Mathematical and Computational Modelling

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Outline

Text

Feel free to contact me if you have any suggestions!

1. Simple
2. Clean
3. SUSTech Colours

Enjoy!

Equations

Example

Let $p(x) = \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \sigma^2{}_1)$ and $q(x) = \mathcal{N}(\mu_2, \sigma^2{}_2)$:

$$\mathcal{N} = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\,\pi}}\,\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\,\sigma^2}} \tag{1}$$

Example

Kullback-Leibler divergence for continuous probabilities:

$$
\begin{aligned}
D(p,q) &= \int p(x) \log \frac{p(x)}{q(x)} \mathrm{d}x \\
&= \int p(x)\, \ln p(x) \mathrm{d}x - \int p(x)\, \ln q(x) \mathrm{d}x \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(2\,\pi\,\sigma_2^2\right) + \frac{\sigma_1^2 + (\mu_1 - \mu_2)^2}{2\,\sigma_2^2} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \ln 2\,\pi\,\sigma_1^2\right) \\
&= \ln \frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1} + \frac{\sigma_1^2 + (\mu_1 - \mu_2)^2}{2\,\sigma_2^2} - \frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Code

Greatest Common Divisor

```
1 def greatest_c_remainder(a,b):
2         '''Greatest common divisor of a and b'''
3         r = a % b
4         if r == 0:
5                 return b
6         else:
7                 m = b
8                 n = r
9         return greatest_c_remainder(m,n)
```