#### 1

# Assignment 1

# Sowmya Bandi

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Sowmyabandi99/Assignment.1/blob/main/Assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Sowmyabandi99/Assignment.1/blob/main/main.tex

## 1 Question No.2.7

In  $\triangle ABC$ , a = 8,  $\angle B = 45^{\circ}$  and c - b = 3.5. Sketch  $\triangle ABC$ .

### 2 SOLUTION

The vertex A can be expressed in *polar coordinate form* as

$$\mathbf{A} = c \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{2.0.1}$$

From  $\triangle ABC$ , we use the law of cosines:

$$b^{2} = a^{2} + c^{2} - 2acCosB$$

$$(2.0.2)$$

$$(c - 3.5)^{2} = 8^{2} + c^{2} - 2(8)cCos45 \quad (\because c - b = 3.5)$$

$$(2.0.3)$$

$$c^{2} + 12.25 - 7c = 64 + c^{2} - 11.31c$$

$$(2.0.4)$$

$$11.31c - 7c = 64 - 12.25$$

$$(2.0.5)$$

$$4.31c = 51.75$$

$$(2.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow c = 12$$

$$(2.0.7)$$

So, the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$  are

$$\mathbf{A} = 12 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 45 \\ \sin 45 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8.4 \\ 8.4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.8)$$

Plot of the  $\triangle ABC$ :

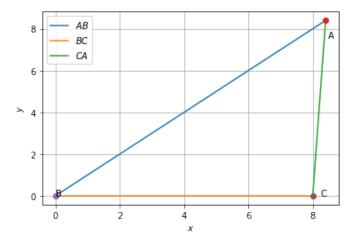


Fig. 2.1: △*ABC*