



ಭಾರತೀಯ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ರಾಯಚೂರು
भारतीय सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान रायचूर
Indian Institute of Information Technology Raichur

Lab - 3

Introduction to Programming (ID110)

Date: November 6, 2024

Topics: Recursion

Time: 1.5 Hr

CSE'24, Semester - I

Max marks: 10

Instructions:

- The lab session consists of **three programming questions**, of which the **first** question is **mandatory**. From **second and third** question, **only one** needs to be solved. Consider the given options for question solving carefully.
- External materials (e.g., notes, books) and electronic devices (e.g., mobile phones, smart watch, bluetooth) are **strictly prohibited**. Only a **blank sheet of paper** and a **pen** may be used for rough work.
- Internet usage is **not allowed** under any circumstances. Any violations will lead to **serious academic consequences**, including potential disqualification from the lab.
- Any form of **plagiarism or academic dishonesty** will be treated with the utmost seriousness and may result in severe penalties, including a zero for the lab or further disciplinary actions.
- Code must be written from scratch during the session. Pre-written code snippets or solutions will not be accepted. Use meaningful variable names and add appropriate comments where necessary.
- Upon completion, **two code files** named after **roll no.** (e.g., "CS24B1001-Lab3-p1.c" and either one of "CS24B1001-Lab3-p2.c" and "CS24B1001-Lab3-p3.c") must be submitted on **Google Classroom**. Not following the naming convention will lead to **minus marking**. The submission will only be accepted if done in the presence of TA.

- Write a C Program to calculate the sum of the sequential numbers up to n^{th} term. using recursive function where n is a whole number. The sequence is defined as the following:

3 *0th expression*, 12 *1st expression*, 33 *2nd expression*, 72 *3rd expression*, 135 *4th expression*, . . .

Note: For mathematical operations `<math.h>` can be used as per requirement.

(Hint : use *Mathematical Induction* to find the n^{th} expression.)

Input Format:

- An integer n representing the positive integer including zero.

Output Format:

- An integer S representing the **sum of the integers** of the sequential numbers up to n^{th} term.

Examples:

- **Input:**

3

Output:

120

- **Input:**

10

Output:

1353

- **Input:**

0

Output:

3

(5 marks)

2. Write a C Program to calculate the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) and Least Common Multiple (LCM) of two natural numbers using recursive function. Add a short explanation of the base cases you considered in comments.

(*Bonus: +2* if you find the GCD and LCM of an array of natural numbers.)

Input Format:

- An integer n representing the first natural number.
- An integer m representing the second natural number.

Output Format:

- Print the GCD and LCM separated by space.

Examples:

- **Input:**

12

10

Output:

2 60

• **Input:**

7
6

Output:

1 42

• *Only for bonus question:*

Input:

4
48 60 72 84

Output:

12 5040

(5 marks)

OR

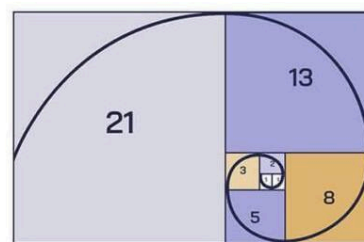
3. Write a C Program to calculate the sum of the first n Fibonacci numbers using a re- cursive function. Consider 0 as the first Fibonacci number. Add a short explanation of the base cases you considered in comments.

(*Bonus: +2* if you use function to add the Fibonacci Numbers)

THE FIBONACCI SEQUENCE
Each number is the sum of the two that precede it.

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21

0 + 1 = 1
1 + 1 = 2
1 + 2 = 3
2 + 3 = 5
3 + 5 = 8
5 + 8 = 13
8 + 13 = 21



Input Format:

- A natural number n representing the total Fibonacci numbers to add.

Output Format:

- A natural number S representing the sum of first n Fibonacci numbers.

Examples:

• Input:

5

Output:

7

• Input:

1

Output:

0

• Input:

10

Output:

88

(5 marks)

All the Best!