

Capstone Project Play Store App Review Analysis

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WHY ANALYZE THE GOOGLE PLAY STORE?



Mobile App Market is set to grow 20% by 2023



Android Apps comprise 90% of the Mobile App Market



What makes an App popular? Can we predict how popular it's going to be?



What are some interesting patterns in user behavior related to app usage & feedback

Introduction



- •Android is the most popular or erating system in the world, with over 2.5 billion active users spanning over to the ntries.
- Google Was launched of Market many a si in Google's gital or ribution state y.
- And bid is the dominant mobile perating yeten today more diangles of all more divides running Google's US. The Google Places ore withe logicist and most power Andro up sore.
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- 1) the cooperatory project is a grant and analyzant eclipform till on appoint the cooperatory store in order to provide insigns on an induced and the analyzing appointment.
- 2) The Objective of the project to Explore and analyze to discover key factors responsible for app engagement and success.



Problem Statement

- ☐ Two datasets are provided, one with **basic information** and the other with **user reviews** for the respective app.
- We must examine and evaluate the data in both datasets in order to identify the important characteristics that influence app engagement and success.

So, what factors influence an app's success?

An app is said to be successful if it has:

- □ A high average user rating
- A good number of positive reviews
- ☐ A good number of monthly average users
- ☐ High revenue per customer and so on.

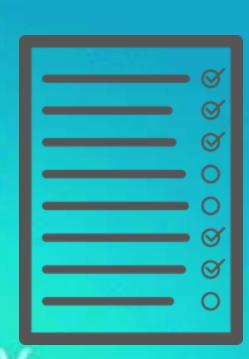








- Introduction
- □ Category wise play store apps installs
- □ Category wise most popular apps
- □ Top 10 apps in play store considering all the parameters
- □ Average installs, category wise
- Most installed apps in communication category
- □ Average sizes of apps in each category
- Category wise percentage of paid apps
- □ Category wise top installed paid apps
- □ Average rating of paid apps
- □ Correlation between Rating ,Installs and Price
- Category wise installed apps with content rating
- □ Percentage reviews sentiment distribution

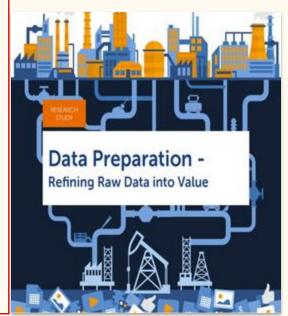




Dataset Preparation



- Loading the data sets: Two datasets, First Play store app dataset and User Reviews dataset.
- Import Libraries: NumPy, Pandas, Seaborn and Matplotlib
- Data cleaning: Null values, Finding and removing Outliers, Removing duplicate data.
- **Data Imputation:** Filling the missing categorical values with mode and numerical values with median. Conversion of price, installs, reviews into numerical values.
- **Exploratory Data Analysis:** Analyzing the data sets to summarize their main characteristics using statistical graphics and data visualizations method.





Attributes in Google Play store



- **1.AppData** column Contains the name of the app for each observation.
- **2.Category:** This column Contains Category to which the app belongs.
- **3.Rating:** This column contains the average rating for the app.
- **4.Reviews:** This column contains the number of reviews that the app has received on the play store.
- **5.Size:** This column contains the amount of memory the app occupies on the device.
- **6.Installs:** This column contains the number of times that the app has been downloaded and installed from the play store.
- **7.Type:** This column contains the information whether the app is free or paid.
- **8.Price:** If the app is a paid app, this column contains the data about its price.
- **9.Content Rating:** This column contains the maturity rating of the app i.e. the age group of the audience for which it is suitable.
- **10.Genres:** This column contains the data about to which genre the app belongs. Genres can be considered as a further division of the group of Category.
- **11.Last Updated:** Contains the date on which the latest update of the app was released.
- **12.Current Version:** Contains information on the current version of the app available on the play store.
- **13.Android Version:** Contains information about the android versions on which the app is supported.



Attributes in User reviews



- 1. App- Application name
- 2. Translated Review- User review
- **3. Sentiment-** Positive/Negative/Neutral
- 4. Sentiment Polarity- Sentiment polarity score
- 5. Sentiment Subjectivity- Sentiment subjectivity score







Data Cleaning

Data Exploration

Predictive Modeling



Understand the structure of the dataset and clean data before analysis



Uncover initial patterns, characteristics, and points of interest using visual exploration



Formulate a statistical model to forecast an outcome using relevant predictors



Pairwise Plot-Ratings, Size, Installs, Reviews, Price



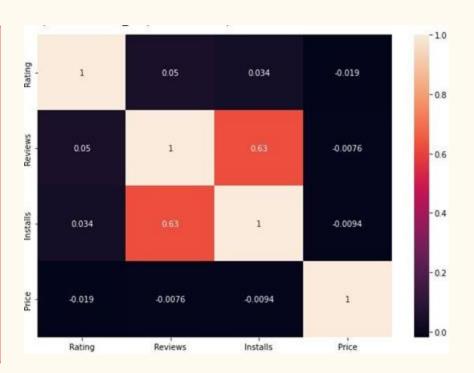




Correlation Heatmap



- There is a strong positive correlation between the Reviews and Installs.
 - The Price is slightly the negatively, correlated Reviews, with That I Bating is slightly
 - The stall ating is slightly positively correlated with the Installs and Reviews.



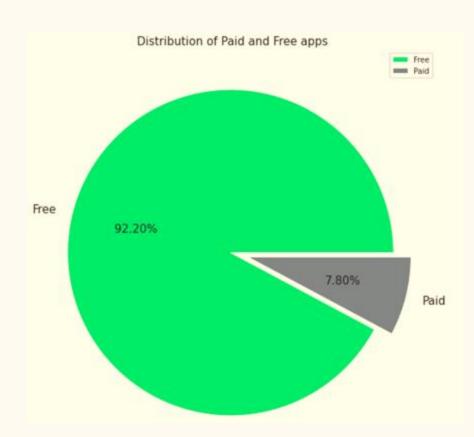




Percentage of Paid apps v/s Free apps

We Observed that 92.20% of Apps are free and only 7.80% of Apps are paid in Play store.



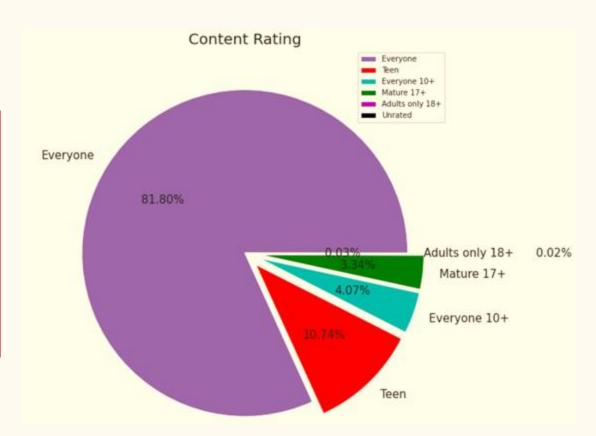






From the above plot we can see that Everyone category having majority of apps count.

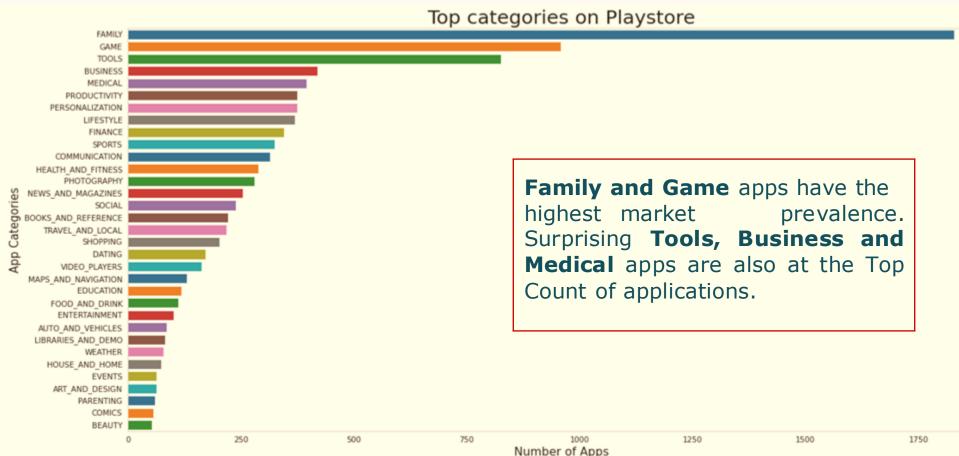
A majority of the apps (81.80%) in the play store are can be used by everyone. The remaining apps have various age restrictions to use it.





Count of Applications in each category

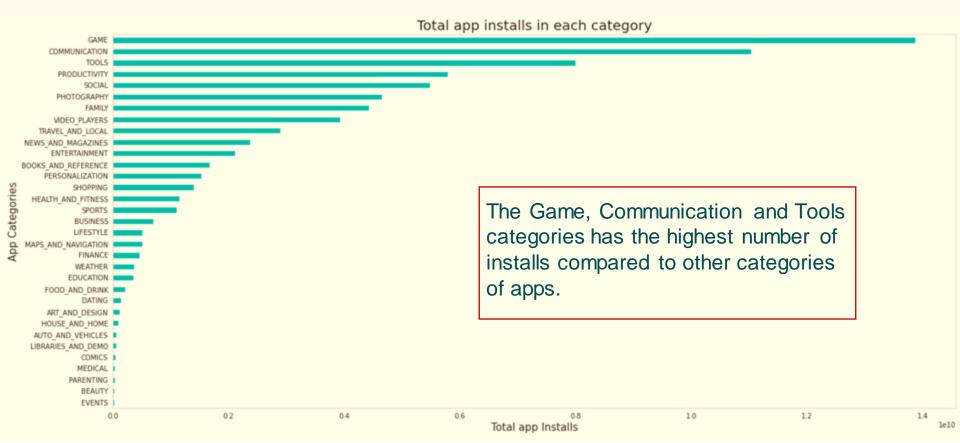






Category App's have most number of installs

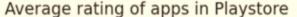


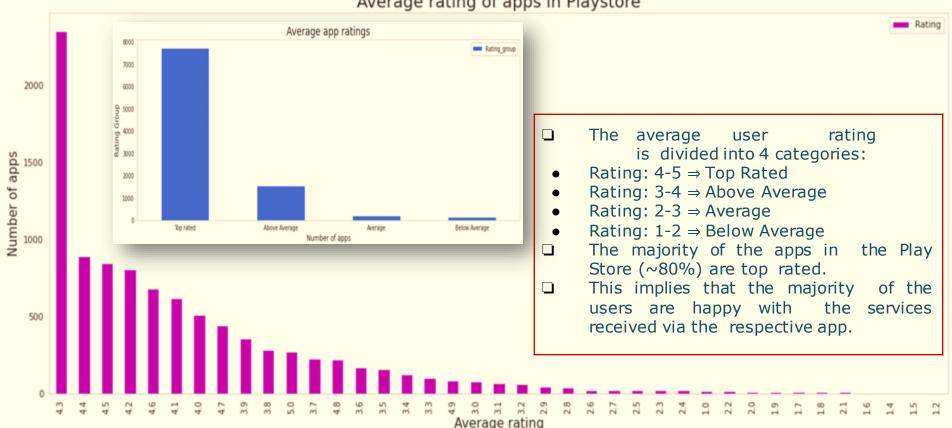




Average rating of the apps



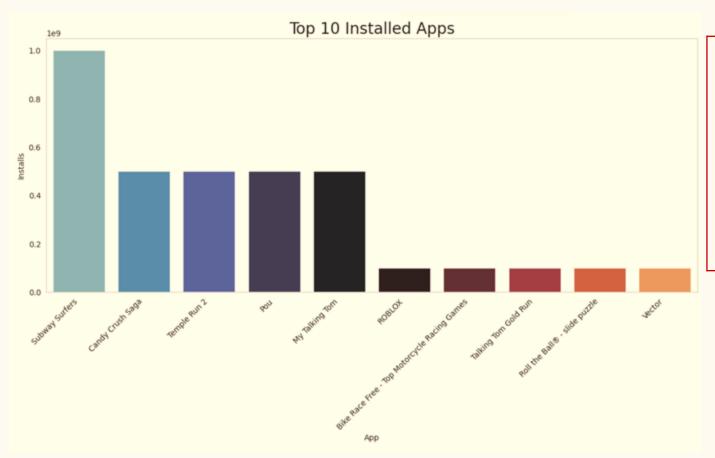






Top 10 installed apps in any category



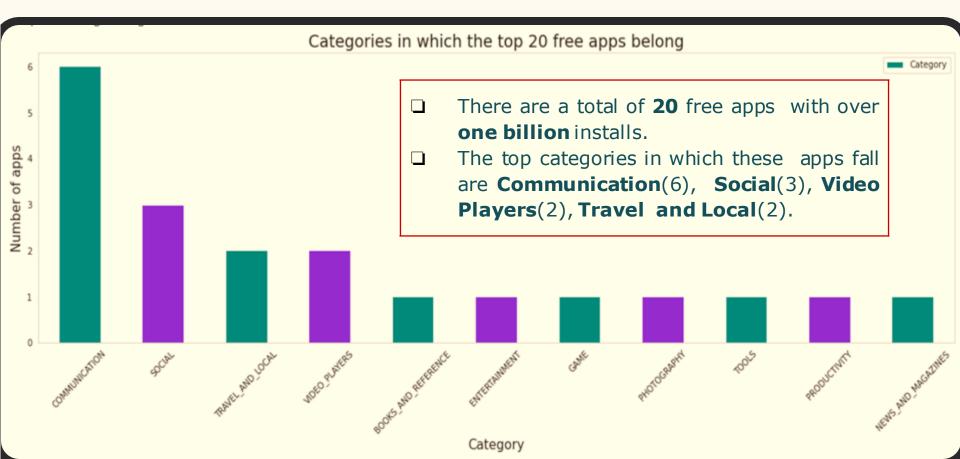


This graph shows the top installed apps in the 'Games' category. Further looking into the play store reveals that these apps are light, casual, single player games.



Top Free Apps







Top Paid Apps Based on Revenue

Generated

Revenue generated is given by the formula:

Revenue = Installs *

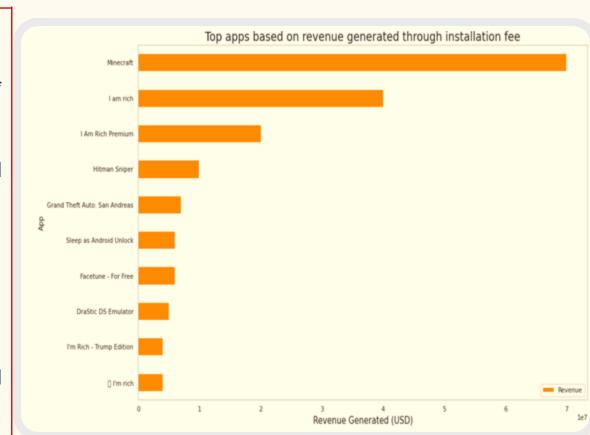
Price

- Note that in this case, revenue refers to the money earned only from paid app installs.
- The top categories in which these apps fall are **Lifestyle**(5), **Family**(5), **and**

Game(4).

generated.

Minecraft, I am rich, and I am rich premium are the top paid apps based on revenue



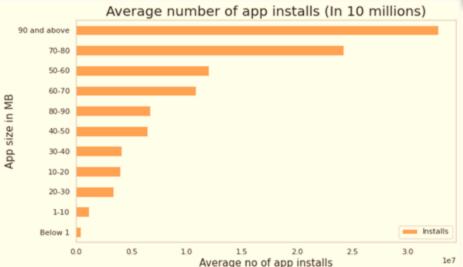


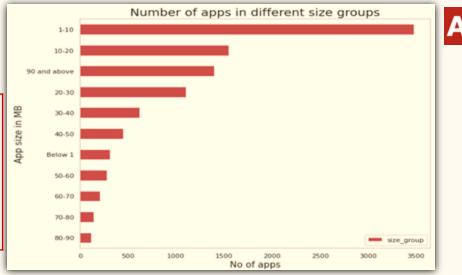
App Size Analysis

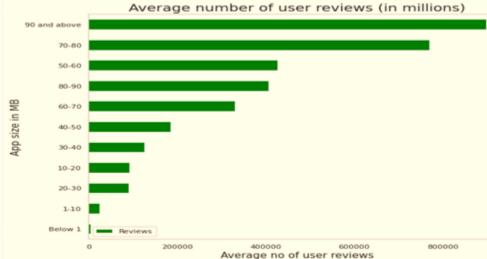
The apps are categorized based on its size between ~0 to 100 MB in the intervals of 10 MB each.

The total number of apps in each size category indicates the **competition**.

Average number of user reviews and average app installs in each size category indicates the popularity of the respective app.



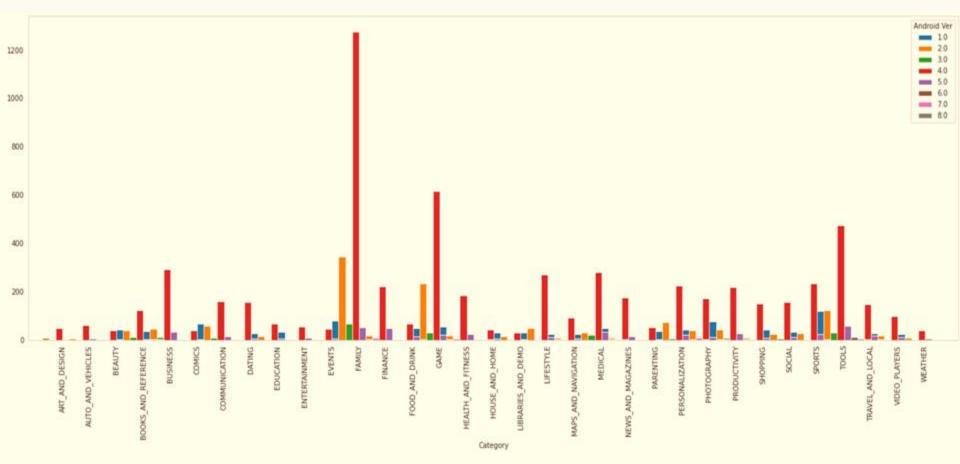






Android version based on each category

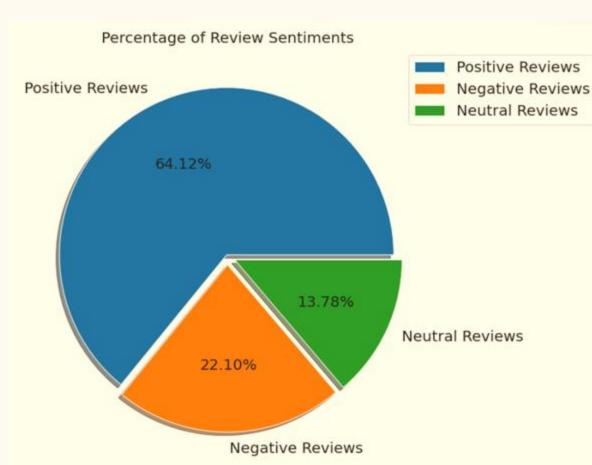






Percentage of Review Sentiments





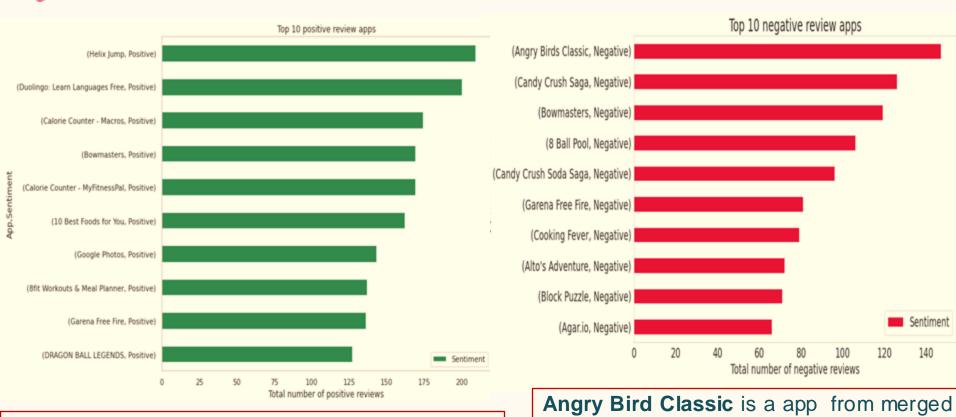
The number of **Unique** Apps from Play store and User reviews merged dataset are **816.**

From Sentiment column, 64% are Positive, 22% are Negative and 14% are Neutral values.



Positive and Negative Reviews





Helix Jump is a App from merged dataset has highest **209 Positive** sentiment count.

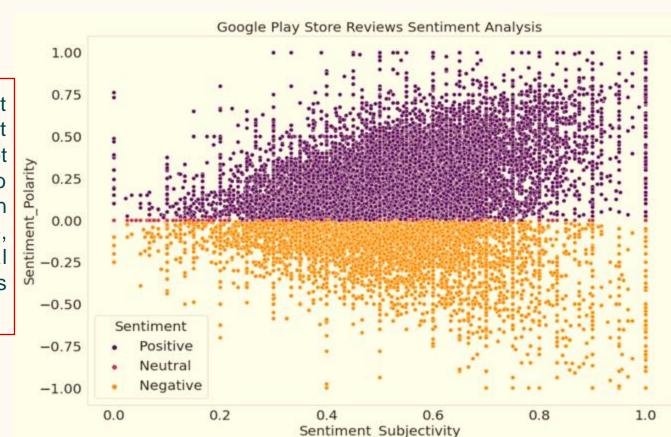
dataset has highest 147 Negative sentiment count.



Is sentiment_subjectivity proportional to sentiment_polarity?



From the above scatter plot it be concluded that can sentiment subjectivity is not always proportional to sentiment polarity but maximum number of case, shows proportional a behavior, when variance is too high or low





Co-Relation in merged data frame



In this correlation matrix, There is not a significant relationship between Rating, Reviews, Size and Installs with respect to the Sentiment polarity and Sentiment subjectivity.

Heatmap for merged Dataframe							
Rating	1	0.076	0.17	0.02	-0.01	0.093	0.069
Reviews	0.076	1	0.43	0.56	-0.021	-0.08	-0.0093
Size	0.17	0.43	1	0.21	-0.02	-0.16	0.0092
Installs	0.02	0.56	0.21	1	-0.025	-0.058	-0.0063
Price	-0.01	-0.021	-0.02	-0.025	1	0.024	0.0032
Sentiment_Polarity	0.093	-0.08	-0.16	-0.058	0.024	1	0.26
ntiment_Subjectivity	0.069	-0.0093	0.0092	-0.0063	0.0032	0.26	1
	Reting	Reviews	3Z5	Installs	Pice	Polarity	ectivity



Distribution of Apps updated over the Year and Month





Update month



Challenges Faced

- ☐ Reading the dataset and comprehending the problem statement.
- Examining the business KPIs for app development and devising a solution to the problem.
- □ Handling the error, duplicate and NaN values in the dataset.
- □ Designing multiple visualizations to summarize the information in the dataset and successfully communicate the results and trends to the reader.





Conclusion's

- **92.19%** apps are **Free** and 7.81% apps are paid in type.
- **81.80%** apps have **Everyone** content rating.
- **Events** category has a **highest mean rating of 4.39** and Dating category has lowest 4.05 rating.
- Family, Game and Tools are top three categories having 1906, 926 and 829 app count.
- Most competitive category: Family
- Category with the highest number of installs: Game
- Tools, Entertainment, Education, Business and Medical are top Genres.
- 8783 Apps are having size less than or equal to 50 MB.
- 7749 Apps has rating more than 4.0 including both type of app.
- Overall sentiment count of merged dataset in which Positive sentiment count is 64%, Negative 22% and Neutral 14%.



Conclusion's

It's good to develop a **Free type** app and having a content rating for **Everyone**.

Percentage of apps that are top rated = **81.80%**

There are **20** free apps that have been installed over a **billion** times

Minecraft is the only app in the paid category with over **10M** installs, and also has produced the most revenue only from installation fee.

Price, Rating, Size has no or very less correlation with Sentiment Polarity.

The median size of the apps in the play store is 12 MB

The apps whose size **varies with device** has the highest number average app installs.

The apps whose size is **greater than 90 MB** has the highest number of average user reviews, ie, they are more popular than the rest.

Helix Jump has the highest number of positive reviews and **Angry Birds Classic** has the highest number of negative reviews.



THANK