# **PoKeys protocol specification**

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Version: 23.3.2015

Compatible PoKeys firmware versions:

PoKeys55: **2.1.23** PoKeys56: **3.1.52** PoKeys57: **4.1.8** 

# **Brief protocol description**

#### **USB**

PoKeys55/PoKeys56U are USB HID devices that use OS's integrated drivers to communicate with software. No additional drivers are neccessary to communicate with devices.

PoKeys55/PoKeys56U use these Vendor and Product IDs:

idVendor: 0x1DC3 idProduct: 0x1001

The device encapsulates three interfaces, first (index 0) being standard USB HID keyboard, second (index 1) being PoKeys communication interface and the third (index 2) standard USB HID Joystick.

Configuration is set or read using the second interface. On Windows host the PoKeys device is found by searching among connected HID devices and looking their PathNames. If the PathName contains

hid#vid\_1dc3&pid\_1001&mi\_01, this is the correct interface to PoKeys device. If more than one PoKeys device is connected to the same host, differentiation at this level is impossible, so user ID byte must be read from the PoKeys device. USB serial numbers can be used to differentiate between devices. PoKeys56U device reports serial number in the format of xxxxx.2 (where xxxxx is the serial number of the PoKeys device).

In PoKeys communication DLL, request are handled this way:

- 1. send report with a unique request ID (simply ever-increasing value)
- 2. read report
- 3. check Requst ID, if it does not match the one in (1), sleep for 1 ms and then go to (2) (try this 5 times, then terminate)
- 4. check packet checksum, if it does not match go to (1) (try this 2 times, then terminate)

#### **Communication**

To ensure a highest possible compatibility with USB PoKeys devices, PoKeys56E uses Extended packet mode as described below. Packets are transferred with TCP protocol.

#### **Network edition**

PoKeys56E uses a combination of UDP and TCP packets to communicate with the host. Both use a port number 20055.

#### **Device discovery**

PoKeys56E modules are discovered via broadcast UDP packets. A host sends out a UDP packet with a broadcasting address. All PoKeys56E devices respond with another UDP packet that contains the device's identification (User ID, serial number, version) and it's IP address. At the same time, if device is configured to use DHCP server and no DHCP server responded to the request, PoKeys56E will use the temporary address of x.x.x.250, where x.x.x is the subnet address of the computer that the request was sent from (with 255.255.255.0 subnet mask).

Packet data is formated the following way:

Host -> device: empty packet (ignored)

Device -> host

- byte 1: User ID number
- bytes 2,3: Serial number
- bytes 4,5: Version
- bytes 6,7,8,9: IP address

#### **Communication**

All further communication with the device is acomplished with TCP or UDP connection on port 20055. Packet structure is 64-bytes long and is described below as Extended packet mode.

#### **Security**

PoKeys56E supports additional security option that requires the user to enter the password before the access to the device is granted. The password can contain any character and can be up to 32 characters long.

#### **Connection timeout**

After 3 seconds of inactivity (or otherwise specified in the configuration), PoKeys56E terminates the TCP connection with the host (except for Modbus, where connection timeout is settable by user).

# **Packet formatting**

Incoming and outgoing packets are 64 bytes long. Basic packets use only first 8 bytes. Extended packets use the whole packet.

# Host>Device

- byte 1: control 0xBB
- byte 2: operation
- byte 3-6: operation parameters
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 8: control byte (sum after mod 0x100)

#### Device>Host

- byte 1: control 0xAA
- byte 2: operation
- byte 3-6: operation parameters
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 8: control byte (sum after mod 0x100)

Extended packet mode (supported since version 1.8)

Packet size is increased to 64 bytes. First 8 bytes remain the same, additional 56 bytes are used for extended mode. Reserved bytes should be set to 0.

# **PoKeys devices**

PoKeys devices are described using three descriptors:

- PoKeys device series
- PoKeys device hardware version
- PoKeys device firmware type

#### **Overview**

Series ID	Hardware ID	Hardware version	Firmware type IDs supported
0	0	unsupported device type or old firmware	0 (default)
55	1,2,3	PoKeys55	0 (default)
56	10	PoKeys56U	0 (default)
			1 (PoTLog27U)
56	11	PoKeys56E	0 (default)
			1 (PoTLog27E)
57	28	PoKeys57U	0 (default)
57	29	PoKeys57E	0 (default)
57	30	PoKeys57Uv1.1	0 (default)
57	31	PoKeys57Ev1.1	0 (default)
57	32	PoKeys57CNC	0 (default)
57	35	PoKeys57U OEM	0 (default)
57	36	PoKeys57E OEM	0 (default)
58	40	PoKeys58EU	0 (default)
58	41	PoBootload (series 58)	0 (default)
58	50	PoPLC v1.0	0 (default)
16	60	PoKeys16	0 (default)

# **Device series**

# Series 55

Series 55 contains PoKeys55 device only. The support for this series is limited.

Device	HW ID	Device features
PoKeys55	0	USB keyboard/joystick, 55x I/O, 5x 10-bit analog input, 1x 10-bit analog output, 6x PWM, 25x encoders, 3x fast encoders, 2x Matrix LED, 16x8 Matrix keyboard, LCD, PoExtBus

#### Series 56

Series 56 contains PoKeys56U and PoKeys56E devices

Device	HW ID	Device features
PoKeys56U	10	USB keyboard/joystick, 55x I/O, 24x digital counter, 7x 12-bit analog input, 6x PWM, 25x encoders, 3x fast encoders, 1x ultra-fast encoder, 2x Matrix LED, 16x8 Matrix keyboard, LCD, PoExtBus, PoNET, I <sup>2</sup> C and 1-wire buses support, PoIL core (4k program memory, 1k data memory)
PoKeys56E	11	Ethernet connectivity, web interface, Modbus TCP, server reports, 55x I/O, 24x digital counter, 7x 12-bit analog input, 6x PWM, 25x encoders, 3x fast encoders, 1x ultra-fast encoder, 2x Matrix LED, 16x8 Matrix keyboard, LCD, PoExtBus, PoNET, I <sup>2</sup> C and 1-wire buses support, PoIL core (4k program memory, 1k data memory)

# Series 57

Series 57 contains PoKeys57E device

Device H

PoKeys57E	31	Ethernet connectivity, web interface, Modbus TCP, server reports, 55x I/O, 24x digital counter, 7x 12-bit analog input, 6x PWM, 25x encoders, 3x fast encoders, 1x ultra-fast encoder, 2x Matrix LED, 16x8 Matrix keyboard, LCD, PoExtBus,
		PoNET, I <sup>2</sup> C and 1-wire buses support, PoIL core (32k program memory, 4k data memory)

# Series 58

Series 58 contains PoPLC v1.0 and PoKeys58EU

TBD

# **Supported commands:**

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# **Supported functions**

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- 0x02 Set User ID
- 0x03 Read User ID and lock setting
- 0x04 Read build date
- 0x05 Get system load status
- 0x06 Read device name
- 0x07 Enable/disable fast USB interface
- 0x08 Delayed startup setup
- 0x10 Set pin function
- 0x11 Set encoder settings
- 0x12 Set encoder key mapping for direction A
- 0x13 Set encoder key mapping for direction B
- 0x15 Get pin function
- 0x16 Get encoder settings
- 0x17 Get encoder key mapping for direction A
- 0x18 Get encoder key mapping for direction B
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- 0xB0 Multi-part packet
- 0xC0 Pin configuration
- 0xC1 Pin key mapping
- 0xC2 Pin key codes
- 0xC3 Pin key modifiers
- 0x21 Pin typematic delay
- 0x22 Pin repeat rate
- 0xC4 Encoder option
- 0xC5 Encoder channel A + B
- 0xC6 Encoder channel A key code + modifier
- 0xC7 Encoder channel B key code + modifier
- 0xCD Get encoder long RAW values
- 0xCE Enable fast encoders for pins 1-6
- $\ensuremath{\text{OxC8}}$  Get macro name and length
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- 0xCA Matrix keyboard configuration
- 0xCB PWM configuration

- OxCC Get device status (IO, analog, encoders)
- 0xCD Get 32-bit RAW encoder data
- 0xCE Enable/disable Fast encoders
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- 0xD0 LCD configuration
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- 0xDA set auxilary bus settings
- 0xDB I<sup>2</sup>C settings and communication
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- 0xE0 Get/set network settings
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- 0xE2 Authorise user
- 0xE3 Set user password
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- 0xE5 SPI communication
- 0xEF Get/set Cosm settings

#### Real-time mode

- 0xA0 Setup RTmode
- 0xA1 RTmode packet in/out

#### **Bootloader operations**

- 0xF0 clear application memory
- 0xF1 block transfer options
- 0xF2 transfer block part
- 0xF3 start application
- 0xF5 calculate and save CRC
- 0xF6 clear user settings

#### General

#### Read device data

- byte 2: 0x00
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x00
- byte 3: serial MSB
- byte 4: serial LSB
- byte 5: software version (v(1+[4-7]).([0-3]))
- byte 6: revision number
- byte 7: request ID

#### Additional info (newer devices):

- bytes 9-12: string 'PK58' or 'PKEx' (preferred)
- bytes 13-16: 32-bit serial number
- byte 17: firmware version
- byte 18: firmware revision version
- byte 19: HW ID (see table in PoKeys devices chapter)
- byte 20: user ID
- bytes 21-31: build date string
- bytes 32-41: device name string
- byte 42: firmware type ID (0: default firmware)
- bytes 43-44: firmware version of the application (applicable to bootloader)
- bytes 45-57: reserved
- byte 58: product ID offset
- byte 59: configuration lock status
- byte 60: configuration firmware version
- byte 61: configuration firmware revision number
- byte 62: bootloader flag (1 indicates bootloader)

#### Set user ID

- byte 2: 0x02
- byte 3: ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x02
- byte 3: confirmed ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Read user ID (deprecated, use »Read device data« instead)

- byte 2: 0x03
- byte 3-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x03
- byte 3: userID
- byte 4: device lock status (if 1, device configuration is locked)
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Read/set device name

- byte 2: 0x06
- byte 3:
  - 0 for reading device name
  - Bit 0: for writing device name
  - Bit 1: for reading joystick device name
  - Bit 2: read product ID offset
  - Bit 3: set product ID offset
- byte 4: use long device name (1)
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-18: device name string
- bytes 19-34: joystick device name string
- byte 35: product ID offset
- bytes 36-55: long device name string
- bytes 56-63: reserved

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x0x6
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-18: device name string
- bytes 19-34: new joystick device name string
- byte 35: product ID offset
- bytes 36-55: long device name string
- bytes 56-63: reserved

# Read build date (deprecated, use »Read device data« instead)

- byte 2: 0x04
- byte 3: part (0-2), extended info (10)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x04
- byte 3-6: char 1-4, 5-8, 9-11

# - byte 7: request ID

# Extended info

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x04
- byte 3: hardware version
- byte 4: hardware revision
- byte 5: hardware architecture
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# **Configuration saving**

- byte 2: 0x50
- byte 3: 0xAA
- byte 4: 0x55
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Configuration saving and lock

- byte 2: 0x51
- byte 3: 0xAA
- byte 4: 0x55
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Configuration reset

- byte 2: 0x52
- byte 3: 0xAA
- byte 4: 0x55
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Get system load status

- byte 2: 0x05
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x05
- byte 3: system load (in %)

- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Get tick counter

- byte 2: 0xCF
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xCF
- byte 3-6: 32-bit tick counter with ms resolution (LSB first)
- byte 7: request ID

# Read/activate option

- byte 2: 0x8F
- byte 3: 1 for writing, 0 for reading (set to 0xFF to clear all options)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-16: option activation code
- bytes 17-63: reserved

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x8F
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: activations OK (bit mapped)
- bytes 10: reserved

# Enable/disable fast USB interface

- byte 2: 0x07
- byte 3: fast USB interface enable status (set to 10 to read the status only)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x07
- byte 3: fast USB interface enable status
- byte 4-6: reservedbyte 7: request ID

# Delayed startup configuration

In order to address the issue with selected systems where PoKeys device stops device from booting-up, delayed startup of the PoKeys device can be configured.

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x08
3	Command - 0 for reading the configuration, 1 for writing
4	Startup delay in x100 ms (0 to 25.4 seconds delay available), a value of 0 or 0xFF results in no
	delay at startup
5-6	reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC

# Delayed startup configuration - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x08
3	Command
4	Startup delay
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC

#### General pin settings

PoKeys55, PoKeys56, PoKeys57 limitations

- 1. Pin codes used in PoKeys55 device are 0-based, e.g. pin 1 has pin code of 0, pin 55 has pin code of 54.
- 2. Analog input capable pins 43 to 47 have pin codes of 42 to 46.
- 3. Analog output capable pin 43 has pin code of 42.
- 4. PWM (pulse-width modulation) capable pins 17 to 22 have pin codes of 16-21 (PWM module outputs are in reversed order, e.g. pin 17 (pin coded as 16) is connected to PWM6 output see specifications below).

#### Set input/output settings

```
- byte 2: 0x10
```

- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)
- byte 4: pin settings

bit 0: special pin function

bit 1: digital input

bit 2: digital output

bit 3: analog input

bit 4: analog output

bit 5: triggered input

bit 6: digital counter input

bit 7: invert state

- byte 5: other / digital counter options (PoKeys56E)

bit 0: count rising edges (fast counter)

bit 1: count falling edges (fast counter)

bit 2: disable 10k pull-up resistor (PoPLC)

bit 3: enable external analog conversion (PoPLC)

bits 4-5: analog conversion resolution: 0 = 12-bit, 1 = 14-bit, 2 = 16-bit, 3 = 18-bit (PoPLC)

bits 6-7: analog pin mode: 0 = normal analog input, 1 = Pt1000 analog input, 2 = 0-10 V analog input,

3 = 4-20 mA analog input (PoPLC)

- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x10
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1 Pin number out of range or configuration locked
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Read input/output settings

- byte 2: 0x15
- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x15
- byte 3: pin ID (0-54) (or 0xFF if pin number out of range or configuration locked)
- byte 4: pin settings

bit 0: reserved

bit 1: digital input

bit 2: digital output

bit 3: analog input

bit 4: analog output

bit 5: triggered input

bit 6: digital counter input

bit 7: invert state

- byte 5: reserved / digital counter options see packet description 0x10 above
- byte 6: extended pin function
- byte 7: request ID

# Input/output settings - extended mode

	option 1	option 2
Read all pin functions	0	0
Set all pin functions	1	0
Read all additional settings	0	1
Set all additional settings	0	2

- byte 2: 0xC0
- byte 3: option 1 (see table above)
- byte 4: option 2 (see table above)
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

if (option 1 > 0)

- byte 9-63: pin settings set (see above for value descriptions) if (option 1 == 0 and option 2 == 2)
- byte 9-63: pin digital counter options (if set/read additional settings enabled)

- byte 2: 0xC0
- byte 3: additional settings
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 9-63: pin settings (option 1 == 0 and option 2 == 0)
- byte 9-63: pin digital counter options (option 1 == 0 and option 2 == 1)

#### Additional settings

- byte 2: 0x1E
- byte 3: 0 for configuration read, 1 for write
- byte 4: auto-initialize outputs on device startup
- byte 5: set digital outputs startup values (1)
- byte 6: reserved (0)
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-15: digital outputs startup values

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x1E
- byte 3: auto-initialize outputs status (1 if enabled)
- byte 4: 1 if digital outputs startup values are provided in bytes 9-15
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-15: digital outputs startup values

# Get pin capabilities

#### Request

Byte	Function			
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)			
2 (CMD)	0x1F			
3	0x00 - select pin range (13 pins per read)			
4-6	Reserved			
7	Request ID			
8 (CRC)	CRC			
9-63	Reserved			
64 (CRC 2)	CRC			

#### Response

Byte	Function			
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)			
2 (CMD)	0x1F			
3	Reserved			
4-6	Reserved			
7	Request ID			
8 (CRC)	CRC			
9-62	Pin capabilites (bit-masked) - up to 13 pins per range			
63	Reserved			
64 (CRC 2)	CRC			

# Pin basic and extended capabilites bit masks

```
typedef enum {
```

```
PK_PinCap_digitalInput
                                            = 2,
                                                                   // Digital input
                                            = 4,
           PK PinCap digitalOutput
                                                                   // Digital output
           PK_PinCap_analogInput
                                            = 8,
                                                                   // Analog input (only on selected pins)
           PK_PinCap_analogOutput
                                            = 16,
                                                                  // Analog output (only on selected pins)
           PK_PinCap_triggeredInput
                                            = 32,
                                                                   // Triggered input
           PK_PinCap_digitalCounter
                                            = 64
                                                                   // Digital counter (only on selected pins)
} ePinCapabilities;
typedef enum
{
           PK_PinExtCap_1wire
                                                       = (1<<8),
           PK_PinExtCap_Pt1000
                                                       = (1<<9),
           PK_PinExtCap_0_10V
                                                       = (1<<10),
           PK_PinExtCap_4_20mA
                                                       = (1<<11),
           PK_PinExtCap_FastEnc
                                                       = (1<<12),
           PK_PinExtCap_PWM
                                                       = (1<<13)
} ePinExtendedCapabilities;
```

# Key association setting (for pins which are set to 1, 2 or 32)

```
- byte 2: 0x20
- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)
- byte 4: key modifier (Ctrl/Alt/Shift)
         bit 0: ctrl
         bit 1: shift
         bit 2: Alt
         bit 3: Windows
         bit 4: reserved
         bit 5: reserved
         bit 6: Alt Gr
         bit 7: reserved
- byte 5: key KeyCode
- byte 6: option
         bit 0: enable key mapping
         bit 1: direct key mapping
         bit 2: key mapped to macro (KeyCode is macro ID)
         bit 3: key mapped to continous macro (same as above, but macro is refiring if input is still active)
         bit 4: key repeating (after a delay, the key is being repeatedly fired with a given rate)
         bit 5:
         bit 6:
         bit 7:
- byte 7: request ID
```

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x20
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1 if pin number out of range or configuration locked, 2 if pin not set as digital input
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Reading of key associations

```
- byte 2: 0x25
```

- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)

- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x25
- byte 3: key modifier
- byte 4: key code
- byte 5: option (see command 0x20)
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Typematic delay setup

- byte 2: 0x21
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- if (option > 0)
- byte 9-63: pin typematic delay set (set in steps of 5 ms 0 to 1275 ms possible)

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x21
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-63: pin typematic delay get (see above for value descriptions)

# Key repeat rate setup

- byte 2: 0x22
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- if (option > 0)
- byte 9-63: pin key repeat rate set (repeat period in 5 ms cycles (plus 1 cycle) set to 9 (9x 5ms + 1x 5ms = 50ms) to get 20 key presses per second, set to 199 to get 1 key press per second)

- byte 2: 0x22
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-63: pin key repeat rate get (see above for value descriptions)

# **Key mappings**

- byte 2: 0xC1
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- byte 9-63: pin key mapping set (see above 'option' for value descriptions)

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC1
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-63: pin key mapping get (see above 'option' for value descriptions)

# Key codes

- byte 2: 0xC2
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- byte 9-63: pin USB key code set

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC2
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-63: pin key code get

# Key modifiers

- byte 2: 0xC3
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- byte 9-63: pin key modifiers set (see above for value descriptions)

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC3
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-63: pin key modifiers get (see above for value descriptions)

#### Triggered input key mappings

- byte 2: 0xD7
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Option = 1

- byte 9-63: down key codes for each pin
- Option = 2
- byte 9-63: down key modifiers for each pin
- Option = 3
- byte 9-63: up key codes for each pin
- Option = 4
- byte 9-63: up key modifiers for each pin
- Option = 11..14
- byte 9-63: reserved
- Option = 20
- byte 9: triggered key length write
- Option = 21: read triggered key length

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xD7
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Option = 11

- byte 9-63: down key codes for each pin
- Option = 12
- byte 9-63: down key modifiers for each pin
- Option = 13
- byte 9-63: up key codes for each pin
- Option = 14
- byte 9-63: up key modifiers for each pin
- Option = 21
- byte 9: triggered key length

#### Get/Set Connection signal pin status

Connection signal pin status can be set for pins 48 to 55. When USB connection with PC is established, pin for which 'Connection signal pin status' is set to 1, will go to into high state (if pin is not inverted). After connection with PC is lost and power through USB is still available, pin will go into low state (if pin is not inverted).

To set the value, set option byte to 1. To read the value, set the option byte to 0.

- byte 2: 0x1B
- byte 3: option
- byte 4: bit mapped Connection signal pin status
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x1B
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: bit mapped Connection signal pin status
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### **Encoder settings**

PoKeys supports up to 25 'normal' encoders, 3 fast encoders (mapped to encoders 0, 1 and 2). An ultra fast encoder input (mapped to index 25) is supported on PoKeys56E. Encoder settings

- byte 2: 0x11
- byte 3: encoder ID (0-25)
- byte 4: option

bit 0: enable encoder bit 1: 4x sampling bit 2: 2x sampling

bit 3: reserved

bit 4: direct key mapping for direction A bit 5: mapped to macro for direction A bit 6: direct key mapping for direction B bit 7: mapped to macro for direction B

- byte 5: channel A input
- byte 6: channel B input
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x11
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1 if encoder ID out of range or configuration locked
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Encoder key mapping for direction A

- byte 2: 0x12
- byte 3: encoder ID (0-25)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: key code or macro ID
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x12
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1 if encoder ID out of range or configuration locked
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Encoder key mapping for direction B

- byte 2: 0x13
- byte 3: encoder ID (0-25)
- byte 4: reserved

- byte 5: key code or macro ID
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x13
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1 if encoder ID out of range or configuration locked
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Read encoder settings

- byte 2: 0x16
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x16
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4: option
- byte 5: channel A pin
- byte 6: channel B pin
- byte 7: request ID

#### Read encoder key mapping for direction A

- byte 2: 0x17
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x17
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: key code or macro ID
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

# Read encoder key mapping for direction B

- byte 2: 0x18
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4-6: 0

# - byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x16
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: key code or macro ID
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

#### Read encoder RAW value

- byte 2: 0x19
- byte 3: encoder ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x19
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4: RAW value
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Reset encoder RAW value

- byte 2: 0x1A
- byte 3: encoder ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x1A
- byte 3: encoder (0-25)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# **Encoder option**

- byte 2: 0xC4
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0

```
- byte 7: request ID
```

if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-33: encoder option set (see above for 'option' values)

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC4
- byte 3-6: reserved - byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-33: encoder option get (see above for 'option' values)

#### Encoder channel A and B pin

```
- byte 2: 0xC5
```

- byte 3: option

- byte 4-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-33: encoder channel A pin set
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel B pin set

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC5
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-33: encoder channel A pin get
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel B pin get

# Encoder channel A key code and modifier

```
- byte 2: 0xC6
```

- byte 3: option

- byte 4-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-33: encoder channel A key codes set
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel A key modifiers set

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC6
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-33: encoder channel A key codes get
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel A key modifiers get

# Encoder channel B key code and modifier

- byte 2: 0xC7
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- if (option > 0)
- bytes 9-33: encoder channel B key codes set
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel B key modifiers set

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC7
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-33: encoder channel B key codes get
- bytes 34-58: encoder channel B key modifiers get

#### Get encoder long RAW values

- byte 2: 0xCD
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- option byte:
  - 0 get encoder RAW values for encoders 1-13
  - 1 get encoder RAW values for encoders 14-26
  - 10 set encoder RAW values for encoders 1-13
  - 11 set encoder RAW values for encoders 14-26

# If option == 10

- bytes 9-12: encoder 1 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 13-16: encoder 2 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 17-20: encoder 3 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 21-24: encoder 4 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 25-28: encoder 5 RAW value (LSB first)

```
- bytes 29-32: encoder 6 RAW value (LSB first)
```

- bytes 33-36: encoder 7 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 37-40: encoder 8 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 41-44: encoder 9 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 45-48: encoder 10 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 49-52: encoder 11 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 53-56: encoder 12 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 57-60: encoder 13 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 61-63: reserved

#### If option == 11

- bytes 9-12: encoder 14 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 13-16: encoder 15 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 17-20: encoder 16 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 21-24: encoder 17 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 25-28: encoder 18 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 29-32: encoder 19 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 33-36: encoder 20 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 37-40: encoder 21 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 41-44: encoder 22 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 45-48: encoder 23 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 45 40. encoder 25 tive value (LSB inst
- bytes 49-52: encoder 24 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 53-56: encoder 25 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 57-60: Ultra fast encoder RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 61-63: reserved

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xCD
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### If option == 0

- bytes 9-12: encoder 1 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 13-16: encoder 2 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 17-20: encoder 3 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 21-24: encoder 4 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 25-28: encoder 5 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 29-32: encoder 6 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 33-36: encoder 7 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 37-40: encoder 8 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 41-44: encoder 9 RAW value (LSB first)bytes 45-48: encoder 10 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 49-52: encoder 11 RAW value (LSB first)

- bytes 53-56: encoder 12 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 57-60: encoder 13 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 61-63: reserved

#### If option == 1

- bytes 9-12: encoder 14 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 13-16: encoder 15 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 17-20: encoder 16 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 21-24: encoder 17 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 25-28: encoder 18 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 29-32: encoder 19 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 33-36: encoder 20 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 37-40: encoder 21 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 41-44: encoder 22 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 45-48: encoder 23 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 49-52: encoder 24 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 53-56: encoder 25 RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 57-60: Ultra fast encoder RAW value (LSB first)
- bytes 61-63: reserved

#### Enable/disable fast encoders on pins 1-2, 3-4 / 5-6 and 15-16

There are two different fast encoders configurations. On newer PoKeys56 devices, only second configuration can be selected.

Configuration 1: pins 1-2 as encoder 1, pins 3-4 as encoder 2, pins 15-16 as encoder 3 Configuration 2: pins 1-2 as encoder 1, pins 5-6 as encoder 2, pins 15-16 as encoder 3

byte 2: 0xCEbyte 3: option

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Encoder 3	Encoder 2	Encoder 1	Disable 4x		configuration <sup>1</sup>		
invert	invert	invert	sampling	configuration <sup>1</sup>			

- byte 4: (bit 0): Enable index signal<sup>2</sup>

bytes 5-6: reservedbyte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

byte 2: 0xCDbyte 3: status

<sup>1</sup> Set to 1 to enable fast encoders with configuration 1, set to 10 to enable configuration 2, set to 2 to read setup

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> When set to 1, the pins 9, 11 and 27 function as index signal inputs. If a positive front on these pins is detected, the encoder counter is reset accordingly.

- byte 4: enable index signal

bytes 5-6: reservedbyte 7: request IDbytes 9-63: reserved

#### Enable/disable ultra fast encoder

Ultra fast encoder input is supported only on PoKeys56E.

Pins used are:

Pin 8: Phase A input Pin 12: Phase B input Pin 13: Index input

- byte 2: 0x1C
- byte 3: enable ultra fast encoder (set to 1 to enable, set to 0 to disable, set to 0xFF to read configuration)
- byte 4: additional options

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
racomind					Enable 4x	Signal	Invert
	reserved					mode	direction

Signal mode: when = 0, A and B function as quadrature encoder inputs. When = 1, A functions as the direction signal and B functions as the clock signal.

Enable 4x sampling: when = 0, only A edges are counted (2X). When = 1, BOTH A and B edges are counted (4X), increasing resolution but decreasing range.

- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-12: digital filter sampling delay used in ultra fast encoder

- byte 2: 0x1C
- byte 3: status
- byte 4: additional options as above
- bytes 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-12: digital filter sampling delay used in ultra fast encoder
- byte 13: enable encoders status (copy of byte 3)
- byte 14: encoders options (copy of byte 4)
- bytes 15-63: reserved

#### Digital counters

#### Get digital counters values

- byte 2: 0xD8
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-21: pin IDs for which the value will be returned

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xD8
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-12: counter value 1 (LSB first)
- bytes 13-16: counter value 2 (LSB first)
- bytes 17-20: counter value 3 (LSB first)
- bytes 21-24: counter value 4 (LSB first)
- bytes 25-28: counter value 5 (LSB first)
- bytes 29-32: counter value 6 (LSB first)
- bytes 33-36: counter value 7 (LSB first)
- bytes 37-40: counter value 8 (LSB first)
- bytes 41-44: counter value 9 (LSB first)
- bytes 45-48: counter value 10 (LSB first)
- bytes 49-52: counter value 11 (LSB first)
- bytes 53-56: counter value 12 (LSB first)
- bytes 57-60: counter value 13 (LSB first)
- bytes 61-63: reserved

#### Get/Set digital counter direction pins

- byte 2: 0xD9
- byte 3: 0 for reading, 1 for writing
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-63: direction pin ID for each counter. If pin ID is set to zero, no direction input pin will be used and counter's value will always increase

# Reset digital counters values

- byte 2: 0x1D
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x1D

- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# I/O operations

# Reading of inputs

- byte 2: 0x30
- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x30
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4: input value
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Block inputs reading

- byte 2: 0x31
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x31
- byte 3: pins state 1-8
- byte 4: pins state 9-16
- byte 5: pins state 17-24
- byte 6: pins state 25-32
- byte 7: request ID

# Block inputs reading - part 2

- byte 2: 0x32
- byte 3-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x32
- byte 3: pins state 33-40
- byte 4: pins state 41-48
- byte 5: pins state 49-55
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Analog inputs

#### Analog inputs reading:

- byte 2: 0x35
- byte 3: pin ID (42-46)
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x35
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4: input value (8-bit)
- byte 5: MSB (2-bit) (4-bit on PoKeys56 devices)
- byte 6: LSB (8-bit)
- byte 7: request ID

# Analog inputs block reading - 4x 8bit

- byte 2: 0x36
- byte 3: pin for input 1
- byte 4: pin for input 2
- byte 5: pin for input 3
- byte 6: pin for input 4
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x36
- byte 3: input 1
- byte 4: input 2
- byte 5: input 3
- byte 6: input 4
- byte 7: request ID

# Analog inputs block reading - 3x 10bit

- byte 2: 0x37
- byte 3: pin for input 1
- byte 4: pin for input 2
- byte 5: pin for input 3
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x37
- byte 3: MSB 1
- byte 4: MSB 2

- byte 5: MSB 3

- byte 6: LSB 1 LSB 2 LSB 3

- byte 7: request ID

# Analog inputs reading - all analog inputs in one command

- byte 2: 0x3A

- byte 3-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x3A

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

- bytes 9-22: 7 analog inputs values – 2 bytes per input (1 byte for MSB, 1 byte for LSB)

First value is analog input value on pin 41 (on PoKeys56E, value of 0 on PoKeys55), 42 (also 0 on PoKeys55) and 43-47.

# Get analog RC filter value

PoKeys uses a discrete low-pass filter with the following equation:

$$y(k) = y(k-1) * \frac{RC}{RC+1} + u(k) * \frac{1}{RC+1}$$

- byte 2: 0x38

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x38

- byte 3-6: RC constant (LSB first)

- byte 7: request ID

# Set analog RC filter value

- byte 2: 0x39

- byte 3-6: RC constant (LSB first) – 0 turns filtering off

- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x39

- byte 3-6: RC constant (LSB first)

- byte 7: request ID

# Outputs setting

Early design decision led to digital output values to be inverted. Writing a state 0 to an uninverted output pin results in pin outputting 3.3 V and writing a 1 results in 0 V.

```
- byte 2: 0x40
```

- byte 3: pin ID (0-54)

- byte 4: value (0-1)

- byte 5-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x40

- byte 3: 0 - OK, 1+ error ID

- byte 4-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

#### Block outputs writing

```
code 0x42: set block of outputs 1: byte 3-6: output data (1-32) code 0x43: set block of outputs 2: byte 3-5: output data (33-55)
```

# Analog ouputs settings

```
- byte 2: 0x41
```

- byte 3: pin ID (42)

- byte 4: MSB value (0-255)

- byte 5: LSB value (upper 2 bits)

- byte 6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x41

- byte 3: 0 - OK, 1+ error ID

- byte 4-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

#### Get device status (extended mode - IO, analog, encoders)

```
- byte 2: 0xCC
```

- byte 3: option (0 - short packet, 1 - output data is provided)

- byte 4: reserved

- byte 5: reserved

- byte 6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-12: output data (1-32) bit-mapped, bit 0 of byte 9 = pin 1, bit 7 of byte 9 = pin 8, bit 0 of byte 10 = pin 9, etc.
- bytes 13-15: output data (33-55) bit-mapped output statuses continued
- byte 16: analog output MSB should be set to 0 for non-PoKeys55 devices
- byte 17: analog output LSB should be set to 0 for non-PoKeys55 devices
- bytes 18-63: reserved (0)

- byte 2: 0x41
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-12: input status (1-32)
- bytes 13-15: input status (33-55)
- bytes 16-25: analog 1-5 (MSB+LSB for each input)
- bytes 26-50: 25x 8-bit encoder RAW values
- bytes 51-58: matrix keyboard status (each byte is bit-mapped to a matrix keyboard row)<sup>3</sup>
- bytes 59-62: ultra fast encoder RAW value
- byte 63: reserved (0)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This status only retrieves first part of the matrix keyboard keys (upper 8x8)

# Joystick settings

# Read joystick configuration

- byte 2: 0x60

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x60

- bytes 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

- bytes 9-14: joystick axis mapping

- bytes 15-46: joystick buttons mapping

- bytes 47-50: joystick hat buttons mapping

### Set joystick configuration

- byte 2: 0x65

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

- bytes 9-14: joystick axis mapping<sup>4</sup>
- bytes 15-46: joystick buttons mapping (**1-based pin codes**, 0 disables the button, if bit 7 is set, this sets down Event pin)
- bytes 47-50: joystick hat buttons mapping (1-based pin codes)

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x65

- byte 3: 0 - OK, 1+ error ID

- byte 4-6: 0

- byte 7: request ID

### Get joystick up Event buttons configuration

- byte 2: 0x61

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x60

- bytes 3-6: reserved

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Set this value to the 1-based pin code (analog inputs have pin codes from 43 to 47), axes have the following order: rotation x, rotation y, x, y, z and throttle

- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-14: reserved
- bytes 15-46: joystick buttons mapping for up event

#### Set joystick up Event buttons configuration

- byte 2: 0x66
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-14: reserved
- bytes 15-46: joystick buttons up Event mapping (1-based pin codes, 0 disables the up Event button)

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x61
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Set/Get joystick analog to digital key mapping options

- byte 2: 0x6A
- byte 3: option
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- if (option = 0, 1 or 2)
- bytes 9-63: reserved (0)
- if (option = 10) setup for a lower part of the values
- bytes 9-14: mapping type
  - bit 0: enable key mapping
  - bit 1: direct key mapping
  - bit 2: key mapped to macro (KeyCode is macro ID)
  - bit 3: key mapped to continous macro (same as above, but macro is refiring if input is still active)
  - bit 4: key repeating (after a delay, the key is being repeatedly fired with a given rate)
  - bit 5: reserved
  - bit 6: reserved
  - bit 7: reserved
- bytes 15-20: key code (or macro ID if mapped to macro)
- bytes 21-26: key modifier
- bytes 27-32: Typematic delay (set in steps of 5 ms 0 to 1275 ms possible)
- bytes 33-38: pin key repeat rate set (repeat period in 5 ms cycles (plus 1 cycle) set to 9 (9x 5ms + 1x 5ms = 50ms) to get 20 key presses per second, set to 199 to get 1 key press per second)
- bytes 39-44: pin max key repeat rate set
- bytes 45-63: reserved

#### if (option = 11) - setup for a upper part of the values

- bytes 9-14: mapping type
  - bit 0: enable key mapping
  - bit 1: direct key mapping
  - bit 2: key mapped to macro (KeyCode is macro ID)
  - bit 3: key mapped to continous macro (same as above, but macro is refiring if input is still active)
  - bit 4: key repeating (after a delay, the key is being repeatedly fired with a given rate)
  - bit 5: reserved
  - bit 6: reserved
  - bit 7: reserved
- bytes 15-20: key code (or macro ID if mapped to macro)
- bytes 21-26: key modifier
- bytes 27-32: Typematic delay (set in steps of 5 ms 0 to 1275 ms possible)
- bytes 33-38: pin key repeat rate set (repeat period in 5 ms cycles (plus 1 cycle) set to 9 (9x 5ms + 1x 5ms = 50ms) to get 20 key presses per second, set to 199 to get 1 key press per second)
- bytes 39-44: pin max key repeat rate set
- bytes 45-63: reserved

### if (option = 2) - band margins setup

- bytes 9-14: lowest value
- bytes 15-20: lower band deadband value
- bytes 21-26: upper band deadband value
- bytes 27-32: highest value

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x6A
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# if (option = 0) - setup for a lower part of the values

- bytes 9-14: mapping type
  - bit 0: enable key mapping
  - bit 1: direct key mapping
  - bit 2: key mapped to macro (KeyCode is macro ID)
  - bit 3: key mapped to continous macro (same as above, but macro is refiring if input is still active)
  - bit 4: key repeating (after a delay, the key is being repeatedly fired with a given rate)
  - bit 5: reserved
  - bit 6: reserved
  - bit 7: reserved
- bytes 15-20: key code (or macro ID if mapped to macro)
- bytes 21-26: key modifier
- bytes 27-32: Typematic delay (set in steps of 5 ms 0 to 1275 ms possible)
- bytes 33-38: pin key repeat rate set (repeat period in 5 ms cycles (plus 1 cycle) set to 9 (9x 5ms + 1x

5ms = 50ms) to get 20 key presses per second, set to 199 to get 1 key press per second)

- bytes 39-44: pin max key repeat rate set
- bytes 45-63: reserved

#### if (option = 1) - setup for a upper part of the values

- bytes 9-14: mapping type
  - bit 0: enable key mapping
  - bit 1: direct key mapping
  - bit 2: key mapped to macro (KeyCode is macro ID)
  - bit 3: key mapped to continous macro (same as above, but macro is refiring if input is still active)
  - bit 4: key repeating (after a delay, the key is being repeatedly fired with a given rate)
  - bit 5: reserved
  - bit 6: reserved
  - bit 7: reserved
- bytes 15-20: key code (or macro ID if mapped to macro)
- bytes 21-26: key modifier
- bytes 27-32: Typematic delay (set in steps of 5 ms 0 to 1275 ms possible)
- bytes 33-38: pin key repeat rate set (repeat period in 5 ms cycles (plus 1 cycle) set to 9 (9x 5ms + 1x

5ms = 50ms) to get 20 key presses per second, set to 199 to get 1 key press per second)

- bytes 39-44: pin max key repeat rate set
- bytes 45-63: reserved

#### if (option = 2) - band margins setup

- bytes 9-14: lowest value
- bytes 15-20: lower band deadband value
- bytes 21-26: upper band deadband value
- bytes 27-32: highest value

# Macros

#### Create macro

- byte 2: 0x90
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: macro length
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x90
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: macro length
- byte 5: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Modify macro

- byte 2: 0x91
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: new length
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x91
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: new length
- byte 5: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Delete macro

- byte 2: 0x92
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved

- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x92
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: 0 ok, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Save macros to flash

- byte 2: 0x93
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: reserved
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: 0 ok, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Rename macro

- byte 2: 0x94
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index [0..3]
- byte 5: char 1
- byte 6: char 2
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x94
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: 0 ok, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Transfer macro

- byte 2: 0x95
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index
- byte 5: key code
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x95
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: 0 ok, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Get macro length

- byte 2: 0x96
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x96
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: macro length
- byte 5: 0 ok, 1+ error ID
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Get macro name

- byte 2: 0x97
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index [0..3]
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x97
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index
- byte 5: char 1
- byte 6: char 2
- byte 7: request ID

# Get macro keys

- byte 2: 0x98
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index [0..255]
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x98
- byte 3: macro ID
- byte 4: index [0..255]
- byte 5: key code
- byte 6: key modifier
- byte 7: request ID

# Get free space

- byte 2: 0x99
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 2: 0x99
- byte 3: free space MSB
- byte 4: free space LSB
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Get active macros

- byte 2: 0x9A
- byte 3: page [0..1]
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x9A
- byte 3: bit masked macro enabled MSB
- byte 4: bit masked macro enabled
- byte 5: bit masked macro enabled
- byte 6: bit masked macro enabled LSB
- byte 7: request ID

# Set/Get macro name and length

- byte 2: 0xC8
- byte 3: option
- byte 4: macro ID
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- if (option > 0)
- bytes 9-15: new macro name

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xC8
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-15: macro name
- byte 16: macro length

# Set/Get macro keys

- byte 2: 0xC9
- byte 3: option
- byte 4: macro ID
- byte 5: page (25 keys per page)
- byte 6: length
- byte 7: request ID

# if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-58: key+modifier pairs
- bytes 59-63: reserved (0)

- byte 2: 0xC9
- byte 3-6: reservedbyte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-58: key+modifier pairs
- bytes 59-63: reserved (0)

### Matrix keyboard

# Get/Set matrix keyboard configuration - byte 2: 0xCA

- byte 3: option
- byte 4: keyboard ID
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

If option  $== 1^5$ 

- byte 9: new configuration
  - bit 0: enable matrix keyboard
  - bit 1-7: reserved
- byte 10: size of matrix keyboard<sup>6</sup>
  - bit 0-3: height-1
  - bit 4-7: width-1
- bytes 11-18: row pins<sup>7</sup>
- bytes 19-26: column pins
- bytes 27-42: bit mapped direct/macro (1 for macro), 27.0 for key 0
- bytes 43-50: row pins (if height set to 8 or greater)
- byte 51: pin alternate function enable pinID (must be input)+1 (value read only if option == 1)
- bytes 52-63: reserved

If option  $== 2...9^8$ 

- bytes 9-24: key codes (keys (option-2)\*16 (option-1)\*16-1)
- bytes 25-40: key modifiers
- bytes 41-42: triggered mode (bit mapped for above keys) ignored if alternate function is enabled
- bytes 43-63: reserved

If option ==  $22...29^9$ 

- bytes 9-24: key codes (keys (option-2)\*16 (option-1)\*16-1) for up key event (if triggering enabled)
- bytes 25-40: key modifiers for above keys
- bytes 41-63: reserved

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xCA

- byte 3: keyboard ID

- byte 4-6: reserved

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Use option 1 to setup of the matrix keyboard

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This size defines the size of the matrix keyboard in use. For example, if width is set to 4, only columns A-D are used and thus only first four column pins are checked, others are ignored.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Set pin codes appropriately (pins codes are 0-based, so pin 1 has the pin code 0). If width is set to 4, only first four pin codes are read. For unused pins use any value, 0 or 255 is recommended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Use options 2-5 to setup key codes mapping of the pins. First row of matrix keyboard has keys with indexes from 0 to 7, second row from 8 to 15... Even if matrix keyboard is setup as having only four columns, first row still has keys with indexes 0 to 3, second row from 8 to 11... (values of keys 4-7, 12-15 are not refreshed). Option 2 sets key codes for keys 0-15, Option 3 for keys 16-31...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Use options 2-5 to setup key codes mapping of the pins. First row of matrix keyboard has keys with indexes from 0 to 7, second row from 8 to 15... Even if matrix keyboard is setup as having only four columns, first row still has keys with indexes 0 to 3, second row from 8 to 11... (values of keys 4-7, 12-15 are not refreshed). Option 2 sets key codes for keys 0-15, Option 3 for keys 16-31...

# - byte 7: request ID If option < 12<sup>10</sup> - byte 9: new configuration bit 0: enable matrix keyboard bit 1-7: reserved - byte 10: size of matrix keyboard bit 0-3: height-1 bit 4-7: width-1 - bytes 11-18: row pins - bytes 19-26: column pins - bytes 27-42: bit mapped direct/macro (1 for macro), 27.0 for key 0 - bytes 43-50: row pins (if height set to 8 or greater) - byte 51: pin alternate function enable - pinID (must be input)+1 (value read only if option == 1) - bytes 52-63: reserved If option == 12..19<sup>11</sup> - bytes 9-24: key codes (keys (option-12)\*16 – (option-11)\*16-1) - bytes 25-40: key modifiers - bytes 41-42: triggered mode - bytes 43-63: reserved If option == $32..39^{12}$ - bytes 9-24: key codes (keys (option-12)\*16 – (option-11)\*16-1) for up key event - bytes 25-40: key modifiers

### PWM channels

If option == 20

- bytes 41-63: reserved

#### Get/set PWM configuration

- byte 2: 0xCB

- byte 3: option

- byte 4: option 2 – set to 1 to update only PWM duty values, else set to 0

- bytes 9-24: matrix keyboard status (whole 16x8 matrix keyboard)

- byte 5: reserved

- byte 6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

If option > 0

- byte 9: bit-mapped PWM enabled

<sup>10</sup> Use option less than 12 to retrieve the configuration of the matrix keyboard. If option is used, that is not previously defined for setup of matrix keyboard, settings are only read, none are set.

<sup>11</sup> Retrieve key codes for keys. Look above for description for options 2-5. This options do not change the setup of matrix keyboard.

<sup>12</sup> Retrieve key codes for keys. Look above for description for options 2-5. This options do not change the setup of matrix keyboard.

bit 0: enable PWM1 (pin 22)

bit 1: enable PWM2 (pin 21)

bit 2: enable PWM3 (pin 20)

bit 3: enable PWM4 (pin 19)

bit 4: enable PWM5 (pin 18)

bit 5: enable PWM6 (pin 17)

- bytes 10-13: PWM1 value (LSB first)

- bytes 14-17: PWM2 value

- bytes 18-21: PWM3 value

- bytes 22-25: PWM4 value

- bytes 26-29: PWM5 value

- bytes 30-33: PWM6 value

- bytes 34-37: PWM period

- bytes 38-63: reserved

### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xCB

- bytes 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

- byte 9: bit-mapped PWM enabled

bit 0: enable PWM1 (pin 22)

bit 1: enable PWM2 (pin 21)

bit 2: enable PWM3 (pin 20)

bit 3: enable PWM4 (pin 19)

bit 4: enable PWM5 (pin 18)

bit 5: enable PWM6 (pin 17)

- bytes 10-13: PWM1 value

- bytes 14-17: PWM2 value

- bytes 18-21: PWM3 value

- bytes 22-25: PWM4 value

- bytes 26-29: PWM5 value

- bytes 30-33: PWM6 value

- bytes 34-37: PWM period

- bytes 38-63: reserved

# LCD displays

Primary pin assignment	Secondary pin assignment	
- DB4 = Pin 26	- DB4 = Pin 34	
- DB5 = Pin 25	- DB5 = Pin 33	
- DB6 = Pin 24	- DB6 = Pin 32	
- DB7 = Pin 23	- DB7 = Pin 31	
- E = Pin 30	- E = Pin 30	
- RW = Pin 28	- RW = Pin 28	
- RS = Pin 29	- RS = Pin 29	

#### Set LCD configuration

- byte 2: 0xD0
- byte 3: 0 for writing, 1 for reading only
- byte 4: LCD enabled
  - 0 LCD disabled
  - 1 LCD enabled on primary pins (23-26)
  - 2 LCD enabled on secondary pins (31-34)
- byte 5: number of rows
- byte 6: number of columns
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xD0
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: LCD enabled
- byte 5: number of rows
- byte 6: number of columns
- byte 7: request ID

#### LCD operation

- byte 2: 0xD1
- byte 3: LCD operation
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### LCD operations

- Init LCD operation code 0
  - No additional parameters
- Clear LCD operation code 0x10
  - No additional parameters
- Move cursor operation code 0x20
  - Byte 4: x position (column) (x=1 for the first column)
  - Byte 5: y position (row) (y=1 for the first row)
- Print to LCD operation code 0x30
  - Bytes 9-29: string to be printed on screen (up to 20 characters, \0 terminated)
- Put character to LCD operation code 0x31
  - Byte 9: character code
- Define custom character operation code 0x40
  - Byte 9: character code
  - Bytes 10-17: character data
- Entry mode set operation code 0x50
  - Byte 9: cursor move direction (1 increment, 0 decrement)
  - Byte 10: display shift on/off
- Display on/off control operation code 0x60
  - Byte 9: display on/off
  - Byte 10: cursor on/off
  - Byte 11: cursor blinking on/off
- Set LCD mode operation code 0x80
  - Byte 4: 0 Direct (default) mode / 1 Buffered mode
- Buffered mode write operation code 0x85

- Byte 4: row
- Bytes 9-33: 24 bytes

- byte 2: 0xD1
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Matrix LED display operations

Matrix LED display pins are fixed due to hardware design. On PoKeys55 device (pin numbers for PoKeys prototype design are given in parenthesis), pins used are

#### Display 1:

- Pin **9** (10): serial data
- Pin **10** (11): output register clock
- Pin **11** (12): serial clock

#### Display 2:

- Pin **23** (23): serial data
- Pin **24** (24): output register clock
- Pin **25** (25): serial clock

# Get/set Matrix LED display configuration

- byte 2: 0xD5
- byte 3: option<sup>13</sup>
- byte 4: matrix LED enabled

bit 0: enable display 1

bit 1: enable display 2

- byte 5: display 1 size

bits 0-3: number of rows (1...8)

bits 4-7: number of columns (1...8)

- byte 6: display 2 size

bits 0-3: number of rows (1...8)

bits 4-7: number of columns (1...8)

- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xD5
- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: matrix LED enabled
- byte 5: display 1 size
- byte 6: display 2 size
- byte 7: request ID

# Update matrix LED display

- byte 2: 0xD6
- byte 3: action
  - 1 update whole display 1 (ignoring row and column bytes)
  - 5 set pixel at row, column on display 1 (ignoring row data bytes 9-16)
  - 6 clear pixel at row, column on display 1
  - 11 update whole display 2 (ignoring row and column bytes)
  - 15 set pixel at row, column on display 2 (ignoring row data bytes 9-16)
  - 16 clear pixel at row, column on display 2

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 $<sup>^{13}</sup>$  To set the configuration, set option byte to 0, else only reading operation will commence

- byte 4: row<sup>14</sup>
- byte 5: column<sup>15</sup>
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-16: row data (LSB bit of each byte is assigned to a pixel on left of a row)
- bytes 17-63: reserved

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xD6
- bytes 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### PoExtBus functionality

PoExtBus enables to extend number of PoKeys device outputs for 80. This is acomplished using up to 10 daisy-chained 8-bit shift registers with latches. Bit 0 of byte 0 is sent first, followed by bits 1-7 then bits 0-7 of byte 1... If shorter chains of shift registers are used, use only the highest bytes (in case only one shift register is used, only use byte 9 to send data).

Connector option 0 (only on PoKeys56E and PoKeys56U): PoExtBus has a dedicated connector on PoKeys56 board. This option enables this connector.

Pins used are (PoKeys55 and PoKeys56) – connector option 1

- Pin code **34** (35): serial clock
- Pin code **35** (36): serial data
- Pin code **36** (37): output register clock

#### Set PoExtBus settings

- byte 2: 0xDA
- byte 3: PoExtBus option (set to 1 to enable PoExtBus, set to 0 to disable and set to 2 to read the state)
- byte 4: connector selection (only on PoKeys56E and PoKeys56U)
- bytes 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-18: data bytes

- byte 2: 0xDA
- byte 3: PoExtBus status
- byte 4: Connector selection
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-18: data bytes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Row and column indexes are 0-based.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Row and column indexes are 0-based.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C communication bus

PoKeys56E devices support communication with I<sup>2</sup>C slave devices, connected to the PoExtBus connector. Both I<sup>2</sup>C and PoExtBus use the same connector and those two protocols share the connector on a priority-based rule. By default, both PoExtBus and I<sup>2</sup>C are enabled, but PoExtBus update has higher priority than I<sup>2</sup>C. When PoExtBus outputs must be refreshed, I<sup>2</sup>C is temporarily disabled, PoExtBus is refreshed, then I<sup>2</sup>C is enabled again (all this is transparently done by PoKeys device itself). Up to 30 bytes can be transferred in one I<sup>2</sup>C transaction.

Marking the pin closer to the bottom of the board (the oposite side of either Ethernet or USB connector) as pin 1, the I<sup>2</sup>C devices should be connected as follows:

Pin 1	Power supply 3.3V
Pin 2	Ground
Pin 3	Serial data
Pin 4	
Pin 5	Serial clock

#### I<sup>2</sup>C settings and communication

- byte 2: 0xDB
- byte 3: I<sup>2</sup>C operation
- byte 4-6: reserved (defined below)
- byte 7: request ID
   I<sup>2</sup>C operations
  - 0x00 Deactivate 1<sup>2</sup>€ deprecated command, 1<sup>2</sup>C bus is always activated
    - No additional parameters
  - 0x01 Activate | <sup>2</sup>C deprecated command, I<sup>2</sup>C bus is always activated
    - No additional parameters
  - 0x02 Get activation status deprecated command, I<sup>2</sup>C bus is always activated
    - No additional parameters (returns successfull if I2C turned on)
  - 0x10 Write to I<sup>2</sup>C start
    - Byte 4: address of the device
    - Byte 5: length of data packet
    - Byte 6: number of bytes to read after write
    - Bytes 9-40: data bytes
  - 0x11 Write to I<sup>2</sup>C get result
  - 0x20 Read from I<sup>2</sup>C start
    - Byte 4: address of the device
    - Byte 5: length of data packet
  - 0x21 Read from I<sup>2</sup>C get result
  - $0x30 Scan I^2C start$
  - 0x31 Scan I<sup>2</sup>C get result

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xDB
- byte 3: I<sup>2</sup>C operation
- byte 4: I<sup>2</sup>C operation result (1 if successfull, 0 unsuccessfull, 0x10 operation still executing)
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# I<sup>2</sup>C operations

- 0x21 Read from I<sup>2</sup>C get result
  - Byte 9: operation result (copied from byte 4)
  - Byte 10: data length

- Bytes 11-42: data bytes
- 0x31 Scan I<sup>2</sup>C get result

  - Byte 9: operation result (copied from byte 4)
    Bytes 10-25: bit encoded result (if bit 0 of byte 10 is set, I2C device with the address of 0x00 was detected)

#### PoNET - »PoI2C« commands

#### **PoNET settings and communication**

- byte 2: 0xDD
- byte 3: PoI2C operation
- byte 4-6: reserved (defined below)
- byte 7: request ID

#### **PoNET** operations

- 0x00 Get PoNET status
- 0x10 Get PoNET module settings (i2c address, type, size, options)
  - Byte 4: Module ID
- 0x11 Get PoNET firmware version
  - Byte 4: Module ID
- 0x15 Set PoNET module settings (mapping options)
  - Byte 4: Module ID
  - Byte 5: Mapping options
- 0x20 Clear PoNET module settings
  - Byte 4: Module ID
- 0x21 Reinitialize PoNET
- 0x25 Reinitialize PoNET and clear settings
- 0x30 New device discovery
  - Byte 4: Activate (0x10) / deactivate (0x20) /get status (0x30)
- 0x40 Check for devices
  - Byte 4: Start (0x10) / Get status (0x30)
- 0x50 Get PoNET module data
  - Byte 4: Start (0x10) / Get data and status (0x30)
  - Byte 5: Module ID
- 0x55 Set PoNET module data
  - Byte 4: Module ID
  - Bytes 9-24: data
- 0x60 Get Light sensor value
  - Byte 4: Start (0x10) / Get data and status (0x30)
  - Byte 5: Module ID
- 0x70 Set PWM value
  - Byte 4: Module ID
  - Byte 5: PWM value
- 0xF0 Start bootloader
  - Byte 4: Execute (0x10) / get status (0x30)
  - Byte 5: Module ID
- 0xF1 Start programming
  - Byte 4: Execute (0x10) / get status (0x30)
- 0xF2 Transfer firmware part
  - Byte 4: Execute (0x10) / get status (0x30)
  - Bytes 9-16: Firmware data (8 bytes)
- 0xF3 Finish firmware transfer and restart
- 0xF4 Exit bootloader mode
  - Byte 4: Execute (0x10) / get status (0x30)
- 0xF5 Activate bootloader
  - Byte 4: Execute (0x10) / get status (0x30)

- byte 2: 0xDD
- byte 3: PoNET operation
- byte 4: PoNET operation result (1 if successfull, 0 unsuccessfull, 0x10 operation still executing)
- byte 5-6: reserved

#### PoNET operations:

```
0x00 - Get PoNET status
    Byte 9: PoNET state
           PoNET_inactive = 0,
           PoNET_initializing = 1,
           PoNET_scanningI2C = 2,
           PoNET initialized = 10,
           PoNET newDevice = 20,
           PoNET newDeviceCheck = 21,
           PoNET_retrievingConfigurationCommand = 30,
           PoNET_retrievingConfigurationResponse = 35,
           PoNET readingStatusCommand = 50,
           PoNET_readingStatusResponse = 55,
           PoNET writingData = 60,
           PoNET readingLightCommand = 70,
           PoNET_readingLightResponse = 71,
           PoNET_settingPWMcommand = 80,
           PoNET bootloader = 100,
           PoNET_PoExtBusScanning = 200,
```

#### PoNET\_error = 255

- 0x10 Get PoNET module settings (i2c address, type, size, options)
  - Byte 9: assigned i2c address
  - Byte 10: module type
    - 0x10 = PoEBkb v1
  - Byte 11: module size
  - Byte 12: module options
    - o bit 0 has inputs
    - o bit 1 has outputs
    - o bit 2 x-y rotated
    - o bit 3 light sensor present
    - o bit 4 device mapped to PoKeys peripheral
    - o bit 5 configuration retrieved
    - o bit 6 device configured
    - o bit 7 device present
- 0x11 Get PoNET firmware version
  - Byte 9: firmware version
  - 0x30 New device discovery
     Byte 9 (get status): 1 if newly added device was configured
- 0x40 Check for devices
  - Byte 9 (get status): 1 if unconfigured device detected
- 0x50 Get PoNET module data get data ans status (0x30)
  - Byte 9: Status (0xFF if still reading)
  - Bytes 10-25: PoNET module data
- 0x60 Get Light sensor value get data ans status (0x30)

- Byte 9: status (0xFF if still reading)
- Byte 10: sensor value
- 0xF0 Start bootloader
  - Byte 9: bootloader started flag
- 0xF1 Start programming
  - Byte 9: programming started flag
- 0xF2 Transfer firmware part
  - Byte 9: transfer complete
- 0xF5 Activate bootloader
  - Byte 9: 1 if bootloader detected

# kbd48CNC specifics:

Left the upper left key be designated with coordinates (0,0), x-axis going to the right of the keyboard and the y-axis going to the bottom. Then the key statuses can be decoded as

```
private Point DecodeButtonPosition(int byteIndex, int bitIndex)
    Point t = new Point();
    t.X = (byteIndex ^ 1) * 2;
    if (bitIndex < 4)</pre>
        t.X++;
        t.Y = bitIndex;
    else
        t.Y = 7 - bitIndex;
private void SetLED(int x, int y, bool status)
    int byteindex = 1 ^ (int)(x / 2);
    int bitindex = y;
    if ((x % 2) == 0)
        bitindex = 7 - y;
    }
    if (status)
    {
        LEDstatus[byteindex] |= (byte) (1 << bitindex);</pre>
    else
        LEDstatus[byteindex] &= (byte) \sim (1 << bitindex);
```

#### SPI communication bus

PoKeys56U, PoKeys56E and PoKeys57E devices support communication with SPI slave devices. Chip select pins can be freely selected. SPI configuration is not saved in the device.

SPI pin	PoKeys56U pin ID	PoKeys56E/PoKeys57E pin ID
MOSI	9	23
MISO	10	28
SCK	11	25

#### SPI settings and communication

- byte 2: 0xE5
- byte 3: SPI operation
- byte 4-6: reserved (defined below)
- byte 7: request ID

### **SPI** operations

- 0x00 Disable SPI (not implemented)
  - No additional parameters
- 0x01 Enable SPI
  - Byte 4: Prescaler value (2-254, even only)
  - Byte 5: SPI format (bit 0 = CPOL, bit 1 = CPHA)
- 0x10 Write to SPI start
  - Byte 4: length of data packet (1 to 16, 1 to 55 with 3.1.46)
  - Byte 5: pin ID to use as CS
  - Bytes 9-63: data bytes
- 0x20 Read SPI
  - Byte 4: data length

### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xE5
- byte 3: SPI operation
- byte 4: SPI operation result (1 if successfull, 0 unsuccessfull, 0x10 operation still executing)
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### SPI operations

- 0x20 Read SPI get result
  - Bytes 9-63: data bytes

#### 1-wire communication bus

1-wire protocol uses Pin 55 and needs external  $5k\Omega$  pull-up resistor.

#### 1-wire settings and communication

- byte 2: 0xDC
- byte 3: 1-wire operation
- byte 4: PoKeys pin (only on PoKeys57)
- byte 5-6: reserved (defined below)
- byte 7: request ID

### 1-wire operations

- 0x00 Deactivate 1-wire
  - No additional parameters
- 0x01 Activate 1-wire
  - No additional parameters
- 0x02 Get activation status (returns successfull if 1-wire turned on)
- 0x10 Start Reset, Write and Read process
  - Byte 4: number of bytes to write (up to 16)
  - Byte 5: number of bytes to read (up to 16)
  - Byte 6: pin ID (PoKeys57)
  - Bytes 9-24: data bytes
- 0x11 Get result of read process
- 0x20 Start bus scan (PoKeys57)
  - Byte 4: pin ID
- 0x21 Get bus scan status (PoKeys57)
- 0x22 Continue bus scan (PoKeys57)
- 0x23 Stop bus scan (PoKeys57)

#### **Returned packet:**

- byte 2: 0xDC
- byte 3: 1-wire operation
- byte 4: 1-wire operation result (1 if successfull, 0 unsuccessfull, 0x10 operation still executing)
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### 1-wire operations

- 0x11 Get result of read process
  - Byte 9: operation result (copied from byte 4)
  - Byte 10: data length
  - Bytes 11-26: data bytes
- 0x21 Get bus scan status
  - Byte 9: operation result (copied from byte 4)
  - Byte 10: scan result (bit 0: scan stage complete, bit 1: all devices scanned)
  - Bytes 11-18: device ROM

#### Real-Time mode (experimental, not implemented in current release)

Real-Time mode enables application to increase the speed of capturing data from PoKeys device on the account of reliability (similar to the relation between TCP and UDP protocols).

In RTmode, PoKeys device will constantly respond with the packet 0xA1. RTmode is automatically disabled when any other packet (other than 0xA1) is received.

#### RTmode - setup

- byte 2: 0xA0
- byte 3: enable RTmode (set to 1 to enable, set to 0 to disable)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xA0
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### RTmode - set/get data

- byte 2: 0xA1
- byte 3: option (1 output data is provided)
- byte 4: reserved
- byte 5: reserved
- byte 6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### if (option > 0)

- bytes 9-12: output data (1-32) (LSB first)
- bytes 13-15: output data (33-55) (LSB first)
- bytes 16-39: 6x 32-bit PWM outputs duty cycles (MSB first)
- bytes 40-63: reserved (0)

- byte 2: 0xA1
- byte 3: 0 OK, 1+ error ID
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-12: input status (1-32) (LSB first)
- bytes 13-15: input status (33-55) (LSB first)
- bytes 16-29: 12-bit analog inputs 1-7 (MSB+LSB for each input)
- bytes 30-45: 4x 32-bit fast encoder RAW values (MSB first)

- bytes 46-49: tick counter (MSB first)
- bytes 50-63: reserved (0)

#### Network settings

PoKeys56E device is a network device. It uses a combination of TCP/IP and UDP/IP to communicate. It supports either fixed IP or IP assigned by DHCP server.

Due to exposed nature of the network device, a simple authentication mechanism was implemented. When the device is locked, user must enter the password (or an application instead of user directly) at the beginning of each new connection.

First, the 'Get security setting status' must be called, which returns the current level of security (0 is fully unlocked, 0xFF is fully locked) and the 32-bytes of hash seed. When user enters the password, the ASCII values of the password is XOR-ed with the hash seed to produce 32-bytes of data that is fed into the SHA-1 algorithm to calculate 20-bytes of SHA-1 hash value. This value is then sent as an authentication password in the 'Autorise user' command. This approach provides some degree of protection against unathorized use of the device.

#### Get/set network configuration

- byte 2: 0xE0
- byte 3: option<sup>16</sup>
- bytes 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- If  $(option == 10)^{17}$
- byte 9: IP setup 0 for fixed IP, 1 for DHCP server assigned one
- bytes 10-13: fixed IP
- bytes 14-17: reserved
- bytes 18-19: TCP connection timeout (default **30** x100 ms = 3s)
- bytes 20-23: Gateway IP
- bytes 24-27: Subnet mask
- byte 28: 1 if gateway and subnet are also set
- byte 29: additional options bits 7:4 are 0xA, lower are the following:
  - bit 3: reserved
  - bit 2: disable IP configuration via UDP broadcast
  - bit 1: disable automatic device IP configuration during discovery
  - bit 0: disable automatic device discovery mechanism

- byte 2: 0xE0
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: IP setup
- bytes 10-13: fixed IP
- bytes 14-17: current IP (if assigned by DHCP server)
- bytes 18-19: TCP connection timeout
- bytes 20-23: Gateway IP
- bytes 24-27: Subnet mask
- byte 28: additional options as described in the packet above

 $<sup>^{16}</sup>$  To set the configuration, set option byte to 10, else only reading operation will commence

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> This command also saves the configuration

# Get security setting status

- byte 2: 0xE1
- bytes 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xE1
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: current security level
- bytes 10-41: seed for calculating the password hash

#### Authorise user

- byte 2: 0xE2
- byte 3: security level to unlock to (0 means full unlock)
- bytes 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-28: password hash code

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xE2
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: unlock status (0 means error, 0xAA means succeded)

# Set user password

- byte 2: 0xE3
- byte 3: Default security setting
- bytes 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-40: password in plain text

- byte 2: 0xE3
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

# Modbus settings

For Modbus in PoKeys56E these options can be specified:

- **Modbus port number**: default port number for Modbus TCP protocol is 502. User can however change the port number to other values
- **Modbus connection timeout**: When the connection is not in use for more than (Timeout x 100ms), the connection is dropped and new connections can be established
- **Modbus read/write access settings**: User can define, which peripherals are accessible through Modbus protocol (access settings are bit encoded):

#define	access_IO	(1<<0)
#define	access_analogIn	(1<<1)
#define	access_PWMOut	(1<<2)
#define	access_MatrixKB	(1<<3)
#define	access_I2CMatrixKB	(1<<4)
#define	access_I2CMatrixKBLED	(1<<5)
#define	access_LEDMatrix	(1<<6)
#define	access_PoExtBus	(1<<7)
#define	access_Encoders	(1<<8)
#define	access_Counters	(1<<9)
#define	access_LCD	(1<<10)
#define	access_SensorList	(1<<11)
#define	access_PoIL	(1<<12)
#define	access_PolLcore	(1<<13)

# Modbus registers:

Address (0-based)	Access (R – Read, W – Write)	Description
10-16	R	Analog inputs
20-45	RW	Encoder counter values (lower 16-bit)
100-154	RW	Digital counter values
200-213	RW	PWM
200,201		PWM period (MSB first)
202,203		PWM duty1 (MSB first) – pin 22
212,213		PWM duty6 (MSB first) – pin 17
300-304	RW	PoExtBus
400-453	R	Sensors (32-bit values, LSB first)
500-579	RW	LCD buffer
590	W	LCD configuration (0=disabled, 1=primary or 2=secondary) - writing to this register will re-init and clear the LCD
591	W	Number of rows (lower byte) and number of columns (upper byte) of the LCD module
592	W	Not used
593	W	Clear LCD (both bytes = 0xAA)
600	R	Tick counter (lower 16-bit)
610	RW	RTC seconds
611	RW	RTC minutes
612	RW	RTC hours
613	RW	RTC day
614	RW	RTC day of week
615	RW	RTC month
616	RW	RTC year

620	RW	PoIL core state Set to: 0 - stop core 1 - reset core 10 - set core into run mode
700-751	R[W]	Digital encoder values (32-bit values, LSB first) - any write to these registers causes the reset of the encoder value to 0
800-909	RW	Digital counter values (32-bit values, LSB first)
1000-1127	RW	PoIL shared data slots (32-bit values/2 registers per slot, LSB first!)

## Get/set modbus settings

- byte 2: 0xE4

- byte 3: option<sup>18</sup>

- bytes 4-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

If (option == 10)

- bytes 9-10: Modbus port number (LSB first)

- bytes 11-12: Modbus connection timeout (in x100 ms)

- bytes 13-16: Modbus read access settings

- bytes 17-20: Modbus write access settings

### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0xE4

- byte 3-6: reserved

- byte 7: request ID

- bytes 9-10: Modbus port number

- bytes 11-12: Modbus connection timeout (in x100 ms)

- bytes 13-16: Modbus read access settings

- bytes 17-20: Modbus write access settings

-

 $<sup>^{18}</sup>$  To set the configuration, set option byte to 10, else only reading operation will commence

#### Web interface

PoKeys56E acts like a HTTP server and serves simple web pages that reflect certain information on the state of the device. The web interface has the following options:

- Web interface can be disabled PoKeys56E won't react to http requests on port 80
- Anonymous access to dashboard and IO status can be enabled
- Outputs can be allowed to be toggled via web interface

For security measures, PoKeys56E supports one administrator account and three additional user accounts.

#### Setup web interface settings

- byte 2: 0x73
- byte 3: if setting the configuration, set bit 7 to 1
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9: disable web interface (disabled if 1)
- bytes 10: allow anonymous access to dashboard and IO status page (enabled if 1)
- bytes 11: allow anonymous access to dashboard and IO status page (enabled if 1)

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x73
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9: disable web interface (disabled if 1)
- bytes 10: allow anonymous access to dashboard and IO status page (enabled if 1)
- bytes 11: allow anonymous access to dashboard and IO status page (enabled if 1)

#### **User accounts**

Four user accounts exist. First is for the administrator and its username can not be changed. It defaults to Admin.

#### Setup user account

- byte 2: 0x72
- byte 3: user account ID (0 to 3, set bit 7 to set the configuration)
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-16: user name (8 characters)
- bytes 17-24: password (8 characters)

#### **Returned packet:**

- byte 2: 0x72
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-16: user name (8 characters)
- bytes 17-24: password (8 characters)

#### **Dashboard items**

PoKeys56E supports up to 16 dashboard items. Each item is linked to one of the sensors from the sensor list (I2C, 1-wire and analog sensors) and additional digital inputs and outputs.

Dashboard item types (with supported display types)

- 0: unused (inactive)
- 1: digital input (only display type 0)2: digital output (only display types 0 and 1)
- 3: analog input
- 4: PoExtBus output (only display types 0 and 1) will be supported in the next release
- 5: sensor input
- 6: digital counters
- 7: PoIL shared data

## Display types

All analog displays have the resolution of 0.01 and the range of -327,68 to +327.67.

Display type	0	+1	
Digital displays			
0	ON/OFF text value display	+ on/off buttons	
Analog displays - various			
2	generic - no unit	+ bar graph	
4	per second (s <sup>-1</sup> )	+ bar graph	
6	per minute (min <sup>-1</sup> )	+ bar graph	
8	rpm	+ bar graph	
10	voltage in V	+ bar graph	
12	current in mA	+ bar graph	
14	current in A	+ bar graph	
16	voltage in mV	+ bar graph	
Temperature			
20	temperature in degrees C	+ bar graph	
22	temperature in degrees F	+ bar graph	
24	temperature in K	+ bar graph	
30	relative humidity in % RH	+ bar graph	
Power			
32	power in W	+ bar graph	
34	power in kW	+ bar graph	
36	power cons. In kWh	+ bar graph	
Volume			
38	volume in cubic m	+ bar graph	
40	volume in cubic feet	+ bar graph	
42	volume in liters	+ bar graph	
44	volume in gallon	+ bar graph	
Weight			
50	weight in g	+ bar graph	
52	weight in kg	+ bar graph	
54	weight in t	+ bar graph	
56	weight in oz	+ bar graph	
58	weight in pound	+ bar graph	
Time			
100	seconds	+ bar graph	
102	minutes	+ bar graph	
104	hours	+ bar graph	
106	days	+ bar graph	
Pressure			
120	pressure in kPa	+ bar graph	
122	pressure in bar	+ bar graph	
124	pressure in atm	+ bar graph	

126	pressure in psi	+ bar graph	
128	pressure in mm H <sub>2</sub> 0	+ bar graph	
130	pressure in Pa	+ bar graph	

#### Setup dashboard items

- byte 2: 0x71
- byte 3: dashboard item ID (set bit 7 to set the configuration)
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

If bit 7 of byte 3 is set, the following values must be also set:

- byte 9-16: dashboard item label
- byte 17: dashboard item type (see above)
- byte 18: sensor ID (or pin ID for digital input/output or output index for PoExtBus)
- byte 19: dashboard item display type (see the second list above)
- byte 20: access rights (bit mapped user access list see web interface users chapter)
- byte 21-22: minimal value for progress bar display (MSB first)
- byte 23-24: maximal value for progress bar display

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x71
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-16: dashboard item label
- byte 17: dashboard item type (see above)
- byte 18: sensor ID (or pin ID for digital input/output or output index for PoExtBus)
- byte 19: dashboard item display type (see the second list above)
- byte 20: access rights (bit mapped user access list see web interface users chapter)
- byte 21-22: minimal value for progress bar display
- byte 23-24: maximal value for progress bar display

## Dashboard items (series 57)

PoKeys57 series devices support up to 100 dashboard items. Each item can be linked to one of the following supported data sources:

- 0: unused (inactive)
- 1: digital input
- 2: digital output
- 3: analog input4: PoExtBus output
- 5: sensor input
- 6: digital counters
- 7: PoIL shared data

### Display types

Display type	ID	Parameter 1	Parameter 2
Value display	0	Bit 0: show bar graph	
		Bit 1: show slider	
		Bit 2: show text entry	
On/Off display	10	Bit 0: show on/off	
		Bit 1: show toggle button	
Gauge display	20		

All analog displays have the resolution of 0.01 and the range of -327,68 to +327.67.

## Supported units

Unit ID	Unit display	Unit ID	Unit display
0-2	generic - no unit	10	voltage in V
4	per second (s <sup>-1</sup> )	12	current in mA
5	per second (1/s)		
6	per minute (min <sup>-1</sup> )	14	current in A
7	per minute (1/min)		
8	rpm	16	voltage in mV
Temperature			
20	temperature in degrees C	24	temperature in K
22	temperature in degrees F	30	relative humidity in %RH
		31	relative humidity in %
Power			
32	power in W	35	power cons. in Wh
34	power in kW	36	power cons. in kWh
Volume			
38	volume in cubic m	40	volume in cubic feet
39	volume flow in cubic m per second	41	volume flow in cubic feet per second
42	volume in liters	44 volume in gallon	
43	volume flow in liters per second		
Weight			
50	weight in g	56	weight in oz
52	weight in kg	58	weight in pound
54	weight in t		
Time			
100	seconds	104	hours
102	minutes	106	days
Pressure			
120	pressure in kPa	126	pressure in psi

122	pressure in bar	124	pressure in atm	
<b>130</b> pressure in Pa		128	pressure in mm H <sub>2</sub> 0	
Custom units	Custom units			
200-219	custom unit 0 - 19			

# 0x78/0x00 Dashboard item operation

Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)		
2 (CMD)	0x78		
3	0x00 - dashboard item operation		
4	Operation code:		
	0x00 - Read item		
	0x10 - Write item		
5	Item index		
6	Items num (1 or 2)		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
9	Data source		
10	Data source parameter		
11	Display type		
12	Unit		
13	Display parameter 1		
14	Display parameter 2		
15	Access rights (bit mapped user access list – see web interface users chapter)		
16-28	Label (13 bytes)		
29-32	Minimum value (32-bit)		
33-36	Maximum value (32-bit)		
37-64	Repeated bytes 9-36 for second item if byte 6 set to 2		

## Dashboard item operation - Response

2 40110 0 41 4 1	tem operation response		
Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)		
2 (CMD)	0x78		
3	0x00 - dashboard item operation		
4	Operation code:		
	0x00 - Read item		
	0x10 - Write item		
5	Item index		
6	Items num (1 or 2)		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
9	Data source		
10	Data source parameter		
11	Display type		
12	Unit		
13	Display parameter 1		
14	Display parameter 2		
15	Access rights		
16-28	Label (13 bytes)		

29-32	Minimum value (32-bit)
33-36	Maximum value (32-bit)
37-64	Repeated bytes 9-36 for second item if byte 6 set to 2

## 0x78/0x80 Custom unit operation

-	А.
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x78
3	0x80 - custom unit operation
4	Operation code:
	0x00 - Read unit
	0x10 - Write unit
5	Unit index
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-16	Unit simple name (8 characters)
17-48	Unit HTML code (32 characters)
49-63	unused / reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

# Custom unit operation - Response

Byte	Function	
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)	
2 (CMD)	0x78	
3	0x80 - custom unit operation	
4	Operation code	
5	Unit index	
6	Reserved	
7	Request ID	
8 (CRC)	CRC	
9-16	Unit simple name (8 characters)	
17-48	Unit HTML code (32 characters)	
49-63	unused / reserved	
64 (CRC 2)	CRC	

#### Sensor list (only for PoKeys56E/PoKeys56U)

Subsystem of PoKeys56E that automatically reads various sensors on I2C and 1-wire buses. It supports up to 10 I2C (IDs from 0 to 9) and up to 10 1-wire sensors (IDs from 10 to 19) and up to 7 analog sensors (IDs from 20 to 26).

Supported sensor types (I2C):

- 0x10: LM75 temperature sensor
- 0x20: SHT21 temperature
- 0x21: SHT32 humidity
- 0x30: MCP3425 with PGA = 1
- 0x31: MCP3425 with PGA = 2
- 0x32: MCP3425 with PGA = 4
- 0x33: MCP3425 with PGA = 8

Supported sensor types (1-wire):

- 0x28: DS18B20

Analog sensors

Analog sensors can be attached to PoKeys to a properly configured analog input pin. The measured value is then transfored according to the following formula:

$$u = AD_{val} * \frac{A_{gain}}{4096} + A_{offset}$$

Where  $AD\_val$  is a measurement of the analog-to-digital converter (a value between 0 and 4095),  $A_{gain}$  is gain (16-bit integer number) and  $A_{offset}$  is result offset (16-bit integer number).

Handling off-line sensors:

If sensor is detected as being offline, the various default values can be specified:

- Bit 7: set the value to 0xFFFFFFF
- Bit 6: set the value to 0
- Bits 0-5: sensor timeout value (in s)

#### Setup sensors

- byte 2: 0x70
- byte 3: sensor ID (set bit 7 to set the configuration)
- byte 4: offline sensor configuration byte (see above for description)
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

For each sensor connection type:

Sensor IDs 0 to 9 (I2C sensor):

- byte 9: Sensor type (see above list of supported I2C sensors)
- byte 10: I2C address of the sensor
- byte 11: Refresh period in 100 ms

Sensor IDs 10 to 19 (1-wire sensor):

- bytes 9-16: 64-bit 1-wire identifier
- byte 17: Refresh period in 100 ms

Sensor IDs 20 to 26 (analog sensor):

- byte 9: analog channel (pin ID 40-46)
- bytes 10-13: gain (MSB first) \* remark 25.11.2012: changed to 32-bit signed integers
- bytes 14-17: offset (MSB first) \* remark 25.11.2012: changed to 32-bit signed integers

## Returned packet:

```
- byte 2: 0x70
```

- byte 3: reserved
- byte 4: offline sensor configuration byte (see above for description)
- byte 5-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

For each sensor connection type:

Sensor connection type 0 (I2C sensor):

- byte 9: Sensor type (see above list of supported I2C sensors)
- byte 10: I2C address of the sensor
- byte 11: Refresh period in 100 ms
- bytes 20-23: Sensor value (MSB first)

Sensor connection type 1 (1-wire sensor):

- bytes 9-16: 64-bit 1-wire identifier
- byte 17: Refresh period in 100 ms
- bytes 20-23: Sensor value (MSB first)

Sensor connection type 2 (analog sensor):

- byte 9: analog channel (pin ID 40-46)
- bytes 10-13: gain (MSB first)
- bytes 14-17: offset (MSB first)
- bytes 20-23: Sensor value (MSB first)

#### Read all sensors

- byte 2: 0x74
- byte 3: page index (0-2), sensor index (100-103)
- byte 4-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### **Returned packet:**

- byte 2: 0x74
- byte 3-6: reserved
- byte 7: request ID

#### Page indexes 0-1:

- bytes 9-12: sensor (index \* 14 + 1) value (MSB first)
- bytes 13-16: sensor (index \* 14 + 2) value (MSB first)

•••

- bytes 57-60: sensor (index \* 14 + 13) value (MSB first)
- bytes 61-64: sensor (index \* 14 + 14) value (MSB first)

Sensor indexes 100-103:

- bytes 9-16: sensor ( (index-100) \* 7 + 1) 64-bit ID

...

#### PoKeys EasySensors (PoKeys series 57)

Subsystem of PoKeys series 57 devices that automatically reads various sensors on I2C, 1-wire buses and analog inputs. Up to 100 sensors can be setup.

#### **Supported sensor types**

Sensor	Sensor bus	Sensor type	Reading IDs	Sensor resolution
LM75	I <sup>2</sup> C	0x10	0 - temperature in °C	0.5 °C
SHT21	I <sup>2</sup> C	0x11	0 - temperature in °C	0.01 °C
			1 - humidity in %RH	0.04 %RH
DS18S20	(Dallas) 1-wire	0x18	0 - temperature in °C	0.0625 °C
DS18B20	(Dallas) 1-wire	0x19	0 - temperature in °C	0.0625 °C
DHT11	(DHTxx) 1-wire	0x20	0 - temperature in °C	1 °C
			1 - humidity in %RH	1 %RH
DHT21	(DHTxx) 1-wire	0x21	0 - temperature in °C	0.1 °C
			1 - humidity in %RH	0.1 %RH
DHT22	(DHTxx) 1-wire	0x22	0 - temperature in °C	0.1 °C
			1 - humidity in %RH	0.1 %RH
BH1750	I <sup>2</sup> C	0x40	0 - light intensity in lx	1 lx
MCP3425	I <sup>2</sup> C	0x50	0 - A/D input (1x gain) in μV	62.50 μV
			1 - A/D input (2x gain) in μV	31.25 μV
			2 - A/D input (4x gain) in μV	15.63 μV
			3 - A/D input (8x gain) in μV	7.81 μV
MMA7660	I <sup>2</sup> C	0x60	0 - acceleration in axis x	
			1 - acceleration in axis y	
			2 - acceleration in axis z	
Analog	Analog input	0xF0	41 - analog input on pin 41	~0.8 mV
			42 - analog input on pin 42	~0.8 mV
			43 - analog input on pin 43	~0.8 mV
			44 - analog input on pin 44	~0.8 mV
			45 - analog input on pin 45	~0.8 mV
			46 - analog input on pin 46	~0.8 mV
			47 - analog input on pin 47	~0.8 mV

#### **Analog sensors**

Various analog sensors can be attached to PoKeys (to one of the analog input pins). The measured value is then transformed according to the following formula:

$$u = AD_{val} * \frac{A_{gain}}{4096} + A_{offset}$$

Where  $AD\_val$  is a measurement of the analog-to-digital converter (a value between 0 and 4095),  $A_{gain}$  is gain (32-bit integer number) and  $A_{offset}$  is result offset (32-bit integer number).

### Sensor failure (failsafe configuration)

If sensor is detected as being offline (the sensors has either failed or is disconnected), the various default values can be specified:

- Bit 7: set the value to 0x7FFFFFFF
- Bit 6: set the value to 0
- Bits 0-5: sensor timeout value (in s)

## Sensor item data structure

Each sensor entry is described by 4 fields - sensor type, sensor refresh period, failsafe configuration, sensor reading ID and sensor ID. Sensor type field contains the 'Sensor type' value from the table above, refresh

period is specified in 0.1 second intervals, failsafe configuration byte is described above, sensor reading ID is also given in the table above. Sensor ID depends on the sensor's bus type and is structured as follows.

## *I*<sup>2</sup>C bus sensors

ID byte 1	ID byte 2	ID byte 3	ID byte 4	ID byte 5	ID byte 6	ID byte 7	ID byte 8
sensor I <sup>2</sup> C	unused						
address							

## (Dallas) 1-wire bus sensors

ID byte 1	ID byte 2	ID byte 3	ID byte 4	ID byte 5	ID byte 6	ID byte 7	ID byte 8
PoKeys pin		56 bits of 6	54-bit Dallas 1-	wire sensor R	OM ID (withou	t family ID)	

## (DHTxx) 1-wire bus sensors

ID byte 1	ID byte 2	ID byte 3	ID byte 4	ID byte 5	ID byte 6	ID byte 7	ID byte 8
PoKeys pin	unused						

### Analog sensors

ID byte 1	ID byte 2	ID byte 3	ID byte 4	ID byte 5	ID byte 6	ID byte 7	ID byte 8
	Ag	gain			A <sub>of</sub>	fset	

## 0x76 Read / write sensors setup (series 57)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x76
3	Sensor index (0 - 99)
4	Sensor count (1 - 4)
5	Read (0) or write (1)
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Sensor type
10	Sensor reading ID
11	Refresh period
12	Failsafe configuration
13-20	Sensor ID
•••	repeat bytes 9 to 20 for each additional sensor
x-63	unused / reserved (depends on sensor count, x between 21 and 57)
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

## Read / write sensors setup - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x76
3	Sensor index (0 - 99)
4	Sensor count (1 - 4)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Sensor type

10	Sensor reading ID
11	Refresh period
12	Failsafe configuration
13-20	Sensor ID
	repeat bytes 9 to 20 for each additional sensor
x-63	unused / reserved (depends on sensor count, x between 21 and 57)
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

# 0x77 Read sensors values (series 57)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x77
3	Sensor index (0 - 99)
4	Sensor count (1 - 13)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	unused / reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### Read / write sensors setup - Response

	A A
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x77
3	Sensor index (0 - 99)
4	Sensor count (1 - 13)
5-6	Bit-mapped sensor status information (bit 0 of byte 5 - first sensor)
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Sensor value (LSB first)
10	repeat bytes 9 to 12 for each additional sensor
11	unused / reserved (depends on sensor count, x between 13 and 61)
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

## Cosm support settings (deprecated in 3.0.39 firmware).

In order to upload data to Cosm web service, user must specify Cosm API key and Feed ID strings. Also, Cosm server IP and update rate can be selected.

## Cosm settings

Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)		
2 (CMD)	0xEF		
3	Operation code:		
	0 – read general Cosm configuration		
	1 – read first 50 bytes of Cosm API key		
	2 – read second 50 bytes of Cosm API key		
	10 – set general Cosm configuration		
	11 – set first 50 bytes of Cosm API key		
	12 – set second 50 bytes of Cosm API key		
4	Reserved		
5	Reserved		
6	Reserved		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
Set general Co	osm configuration		
9	Cosm update rate		
10-13	Cosm server IP		
14-23	Cosm Feed ID		
24-63	Reserved		
Set first 50 by	rtes of Cosm API key		
9-58	Cosm API key – first 50 bytes		
59-63	Reserved		
Set second 50	bytes of Cosm API key		
9-58	Cosm API key – second 50 bytes		
59-63	Reserved		
64 (CRC 2)	CRC		

## Basic settings – Response

Byte	Function				
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)				
2 (CMD)	0xEF				
3	Operation code				
4	Reserved				
5	Reserved				
6	Reserved				
7	Request ID				
8 (CRC)	CRC				
Read general	Read general Cosm configuration				
9	Cosm update rate				
10-13	Cosm server IP				
14-23	Cosm Feed ID				
24	Last status code				
25-63	Reserved				
Read first 50	bytes of Cosm API key				

9-58	Cosm API key – first 50 bytes
59-63	Reserved
Read second !	50 bytes of Cosm API key
9-58	Cosm API key – second 50 bytes
59-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### **Server reports settings**

In order to upload data to various web services, user must specify request header, server IP and update rate. The request header is constructed of two parts – HTML header and data header, divided by double new line character (\n). Example header (Cosm.com web service):

PUT /v2/feeds/62592.csv HTTP/1.1	The HTTP header without 'Connection' and 'Content-
Host: api.cosm.com	length' tags must be provided by the user
X-ApiKey: CAb3XX634daSAKxZc3M0M3I1NWVZVT0g	
User-Agent: PoKeys56E	
Content-Type: text/csv	
Content-Length: 010	The 'Connection' and 'Content-length' tags are
Connection: close	automatically inserted by PoKeys56E device
Test1234,-15000.00	Data is inserted at the end of the packet

#### The above example is saved as

PUT /v2/feeds/62592.csv HTTP/1.1

Host: api.cosm.com

X-ApiKey: CAb3XX634daSAKxZc3M0M3I1NWVZVT0g

User-Agent: PoKeys56E Content-Type: text/csv

\n

The extra new line at the end is essential.

## More customized header:

POST /myScript.php HTTP/1.1	The HTTP header without 'Connection' and 'Content-
Host: api.cosm.com	length' tags must be provided by the user
User-Agent: MyCustomDeviceAgent	
Content-Type: text/csv	
Content-Length: 010	The 'Connection' and 'Content-length' tags are
Connection: close	automatically inserted by PoKeys56E device
MyData: Test1234,-15000.00	

#### The above example is saved as

POST /myScript.php HTTP/1.1

Host: api.cosm.com

User-Agent: MyCustomDeviceAgent

Content-Type: text/csv

\n MyData:

Again, an extra new line character in fifth line is essential.

Total length of final header and data is limited to 350 bytes.

## Server reports settings

Server repor	
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0xEF
3	Operation code:
	0 – read server IP, update rate, request type
	1–5 – read request header (50 bytes per request)
	10 cot coming ID undete gets required type
	10 – set server IP, update rate, request type
_	11-15 – set request header (50 bytes per request)  Reserved
5	
	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
Operation 10	
9-10	Update rate
11-14	Server IP
15	Request type bit 7:5: internal type reference (set to 0 if setting the fields manually) 0 - Cosm/Xively, 1 - POST, 2 - PUT, 3 - Custom, 4 - UDP mode
	bit 4: source selection 0 - sensor's values 1 - UART buffer
	bit 3:2: value type 0 - CSV, each variable in its own line, variable name and variable value delimited with comma in each line 1 - CSV, all variables in one line in format {variableName},{variable} 2 - same as 1 but with   as delimiter
	3 - JSON format  bit 1:0: protocol selection 0 - specified HTTP header 1 - RAW data
16-17	Server port number
18-63	Reserved
Operations 1:	
9-58	Request header – 50 bytes (operation number selects page index)
59-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC
5 / (Cite 2)	

## Server reports settings – Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0xEF
3	Operation code
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC

Operation 0	
9-10	Update rate
11-14	Server IP
15	Request type
16-17	Last status code
18-19	Server port number
20-63	Reserved
Operations 1-	5
9-58	Request header – 50 bytes (operation number selects page index)
59-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### Pulse engine commands (not supported since FW version 3.0.66)

(this module must be activated before first use with the activation code supplied by the manufacturer)

#### Constants used

#### Pulse engine states

peSTOPPED = 0, peINTERNAL = 1, peBUFFER = 2, peJOGGING = 10, peSTOPPING = 11, реНОМЕ = 20, peHOMING = 21, peSTOP\_LIMIT = 100, peSTOP\_EMERGENCY = 101

#### Axis states

axSTOPPED = 0, axREADY = 1, axRUNNING = 2, axHOME = 10, axHOMINGSTART = 11, axHOMINGSEARCH = 12, axHOMINGBACK = 13, axERROR = 20, axLIMIT = 30,

### Get status (position, limits, home, ...)

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x00
- byte 4: 0
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x00
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-12: x position
- byte 13-16: y position

- byte 17-20: z position
- byte 21: limits+ status (bit mapped, x+=bit 0; y+=bit 1; z+=bit 2;
- byte 22: limits- status (bit mapped, x-=bit 4; y-=bit 5; z-=bit 6)
- byte 23: home status (bit mapped, x0=bit 0; 0+=bit 1; z0=bit 2)
- byte 24: pulse engine state
- byte 25: x axis state
- byte 26: y axis state
- byte 27: z axis state
- byte 28: pulse engine enabled
- byte 29: safety charge pump enabled
- bytes 30-49: axes 4-8 position
- bytes 50-54: axes 4-8 state

#### Set current position

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x01
- byte 4: 0
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-12: x position
- byte 13-16: y position
- byte 17-20: z position
- byte 21-40: axes 4-8 position

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x01
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

### Set current pulse engine state

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x02
- byte 4: 0
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: mode

#### **Returned packet:**

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x02
- byte 4-6: 0

#### Set MPG joggging options

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x03
- byte 4: 0 to read the configuration, 10 to write it
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: MPG jog activated
- bytes 10-13: MPG jog multiplier X
- bytes 14-17: MPG jog multiplier Y
- bytes 18-21: MPG jog multiplier Z
- byte 22: Axis X encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- byte 23: Axis Y encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- byte 24: Axis Z encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- bytes 25-44: MPG jog multipliers for axes 4-8
- bytes 45-49: Axes 4-8 encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG joggine for the axis)

#### **Returned packet:**

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x03
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: MPG jog activated
- bytes 10-13: MPG jog multiplier X
- bytes 14-17: MPG jog multiplier Y
- bytes 18-21: MPG jog multiplier Z
- byte 22: Axis X encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- byte 23: Axis Y encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- byte 24: Axis Z encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG jogging for the axis)
- bytes 25-44: MPG jog multipliers for axes 4-8
- bytes 45-49: Axes 4-8 encoder ID+1 (0 disables the MPG joggine for the axis)

#### Set reference position

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x05
- byte 4: mode (0 for position reference, 10 for speed reference)
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-12: reference x position
- byte 13-16: reference y position
- byte 17-20: reference z position
- bytes 21-40: reference position for axes 4-8

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x05
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Enable/disable pulse engine (read with command 0x80, 0x00)

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x06
- byte 4: enabled (1) / disabled (0)
- byte 5: activate safety charge pump output on pin 53
- bytes 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### **Get parameters**

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x10
- byte 4: 0 for parameters for axes 1-3, 1 for axes 4-6, 2 for axes 7-8
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

## Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x10
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-20: max speed for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) speed / 1ms
- byte 21-32: max acceleration for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) acc / 1ms \* 1ms
- byte 33-44: max decceleration for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) acc / 1ms \* 1ms
- byte 45: Homing speed in % of maximum speed
- byte 46: Homing return speed in % of maximum speed
- byte 47: Emergency switch polarity selection:
  - 0 HIGH state activates the emergency
  - 1 LOW state activates the emergency

#### Set parameters

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x11
- byte 4: 0
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

- byte 9-20: max speed for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) speed / 1ms
- byte 21-32: max acceleration for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) acc / 1ms \* 1ms
- byte 33-44: max decceleration for x,y,z (32-bit float for each axis) acc / 1ms \* 1ms
- byte 45: Homing speed in % of maximum speed
- byte 46: Homing return speed in % of maximum speed
- byte 47: Emergency switch polarity selection
  - 0 HIGH state activates the emergency
  - 1 LOW state activates the emergency

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x11
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Get axes parameters

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x12
- bytes 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x12
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: limit+ switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 10: limit- switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 11: home switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 12: direction change (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 13: homing direction change (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)

#### Set axes parameters

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x13
- bytes 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: limit+ switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 10: limit- switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 11: home switches configuration (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 12: direction change (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)
- byte 13: homing direction change (bits 0,1,2 axes x,y,z)

#### Get controller setup

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x14
- bytes 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x14
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: CNC keyboard enabled status 1 if keyboard is enabled if detected

## Set CNC keyboard setup

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x15
- bytes 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: CNC keyboard enabled status 1 if keyboard is enabled if detected

### **Execute homing**

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x20
- byte 4: 0
- byte 5: 0
- byte 6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9-11: x,y,z homing status (set to 1 to home the axis)

## Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x20
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

### Get engine info

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x30
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x30
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: number of axes supported
- byte 10: maximum pulse frequency in kHz
- byte 11: buffer size
- byte 12: slot timing (in x100 us)

### Fill buffer

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x35
- byte 4: number of new entries
- byte 5-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- bytes 9-64: buffer entries (one byte per axis) 0xFF (-127) for axis x is special command

#### Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x35
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: number of entries accepted
- byte 10-13: x position
- byte 14-17: y position
- byte 18-21: z position
- byte 22: limits+ status (bit mapped, x+=bit 0; y+=bit 1; z+=bit 2;
- byte 23: limits- status (bit mapped, x-=bit 4; y-=bit 5; z-=bit 6)
- byte 24: home status (bit mapped, x0=bit 0; 0+=bit 1; z0=bit 2)
- byte 25: pulse engine state
- byte 26: x axis state
- byte 27: y axis state
- byte 28: z axis state

#### Clear buffer

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x36
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Get buffer size

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x37
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID

# Returned packet:

- byte 2: 0x80
- byte 3: 0x37
- byte 4-6: 0
- byte 7: request ID
- byte 9: buffer size

## Pulse engine commands v2

Pulse engine v2 supports two different pulse generator modules:

- Internal: similar to basic Pulse engine, limited to 25 kHz pulse frequency at 3 channels, uses built-in circuitry and pins
- External: new in v2, limited to 125 kHz pulse frequency at 8 channels, requires external circuitry to deserialize the data to pulses
- Smart external

#### Fast outputs

- Axes with 'Fast output' option activated, have no motion capability, but can be used to drive an auxiliary load quickly (laser cutter)

### Constants used

### Pulse engine states

peSTOPPED	= 0,
peINTERNAL	= 1,
peBUFFER	= 2,
peRUNNING	= 3,
peJOGGING	= 10,
peSTOPPING	= 11,
реНОМЕ	= 20,
peHOMING	= 21,
pePROBECOMPLETE	= 30,
pePROBING	= 31,
pePROBEERROR	= 32,
peSTOP_LIMIT	= 100,
peSTOP_EMERGENCY	= 101

#### Axis states

axSTOPPED	= 0,
axREADY	= 1,
axRUNNING	= 2,
axBUFFER	= 5,
axHOME	= 10,
axHOMINGSTART	= 11,
axHOMINGSEARCH	= 12,
axHOMINGBACK	= 13,
axPROBED	= 14,
axPROBESTART	= 15,
axPROBESEARCH	= 16,
axERROR	= 20,
axLIMIT	= 30,

# 0x85/0x00 Get status (position, limits, home, ...)

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x00 - Get status
4	Check byte
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

пезропзе	
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x00 - Status message
4	Soft limit status (bit-mapped, one bit per axis)
5	States with enabled power
6	Limit override status
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Pulse engine enabled - number of enabled axes
10	Pulse engine initialized (activated) status
11	Pulse engine state
12	Safety charge pump enabled
13	Limit+ switch status (bit mapped, one bit per axis)
14	Limit- switch status (bit mapped, one bit per axis)
15	Home switch status (bit mapped, one bit per axis)
16	Pulse generator type
	bits 0-3: generator type (0 - 8ch external, 1 - 3ch internal, 2 - 8ch smart external)
	bits 4-6: reserved
	bit 7: use external extended IO features (only for external pulse generator)
17-24	Axes status (8x 8-bit, values listed above)
25-56	Axes positions (8x 32-bit, LSB first)
57	Maximum number of axes supported
58	Maximum pulse frequency in kHz
59	Motion buffer size (number of available time slots)
60	Slot timing (in 100us steps)
61	Emergency switch polarity
62	External error inputs status (bit-mapped to axes)
63	External misc inputs status (bit 4 = input 5, bit 5 = input 6, bit 6 = input 7, bit 7 = spindle error input)
64 (CRC 2)	0x5A + check byte from request

# 0x85/0x01 Setup pulse engine

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x01 - Setup pulse engine
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Pulse engine enabled - number of enabled axes
10	Safety charge pump enabled
11	Pulse generator type (0 - 8ch external, 1 - 3ch internal), bit 7 is used to enable or disable
	external inputs&outputs
12	Motion buffer size (0 - default value)
13	Emergency switch inverted polarity
14	States with enabled power (bit-mapped):
	bit 0: peSTOPPED
	bit 1: peSTOP_LIMIT
	bit 2: peSTOP_EMERGENCY
	States with enabled charge pump (bit-mapped)
	bit 4: peSTOPPED
	bit 5: peSTOP_LIMIT
	bit 6: peSTOP_EMERGENCY
15-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x01 - Setup pulse engine
4	Command result (0 - OK)
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x02 Set state

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x02 - Set state
4	Pulse engine state
5	Limit override option
6	Output enable mask (bit-mapped, 1 = enable axis output enable control), must be enabled in axis settings aoENABLED_MASKED
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

### Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x02 - Set state
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x03 Set axis position

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x03 - Set axis position
4	Axis position setup selection (bit-mapped)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Axis positions (32-bit LSB first)
41-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x03 - Set axis position
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID

8 (CRC)	unused
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

# 0x85/0x04 Set outputs

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x04 - Set outputs
4	Relay outputs (bit 0 = relay 1, bit 1 = relay 2, bit 2 = relay 3)
5	OC outputs (bit 3 = OC 1, bit 4 = OC 2, bit 5 = OC 3, bit 6 = OC 4)
6	If set to 1, the above output values are not used - read function
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

## Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x04 - Set outputs
4	Relay outputs
5	OC outputs
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x05 Reboot pulse engine

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x05 - Reboot pulse engine
4-6	reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x05 - Reboot pulse engine
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID

8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x10 Get axis configuration

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x10 - Get axis configuration
4	Axis ID
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Response	
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x10 - Get axis configuration
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
10	Axis options  aoENABLED = (1<<0), aoINVERTED = (1<<1), aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoFAST_OUTPUT = (1<<6), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  Axis switch options aoSWITCH_LIMIT_N = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)
11	Home switch input pin (0 for external)
12	Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)
13	Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)
14	Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)
15	Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)
16	MPG jog encoder ID
17-20	Axis maximum speed in timeslot units (32-bit float)
21-24	Axis maximum acceleration in timeslot units (32-bit float)
25-28	Axis maximum decelleration (braking) in timeslot units (32-bit float)
29-32	Soft-limit minimum position
33-36	Soft-limit maximum position

37-38	MPG jog multiplier
39	Axis enable output pin (0 for external)
40	Invert axis enable signal
40-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x11 Set axis configuration

Request

## Byte   Function   1 (header)   Header (0xBB)   2 (CMD)	Request	
2 (CMD)   0x85   3	-	
3		
4 Axis ID 5 Reserved 6 Reserved 7 Request ID 8 (CRC) CRC 9 Axis options	, ,	
5 Reserved 6 Reserved 7 Request ID 8 (CRC) CRC 9 Axis options		
6 Reserved 7 Request ID 8 (CRC) CRC 9 Axis options		Axis ID
7 Request ID 8 (CRC) CRC 9 Axis options		
8 (CRC) CRC  9 Axis options aoENABLED = (1<<0), aoINVERTED = (1<<1), aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSTION_MODE = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10 Axis switch options aoSWITCH_LIMIT_N = (1<<0), aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external)  12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)  13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		Reserved
Axis options  aoENABLED = (1<<0), aoINVERTED = (1<<1), aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  Axis switch options aoSWITCH_LIMIT_N = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)	7	Request ID
aoENABLED = (1<<0), aoINVERTED = (1<<1), aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10	8 (CRC)	CRC
aoINVERTED = (1<<1), aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10	9	Axis options
aoINTERNAL_PLANNER = (1<<2), aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10		
aoPOSITION_MODE = (1<<3), aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10		· · · · ·
aoINVERTED_HOME = (1<<4), aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10		
aoSOFT_LIMIT_ENABLED = (1<<5), aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10		
aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)  10		
Axis switch options  aoSWITCH_LIMIT_N = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_LIMIT_N = (1<<0), aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		aoENABLED_MASKED = (1<<7)
aoSWITCH_LIMIT_P = (1<<1), aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)	10	·
aoSWITCH_HOME = (1<<2), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external)  12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)  13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LN_H = (1<<3), aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_COMBINED_LP_H = (1<<4), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_N = (1<<5), aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external)  12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)  13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_INVERT_LIMIT_P = (1<<6), aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external)  12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)  13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)  11 Home switch input pin (0 for external)  12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)  13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
11 Home switch input pin (0 for external) 12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		
12 Limit- switch input pin (0 for external) 13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external) 14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)		aoSWITCH_INVERT_HOME = (1<<7)
13 Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)  14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)  15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)	11	Home switch input pin (0 for external)
14 Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed) 15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)	12	Limit- switch input pin (0 for external)
15 Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)	13	Limit+ switch input pin (0 for external)
	14	Homing speed (in % of the maximum speed)
16 MPG jog encoder ID	15	Homing return (fine positioning) speed (in % of the homing speed)
	16	MPG jog encoder ID
17-20 Axis maximum speed in timeslot units (32-bit float)	17-20	Axis maximum speed in timeslot units (32-bit float)
21-24 Axis maximum acceleration in timeslot units (32-bit float)	21-24	Axis maximum acceleration in timeslot units (32-bit float)
25-28 Axis maximum decelleration (braking) in timeslot units (32-bit float)	25-28	Axis maximum decelleration (braking) in timeslot units (32-bit float)
29-32 Soft-limit minimum position	29-32	Soft-limit minimum position
33-36 Soft-limit maximum position	33-36	Soft-limit maximum position
37-38 MPG jog multiplier		·
39 Axis enable output pin (0 for external)	39	
40 Invert axis enable signal	40	Invert axis enable signal
41-63 reserved	41-63	
64 (CRC 2) unused	64 (CRC 2)	

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x11 - Set axis configuration
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x20 Move (Set reference position or speed)

### Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x20 - set reference position or speed
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Reference position or speed (8x 32-bit integer, LSB first)
41-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

#### Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x20 - set reference position or speed
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x21 Start homing

#### Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x21 - Start homing
4	Bit-mapped axis selection
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Home position offsets (32-bit LSB first pe axis)
41-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x21 - Start homing
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved

	· ·
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x22 Finish homing

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x22 - Finish homing
4	Pulse engine mode to transition into
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

#### Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x22 - Finish homing
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x23 Start probing

### Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x23 - Start probing
4	Bit-mapped axis selection
5	Enable hybrid probing (ignore bytes 4 and 9-44)
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Probe maximum position (32-bit LSB first per axis)
41-44	Probe speed (ration of the maximum speed - 0.01 equals to 1% of max. speed) - 32-bit float
45	Probe input (0 - disabled, 1-8 external inputs, 9+ PoKeys pin ID + 9)
46	Probe input polarity
47-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x23 - Start probing
4-6	Reserved

7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x24 Finish probing

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x24 - Finish probing
4	Action (0 - normal finish, 1 - just clear probing state)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

### Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x24 - Finish probing
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Probe position
41	Probe status (probe completion bit-mapped status)
41-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0xF0 Clear motion buffer

## Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0xF0 - Clear buffer
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function	
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)	
2 (CMD)	0x85	
3	0xF0 - Clear buffer	
4-6	Reserved	

7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0xFF Fill motion buffer - 8-bit mode (max. 127 steps per slot)

# Request

Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)		
2 (CMD)	0x85		
3	0xFF - fill buffer: 8-bit mode		
4	Number of new slots		
5	Number of axes in buffer mode		
6	Reserved		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
9-64	Data (56 bytes)		
	8 axes = max. 7 slots		
	7 axes = max. 8 slots		
	6 axes = max. 9 slots		
	5 axes = max. 11 slots		
	4 axes = max. 14 slots		
	3 axes = max. 18 slots		
	2 axes = max. 28 slots		
	1 axis = max. 56 slots		

Response (same as get status report, except for byte 3)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	Number of accepted slots
4	Soft limit status (bit-mapped, one bit per axis)
5	States with enabled power
6	Limit override status
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	See 'Get status' command report
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0xB0/0x85 Fill motion buffer via multi-part packet

Request - each packet in series of 8 packets

Byte	Function							
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)							
2 (CMD)	0xB0	0xB0						
3	Multi-part ir	Multi-part index, flags						
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Stop bit	Start bit		Packet index	(0-7)
4 (only first	0xFF - fill bu	ffer: 8-hit m	ode					
packet)	0xFE - fill bu							
5 (only first packet)	Number of new slots							
6 (only first packet)	Number of axes in buffer mode							
7	Request ID							
8 (CRC)	CRC							
9-64	Data (56 byt motion buffe	•	ch packet is	combined ir	nto final buff	fer, whic	h is then inser	ted into

Response (same as get status report, except for byte 3)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0xB0
3	Number of accepted slots
4	Soft limit status (bit-mapped, one bit per axis)
5	States with enabled power
6	Limit override status
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	See 'Get status' command report
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0xE0 Transfer RAW data

### Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	Number of bytes in payload
4	Last part of data (1)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-64	Payload (up to 56 bytes)

Response (same as get status report, except for byte 3)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	Status
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-64 (CRC 2)	unused

## 0x85/0x90 Read smart pulse generator configuration

#### Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x90 - Read smart pulse generator configuration
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x90 - Configure smart pulse generator
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-16	Pulse widths
17-24	Step pulse multiplication factors
25-32	Encoder pulse multiplication factors
33-48	Maximum dismatch value
49-52	Spindle PWM period

53	Pulse engine enabled - number of enabled axes				
54	Encoder configurations				
55	Encoder count mode				
56-63	reserved				
64 (CRC 2)	unused				

# 0x85/0x91 Configure smart pulse generator

## Request

Byte	Function					
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)					
2 (CMD)	0x85					
3	0x91 - Configure smart pulse generator					
4	Reserved					
5	Reserved					
6	Reserved					
7	Request ID					
8 (CRC)	CRC					
9-16	Pulse widths					
17-24	Step pulse multiplication factors					
25-32	Encoder pulse multiplication factors					
33-48	Maximum dismatch value					
49-52	Spindle PWM period					
53	Pulse engine enabled - number of enabled axes					
54	Encoder configurations					
55	Encoder count mode					
56-63	Reserved					
64 (CRC 2)	unused					

#### Response

Byte	Function					
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)					
2 (CMD)	0x85					
3	0x91 - Configure smart pulse generator					
4	Command result (0 - OK)					
5	Reserved					
6	Reserved					
7	Request ID					
8 (CRC)	CRC					
9-63	reserved					
64 (CRC 2)	unused					

# 0x85/0x92 Reset smart pulse generator counters

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x92 - Reset smart pulse generator counters
4	bit mapped axes registers to reset
5	Reserved
6	Reserved

7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

#### Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x92 - Reset smart pulse generator counters
4	Command result (0 - OK)
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

# 0x85/0x95 Read smart pulse generator status

# Request

Byte	Function				
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)				
2 (CMD)	0x85				
3	0x95 - Read smart pulse generator status				
4	Reserved				
5	Reserved				
6	Reserved				
7	Request ID				
8 (CRC)	CRC				
9-63	Reserved				
64 (CRC 2)	unused				

Byte	Function					
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)					
2 (CMD)	0x85					
3	0x95 - Read smart pulse generator status					
4-6	Reserved					
7	Request ID					
8 (CRC)	CRC					
9	Axis position dismatch statuses					
10-11	Spindle rotation period					
12	Input statuses					
13-28	Current dismatch values					
29-60	Current position values					
61-63	reserved					
64 (CRC 2)	unused					

# 0x85/0x96 Read smart pulse generator encoder positions

# Request

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x96 - Read smart pulse generator encoder positions
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x85
3	0x96 - Read smart pulse generator encoder positions
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-40	Current encoder positions
41-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	unused

#### Failsafe mode

This settings give an option to set the outputs of the device to a predefined state after a preset communication timeout occurs.

# Basic settings

Byte	Function							
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)							
2 (CMD)	0x81							
3	Read (0) / W	/rite (1) fails	afe configur	ation				
4	Failsafe time	eout (100 ms	resolution)	-0 disables	failsafe			
5	Enabled failsafe peripherals							
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Pulse	PWM	PoExtBus	Digital IO
					engine			
6	Reserved							
7	Request ID							
8 (CRC)	CRC							
9-15	Bit-mapped digital outputs state							
16-25	Bit-mapped PoExtBus outputs state							
26-31	PWM outputs duties (0-100 %)							
32-63	Reserved							
64 (CRC 2)	CRC							

#### Basic settings - Response

Basic secting.	Response							
Byte	Function							
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)							
2 (CMD)	0x81							
3	Read (0) / W	/rite (1) fails	afe configur	ation reques	st value			
4	Failsafe time	eout (100 ms	s resolution)	– 0 disables	failsafe			
5	Enabled fails	safe periphe	rals					
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Pulse	PWM	PoExtBus	Digital IO
					engine			
6	Reserved							
7	Request ID							
8 (CRC)	CRC							
9-15	Bit-mapped digital outputs state							
16-25	Bit-mapped PoExtBus outputs state							
26-31	PWM outputs duties (0-100 %)							
32-63	Reserved							
64 (CRC 2)	CRC							

#### **PoIL commands**

See PolL.pdf for description of the PolL core.

### 0x82/0x00 PoIL core status

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x00 – get PoIL core status
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### PoIL core status - Response

	us response		
Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)		
2 (CMD)	0x82		
3	0x00 – get PoIL core status		
4-6	Reserved		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
9-10	Code memory size		
11-12	Data memory size		
13	Version		
14-15	Current PolL core state		
16	PoIL core debug mode		
17	Current task		
18-19	PoIL core debug breakpoint		
20-21	Current PC value		
22	Current STATUS register value		
23-26	Current W register value		
27-28	Exception PC		
29-30	Current function stack pointer		
31-32	Current data stack pointer		
60	PoIL master enable status		
61	Number of PolL tasks		
33-63	reserved		
64 (CRC 2)	CRC		

### 0x82/0x01 Set PoIL core state

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x01 – set PoIL core state
4-5	PolL core state
6	Reserved
7	Request ID

8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

Response contents is similar to »PoIL core status – Response«.

### 0x82/0x02 Reset PoIL processor

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x02 – Reset processor
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

Response contents is similar to »PoIL core status – Response«.

#### 0x82/0x03 Set PoIL master enable status

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x03 – set PoIL master enable
4	PoIL master enable value
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

Response contents is similar to »PoIL core status – Response«.

#### 0x82/0x05 Set PoIL debug mode

Byte	Function		
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)		
2 (CMD)	0x82		
3	0x05 – set PoIL core debug mode		
4	PoIL core debug mode		
	0 - debug STOP mode		
	10 - running to breakpoint		
	11 - run to breakpoint		
	20 - one instruction		
5-6	Breakpoint address		
7	Request ID		
8 (CRC)	CRC		
9-63	Reserved		
64 (CRC 2)	CRC		

Response contents is similar to »PoIL core status – Response«.

#### 0x82/0x10 PoIL memory read

This command reads a chunk of up to 55 bytes from the selected memory

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x10 – PoIL memory read
4	Memory selection (0 – code, 1 – data, 2 – code stack, 3 – data stack, 4 - shared data, 5 - internal addressing used)
5-6	Memory address (or shared data index)
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Memory chunk size
10-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### PolL memory read - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x10 – read memory
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Memory contents
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### 0x82/0x11 PolL memory read - monitor mode

This command reads multiple chunks of up to 55 bytes from the selected memory (only data memory allowed)

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x11 – PoIL memory read (monitor)
4	Memory selection (1 – data, 5 - internal addresssing, other sources not allowed)
5-6	reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-10	Chunk 1 address
11	Chunk 1 size
12-13	Chunk 2 address (set to FFFF to stop reading
14	Chunk 2 size
60-61	Chunk 18 address
62	Chunk 18 size
63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x11 – PoIL memory read (monitor)
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Memory contents by chunks of data
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### 0x82/0x15 PolL memory write

This command writes a chunk of up to 54 bytes to the selected memory. If code memory is selected, data memory locations 0-255 are used as data source and must be filled with correct data prior to this call. Code memory write always writes 256 bytes at a time.

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x15 – PoIL memory write
4	Memory selection (0 – code, 1 – data, 4 - shared data, 5 - internal addressing used)
5-6	Memory address (or shared data index)
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Memory chunk size
10-63	Memory contents
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### PolL memory write - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x15 – write memory
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### 0x82/0x16 PolL memory erase

This command erases the selected PoIL memory

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x16 – PoIL memory erase
4	Memory selection (0 – code, 1 – data)
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### PolL memory erase - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x16 – erase memory
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

## 0x82/0x20 PoIL task status read

This command retrieves the PoIL task statuses

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x20 – Read PoIL task status
4	First task index (t)
5	Number of tasks to incldude (max. 7, depends on system)
6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

### Read PolL task status - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x82
3	0x20 – Read PoIL task status
4	System inactive load
5-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9+t*8	Task status
10+t*8	Task load
11-12 +t*8	Configured task period
13-14 +t*8	Real task period - current
15-16 +t*8	Real task period - filtered

# RTC (Real Time Clock) setup

These commands are used to read or set the RTC clock, running in the device.

# Read/Set current time

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x83
3	0x00 – read time, 0x10 – set time
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Second (0-59)
10	Minute (0-59)
11	Hour (0-23)
12	Day of week (0-6)
13	Day of month (1-31)
14	Month (1-12)
15-16	Day of year (1 – 365)
17-18	Year
19-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

#### Read/set time - Response

read/set time response	
Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x83
3	Same as byte 3 in request
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9	Second (0-59)
10	Minute (0-59)
11	Hour (0-23)
12	Day of week (0-6)
13	Day of month (1-31)
14	Month (1-12)
15-16	Day of year (1 – 365)
17-18	Year
18-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

# System event logging

## Read/clear system log

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xBB)
2 (CMD)	0x84
3	0x00 – read log, 0x10 – clear log
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC

# Read/set time - Response

Byte	Function
1 (header)	Header (0xAA)
2 (CMD)	0x84
3	Total number of log entries
4-6	Reserved
7	Request ID
8 (CRC)	CRC
9-62	27 Log entries (LSB first)
63	Reserved
64 (CRC 2)	CRC