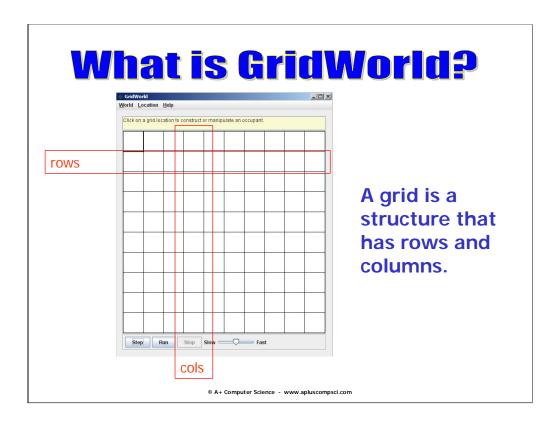


A grid is a structure that has rows and columns.

A spreadsheet is a grid.

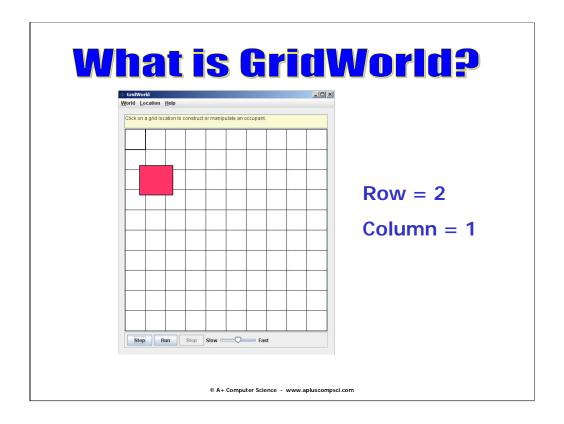
A checker board is a grid.



A grid is a structure that has rows and columns.

A spreadsheet is a grid.

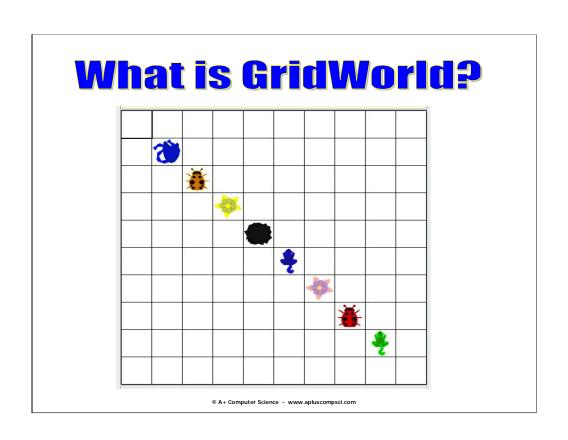
A checker board is a grid.

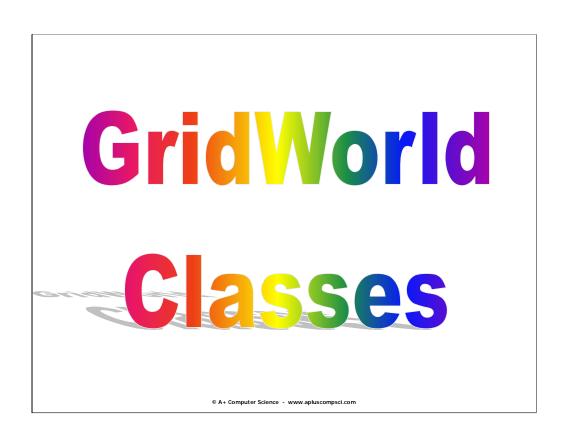


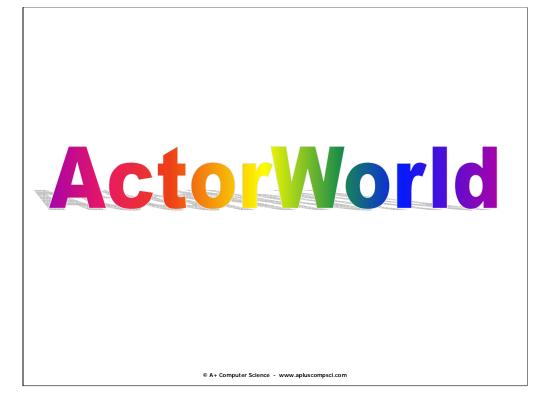
A grid is a structure that has rows and columns.

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A checker board is a grid.



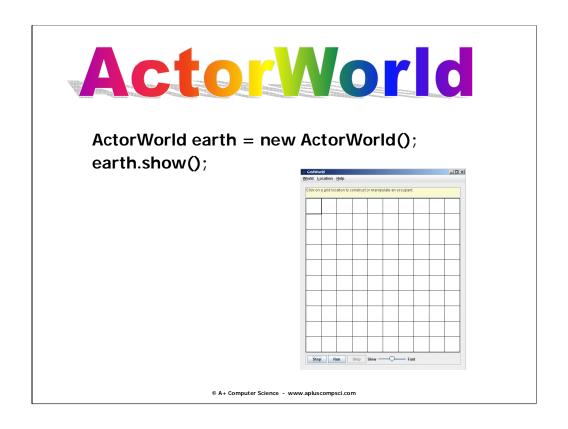




#### **ActorWorld** frequently used methods

Name	Use
ActorWorld()	creates a new world using 10X10 grid
ActorWorld(grid)	creates a new world using grid
add(loc, thang)	add thang at spot loc
add(thang)	add thang at a random empty loc
show()	makes the world visible

import info.gridworld.actor.World;



ActorWorld is used to graphically display a grid of Actors.



A reference variable stores the memory address of an object.

ActorWorld earth = new ActorWorld();



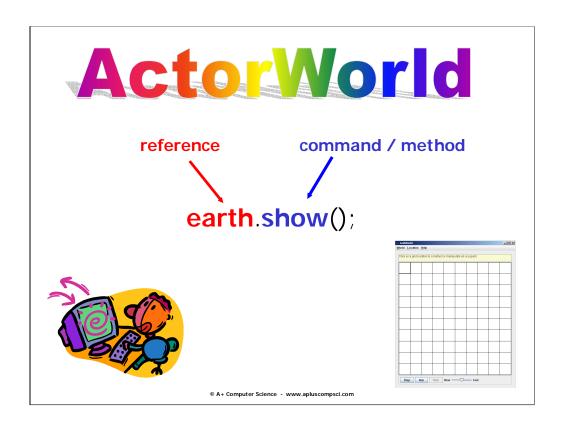
A reference variable is used to store the location of an Object. In most situations, a reference stores the actual memory address of an Object.

earth stores the location / memory address of a new ActorWorld object.



A reference variable is used to store the location of an Object. In most situations, a reference stores the actual memory address of an Object.

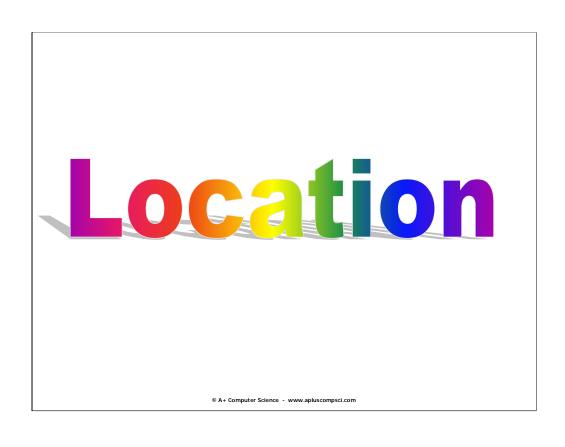
earth stores the location / memory address of a new ActorWorld.



earth is a reference to an ActorWorld.

earth.show() calls the ActorWorld show method to show the grid of actors graphically.

## open gridworldone.java



frequently used methods	
	Use
Location(row, col)	creates a new row,col Location
getCol()	gets the column value for this location

gets the row value for this location

import info.gridworld.grid.Location;

getRow()

Location is a class that stores row and column information. Location spot = new Location(4,5); spot has a row value of 4 and a column value of 5.

### 

Location locTwo = new Location(3,5); System.out.println(locTwo);

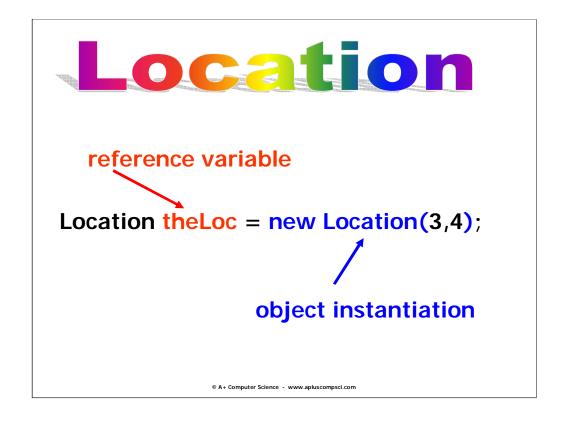
Location locThree = new Location(2,9); System.out.println(locThree); **OUTPUT** 

> (3, 5)(2, 9)

The Location class stores row and column information.

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Location is a class that stores row and column information. Location spot = new Location(4,5); spot has a row value of 4 and a column value of 5.



Location is a class which must be instantiated before it can be used. In other words, you must make a new Location if you want to use a Location. A reference must be used to store the location in memory of the Location object created.

A row value and a column value must be passed as parameters to the Location constructor.

theLoc is a reference that will store the location/memory address of newly created Location object.

# open locationone.java

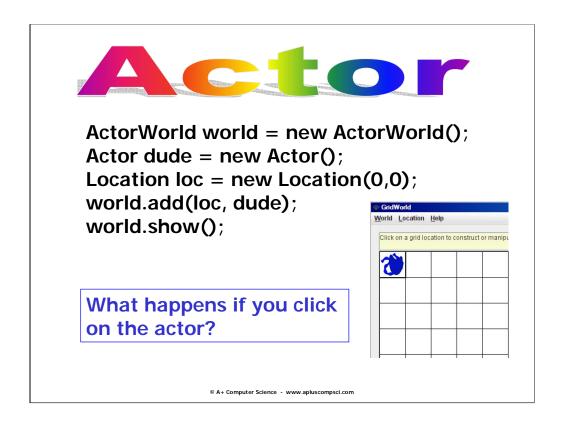




Actor is the basic object from which all other GridWorld actors will be built.

Each of the new actors created will extend the original actor class.



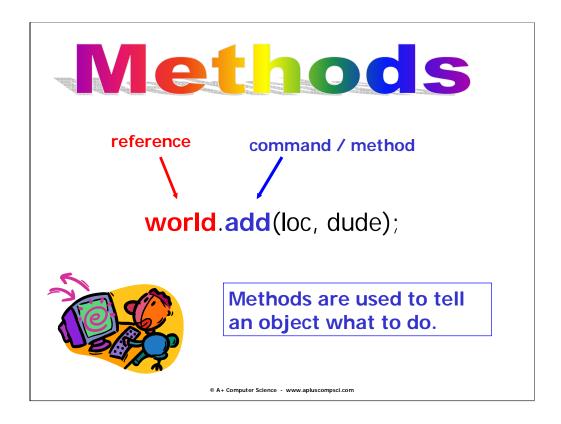


The add method of class World receives a Location parameter and an Actor reference.

The Actor reference is stored in the grid at the specified Location.

The default color of an Actor is BLUE.

```
ActorWorld world = new ActorWorld();
Actor dude = new Actor();
Location loc = new Location(0,0);
world.add(loc, dude);
world.show();
```

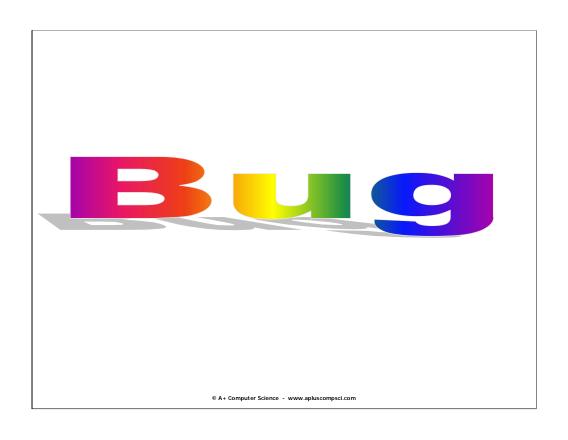


World is the reference to an world.

Add is a method that adds a reference at a particular location.

The add method is called to tell world to add dude at location loc.

# open actorone.java





Bug differs from actor in that a bug actually moves from cell to cell.

A bug moves to the cell immediately in front if possible. If a move is not possible, the bug turns in 45 degree increments until it finds a spot to which it can move.

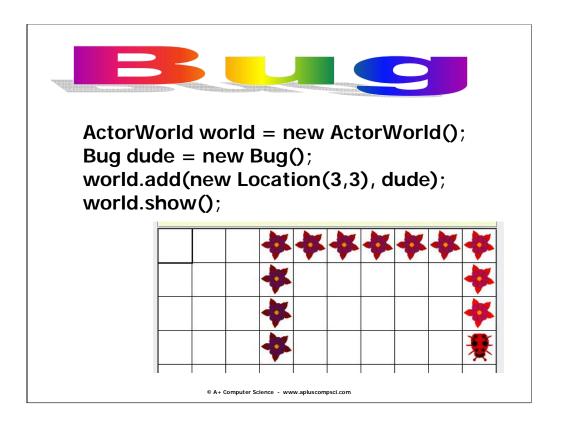
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Bug is a suped up Actor.

Bug extends Actor.

Bug has two constructors, one of which takes a Color parameter.

Bug will move when its act method is called.



In this example, a default Bug is created.

A default bug is red and facing NORTH.

The bug moves NORTH until it reaches the top of the grid. The bug them turns in 45 degree increments until it finds an empty location to which to move.

# open bugone.java





Critter differs from actor in that a critter moves around the grid and eats specific types of other actors.

Critter randomly picks one of its valid adjacent empty locations and moves to that location.

ş

Critter is a suped up actor that moves around the grid and eats other actors.

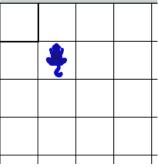
Critter will eat all neighbors that are not critters and not rocks.

Critter randomly selects one of its valid empty adjacent locations. Critter moves to the new location.



Location loc = new Location(1,1); world.add(loc, thang);

world.show();



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#### //shortcut version of the code above

```
ActorWorld world = new ActorWorld();
world.add(new Location(1,1), new Critter());
world.show();
```

# open critterone.java





### Imports are used to tell Java where to find a class.

import info.gridworld.grid.Location;

import info.gridworld.actor.Rock;

import info.gridworld.actor.Flower;

import java.awt.Color;

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# open gridworldtwo.java

# Start work on Actor Box