

Global Navigation Satellite System

Subject Number: 205097

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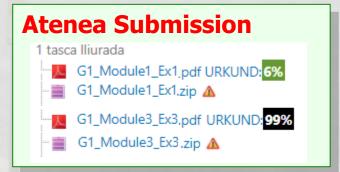
GNSS

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Subject Datasheet (i.e. Mission Requirements)

- MASTER'S DEGREE IN:
 - AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (plan 2014)
 - SPACE AND AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (plan 2016)
- Credits: 3 ECTS
- Hours: 27 h (4 h / week) -> Effective: 22 h (4 h / week)
- Class: Mon (17h-19h) + Tue (17h-19h)
- Language: English, Spanish
- Evaluation:
 - 60% Final Exam 28/03/2023 @ 17h
 - 40% Laboratory Report
 - Groups of 3 people



- Contact: by email appointment
 - Write in the subject "ESEIAAT GNSS"
 - I am not a compiler: don't send me codes

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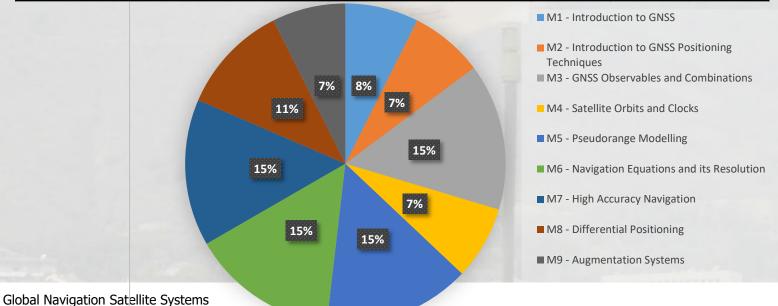
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Course Overview (i.e. Updated Mission Requirements)

	Guia Docent		Reality	
Module	Time (h)	(%)	Time (h)	(%)
M1 - Introduction to GNSS	2	7.41	2	9.09
M2 - Introduction to GNSS Positioning Techniques	2	7.41	2	9.09
M3 - GNSS Observables and Combinations	4	14.81	3	13.64
M4 - Satellite Orbits and Clocks	2	7.41	2	9.09
M5 - Pseudorange Modelling	4	14.81	3	13.64
M6 - Navigation Equations and its Resolution	4	14.81	3	13.64
M7 - High Accuracy Navigation	4	14.81	2	9.09
M8 - Differential Positioning	3	11.11	3	13.64
M9 - Augmentation Systems	2	7.41	2	9.09
Total	27	100.00	22	100.00



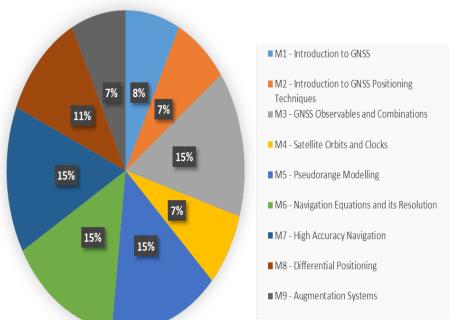
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Course Schedule (i.e. Mission Profile)



		Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Week
Γ	FEB	13	14	15	16	17	1
L	<u> </u>	01 - M10	02 - M20	22	23	24	2
		03 - M30	04 - M40	1	2	3	3
	~	05 - M51	06 - M52	8	9	10	4
	MAR	07 - M61	08 - M62	15	16	17	5
	_	09 - M70	10 - M80	22	23	24	6
		11 - M90	EXAM 17h	29	31	1	7



GNSS

Adrià Rovira-Garcia ALSD #23. The schedule you develop will seem like a complete work of fiction until the time your customer fires you for not meeting it.

ALSD #27. (Varsi's Law) Schedules only move in one direction.



Laboratory Work (i.e. Mission Requirements)

Tutorials:

- Tutorial 0. Introduction to gLAB tool suite
- Tutorial 1. UNIX environment tools and skills
- Tutorial 2. Measurements analysis and error budget
- Tutorial 3. Model components analysis
- Tutorial 4. Detailed code measurements modelling
- Tutorial 5. Solving navigation equations

Groups:

3 people

Report:

- Solve all questions posed in Tutorials 2, 3, 4, and 5
- Maximum 100 pages

Deadline:

- @ Final Exam Date
- Late submissions will be not collected

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Bibliography

Sanz Subirana, Jaume; Juan Zornoza, J. Miguel; Hernández Pajares, Manuel. GNSS data processing. Noordwijk: ESA Publications Division, cop. 2013. ISBN 9789292218867.

Hofmann-Wellenhof, B; Lichtenegger, H; Collins, J. Global positioning system: theory and practice. 5th, rev. ed. Wien Springer, cop. 2001. ISBN 9783211835340.

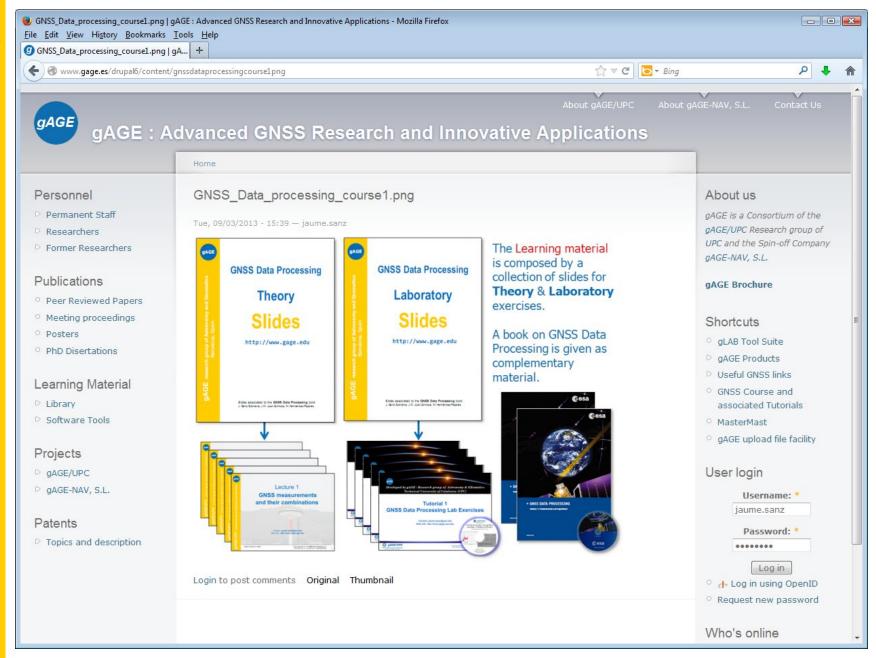
Misra, Pratap; Enge, Per. Global positioning system: signals, measurements and performance. 2nd ed. Lincoln: Ganga-Jamuna, cop. 2006. ISBN 9780970954411.

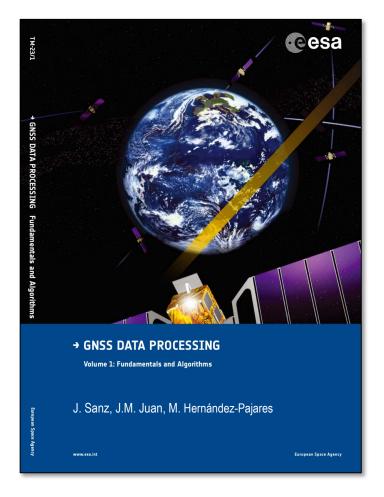
Xu, Guochang. GPS: theory, algorithms, and applications. 2nd ed. Berlin. Springer, cop. 2007. ISBN 9783540727149.

SCNE

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GNSS Data Processing, Vol. 1: Fundamentals and Algorithms. GNSS Data Processing, Vol. 2: Laboratory exercises.



Akin's Laws of Spacecraft Design (ALSD)

1. Engineering is done with numbers. Analysis without numbers is only an opinion.

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13. Design is based on requirements. There's no justification for designing something one bit "better" than the requirements dictate.

.

42. Space is a completely unforgiving environment. If you screw up the engineering, somebody dies (and there's no partial credit because most of the analysis was right...)

Source:

http://spacecraft.ssl.umd.edu/akins_laws.html

SZNE

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Who Am I?

Marie Skłodowska-Curie PostDoc Fellow - July 2018

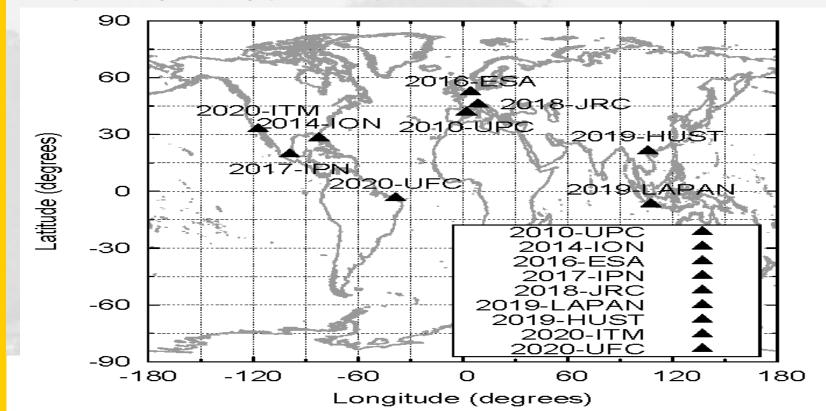
Funded by European Commission (EC)

Joint Research Centre (JRC)

Hanoi University of Science and Technology (HUST)

PhD in Aerospace Science and Technology (60 ECTS) - Jan 2016
Funded by European Space Agency (ESA)
European Space Research and Technology Centre (ESTEC)

Aerospace Engineering (305 ECTS) - Mar 2010



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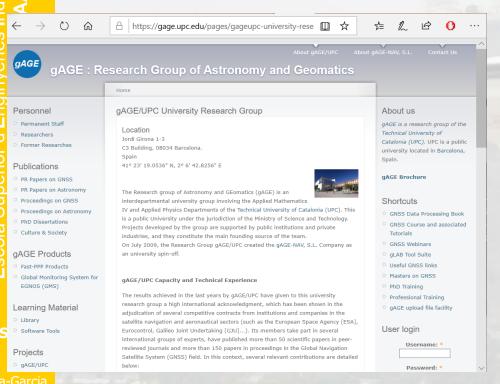
What I research?

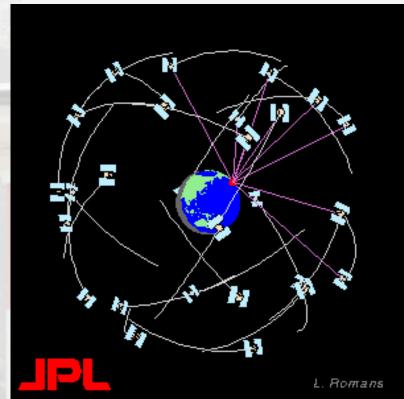
Research group of Astronomy and Geomatics (gAGE/UPC) https://gage.upc.edu/

Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)

High Accuracy Navigation

Remote Sensing: Ionosphere





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Space Tourism

Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) in Pasadena, California: https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/events/tours/

Johnson Space Center in Houston, Texas: https://spacecenter.org/

https://spacecenter.org/

Kennedy Space Center Visitor Complex, in Florida: https://www.kennedyspacecenter.com/

National Air and Space Museum - Smithsonian Institution in Washington DC https://airandspace.si.edu/

UNOOSA in Vienna Austria within the UN complex http://www.unis.unvienna.org/unis/en/visitors service/index.html

SNSS

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Historical Note

12 AN INTRODUCTION TO ORBITAL MECHANICS

a quart beer mug. At birth, Newton's neck was so weak a doctor at Woolsthorpe made him a bolster—a small neck brace—to support the weight of his head.

In his formative years, Isaac Newton was not an especially good student, but he had creative ideas and was very clever with his hands. He built a wooden doll house and a little windmill backed up by one mousepower. When the wind refused to blow, the mouse would run inside a rotating cylinder to provide the necessary motive power. The young Newton also constructed a kite that carried a lantern over the countryside at Woolsthorpe, thus, perhaps, creating one of the earliest UFOs ever observed. In these days, ordinary people were definitely not accustomed to seeing lights wobbling up and down as they traveled across the night sky.

Newton's Universal Law of Gravitation

In 1665, when Isaac Newton was an undergraduate at Cambridge University, the second Great Plague raged across the British Isles and Cambridge was shut down. Newton then returned to his boyhood home at Woolsthorpe. There, according to his own account, he noticed an apple falling from a tree. That simple observation caused him to challenge himself with a powerful question: "Why doesn't the moon also fall down toward the ground?"

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Source: Logsdon T (1998) "Orbital Mechanics: Theory and Applications" 1st Edition, Wiley