## 10.1.1

```
#include <stdio.h>
      #include <stdlib.h>
      #include <inttypes.h>
    v typedef struct Node {
      struct Node* npx;
      } · Node;
    v Node* XOR(Node* a, Node* b) {
11
      13
14
    void insert(Node** head_ref, int data) {
15
        Node* new_node = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
16
17
       -->new_node->npx = XOR(*head_ref, NULL);
    v → if (*head ref != NULL) {
18
        Node* next = XOR((*head_ref)->npx, NULL);
19
20
        → (*head ref)->npx = XOR(new node, next);
21
22
23
24
    void printList(Node* head) {
25
       →Node* curr = head;
26
      →Node* prev = NULL;
27
      → Node* next;
28
```

```
>> printf("%d ", curr->data);
31
33
       →>printf("\n");
     v int main() {
       ──Node* head = NULL;
38
     _{\text{V}}\longrightarrow while (1) {
40
42
       >>>printf("Enter your choice: ");
      → scanf("%d", &choice);
44
       46
         →

→ → → → scanf("%d", &data);
47
48
        →

→

→

→

→

→

→

→

break;
50
         → → → > case • 2:
51
       \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrowbreak;
53
        55
        \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow exit(\emptyset);
57
58
```

## 10.1.2

```
#include <stdio.h>
     void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n) {
     \vee \longrightarrow for \cdot (int \cdot i \cdot = \cdot 0; \cdot i \cdot \langle \cdot n-1; \cdot i++) \cdot \{
    _{V} \longrightarrow for \cdot (int \cdot j \cdot = \cdot 0; \cdot j \cdot \langle \cdot n - i - 1; \cdot j + +) \cdot \{
    _{V} \longrightarrow \rightarrow if (arr[j] > arr[j+1]) {
       → | → | int · temp · = · arr[j];
       10
12
13
14
     v int main() {
15
16
         →|printf("Enter value of n : ");
17
        18
       →int arr[n];
19
   v → for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
20
         → printf("Enter element for a[%d] : ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
21
22
23
    \vee \longrightarrow for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) \{
       math printf("Value of a[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i]);
25
26
27
      printf("After sorting the elements in the array are\n");
   v → for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
30
         >>>>>printf("Value of a[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i]);
31
32
```

## 10.2.1

```
#include <stdio.h>
    void swap(int *xp, int *yp) {
      *xp = *yp;
      *yp = temp;
    void selectionSort(int arr[], int n) {
11
12
13
      \rightarrow for (j = i+1; i+4; i+1; i+1)
14
      → lif (arr[j] < arr[min_idx])</pre>
15
16
      swap(&arr[min_idx], &arr[i]);
17
18
    void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
20
21
22
      23
24
25
    v int main() {
26
27
        ⇒|printf("Enter the number of shirts: ");
       ──\scanf("%d", &n);
       —>int arr[n];
```

## 10.2.2

```
#include <stdio.h>
     void swap(int *xp, int *yp) {
          \rightarrow int temp = *xp;
          \Rightarrow *xp = *yp;
         \rightarrow *yp = temp;
     void selectionSort(int cards[], int n) {
        \rightarrow if (cards[j] < cards[min_idx])
14
        16
18
     void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
20
     _{\text{V}} \longrightarrow \text{for} \cdot (i=0; \cdot i \cdot \langle \cdot \text{size}; \cdot i++) \{
       printf("%d ", arr[i]);
21
22
23
24
25
     v int main() {
26
27

yprintf("Enter the number of cards: ");

          ⇒scanf("%d", &n);
         →int arr[n];
```