Tourism Forecasting

2023-11-30

Model Evaluation

Fit models on all series

```
# load data
filepath = "tourism_monthly_dataset.tsf"
loaded_data <- convert_tsf_to_tsibble(filepath, "vistors", 'series_name', 'start_timestamp')
tsibble_data <- loaded_data[[1]]
head(tsibble_data)

## # A tsibble: 6 x 3 [1D]
## # Key: series_name [1]
## series_name start_timestamp vistors</pre>
```

```
## <chr>
                 <date>
                                    <dbl>
## 1 T1
                 1979-01-01
                                 1149.87
## 2 T1
                1979-02-01
                                 1053.800
## 3 T1
                1979-03-01
                                 1388.880
## 4 T1
                 1979-04-01
                                 1783.370
## 5 T1
                1979-05-01
                                 1921.025
## 6 T1
                1979-06-01
                                 2704.945
# convert to tsibble
series.names = tsibble_data |> as_tibble() |> select(series_name) |> distinct()
series.names = series.names$series_name
tsibble_data = tsibble_data |>
 mutate(month = yearmonth(start_timestamp)) |>
 as_tsibble(index = month)
# forecast
forecast.single = function (series) {
  tourism.ts = tsibble_data |> filter(series_name == series)
  nb.all = nrow(tourism.ts)
  nb.test = 24
 nb.train = nb.all - nb.test
  tourism.train = tourism.ts |> filter(row number() <= nb.train)</pre>
  tourism.test = tourism.ts |> filter(row_number() > nb.train)
  #tourism.train |> autoplot(vistors)
  #boxcox.lambda = tourism.train |> features(vistors, features = guerrero)
  #boxcox.lambda = boxcox.lambda$lambda_querrero
  #tourism.train |> autoplot(box_cox(vistors, boxcox.lambda))
  #tourism.train |> model(STL(vistors)) |> components() |> autoplot()
  fit.all = tourism.train |> model(
   arima = ARIMA(vistors),
   ets = ETS(vistors),
   nnar = NNETAR(sqrt(vistors)),
   prophet = prophet(vistors ~ season(period = 12, order =2, type = 'multiplicative')),
   mean = MEAN(vistors).
   naive = NAIVE(vistors),
   snaive = SNAIVE(vistors),
   drift = RW(vistors ~ drift())
  fcst.accu.all = NULL
  for (h in c(1,2,3,6,12,18,24)) {
   fcst = fit.all |> forecast(h = h, times = 100)
   fcst.accu = fcst |> accuracy(tourism.test) |>
      select(.model, series_name, RMSE, MAE, MAPE)
   fcst.accu$h = h
   if (is.null(fcst.accu.all)) {
     fcst.accu.all = fcst.accu
     fcst.accu.all = rbind(fcst.accu.all, fcst.accu)
```

```
fcst.accu.all
}

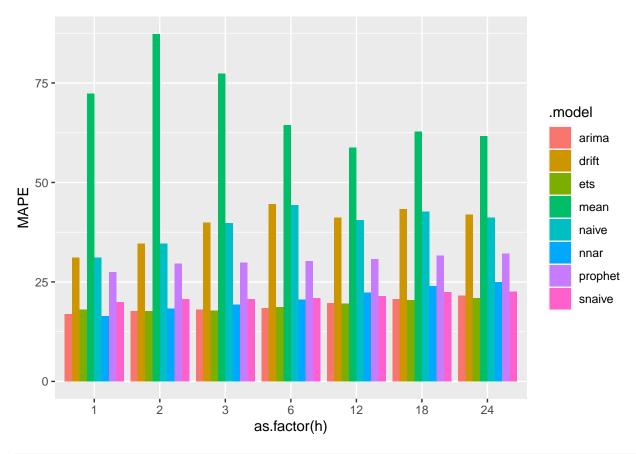
## forecast all
accu.all.series = NULL
for (series_name in series.names) {
   if (is.null(accu.all.series)) {
      accu.all.series = forecast.single(series_name)
   } else {
      accu.all.series = rbind(accu.all.series, forecast.single(series_name))
   }
}
```

Forecast accuracy and model rank

```
#save(accu.all.series, file = 'accu2.all.series.RObject')
accu.summarise = accu.all.series |> group_by(.model, h) |>
    summarise(RMSE = mean(RMSE), MAE = mean(MAE), MAPE=mean(MAPE))

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by '.model'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.

# compare all models
ggplot(accu.summarise, mapping = aes(x = as.factor(h), y = MAPE)) +
    geom_bar(aes(fill = .model), stat = 'identity', position = 'dodge')
```

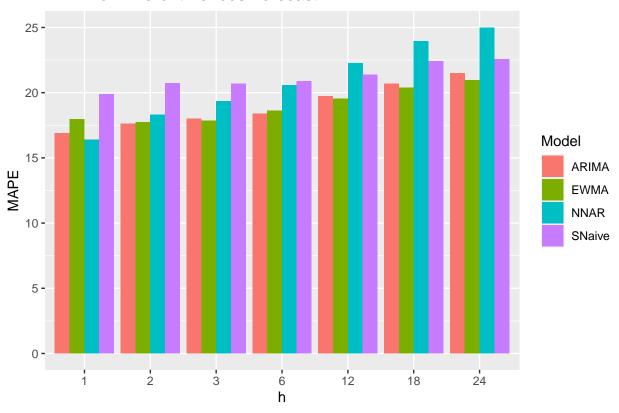


```
accu.with.best.model = accu.summarise |> filter(
    .model != 'mean', .model != 'drift', .model != 'naive', .model != 'prophet'
)

accu.with.best.model$.model[accu.with.best.model$.model=='arima'] = 'ARIMA'
accu.with.best.model$.model[accu.with.best.model$.model=='ets'] = 'EWMA'
accu.with.best.model$.model[accu.with.best.model$.model=='snaive'] = 'SNaive'
accu.with.best.model$.model[accu.with.best.model$.model=='nnar'] = 'NNAR'

# compare ARIMA EWMA SNaive and NNAR
ggplot(accu.with.best.model, mapping = aes(x = as.factor(h), y = MAPE)) +
geom_bar(aes(fill = .model), stat = 'identity', position = 'dodge') +
labs(x = 'h', fill = 'Model') +
ggtitle('MAPE of Different Periods Forecast')
```

MAPE of Different Periods Forecast



```
# mapes table
mapes = pivot_wider(data = accu.summarise, names_from = h, values_from = 'MAPE', id_cols = .model)

# average model rank
rank.mat = apply(mapes |> ungroup() |> select(`1`, `2`, `3`, `6`, `12`, `18`, `24`), 2, rank)
model.rank = rowSums(rank.mat)/7
tibble(mapes |> select(.model), rank = model.rank)
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 2
##
     .model
                 rank
##
     <chr>
                <dbl>
             1.714286
## 1 arima
## 2 drift
             7
## 3 ets
             1.571429
## 4 mean
## 5 naive
## 6 nnar
             3.142857
## 7 prophet 5
## 8 snaive 3.571429
```

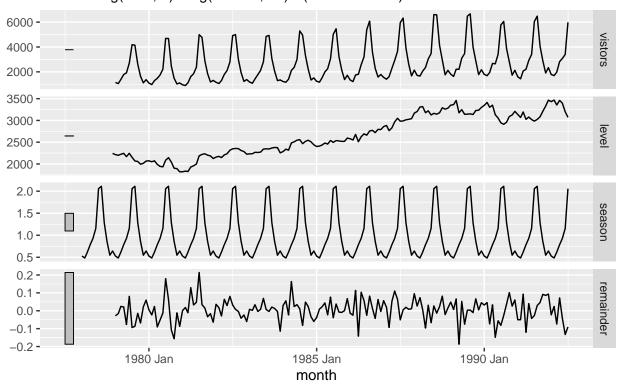
T1 ETS and ARIMA model

```
# check EWMA parameter on T1 series
T1 = tsibble_data |> filter(series_name == 'T1')
```

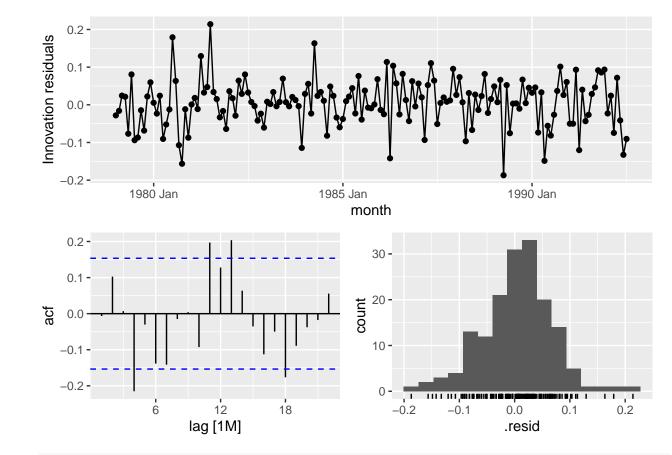
```
nb.all = nrow(T1)
nb.test = 24
nb.train = nb.all - nb.test
T1.train = T1 |> filter(row_number() <= nb.train)</pre>
T1.test = T1 |> filter(row_number() > nb.train)
fit.best = T1.train |> model(
  ets = ETS(vistors),
 arima = ARIMA(vistors)
)
fcst.best = fit.best |> forecast(new_data = T1.test)
#ets model
report(fit.best |> select(arima))
## Series: vistors
## Model: ARIMA(1,0,3)(1,1,1)[12] w/ drift
## Coefficients:
##
                                                      sma1 constant
            ar1
                     ma1
                             ma2
                                      ma3
                                             sar1
         0.9276 -0.6868 0.1548 -0.1973 0.1562 -0.5721
                                                               5.2486
                                                   0.1448
## s.e. 0.0588 0.1013 0.1102 0.0964 0.1783
                                                               1.9518
## sigma^2 estimated as 39824: log likelihood=-1011.88
## AIC=2039.76 AICc=2040.78
                                BIC=2063.9
report(fit.best |> select(ets))
## Series: vistors
## Model: ETS(M,N,M)
     Smoothing parameters:
##
##
       alpha = 0.4402505
       gamma = 0.0001362852
##
##
##
     Initial states:
                           s[-1]
                                     s[-2]
                                              s[-3]
                                                       s[-4]
                                                                 s[-5]
                                                                          s[-6]
##
        1[0]
                  ន[0]
    2242.375 0.6422779 0.5473855 0.8614515 1.284841 2.111213 2.057443 1.154695
##
##
        s[-7]
                  s[-8]
                           s[-9]
                                    s[-10]
                                              s[-11]
   0.9274411 0.7855666 0.616549 0.4835589 0.5275775
##
##
##
     sigma^2: 0.0044
##
                AICc
##
        AIC
                          BIC
## 2484.814 2488.080 2531.221
# component and residual
fit.best |> select(ets) |> components() |> autoplot()
```

ETS(M,N,M) decomposition

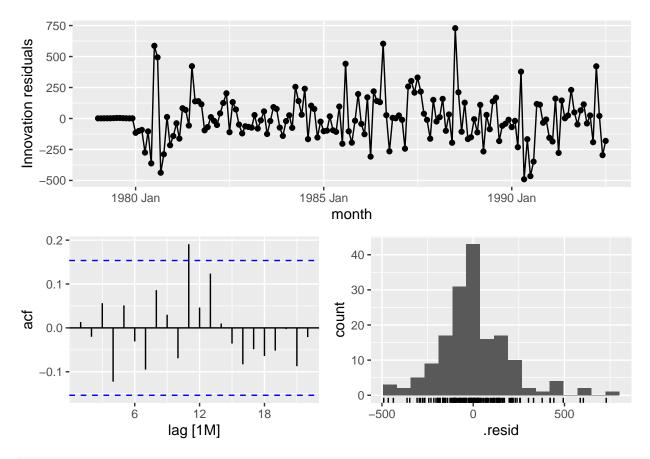
vistors = lag(level, 1) * lag(season, 12) * (1 + remainder)



fit.best |> select(ets) |> gg_tsresiduals()



fit.best |> select(arima) |> gg_tsresiduals()



#forecast plot
fcst.best |> autoplot(T1) + facet_grid(.model ~ .)

