Altibase aku Sample Guide for Kubernetes

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Overview

This document presents a sample guide to using Kubernetes StatefulSet using Altibase aku.

- For aku, refer to the aku section in the Altibase Utilities manual.
- The contents of this document are for sample purposes only, and should be modified according to each purpose and environment in the actual environment.
- test environment

o Kubernetes: v1.24.2

o Altibase: v7.1.0.8.8

o Docker: v20.10.17

Create Altibase Docker image

- Prepare the altibase_home directory to be copied to the Docker image.
 - Install Altibase for Linux. It is not necessary to create an Altibase database.
 - a. When an Altibace database is created the following enerations are required

- vinen an Allibase dalabase is created, the following operations are required.
 - Delete all files in \$ALTIBASE_HOME/arch_logs.
 - Delete all files in \$ALTIBASE_HOME/dbs.
 - Delete all files in \$ALTIBASE_HOME/logs.
 - Delete all files in \$ALTIBASE_HOME/trc.
- Create an Altibase Docker image using the Dockerfile below.
- You can also use https://hub.docker.com/r/altibase/7.1-bare without creating a Docker image.

```
# file : Dockerfile

FROM ubuntu:18.04
MAINTAINER Altibase

RUN sed -e '56 i\root\t\t soft\t nofile\t\t 1048576 \nroot\t\t hard\t nofile\t\t 1048576 \nroot\t\t soft\t nproc\t\t unlimited \nroot\t\t hard\t nproc\t\t unlimited \n' -i /etc/security/limits.conf; \
echo "vm.swappiness = 1" >> /etc/sysctl.conf; \
echo "kernel.sem = 20000 32000 512 5029" >> /etc/sysctl.conf;

COPY ./altibase_home /home/altibase/altibase_home
```

Using PersistentVolume

- In this example, 4 volumes are set to different paths, but you can set them to the same path in whole or in part. This is because each pod creates its own subdirectory using the hostname.
- This example uses NFS volumes. Modifications are required to suit your environment.
- You can use any other type of volume that guarantees persistence.

Write a PersistentVolume yaml file

```
# file : altibase-pv.yaml
apiversion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
 name: altibase-pv-a
spec:
  capacity:
   storage: 100Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain
    server: 192.168.1.121
    path: /home/altibase/nfs/test/a
apiversion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
 name: altibase-pv-b
spec:
```

```
capacity:
    storage: 100Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
 persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain
    server: 192.168.1.121
    path: /home/altibase/nfs/test/b
apiversion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
 name: altibase-pv-c
spec:
 capacity:
   storage: 100Gi
 accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
 persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain
    server: 192.168.1.121
    path: /home/altibase/nfs/test/c
apiversion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
 name: altibase-pv-d
spec:
 capacity:
   storage: 100Gi
 accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
 persistentVolumeReclaimPolicy: Retain
  nfs:
    server: 192.168.1.121
    path: /home/altibase/nfs/test/d
```

Create PersistentVolume

```
$ kubectl create -f altibase-pv.yaml
persistentvolume/altibase-pv-a created
persistentvolume/altibase-pv-b created
persistentvolume/altibase-pv-c created
persistentvolume/altibase-pv-d created
```

Confirm PersistentVolume creation

NAME	CAPACITY	ACCESS MODES	RECLAIM POLICY	STATUS
CLAIM /OLUMEMODE			STORAGECLASS	REASON AGE
altibase-pv-a	100Gi	RWX	Retain	Available 30s
ilesystem altibase-pv-b	100Gi	RWX	Retain	Available 30s
-ilesystem altibase-pv-c	100Gi	RWX	Retain	Available 30s
ilesystem altibase-pv-d	100Gi	RWX	Retain	Available 30s

Using ConfigMap

- In this example, license, set_altibase.env, aku.conf, sample_schema.sql, and entry_point.sh files are managed as ConfigMap.
- Notes for managing altibase.properties file with ConfigMap are described in entry_point.sh file.
- To use Kubernetes, a hostname-based license must be issued from Altibase.
- In this example, 4 pods are created, so 4 licenses are required.

Write a ConfigMap yaml file

```
# file : altibase-cm.yaml
apiversion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
name: altibase-cm
data:
license: |
 # You need four hostname based Altibase licenses.
22222222222222222222222222222
3333333333333333333333333333333
set_altibase.env: |
```

```
export ALTIBASE_HOME=/home/altibase/altibase_home
 export ALTIBASE_NLS_USE=UTF8
 export ALTIBASE_PORT_NO=20300
 export ALTIBASE_REPLICATION_PORT_NO=20301
 export ALTIBASE_ADMIN_MODE=1
                                      # aku requirement
 export ALTIBASE_REMOTE_SYSDBA_ENABLE=1 # aku requirement
 export PATH=${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin:${PATH}
 export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=${ALTIBASE_HOME}/lib:${LD_LIBRARY_PATH};
aku.conf: |
                           = "manager"
 AKU_SYS_PASWWORD
 AKU_STS_NAME
                            = "altibase-sts"
 AKU_SVC_NAME
                            = "altibase-svc"
 AKU_SERVER_COUNT
                            = 4
 AKU_QUERY_TIMEOUT
                             = 3600
                             = 20300
 AKU_PORT_NO
 AKU_REPLICATION_PORT_NO
                            = 20301
                            = 1
 AKU_FLUSH_AT_START
 AKU_FLUSH_TIMEOUT_AT_START = 300
 AKU_FLUSH_AT_END
                            = 1
 AKU\_ADDRESS\_CHECK\_COUNT = 30
 AKU_DELAY_START_COMPLETE_TIME = 0
 REPLICATIONS = (
     REPLICATION_NAME_PREFIX = "AKU_REP"
     SYNC_PARALLEL_COUNT = 1
     (
         (
                         = "SYS"
             USER_NAME
             TABLE_NAME = "T1"
         ),
             USER_NAME
                          = "SYS"
            TABLE_NAME
                          = "T2"
         ),
         (
                         = "SYS"
             USER NAME
             TABLE_NAME = "T3"
     )
 )
sample_schema.sql: |
 CREATE TABLE T1 ( I1 INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, I2 INTEGER );
 CREATE TABLE T2 ( I1 INTEGER, I2 INTEGER, I3 CHAR(100) )
 PARTITION BY RANGE( I1 )
 (
     PARTITION P1 VALUES LESS THAN (100),
     PARTITION P2 VALUES LESS THAN (200),
     PARTITION P3 VALUES DEFAULT
 );
 CREATE TABLE T3 ( I1 INTEGER, I2 INTEGER, I3 CHAR(100), I4 INTEGER);
 ALTER TABLE T2 ADD PRIMARY KEY ( I1, I2 );
 ALTER TABLE T3 ADD PRIMARY KEY ( I1, I3 );
entry_point.sh: |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
    . /home/altibase/config_map/set_altibase.env
    MY_POD_NAME=${HOSTNAME}
    function PodTerminate()
      echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} aku end : begin" >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
      ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/aku -p end >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
      echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} aku end : finish" >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
   }
    trap PodTerminate SIGTERM
    cp /home/altibase/config_map/license ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/conf/license
    cp /home/altibase/config_map/aku.conf ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/conf/aku.conf
    #If you need to change altibase.properties, you need to set
altibase.properties as a ConfigMap. After that, you need to uncomment following
    #cp /home/altibase/config_map/altibase.properties
${ALTIBASE_HOME}/conf/altibase.properties
    DB_DIR="/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}"
    DB_DIR_SED="\/ALTIBASE\/${MY_POD_NAME}"
    #set path for arch_logs, dbs, logs and trc directories.
    echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} sed -i 's/?/${DB_DIR_SED}/g'
${ALTIBASE_HOME}/conf/altibase.properties" >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    sed -i "s/?/${DB_DIR_SED}/g" ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/conf/altibase.properties
    while (true)
      if [ -d "${DB_DIR}" ];then
        echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} Altibase database path exists. [${DB_DIR}] "
>> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
      else
        echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} Create Altibase database path. [${DB_DIR}] "
>> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
        mkdir -p ${DB_DIR}
        sleep 1
      fi
      if [ -f "${DB_DIR}/dbs/SYS_TBS_MEM_DATA-0-0" ] ;then
        echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} Altibase database exists. " >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
        break
      else
        echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} Create Altibase database. " >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
        rm -rf ${DB_DIR}/*
        mkdir -p ${DB_DIR}/arch_logs
        mkdir -p ${DB_DIR}/dbs
        mkdir -p ${DB_DIR}/logs
        mkdir -p ${DB_DIR}/trc
        chown -R ${USER}:${USER} ${HOME}
        chown -R ${USER}:${USER} ${DB_DIR}
        ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/server create UTF8 UTF8
        sleep 5
```

```
if [ -f "${DB_DIR}/dbs/SYS_TBS_MEM_DATA-0-0" ] ;then
          break
        else
          echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} ${DB_DIR}/dbs/SYS_TBS_MEM_DATA-0-0 file is
NOT!!! created."
          continue
        fi
      fi
    done
    echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} altibase server start " >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/server start
    exec_command="${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/isql -silent -s localhost -u sys -p
manager -sysdba "
    $exec_command<<EOF>> .result
      set linesize 100
      set pagesize 50
      select count(*) from system_.sys_tables_ where table_name='T1' or
table_name='T2' or table_name='T3';
      exit:
    result_count=$(tail -2 .result| head -1| awk '{print $1}')
    cat .result >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} result_count: [${result_count}] " >>
/ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    rm .result
    if [ ${result_count} -ne 3 ];then
      ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/is -sysdba -f
/home/altibase/config_map/sample_schema.sql >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    fi
    echo `date` "${MY_POD_NAME} aku start " >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    ${ALTIBASE_HOME}/bin/aku -p start >> /ALTIBASE/${MY_POD_NAME}.log
    while (true)
      sleep 1
    done
```

Create ConfigMap

```
$ kubectl create -f altibase-cm.yaml
configmap/altibase-cm created
```

Confirm ConfigMap creation

```
$ kubectl get cm -o wide

NAME DATA AGE
altibase-cm 5 32s
```

Using Service

• This example uses a Kubernetes headless service.

Write a Service yaml file

```
# file : altibase-svc.yaml
apiversion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
 name: altibase-svc
spec:
  type: ClusterIP
  clusterIP: None
 publishNotReadyAddresses: true
  ports:
  - name: service-port
   port: 20300
   targetPort: 20300
  - name: replication-port
    port: 20301
    targetPort: 20301
  selector:
    app: altibase-sts
```

Create Service

```
$ kubectl create -f altibase-svc.yaml
service/altibase-svc created
```

Confirm Service creation

Using StatefulSet

- In this example, the StatefulSet creates 4 Pods.
- Altibase Kubernetes Utility supports up to 4 pods.

Write a StatefulSet yaml file

```
# file : altibase-sts.yaml

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: StatefulSet
metadata:
   name: altibase-sts
spec:
   serviceName: altibase-svc
```

```
replicas: 4
podManagementPolicy: OrderedReady
selector:
  matchLabels:
    app: altibase-sts
template:
  metadata:
   labels:
      app: altibase-sts
  spec:
    terminationGracePeriodSeconds: 60
    containers:
    - name: altibase-sts
      image: altibase/7.1-bare
      command:
      - /bin/bash
      - "-c"
      - /home/altibase/config_map/entry_point.sh
      ports:
      - containerPort: 20300
        protocol: TCP
      - containerPort: 20301
        protocol: TCP
      resources:
        requests:
          cpu: 250m
        limits:
          cpu: 3
      startupProbe:
        exec:
          command:
          - cat
          - /tmp/aku_start_completed
        failureThreshold: 3600
        periodSeconds: 10
      volumeMounts:
      - name: altibase-pv
        mountPath: /ALTIBASE
      - name: altibase-cm
        mountPath: /home/altibase/config_map
        readOnly: true
    volumes:
      - name: altibase-cm
        configMap:
          name: altibase-cm
          defaultMode: 0777
          items:
          - key: "license"
            path: "license"
          - key: "set_altibase.env"
            path: "set_altibase.env"
          - key: "aku.conf"
            path: "aku.conf"
          - key: "sample_schema.sql"
            path: "sample_schema.sql"
          - key: "entry_point.sh"
```

```
path: "entry_point.sh"

volumeClaimTemplates:
    - metadata:
        name: altibase-pv

spec:
        accessModes: [ "ReadWriteMany" ]
        resources:
        requests:
        storage: 10Gi
```

Create StatefulSet

```
$ kubectl create -f altibase-sts.yaml
statefulset.apps/altibase-sts created
```

Confirm StatefulSet and Pod creation

```
$ kubectl get sts -o wide
NAME
                 READY
                         AGE CONTAINERS
                                                     IMAGES
                         12m
altibase-sts
                 4/4
                                                     altibase/7.1-bare
                               altibase-sts
$ kubectl get pod -o wide
NAME
                    READY STATUS
                                   RESTARTS
                                                  AGE
                                                        ΙP
        NOMINATED NODE READINESS GATES
NODE
altibase-sts-0
                                                  16m
                                                        10.244.1.91
                   1/1
                           Running 0
worker2 <none>
                       <none>
altibase-sts-1
                  1/1
                           Running 0
                                                  16m
                                                        10.244.2.118
worker1 <none>
                       <none>
                   1/1
altibase-sts-2
                          Running 0
                                                  15m
                                                        10.244.1.92
worker2 <none>
                       <none>
                                                        10.244.2.119
altibase-sts-3
                   1/1
                           Running
                                   0
                                                  14m
worker1 <none>
                       <none>
```

Check Altibase replication operation

- The altibase-sts-3 pod connects to the local Altibase with isql and inputs data to the T1 table.
- Access the altibase of the altibase-sts-2 pod with isql from the altibase-sts-3 pod and search the T1 table.

Check Scale-down operation

- Scale-down with replicas=3.
- Connect to the altibase-sts-2 pod.
- Check that the XSN value of replication AKU_REP_23 is -1, which is the reset state.

```
$ kubectl scale sts altibase-sts --replicas=3
statefulset.apps/altibase-sts scaled
$ kubectl exec -it altibase-sts-2 -- /bin/bash
root@altibase-sts-2:/# . /home/altibase/config_map/set_altibase.env
root@altibase-sts-2:/# is
 ______
   Altibase Client Query utility.
   Release Version 7.1.0.8.8
   Copyright 2000, ALTIBASE Corporation or its subsidiaries.
______
ISQL_CONNECTION = TCP, SERVER = localhost, PORT_NO = 20300
iSQL> select REPLICATION_NAME, XSN from system_.sys_replications_;
REPLICATION_NAME
_____
AKU_REP_02
                                1591138
AKU_REP_12
                                1591138
AKU_REP_23
                                -1
3 rows selected.
```

Check Scale-up operation

- Connect to the altibase-sts-0 pod and insert additional data into the T1 table.
- Scale-up with replicas=4.
- Connect to the altibase-sts-3 pod and check if the data additionally inserted in the T1 table is reflected in the scaled-up pod.

```
All Rights Reserved.
ISQL_CONNECTION = TCP, SERVER = localhost, PORT_NO = 20300
iSQL> insert into t1 values(2,2);
1 row inserted.
iSQL> exit
root@altibase-sts-0:/# exit
$ kubectl scale sts altibase-sts --replicas=4
statefulset.apps/altibase-sts scaled
$ kubectl exec -it altibase-sts-3 -- /bin/bash
root@altibase-sts-3:/# . /home/altibase/config_map/set_altibase.env
root@altibase-sts-3:/# is
    Altibase Client Query utility.
    Release Version 7.1.0.8.8
    Copyright 2000, ALTIBASE Corporation or its subsidiaries.
    All Rights Reserved.
ISQL_CONNECTION = TCP, SERVER = localhost, PORT_NO = 20300
iSQL> select * from T1;
I1
     12
2 row selected.
```