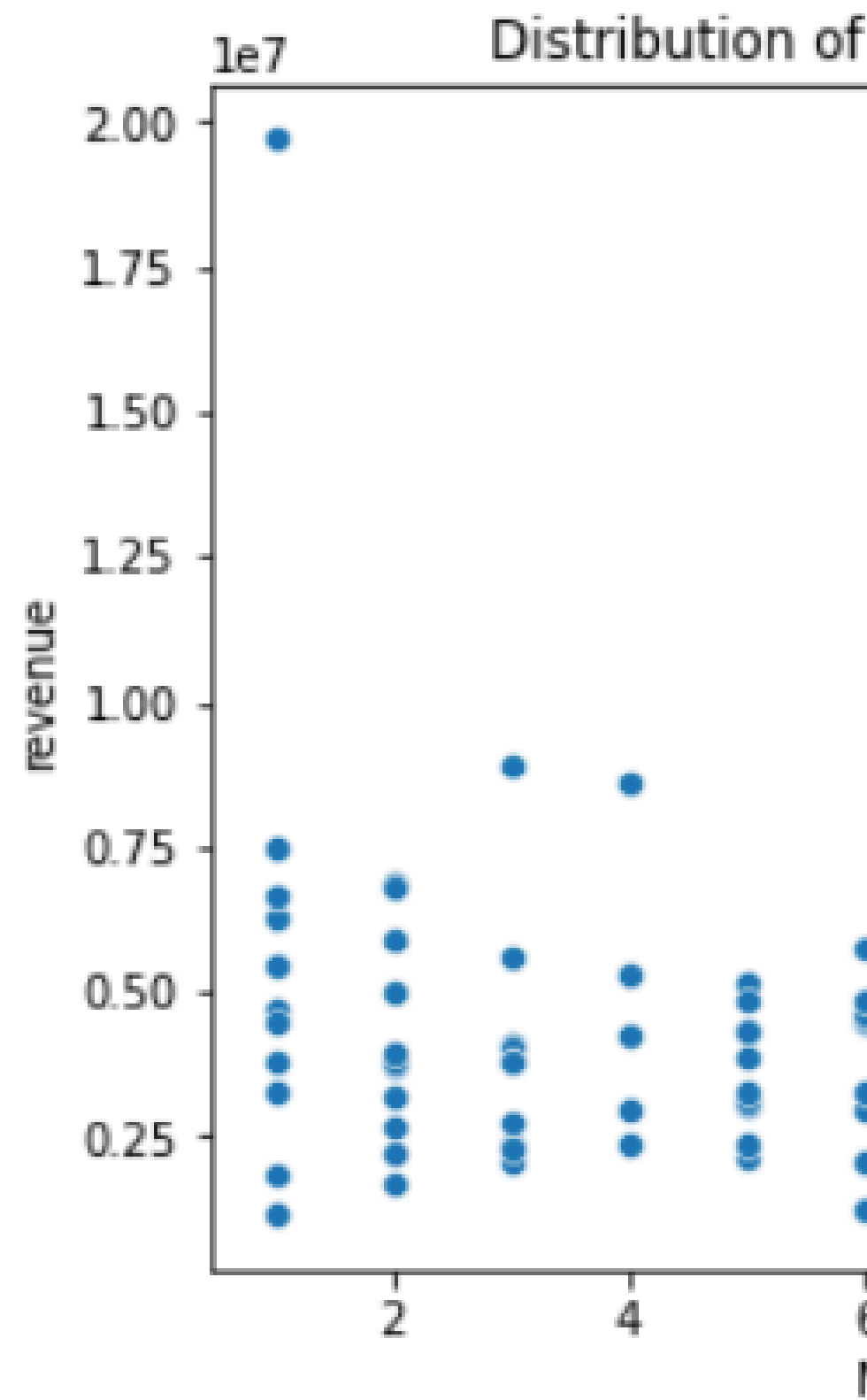
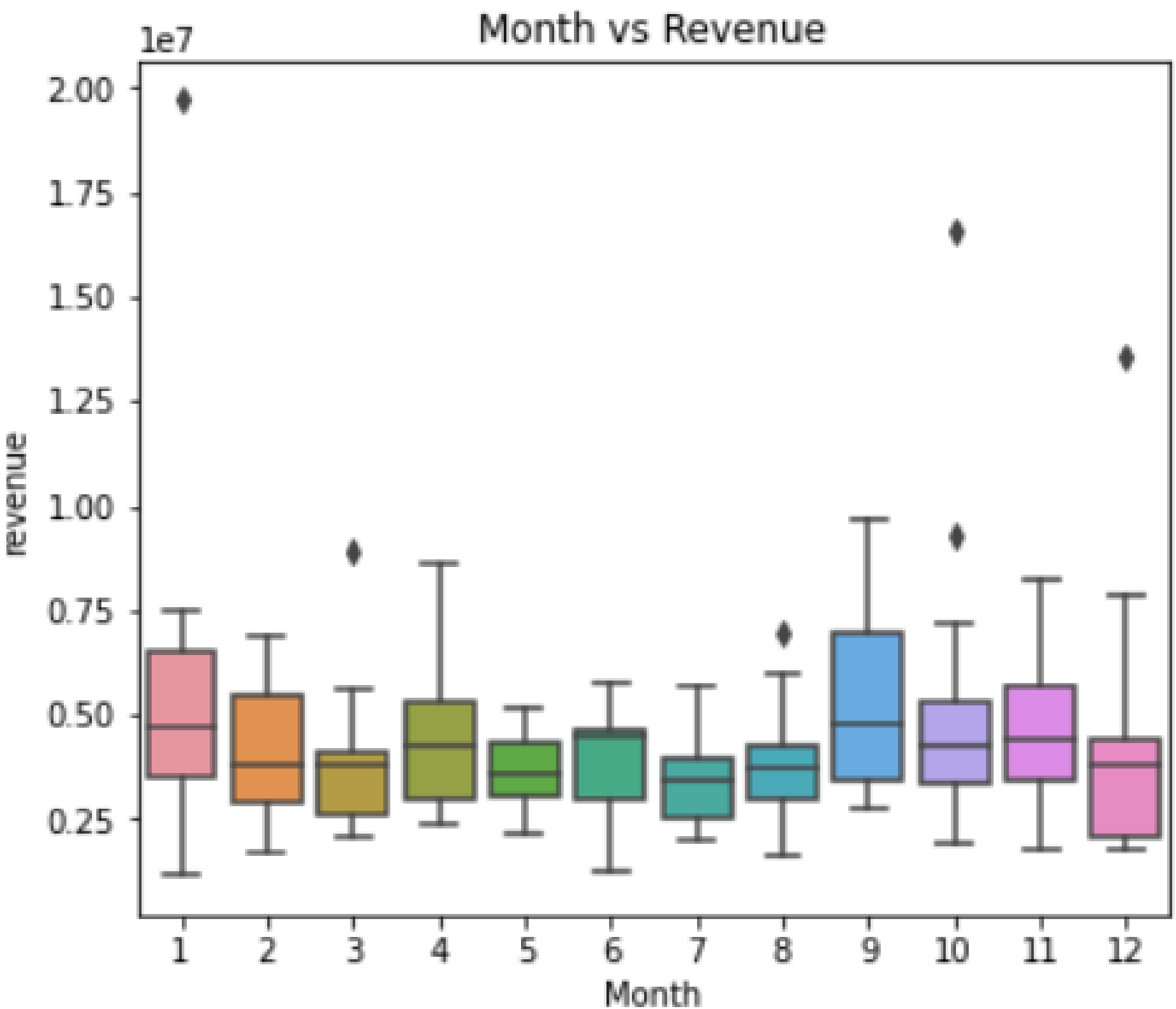
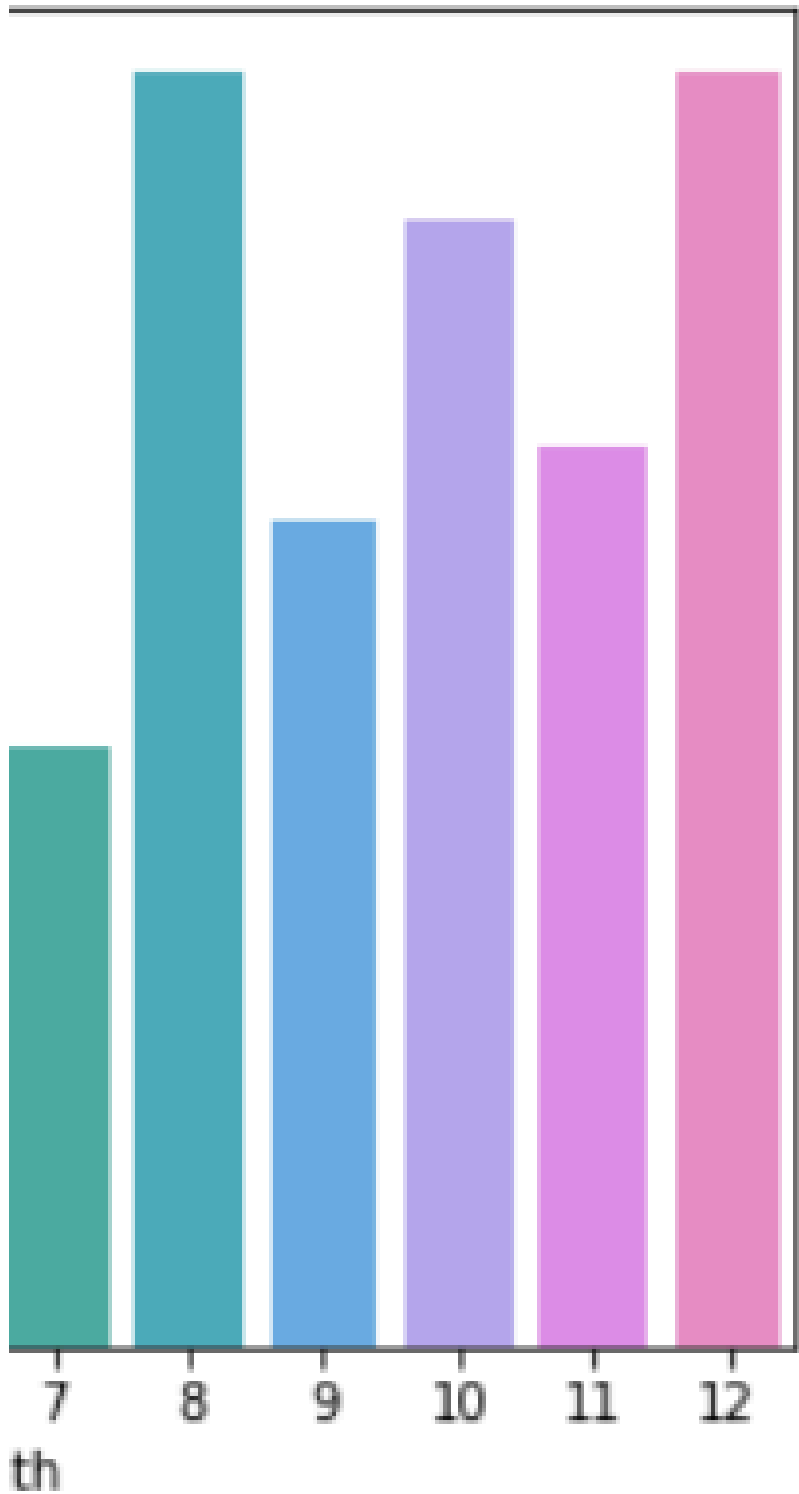
## 7)Feedback Loop:

- Establish a feedback mechanism to gather input from restaurant owners, managers, and other stakeholders regarding the usefulness and accuracy of the revenue predictions.
- Incorporate user feedback into model refinement and future iterations to enhance prediction quality and meet evolving business needs.



# RESULT

for Month



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# CONCLUSION

- By addressing the challenges identified and leveraging the insights gathered from stakeholders, we can create impactful tools that empower restaurant owners and managers to make data-driven decisions and achieve greater success in the dynamic restaurant industry.

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# FUTURE SCOPE

\*100% of restaurant owners reported that automation and technology have improved their businesses, and they're using them in new, innovative ways to drive success. Another 54% plan to increase their spending on certain technology and automation tools in 2024.

\*The Global Restaurants market is anticipated to rise at a considerable rate during the forecast period, between 2023 and 2030. In 2022, the market is growing at a steady rate and with the rising adoption of strategies by key players, the market is expected to rise over the projected horizon

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# REFERENCES

- <https://www.kaggle.com/code/mohammadsabeti/hotel-booking-dataset-analysis/notebook>
- <https://seaborn.pydata.org/>
- <https://matplotlib.org/stable/contents.html>

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***THANK YOU***