In [12]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split,cross_val_score
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report,confusion_matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
```

In [13]:

```
zoo_data = pd.read_csv("Zoo.csv")
zoo_data
zoo_data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 101 entries, 0 to 100
Data columns (total 18 columns):
                  Non-Null Count Dtype
 #
     Column
     _____
                  -----
_ _ _
                                 ----
     animal name 101 non-null
0
                                  object
 1
     hair
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 2
     feathers
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 3
     eggs
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 4
     milk
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 5
     airborne
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 6
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
     aquatic
 7
     predator
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 8
     toothed
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 9
     backbone
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
    breathes
 10
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 11
    venomous
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 12
    fins
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 13
    legs
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
 14
    tail
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
                  101 non-null
 15
    domestic
                                  int64
 16
     catsize
                  101 non-null
                                  int64
```

101 non-null

int64

dtypes: int64(17), object(1)
memory usage: 14.3+ KB

17

type

In [2]:

zoo_data.dtypes

Out[2]:

animal name object hair int64 feathers int64 int64 eggs milk int64 airborne int64 int64 aquatic predator int64 toothed int64 backbone int64 breathes int64 venomous int64 fins int64 legs int64 tail int64 domestic int64 catsize int64 int64 type

In [3]:

dtype: object

```
zoo_data.isnull().sum()
```

Out[3]:

animal name 0 hair 0 0 feathers eggs 0 0 milk airborne 0 0 aquatic predator 0 toothed 0 backbone 0 0 breathes 0 venomous fins 0 0 legs 0 tail 0 domestic catsize 0 0 type dtype: int64

In [4]:

```
zoo_data.duplicated().sum()
```

Out[4]:

In [5]:

zoo_data.describe()

Out[5]:

	hair	feathers	eggs	milk	airborne	aquatic	predator	
count	101.000000	101.000000	101.000000	101.000000	101.000000	101.000000	101.000000	10
mean	0.425743	0.198020	0.584158	0.405941	0.237624	0.356436	0.554455	
std	0.496921	0.400495	0.495325	0.493522	0.427750	0.481335	0.499505	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	
75%	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
4								•

In [6]:

zoo_data['type'].unique()

Out[6]:

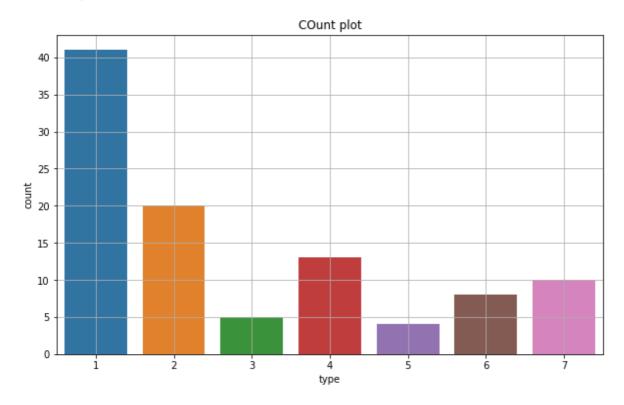
array([1, 4, 2, 7, 6, 5, 3], dtype=int64)

In [7]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.countplot(zoo_data['type'])
plt.title('COunt plot')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:3 6: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From vers ion 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing oth er arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinter pretation.

warnings.warn(



In [8]:

```
zoo_data.drop('animal name',axis=1,inplace=True)
```

In [9]:

```
zoo_data.head()
```

Out[9]:

	hair	feathers	eggs	milk	airborne	aquatic	predator	toothed	backbone	breathes	venon
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	
2	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	
3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
4	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
4											•

```
In [10]:
X=zoo_data.drop('type',axis=1)
y=zoo_data[['type']]
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.20,random_state=10)
print('X_train_shape :',X_train.shape , '\ny_train_shape :',y_train.shape)
print('X_test_shape :',X_test.shape , '\ny_test_shape :',y_test.shape)
X_train_shape : (80, 16)
y_train_shape : (80, 1)
X_test_shape : (21, 16)
y_test_shape : (21, 1)
In [11]:
model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neighbors\_class
ification.py:200: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a
1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for exa
mple using ravel().
  return self._fit(X, y)
Out[11]:
         KNeighborsClassifier
KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
In [14]:
pred_y= model.predict(X_train)
In [15]:
accuracy_score(y_train,pred_y)
Out[15]:
1.0
In [16]:
confusion_matrix(y_train,pred_y)
Out[16]:
                    0,
array([[34, 0, 0,
                         0,
                             0,
                                 0],
       [ 0, 17,
                 0,
                     0,
                         0,
                             0,
                                  0],
       [ 0,
                 4,
                     0,
                         0,
                             0,
             0,
                                  0],
                 0,
       [ 0,
             0,
                     9,
                         0,
                             0,
                                 0],
                 0,
                    0,
                        3,
                             0,
       [ 0,
             0,
                                 0],
                             6,
       [ 0,
             0,
                 0, 0,
                         0,
                                 0],
                                 7]], dtype=int64)
       [ 0,
             0,
                         0,
                             0,
                 0,
                     0,
```

In [17]:

```
print(classification_report(y_train,pred_y))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	34
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	17
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	4
4	1.00	1.00	1.00	9
5	1.00	1.00	1.00	3
6	1.00	1.00	1.00	6
7	1.00	1.00	1.00	7
accuracy			1.00	80
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	80
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	80

In [18]:

```
y_pred=model.predict(X_test)
#accuracy score for test data
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

Out[18]:

0.9523809523809523

In [19]:

```
#confusion Matrix
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
```

Out[19]:

In [20]:

print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
_				_
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	7
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	3
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	1
4	1.00	1.00	1.00	4
5	0.50	1.00	0.67	1
6	1.00	1.00	1.00	2
7	1.00	0.67	0.80	3
accuracy			0.95	21
macro avg	0.93	0.95	0.92	21
weighted avg	0.98	0.95	0.96	21

In [21]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
# choose k between 1 to 41
k_range = range(1, 41)
k_scores = []
# use iteration to caclulator different k in models, then return the average accuracy based
for k in k_range:
    knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
    scores = cross_val_score(knn, X, y, cv=5)
    k_scores.append(scores.mean())
```

C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selectio n_split.py:680: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 me mbers, which is less than n_splits=5.

warnings.warn(

C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neighbors_cla ssification.py:200: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed wh en a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

return self._fit(X, y)

C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neighbors_cla ssification.py:200: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed wh en a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

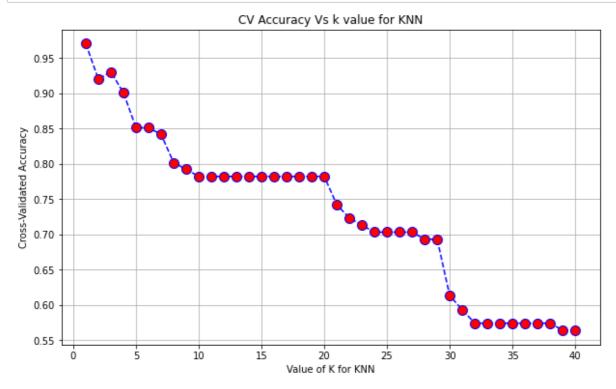
return self._fit(X, y)

C:\Users\sowmya sandeep\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neighbors_cla ssification.py:200: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed wh en a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

return self._fit(X, y)

In [22]:

```
# plot to see clearly
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.plot(k_range, k_scores,color='blue',linestyle='dashed',marker='o',markerfacecolor='red'
plt.grid(True)
plt.title('CV Accuracy Vs k value for KNN')
plt.xlabel('Value of K for KNN')
plt.ylabel('Cross-Validated Accuracy')
plt.show()
```



In []: