

Inserting a Key on a B-tree

// Insert the node

```
void BTree :: insert (int k)
{
    if (root == NULL)
    {
        root = newNode (t, true);
        root->keys[0] = k;
        root->n = 1;
    }
```

```
else
```

```
{
    if (root->n == 2 * t - 1)
    {
        Node * s = new Node(t, false);
        s->c[0] = root;
        s->splitChild (0, root);
        int i = 0;
```

```
    if (s->keys[0] < k)
        i++;
```

```
    s->c[i] = insertNonFull (k);
    root = s;
```

```
} else
{
    root->insertNonFull (k);
```

```
}
```

// Insert Non full condition

```
void Node :: insertNonFull (int k)
{
    int i = n - 1;
```

```

if (leaf == true)
{

```

```

    while (i >= 0 && keys[i] > k)
    {

```

```

        keys[i+1] = keys[i];
        i--;
    }

```

```

    keys[i+1] = k;
    n = n + 1;
}

```

```

else
{

```

```

    while (i >= 0 && keys[i] > k)
    {

```

```

        i--;
    }

```

```

    if (c[i+1] -> n == 2 * t - 1)
    {

```

```

        splitChild(c[i+1], c[i+1]);
    }

```

```

    if (keys[i+1] < k) {
        i++;
    }

```

```

}

```

```

c[i+1] -> insertNonFull(c);

```

```

}

```

```

}

```

```

//split child

```

```

void Node::splitChild (int i, Node *y)
{

```

```

    Node *z = new Node(y -> t, y -> leaf);

```

```

    z -> n = t - 1;

```

```

    for (int j = 0; j < t - 1; j++)
    {

```

```

        z -> keys[j] = y -> keys[j + t];
    }

```

```

    if (y -> leaf == false)
    {

```

```

        for (int j = 0; j < t; j++)
        {

```

```

            z -> c[j] = y -> c[j + t];
        }
    }
}

```


$y \rightarrow n = t - 1;$

for (int $j = n; j \geq i + 1; j--$)
 $c[j+1] = c[j];$

$c[i+1] = z;$

for (int $j = n - 1; j \geq i; j--$)
 $keys[j+1] = keys[j];$

$keys[i] = y \rightarrow keys[t-1];$

$n = n + 1;$

}