

**Carnegie Mellon University**  
Software Engineering Institute

# **Cyber DEM Python**

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**CONTENTS:**

<b>1</b>	<b>README</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Overview . . . . .	1
1.2	Status . . . . .	1
1.3	Getting Started . . . . .	1
1.4	License . . . . .	3
1.5	Acknowledgements . . . . .	3
<b>2</b>	<b>Base Classes</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>FileSystem</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Enumerations</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Widgets</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Example</b>	<b>31</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>37</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>39</b>



**README**

## 1.1 Overview

CyberDEM Python provides a Python API for the [Cyber Data Exchange Model](#) (CyberDEM). CyberDEM Python provides methods to instantiate CyberDEM objects and events, serialize and deserialize objects and events, and manipulate instantiated objects. It also provides basic searching and file management methods.

## 1.2 Status

CyberDEM Python is based on the CyberDEM standard that is currently in DRAFT format, and therefore subject to change. For the most up to date version and documentation for CyberDEM Python see the CyberDEM Python GitHub page: <https://github.com/cmu-sei/cyberdem-python>.

## 1.3 Getting Started

These instructions will help you install a copy of the package on your local machine.

### 1.3.1 Install with pip

```
$ pip3 install cyberdem
```

### 1.3.2 Installing from source

1. Download CyberDEM Python and unzip the download folder
2. From within the top-level cyberdem folder (where setup.py is located) run

```
$ pip3 install .
```

3. To test that cyberdem is installed properly run

```
$ python3
>>> from cyberdem import base
>>> print(base.System())
System(
  id: 3bb3512e-dc75-4b86-b234-25040a79b9b9
)
```

You may also try running the example.py file downloaded with the zip file.

```
$ python3 example.py

Creating new FileSystem path ./test-fs.

QUERY 1
-----
['description', 'id', 'name', 'version', '_type']
('Rapid SCADA software', '0f717dfa-...', 'Rapid SCADA', '5', 'Application')
('PfSense Firewall', '2720359e-...', 'PfSense', '2.4.2', 'Application')
(None, '2f6ac399-...', None, None, 'Application')
(None, 'd36e99ce-...', None, None, 'Application')
('Firefox browser', 'df8478d6-...', 'Firefox', '60', 'Application')
(None, '0eaacdbc-...', None, None, 'Application')
(None, '6265eb88-...', None, None, 'Application')

QUERY 2
-----
['description', 'name']
(None, None)
...
(None, None)
(None, None)
('PfSense Firewall', 'PfSense')
(None, None)
('Firefox browser', 'Firefox')
('Rapid SCADA software', 'Rapid SCADA')
...

QUERY 3: SELECT id FROM Application, OperatingSystem WHERE name='PfSense' OR
↪ os_type='LinuxRedHat'
-----
['id']
('19a6f4b3-89ce-4aa5-8a94-a065833a3a53',)
('f177a5e0-f56a-4c11-b655-39e6c0cac873',)

Updating app versions...
Application(
  id: 19a6f4b3-89ce-4aa5-8a94-a065833a3a53
  name: PfSense
  version: 2.5.0
)
OperatingSystem(
  id: f177a5e0-f56a-4c11-b655-39e6c0cac873
  os_type: LinuxRedHat
  version: 8.0
)
```

You will see a folder called “test-fs” in the directory in which you ran the example.py script. This folder has subfolders containing each type of Cyber DEM object/event.

## 1.4 License

Copyright 2020 Carnegie Mellon University. See the [LICENSE](#) file for details.

## 1.5 Acknowledgements

- SISO Cyber DEM Product Development Group





## BASE CLASSES

**class** cyberdem.base.**Application** (*version=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Representation of an Application object.

Inherits *\_CyberObject*.

**Parameters**

- **version** (*string, optional*) – Version of the application.
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *\_CyberObject* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Application
>>> kwargs = {
...     'version': '2.4.2',
...     'name': 'PfSense',
...     'description': 'PfSense Firewall'
... }
>>> my_app = Application(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**BlockTrafficEffect** (*is\_random=None, percentage=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Completely block all traffic over a communication channel.

Inherits *Disrupt*. No additional attributes.

**Parameters** **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Disrupt* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import BlockTrafficEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'is_random': False,
...     'percentage': .7,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Continue',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> blocktraffic_effect = BlockTrafficEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**CPULoadEffect** (*percentage=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Artificial increase in CPU load.

Inherits *Degrade*.

### Parameters

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of CPU usage between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import CPULoadEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'percentage': 70,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> cpuload_effect = CPULoadEffect(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.CyberAttack(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                                phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None,
                                source_ids=None, **kwargs)
```

Representation of a CyberAttack object.

Inherits *\_CyberAction*. No additional attributes.

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import CyberAttack
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'target_modifiers': {"characteristic": "value"},
...     'phase': 'Continue',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=10),
...     'actor_ids': [attacker_1.id]
... }
>>> generic_attack = CyberAttack(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.CyberDefend(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                                phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None,
                                source_ids=None, **kwargs)
```

Representation of a CyberDefend object.

Inherits *\_CyberAction*. No additional attributes.

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import CyberDefend
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'target_modifiers': {"characteristic": "value"},
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'source_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> generic_defend = CyberDefend(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.CyberRecon (recon\_type=None, \*\*kwargs)  
Representation of a CyberRecon object.

Inherits `_CyberAction`.

#### Parameters

- **recon\_type** (value from the `ReconType` enumeration, optional) – Type of reconnaissance
- **kwargs** (dictionary, optional) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberAction` class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import CyberDefend
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'recon_type': 'NetworkMap',
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'source_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> recon_event = CyberRecon(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.Data (sensitivity=None, data\_type=None, encrypted=None, status=None, confidentiality=None, \*\*kwargs)  
Representation of a Data object

Inherits `_CyberObject`.

#### Parameters

- **sensitivity** (value from `SensitivityType` enumeration, optional) – [desc]
- **data\_type** (value from `DataType` enumeration, optional) – [desc]
- **encrypted** (value from `EncryptionType` enumeration, optional) – [desc]
- **status** (value from `DataStatus` enumeration, optional) – [desc]
- **confidentiality** (float, optional) – [desc]
- **kwargs** (dictionary, optional) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberObject` class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Data
>>> kwargs = {
...     'sensitivity': 'FOUO',
...     'data_type': 'File',
...     'confidentiality': 0.6,
...     'name': 'Foo File',
...     'description': 'Foobarred file'
... }
>>> my_data = Data(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.DataExfiltration (event\_time=None, targets=None, target\_get\_modifiers=None, phase=None, duration=None, actor\_ids=None, source\_ids=None, \*\*kwargs)  
Data exfiltration is the unauthorized copying, transfer or retrieval of data from a computer or server. Data

exfiltration is a malicious activity performed through various different techniques, typically by cybercriminals over the Internet or other network.

Inherits *CyberAttack*. No additional attributes.

**Parameters** *kwargs* (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *CyberAttack* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import DataExfiltration
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'phase': 'End',
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(hours=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-ee5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> exfil = DataExfiltration(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.Degrade(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                             phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None, source_ids=None,
                             **kwargs)
```

To deny access to, or operation of, a target to a level represented as a percentage of capacity

Inherits *Deny*. No additional attributes.

**Parameters** *kwargs* (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Deny* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Degrade
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-ee5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> degrade_effect = Degrade(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.DelayEffect(seconds=None, **kwargs)
```

Increased time for data to travel between two points

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **seconds** (*float, optional*) – Number of seconds to delay delivery of data
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import DelayEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'seconds': 22.5,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
```

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```

...     'duration': timedelta(minutes=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> delay_effect = DelayEffect(**kwargs)

```

**class** cyberdem.base.Deny(event\_time=None, targets=None, target\_modifiers=None, phase=None, duration=None, actor\_ids=None, source\_ids=None, \*\*kwargs)

To prevent access to, operation of, or availability of a target function by a specified level for a specified time, by degrade, disrupt, or destroy (JP3-12)

Inherits `_CyberEffect`. No additional attributes.

**Parameters** `kwargs` (dictionary, optional) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberEffect` class

#### Example

```

>>> from cyberdem.base import Deny
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> deny_effect = Deny(**kwargs)

```

**class** cyberdem.base.Destroy(event\_time=None, targets=None, target\_modifiers=None, phase=None, duration=None, actor\_ids=None, source\_ids=None, \*\*kwargs)

To completely and irreparably deny access to, or operation of, a target.

Inherits `Deny`. No additional attributes.

**Parameters** `kwargs` (dictionary, optional) – Arguments to pass to the `Deny` class

#### Example

```

>>> from cyberdem.base import Destroy
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> destroy_effect = Destroy(**kwargs)

```

**class** cyberdem.base.Detect(acquired\_information=None, \*\*kwargs)

To discover or discern the existence, presence, or fact of an intrusion into information systems.

Inherits `_CyberEffect`.

#### Parameters

- **acquired\_information** (dictionary, optional) – information obtained during detection

- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberEffect` class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Detect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> info = {'siem log': 'file permission change on user-ws-2'}
>>> kwargs = {
...     'acquired_information': info,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> detect_effect = Detect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Device** (*device\_types=None, is\_virtual=None, role=None, device\_identifier=None, network\_interfaces=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Representation of a Device object.

Inherits `_CyberObject`.

#### Parameters

- **device\_types** (*list of values from the `DeviceType` enumeration, optional*) – Type(s) of device (ex. “Sensor”, “Printer”)
- **is\_virtual** (*boolean, optional*) – whether the device is a virtual device
- **role** (*string, optional*) – [desc]
- **device\_identifier** (*string, optional*) – [desc]
- **network\_interfaces** (*list of lists, optional*) – mapping of interface names to addresses
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberObject` class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Device
>>> kwargs = {
...     'device_type': ['Generic'],
...     'is_virtual': False,
...     'device_identifier':
↳ '(01)12345678987654(55)120717(55)A12345B(55)4321',
...     'name': 'The Server',
...     'description': 'Generic server description'
... }
>>> net_ints = [['eth0', '204.105.24.23'], ['eth1', '192.168.10.101']]
>>> my_device = Device(network_interfaces=net_ints, **kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Disrupt** (*is\_random=None, percentage=None, \*\*kwargs*)

To completely but temporarily deny access to, or operation of, a target for a period of time.

Inherits `Deny`.

#### Parameters

- **is\_random** (*boolean, optional*) – whether or not the disruption is uniform or random

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of bits to drop between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Deny* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Disrupt
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'is_random': False,
...     'percentage': .7,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> disrupt_effect = Disrupt(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**DropEffect** (*percentage=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Packet dropping.

Inherits *Degrade*.

**Parameters**

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of packets to drop between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import DropEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'percentage': 99.5,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> pdrop_effect = DropEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**HardwareDamageEffect** (*damage\_type=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Physical damage to a device.

Inherits *Destroy*.

**Parameters**

- **damage\_type** (value from the *HardwareDamageType* enumeration, optional) – type of damage
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Destroy* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import HardwareDamageEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
```

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```
...     'damage_type': 'PhysicalDestruction',
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(days=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> hwdamage_effect = HardwareDamageEffect(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.HardwareDegradeEffect (degrade_type=None,          percentage=None,
                                           **kwargs)
```

Degradation, but not destruction of, hardware.

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **degrade\_type** (*string, optional*) – value from the *HardwareDegradeType* enumeration
- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – The effectiveness of the hardware for the duration of the effect - between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import HardwareDegradeEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'degrade_type': 'BlueScreen',
...     'percentage': 90,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> hw_effect = HardwareDegradeEffect(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.JitterEffect (milliseconds=None, **kwargs)
```

Class for JitterEffect object.

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **milliseconds** (*float, optional*) – [desc]
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import JitterEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'milliseconds': 22.5,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(minutes=5)
... }
```

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```
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> jitter_effect = JitterEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**LoadRateEffect** (*percentage=None, rate\_type=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Impact on data upload or download rate.

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of maximum achievable rate between 0.0 and 100.0
- **rate\_type** (*string, optional*) – value from the *LoadRateType* enumeration
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import LoadRateEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'percentage': 22.5,
...     'rate_type': 'Upload',
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> loadrate_effect = LoadRateEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Manipulate** (*description=None, \*\*kwargs*)

The effect of controlling or changing information, information systems, and/or networks to create physical denial effects, using deception, decoying, conditioning, spoofing, falsification, and other similar techniques.

Inherits *\_CyberEffect*.

#### Parameters

- **description** (*string, optional*) – information obtained during detection
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *\_CyberEffect* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Manipulate
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'description': "ransomware encrypted drives",
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(hours=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> manipulate_effect = Manipulate(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.ManipulationAttack (description=None, attack_content=None,  
                                         **kwargs)
```

Controls or changes information, information systems, and/or networks to create physical denial effects, using deception, decoying, conditioning, spoofing, falsification, and other similar techniques.

Inherits *CyberAttack*.

#### Parameters

- **description** (*string, optional*) – Describes the “what and how” of the manipulation attack
- **attack\_content** (*string, optional*) – could contain the details of the manipulation attack itself OR the manipulated message after the attack
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *CyberAttack* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import DataExfiltration
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'phase': 'End',
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(hours=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> exfil = DataExfiltration(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.MemoryUseEffect (percentage=None, **kwargs)
```

Artificial increase in memory usage.

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of memory to use between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import MemoryUseEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'percentage': 70,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> memuse_effect = MemoryUseEffect(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.Network (protocol=None, mask=None, **kwargs)
```

Representation of a Network object.

Inherits *\_CyberObject*.

#### Parameters

- **protocol** (value from the *NetworkProtocolType* enumeration, optional) – protocol used on the network
- **mask** (*string, optional*) – network mask
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *\_CyberObject* class

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Network
>>> kwargs = {
...     'protocol': 'OSPF',
...     'mask': '255.255.255.0',
...     'name': 'Network 10',
...     'description': 'User network'
... }
>>> my_network = Network(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base.NetworkLink(is_logical=None, physical_layer=None,
                                data_link_protocol=None, bandwidth=None, latency=None,
                                jitter=None, network_interfaces=None, **kwargs)
```

Representation of a NetworkLink object.

Inherits *\_CyberObject*.

### Parameters

- **is\_logical** (*boolean, optional*) – the link is logical (rather than physical)
- **physical\_layer** (value from the *PhysicalLayerType* enumeration, optional) – what type is the physical layer
- **data\_link\_protocol** (value from the *DataLinkProtocolType* enumeration, optional) – data link protocol
- **bandwidth** (*integer, optional*) – Max data transfer rate of the link in Gb
- **latency** (*integer, optional*) – network link latency in milliseconds
- **jitter** (*integer, optional*) – variability in the latency, measured in milliseconds
- **network\_interfaces** (*list of lists, optional*) – mapping of interface names to addresses
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *\_CyberObject* class

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import NetworkLink
>>> kwargs = {
...     'is_logical': False,
...     'physical_layer': 'Wired',
...     'data_link_protocol': 'Ethernet',
...     'bandwidth': 5,
...     'name': 'Link 10',
...     'description': 'User network link'
... }
>>> net_ints = [['eth1', '192.168.10.100'], ['eth0', '192.168.10.101']]
>>> my_link = NetworkLink(network_interfaces=net_ints, **kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.OperatingSystem(*os\_type=None, \*\*kwargs*)  
Representation of a OperatingSystem object.

Inherits *Application*.

#### Parameters

- **os\_type** (value from the *OperatingSystemType* enumeration, optional) – Type of operating system
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Application* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import OperatingSystem
>>> kwargs = {
...     'os_type': 'MicrosoftWindows',
...     'name': 'User machine',
...     'description': 'For employees in foo department',
...     'version': '10'
... }
>>> my_os = OperatingSystem(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.OtherDegradeEffect(*percentage=None, description=None, \*\*kwargs*)  
Generic degradation effect.

Inherits *Degrade*.

#### Parameters

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of impacted capability's remaining availability between 0.0 and 100.0
- **description** (*string, optional*) – Human-interpretable or machine-readable description of the effect
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Degrade* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import OtherDegradeEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'degrade_type': 'BlueScreen',
...     'percentage': 90,
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'phase': 'Start',
...     'duration': timedelta(seconds=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-ee5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> other_effect = OtherDegradeEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.PacketManipulationEffect(*manipulation\_type=None, attack\_content=None, \*\*kwargs*) *at-*  
Packet manipulation cyber effect: duplication, corruption, reordering, drop.

Inherits *Manipulate*.

#### Parameters

- **manipulation\_type** (value from *PacketManipulationType* enumeration, optional) – type of manipulation

- **percentage** (*float, optional*) – Percentage of packets to affect between 0.0 and 100.0
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Manipulate* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import PacketManipulationEffect
>>> from datetime import datetime, timedelta
>>> kwargs = {
...     'manipulation_type': 'Dropped',
...     'percentage': 1,
...     'description': "dropping packets",
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'duration': timedelta(hours=5)
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
>>> packet_effect = PacketManipulationEffect(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Persona** (*name=None, description=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Representation of a Personna object.

Inherits *\_CyberObject*. No additional attributes.

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Persona
>>> kwargs = {
...     'name': 'Attacker 1',
...     'description': 'nation-state actor'
... }
>>> attacker_1 = Persona(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**PhishingAttack** (*message\_type=None, header=None, body=None, \*\*kwargs*)

The fraudulent practice of sending messages purporting to be from reputable sources in order to induce individuals to reveal sensitive information or unknowingly initiate another attack.

Inherits *CyberAttack*.

**Parameters**

- **message\_type** (value from the *MessageType* enumeration, optional) – type of message. Ex. “Email”
- **header** (*string, optional*) – Originator, From, To, Subject, Reply To
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *CyberAttack* class

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import PhishingAttack
>>> from datetime import datetime
>>> kwargs = {
...     'message_type': 'Email',
...     'header': 'From: Your Name <yourname@foo.bar>, To: My Name <myname@bar.foo>, Subject: foo the bar',
...     'event_time': datetime.today(),
...     'targets': [the_target.id],
...     'actor_ids': ["77545b7d-3900-4e34-a26f-eec5eb954d33"]
... }
```

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```
... }
>>> phish = PhishingAttack(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Relationship**(*related\_object\_1, related\_object\_2, relationship\_type=None, id=None, privileges=None*)

Represents a relationship between two CyberObjects.

Given two CyberObjects A and B, where A administers B, the *related\_object\_1* would be the id of A and *related\_object\_2* would be the ID of B, preserving the ordering of “A administers B”.

#### Parameters

- **related\_object\_1** (*UUIDv4 string, required*) – ID of a CyberObject
- **related\_object\_2** (*UUIDv4 string, required*) – ID of a CyberObject
- **relationship\_type** (*string, optional*) – value from *RelationshipType*
- **id** (*string, optional*) – unique ID (UUIDv4)
- **privileges** (*list of strings, optional*) – [desc]

#### Example

```
>>> # Where my_application is installed on my_device
>>> from cyberdem.base import Application, Device, Relationship
>>> my_application = Application()
>>> my_device = Device()
>>> my_rel = Relationship(
...     my_device.id, my_application.id,
...     relationship_type='ResidesOn', privileges=['priv1', 'priv2'])
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**Service**(*service\_type=None, address=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Representation of a Service object.

Inherits *Application*.

#### Parameters

- **service\_type** – value from the *ServiceType* enumeration, optional
- **address** (*string, optional*) –
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *Application* class

#### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Service
>>> kwargs = {
...     'service_type': 'EmailServer',
...     'version': '15.2.595.4',
...     'name': 'Mail Server 1',
...     'description': 'external exchange server'
... }
>>> my_service = Service(**kwargs)
```

**class** cyberdem.base.**System**(*system\_type=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Representation of a System object.

Inherits *CyberObject*.

#### Parameters

- **system\_type** (value from the *SystemType* enumeration, optional) – Type of system
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the *\_CyberObject* class

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import System
>>> kwargs = {
...     'system_type': 'SCADA',
...     'name': 'MTU',
...     'description': 'Network 1 MTU'
... }
>>> my_system = System(**kwargs)
```

```
class cyberdem.base._CyberAction(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                                phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None,
                                source_ids=None, **kwargs)
```

Passive superclass for all CyberDEM CyberActions.

Inherits *\_CyberEvent*. Included for completeness of the CyberDEM standard.

```
class cyberdem.base._CyberDEMBase(id=None, **kwargs)
    Superclass for all CyberDEM Objects and Events
```

Will create an appropriate *id* if one is not given.

**Parameters** *id* (*string, optional*) – string formatted UUIDv4

**Raises** **ValueError** – if a given *id* is not a valid string representation of a UUIDv4

```
class cyberdem.base._CyberEffect(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                                phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None,
                                source_ids=None, **kwargs)
```

Passive superclass for all CyberDEM CyberEffects.

Inherits *\_CyberEvent*. No additional attributes.

```
class cyberdem.base._CyberEvent(event_time=None, targets=None, target_modifiers=None,
                                phase=None, duration=None, actor_ids=None,
                                source_ids=None, **kwargs)
```

Superclass for all CyberDEM CyberEvents

CyberEvents are non-persistent cyber events, as opposed to persistent CyberObjects.

Inherits *\_CyberDEMBase*. Optionally sets the *event\_time*, *targets*, cyber event phase, *duration*, *actor\_ids*, and/or *source\_ids* parameters for any CyberEvent subclass.

### Parameters

- **event\_time** (*datetime.datetime, optional*) – Time at which the event started
- **targets** (*list, optional*) – One or more IDs identifying the CyberObject(s) targeted in the event
- **target\_modifiers** (*dictionary, optional*) – mapping of target characteristics to values
- **phase** (value from *CyberEventPhaseType* enumeration, optional) – The cyber event phase of the event
- **duration** (*datetime.timedelta, optional*) – Length of time the event lasted
- **actor\_ids** (*list, optional*) – Time ordered list of IDs of the perpetrators involved in this Cyber Event

- **source\_ids** (*list, optional*) – Time ordered list of IDs of the simulations that this Cyber Event came from.
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberDEMBase` class

**class** cyberdem.base.\_CyberObject (*name=None, description=None, \*\*kwargs*)

Superclass for all CyberDEM CyberObjects

CyberObjects are persistent objects on a network or other cyber infrastructure.

Inherits `_CyberDEMBase`. Optionally sets the name and/or description parameters for any CyberObject subclass.

#### Parameters

- **name** (*string, optional*) – The name of the object
- **description** (*string, optional*) – A description of the object
- **kwargs** (*dictionary, optional*) – Arguments to pass to the `_CyberDEMBase` class



## FILESYSTEM

Methods for saving, searching, and retrieving CyberDEM objects and events.

**class** cyberdem.filesystem.**FileSystem**(*path*)

Create a directory structure and file storage and retrieval methods.

Creates file storage, retrieval, and query methods for storing and retrieving CyberObjects, CyberEvents, and Relationships.

**Parameters** *path* (*string*, *required*) – directory path to store CyberDEM json files; can be existing directory or non-existing

### Example

```
>>> from cyberdem import filesystem
>>> fs = filesystem.FileSystem("./test-fs")
Using existing FileSystem at ./test-fs
>>> fs.path
'./test-fs'
```

**get** (*id*, *obj\_type=None*)

Get an object by ID

### Parameters

- *id* (*string*, *required*) – UUID(s) of object to retrieve
- *obj\_type* (*string*, *optional*) – CyberDEM type of the id. Ex. “Application”

**Returns** instance of the requested object

**Return type** cyberdem instance

### Example

```
>>> my_object = fs.get("82ca4ed1-a053-4fc1-b1cc-f4b58b4dbf8c",
↪                      "Application")
>>> str(my_object)
Application(
    id: 82ca4ed1-a053-4fc1-b1cc-f4b58b4dbf8c
)
```

**load\_flatfile** (*filename*)

Loads CyberDEM objects and actions from a flat json file into the FileSystem

**Parameters** *filename* (*string*, *required*) – the json file load

### Example

```
>>> fs = FileSystem('./test-fs')
>>> fs.load_flatfile('cyberdem_input.json')
```

**query** (*query\_string*)

Search the FileSystem for a specific object or objects

**Parameters** **query\_string** (*string*, *required*) – SQL formatted query string

**Returns** attribute names (headers), values of matching objects

**Return type** 2-tuple of lists

**Example query strings**

- `SELECT * FROM *` (you probably shouldn't do this one...)
- `SELECT attr1,attr2 FROM * WHERE attr3=value`
- `SELECT id,name,description FROM Device,System WHERE name='my device'`
- `SELECT id FROM * WHERE (name='foo' AND description='bar') OR version<>'foobar'`

**Example**

```
>>> query = "SELECT id FROM * WHERE name='Rapid SCADA'"
>>> fs.query(query)
(['id'], [['9293510b-534b-4dd0-b7c5-78d92e279400',]])
>>> query = "SELECT id,name FROM Application"
>>> headers,results = fs.query(query)
>>> headers
['id','name']
>>> results
[('9293510b-534b-4dd0-b7c5-78d92e279400',), ('46545b7a-1840-4e34-a26f-aef5eb954b25','My application')]
```

**save** (*objects*, *overwrite=False*)

Save CyberDEM objects and events to the FileSystem as json files

**Parameters**

- **objects** (CyberDEM class instance from *base*, or a list of objects) – CyberDEM object or event instance (or list of instances)
- **overwrite** (*bool*, *optional*) – allow object with the same ID as one already in the FileSystem to overwrite the existing file, defaults to False

**Raises Exception** – if object is already in FileSystem and overwrite is set to False

**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.base import Service
>>> my_service = Service(
    name='httpd', description='Apache web server',
    version='2.4.20', service_type='WebService',
    address='192.168.100.40')
>>> fs.save(my_service)
>>>
$ ls ./test-fs/Service
82ca4ed1-a053-4fc1-blcc-f4b58b4dbf8c.json
```

**save\_flatfile** (*output\_path=None, ignore=[]*)

Saves objects and actions in the filesystem to one flat json file.

**Parameters**

- **output\_path** (*string, optional (defaults to filesystem path)*) – location and path to save the flat file (ex. 'resultscd\_output.json')
- **ignore** (*list of strings, optional*) – list of CyberDEM objects or actions (as strings) not to include in the file

**Example**

```
>>> fs = FileSystem('./test-fs')
>>> fs.save_flatfile(ignore=['Application'])
```



## ENUMERATIONS

```
class cyberdem.enumerations.CyberEventPhaseType
    CyberDEM CyberEventPhaseType enumeration

    Options 'Continue', 'ContinueWithChanges', 'End', 'Start', 'Suspend'

class cyberdem.enumerations.DataLinkProtocolType
    CyberDEM DataLinkProtocolType enumeration

    Options 'ATM', 'Bluetooth', 'Ethernet', 'LocalTalk', 'PPP', 'TokenRing', 'VLAN', 'WiFi',
        '1553Bus'

class cyberdem.enumerations.DataStatus
    CyberDEM DataStatus enumeration

    Options 'Corrupted', 'Erased', 'Manipulated', 'NonDecryptable', 'Uncompromised'

class cyberdem.enumerations.DataType
    CyberDEM DataType enumeration

    Options 'Code', 'Credentials', 'File'

class cyberdem.enumerations.DeviceType
    CyberDEM DeviceType enumeration

    Options 'Communications', 'ComputerNode', 'Controller', 'Generic', 'HMI', 'IoT', 'Monitoring',
        'Networking', 'PortableComputer', 'Printer', 'Scanner', 'Sensor', 'StorageDevice'

    _check_prop (value)
        Checks to see if value is an allowed enumeration value.

        Overrides the _check_prop() function from the super _CyberDEMEnumeration

        Compares the given value to the allowed options for the current enumeration class (sub-class to
        _CyberDEMEnumeration).

        Parameters value (list, required) – user-provided value for the enumeration type

        Raises ValueError – if the values in value are not in the allowed options.

class cyberdem.enumerations.EncryptionType
    CyberDEM EncryptionType enumeration

    Options 'AES', 'DES', 'RSA', 'SHA', 'TripleDES', 'TwoFish'

class cyberdem.enumerations.HardwareDamageType
    CyberDEM HardwareDamageType enumeration

    Options 'BootLoop', 'HardDriveErased', 'PhysicalDestruction',
```

```
class cyberdem.enumerations.HardwareDegradeType
    CyberDEM HardwareDegradeType enumeration

    Options 'BlueScreen', 'Display', 'Keyboard', 'Mouse', 'RandomText', 'Reboot', 'Sound'

class cyberdem.enumerations.LoadRateType
    CyberDEM LoadRateType enumeration

    Options 'Download', 'Upload'

class cyberdem.enumerations.MessageType
    CyberDEM MessageType enumeration

    Options 'Chat', 'Email', 'SocialMedia', 'Text'

class cyberdem.enumerations.NetworkProtocolType
    CyberDEM NetworkProtocolType enumeration

    Options 'ARP', 'ICMP', 'InternetProtocol', 'IPsec', 'NAT', 'OSPF', 'RIP'

class cyberdem.enumerations.OperatingSystemType
    CyberDEM OperatingSystemType enumeration

    Options 'Android', 'AppleiOS', 'AppleMacOS', 'BellLabsUnix', 'BSDUnix', 'CiscoIOS',
        'DECHP_UX', 'DECVMS', 'Firmware', 'GNUUnix', 'IBMOS_2', 'LinuxRedHat', 'Mi-
        crosoftDOS', 'MicrosoftWindows', 'OpenSolaris', 'Ubuntu'

class cyberdem.enumerations.PacketManipulationType
    CyberDEM PacketManipulationType enumeration

    Options 'Corruption', 'Dropped', 'Duplication', 'Redordering'

class cyberdem.enumerations.PhysicalLayerType
    CyberDEM PhysicalLayerType enumeration

    Options 'Wired', 'Wireless'

class cyberdem.enumerations.ReconType
    CyberDEM ReconType enumeration

    Options 'AccountEnumeration', 'ARPScan', 'DeviceEnumeration', 'DNSEnumeration', 'Do-
        mainEnumeration', 'LDAPScan', 'NetBiosScan', 'NetworkMap', 'NTPEnumeration', 'OSS-
        can', 'Ping', 'PingScan', 'PortScan', 'PortSweep', 'ServiceEnumeration', 'SMTPEnumeration',
        'SNMPSweep', 'TraceRoute', 'UNIX-LinuxEnumeration', 'VulnerabilityEnumeration', 'Win-
        dowsEnumeration'

class cyberdem.enumerations.RelationshipType
    CyberDEM RelationshipType enumeration

    Options 'Administers', 'ComponentOf', 'ContainedIn', 'ProvidedBy', 'ResidesOn'

class cyberdem.enumerations.SensitivityType
    CyberDEM SensitivityType enumeration

    Options 'Confidential', 'CosmicTopSecret', 'FOUO', 'FVEY', 'GDPR', 'HIPPA', 'NATOConfi-
        dential', 'NATORestricted', 'NATOSecret', 'PII', 'Proprietary', 'Public', 'Secret', 'SecretNo-
        Forn', 'TS', 'TS_SCI', 'Unclassified'

class cyberdem.enumerations.ServiceType
    CyberDEM ServiceType enumeration

    Options 'ChatServer', 'DatabaseServer', 'DomainNameServer', 'EmailServer', 'FileShare', 'Fo-
        rum', 'SocialMediaServer', 'WebService'
```

**class** cyberdem.enumerations.**SystemType**  
CyberDEM SystemType enumeration

**Options** 'C2', 'Generic', 'ICS', 'SCADA'

**class** cyberdem.enumerations.**\_CyberDEMEnumeration**  
Super class for all CyberDEM enumerations

**\_check\_prop** (*value*)

Checks to see if *value* is an allowed enumeration value.

Compares the given value to the allowed options for the current enumeration subclass.

**Parameters** *value* (*required*) – user-provided value for the enumeration type

**Raises** **ValueError** – if the *value* is not in the allowed options of the enumeration class.





## WIDGETS

Helper functions for using and integrating CyberDEM Python with your code.

```
cyberdem.widgets.generate_network(num_devices, num_users, filesystem, purpose='enterprise',  
                                 heterogeneity=0, network='192.168.0.0/16')
```

Create a network of a given size and purpose.

Given basic parameters, create cyber Objects such as devices, network links, software, accounts, and their relationships to each other.

**Parameters**

- **num\_devices** (*int, required*) – total number of workstations, routers, printers, etc.
- **num\_users** (*int, required*) – total number of users on the network; affects the number of accounts and the amount of data and applications
- **filesystem** (*CyberDEM FileSystem, required*) – where to save the generated assets
- **purpose** (*string, optional (default='enterprise') choose from 'enterprise', 'scada', 'backbone'*) – general purpose of the network; affects the types of devices chosen, network architecture, and balance of user workstations to network devices
- **heterogeneity** (*int, optional (default=0) chose from 0-5*) – variety of applications and operating systems on the network; zero is completely homogeneous (for example, an all Windows network), five is as much variety as possible given the purpose of the network
- **network** (*string, optional (default 192.168.0.0/16)*) – the network address range to use

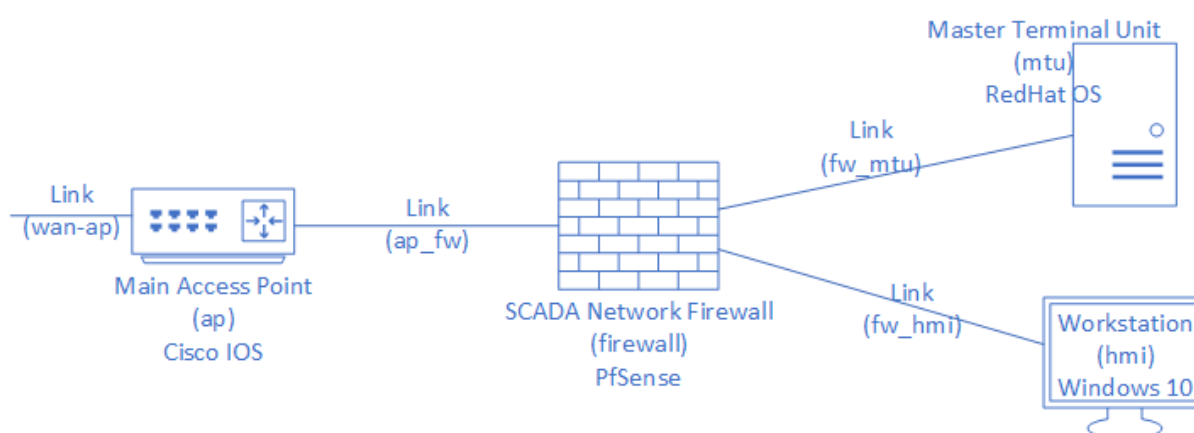
**Example**

```
>>> from cyberdem.widgets import generate_network  
>>> from cyberdem.filesystem import FileSystem  
>>> fs = FileSystem('./test-fs')  
>>> generate_network(10, 10, fs)
```



## EXAMPLE

The following is an example script covering the use of the modules and methods in CyberDEM Python. It models the toy SCADA network in the figure below and instantiates a series of events on a particular attack chain.



License for example.py

```

'''
CyberDEM Example Script

CyberDEM Python

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DM20-0711
'''

```

Import the necessary modules.

```
from cyberdem.filesystem import FileSystem
from cyberdem.base import *
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
```

Set up the file system to store CyberDEM objects and events.

```
fs = FileSystem('./test-fs')
```

Instantiate a set of known cyber objects representing the toy network. Save each of the objects to the file system.

```
1  ap = Device(
2      name="Access Point", description="Main access point", is_virtual=False,
3      network_interfaces=[["eth0", "10.10.30.40"], ["eth1", "192.168.10.2"]])
4  fs.save(ap)
5
6  firewall = Device(
7      name="Firewall", description="Firewall", is_virtual=False,
8      network_interfaces=[
9          ["eth0", "192.168.10.3"], ["eth1", "192.168.10.4"],
10         ["eth2", "192.168.10.5"]])
11 fs.save(firewall)
12
13 mtu = Device(
14     name="MTU", description="Master Terminal Unit", is_virtual=False,
15     network_interfaces=[["eth0", "192.168.10.6"]])
16 fs.save(mtu)
17
18 hmi = Device(
19     name="HMI", description="HMI Workstation", device_types=['HMI'],
20     is_virtual=False, network_interfaces=[["eth0", "192.168.10.7"]])
21 fs.save(hmi)
22
23 wan_ap = NetworkLink(
24     name="WAN-AP", description='WAN to AP link', physical_layer='Wired',
25     is_logical=False, data_link_protocol='Ethernet')
26 fs.save(wan_ap)
27
28 ap_fw = NetworkLink(
29     name='AP-FW', description='AP to FW link', physical_layer='Wired',
30     is_logical=False, data_link_protocol='Ethernet')
31 fs.save(ap_fw)
32
33 fw_mtu = NetworkLink(
34     name='FW-MTU', description='FW to MTU link', physical_layer='Wired',
35     is_logical=False, data_link_protocol='Ethernet')
36 fs.save(fw_mtu)
37
38 fw_hmi = NetworkLink(
39     name='FW-HMI', description='FW to HMI link', physical_layer='Wired',
40     is_logical=False, data_link_protocol='Ethernet')
41 fs.save(fw_hmi)
42
43 cisco_ios = OperatingSystem(
44     name='Cisco IOS', description='AP OS is Cisco IOS', version='15.4(3)M',
```

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```

45     os_type='CiscoIOS')
46     fs.save(cisco_ios)
47
48     redhat = OperatingSystem(
49         name='RedHat', description='RedHat OS', version='8',
50         os_type='LinuxRedHat')
51     fs.save(redhat)
52
53     win_10 = OperatingSystem(
54         name='Windows 10', description='HMI OS is Win10',
55         version='Win 10, 2004', os_type='MicrosoftWindows')
56     fs.save(win_10)
57
58     pfsense = Application(
59         name='PfSense', description='PfSense Firewall', version='2.4.2')
60     fs.save(pfsense)
61
62     firefox = Application(
63         name='Firefox', description='Firefox browser', version='60')
64     fs.save(firefox)
65
66     rapid_scada = Application(
67         name='Rapid SCADA', description='Rapid SCADA software', version='5')
68     fs.save(rapid_scada)
69
70     httpd_service = Service(
71         name='httpd', description='Apache web server', version='2.4.20',
72         service_type='WebService', address='192.168.100.40')
73     fs.save(httpd_service)
74
75     generic_admin = Persona(
76         name='Network admin', description="Runs the systems")
77     fs.save(generic_admin)
78

```

Create and save extra CyberObjects (4 of each type) for background data.

```

1  obj_types = [
2      Application, Data, Device, Network, NetworkLink, Persona,
3      System, OperatingSystem, Service, Deny, Detect, Manipulate,
4      DataExfiltration, Destroy, Degrade, Disrupt, PacketManipulationEffect,
5      ManipulationAttack, PhishingAttack, BlockTrafficEffect,
6      HardwareDamageEffect, LoadRateEffect, DelayEffect, JitterEffect,
7      CPULoadEffect, MemoryUseEffect, DropEffect, HardwareDegradeEffect,
8      OtherDegradeEffect]
9  for ot in obj_types:
10     for _ in range(0, 4):
11         fs.save(ot())
12

```

Create and save relationships between the known CyberObjects.

```

1  fs.save(Relationship(ap.id, wan_ap.id))
2  fs.save(Relationship(ap.id, ap_fw.id))
3  fs.save(Relationship(ap.id, cisco_ios.id))
4  fs.save(Relationship(firewall.id, ap_fw.id))
5  fs.save(Relationship(firewall.id, fw_mtu.id))

```

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```

6 fs.save(Relationship(firewall.id, fw_hmi.id))
7 fs.save(Relationship(
8     redhat.id, firewall.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
9 fs.save(Relationship(mtu.id, fw_mtu.id))
10 fs.save(Relationship(redhat.id, mtu.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
11 fs.save(Relationship(
12     httpd_service.id, mtu.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
13 fs.save(Relationship(
14     rapid_scada.id, mtu.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
15 fs.save(Relationship(hmi.id, fw_hmi.id))
16 fs.save(Relationship(win_10.id, hmi.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
17 fs.save(Relationship(firefox.id, hmi.id, relationship_type='ResidesOn'))
18

```

Create the CyberEvents of an attack on the toy network.

```

1  # phishing attack via email targeting the SCADA administrator
2  fs.save(PhishingAttack(
3      message_type='Email', targets=[generic_admin.id],
4      event_time=datetime(2020, 9, 18)))
5  # actor on the HMI ping scans the network block
6  scada_netblock = NetworkLink(network_interfaces=[["etho", "192.168.10.0"]])
7  fs.save(scada_netblock)
8  fs.save(CyberRecon(
9      recon_type="PingScan", event_time=datetime(2020, 9, 19),
10     targets=[scada_netblock.id], duration=timedelta(seconds=300),
11     source_ids=[hmi.id]))
12  # actor using the HMI installs a malicious file on the MTU
13  fs.save(Manipulate(
14      description="installation of malicious file",
15      event_time=datetime(2020, 9, 19), targets=[mtu.id],
16      source_ids=[hmi.id]))
17  fs.save(Manipulate(
18      description="malicious code changes readings on MTU",
19      event_time=datetime(2020, 9, 19), targets=[mtu.id], phase='Continue'))
20

```

Query the file system for objects/events with various characteristics.

```

1  headers, resp = fs.query("SELECT * FROM Application")
2  print(f'\nQUERY 1: SELECT * FROM Application\n-----\n{headers}')
3  for line in resp:
4      print(line)
5
6  query2 = (
7      "SELECT description,name FROM * "
8      "WHERE (is_logical=False AND physical_layer<>'Wired') OR "
9      "event_time<>'2020-09-18'"
10     # @TODO query2 is not currently returning what is expected
11     headers, resp = fs.query(query2)
12     print(f'\nQUERY 2\n-----\n{headers}')
13     for line in resp:
14         print(line)
15
16  query3 = (
17      "SELECT id FROM Application,OperatingSystem "
18      "WHERE name='PfSense' OR os_type='LinuxRedHat'"

```

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```
19 headers, resp = fs.query(query3)
20 print(f'\nQUERY 3: {query3}\n-----\n(headers)')
21 for line in resp:
22     print(line)
23
```

Reinstantiate objects found in the last query, update their version numbers, and re-save to the filesystem.

```
1 # change some property and re-save the instance
2 print("\nUpdating app versions...")
3 for line in resp:
4     app = fs.get(line[0])
5     try:
6         del app.description
7     except AttributeError:
8         pass
9     if isinstance(app, Application):
10         app.version = '2.5.0'
11     else:
12         app.version = '8.0'
```





## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

### C

`cyberdem.base`, 5  
`cyberdem.enumerations`, 25  
`cyberdem.filesystem`, 21  
`cyberdem.widgets`, 29



## Symbols

[\\_CyberAction](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 19  
[\\_CyberDEMBase](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 19  
[\\_CyberDEMEEnumeration](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 27  
[\\_CyberEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 19  
[\\_CyberEvent](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 19  
[\\_CyberObject](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 20  
[\\_check\\_prop\(\)](#) ([cyberdem.enumerations.DeviceType](#) method), 25  
[\\_check\\_prop\(\)](#) ([cyberdem.enumerations.\\_CyberDEMEEnumeration](#) method), 27

## A

[Application](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 5

## B

[BlockTrafficEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 5

## C

[CPULoadEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 5  
[CyberAttack](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 6  
[CyberDefend](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 6  
[cyberdem.base](#)  
     module, 5  
[cyberdem.enumerations](#)  
     module, 25  
[cyberdem.filesystem](#)  
     module, 21  
[cyberdem.widgets](#)  
     module, 29  
[CyberEventPhaseType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25  
[CyberRecon](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 6

## D

[Data](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 7  
[DataExfiltration](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 7  
[DataLinkProtocolType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25

[DataStatus](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25  
[DataType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25  
[Degrade](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 8  
[DelayEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 8  
[Deny](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 9  
[Destroy](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 9  
[Detect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 9  
[Device](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 10  
[DeviceType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25  
[Disrupt](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 10  
[DropEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 11

## E

[EncryptionType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25

## F

[FileSystem](#) (class in [cyberdem.filesystem](#)), 21

## G

[generate\\_network\(\)](#) (in module [cyberdem.widgets](#)), 29  
[get\(\)](#) ([cyberdem.filesystem.FileSystem](#) method), 21

## H

[HardwareDamageEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 11  
[HardwareDamageType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25  
[HardwareDegradeEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 12  
[HardwareDegradeType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 25

## J

[JitterEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 12

## L

[load\\_flatfile\(\)](#) ([cyberdem.filesystem.FileSystem](#) method), 21  
[LoadRateEffect](#) (class in [cyberdem.base](#)), 13  
[LoadRateType](#) (class in [cyberdem.enumerations](#)), 26

## M

Manipulate (*class in cyberdem.base*), 13  
ManipulationAttack (*class in cyberdem.base*), 13  
MemoryUseEffect (*class in cyberdem.base*), 14  
MessageType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
module  
    cyberdem.base, 5  
    cyberdem.enumerations, 25  
    cyberdem.filesystem, 21  
    cyberdem.widgets, 29

## N

Network (*class in cyberdem.base*), 14  
NetworkLink (*class in cyberdem.base*), 15  
NetworkProtocolType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26

## O

OperatingSystem (*class in cyberdem.base*), 15  
OperatingSystemType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
OtherDegradeEffect (*class in cyberdem.base*), 16

## P

PacketManipulationEffect (*class in cyberdem.base*), 16  
PacketManipulationType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
Persona (*class in cyberdem.base*), 17  
PhishingAttack (*class in cyberdem.base*), 17  
PhysicalLayerType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26

## Q

query () (*cyberdem.filesystem.FileSystem method*), 22

## R

ReconType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
Relationship (*class in cyberdem.base*), 18  
RelationshipType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26

## S

save () (*cyberdem.filesystem.FileSystem method*), 22  
save\_flatfile () (*cyberdem.filesystem.FileSystem method*), 22  
SensitivityType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
Service (*class in cyberdem.base*), 18  
ServiceType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26  
System (*class in cyberdem.base*), 18  
SystemType (*class in cyberdem.enumerations*), 26