CS 311 HW7 Graph Algorithms Part 1

MST and Shortest Path (based on week 11 - 12)

DUE: Week 14 Monday

TOTAL 32 points Your score:

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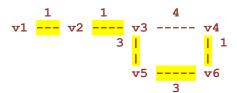
*DATE SUBMITTED: 11/28/16

Purpose: To be able to follow graph algorithms

Review Questions from Week 12 and 13:

1. Using the following graph, do the Prim/Dijkstra algorithm for finding a MST [1 per prompt=12pts] Your score:

Start with v1 and complete the following. Give the grand total cost at the bottom.



Tree: v1 Fringe: v2

Select v1-v2 with cost 1

Tree: v1 v2 Fringe: v3

Select: v2-v3 with cost 1

Tree: v1 v2 v3 Fringe: v4 and v5

Select: v3-v5 with cost 3

Tree: v1 v2 v3 v5 Fringe: v4 and v6

Select: v5-v6 with cost 3

Tree: v1 v2 v3 v5 v6

Fringe: v4

Select: v6-v4 with cost 1

Highlight the MST edges in the above drawing.

TOTAL COST OF MST IS: 1+1+3+3+1=9

Use the following directed graph.

```
A to B is 4
A to F is 2

B to A is 1
B to C is 3
B to D is 4

C to A is 6
C to B is 3
C to D is 7

D to A is 6
D to E is 2

E to D is 5

F to D is 2
F to E is 3
```

a) Do Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm starting with C ending with E.

Trace the algorithm using the same format as I used in Notes-12A. (Remember the tables???) Run my solution program to help you. Note that you may stop as soon as E is added to the Tree.

Initially:

Tree has: C

Fringe (F*) has: A, B and D

DistTo of these are initialized to be the edge weights from C.

Tree:	С		
		DistTo	CandidateEdge
F*	A	6	from C
F*	В	3	from C
F*	D	7	from C
	E	inf	
	F	inf	

Step1:

Pick B (show that B is T* in the table)

Tree (T*) now has: C, B

B is next to A, C, D. A and D are already in Fringe.

DistTo to all Fringe vertices when going through B:

- DistTO[A] = DistTo[B] + weight(B,A) = 4 update (it is better)
- DistTO[D] = DistTo[B] + weight(B,D) = 7 no change (it is not better)

Tree: C, B

```
DistTo CandidateEdge
F* A 4 from B updated
```

```
T* B 3
            from C
F* D 7
            from C
   E inf
   F inf
Continue the trace using the same format until E is in the Tree.[16]
Step 2:
Pick A (show that A is T* in the table)
Tree (T*) now has:C,B,A
A is next to: B,F
DistTo to these Fringe (F*) vertices when going through A:
          DistTO[B] = DistTo[A] + weight(A,B) = 8 no change
                                                           (it is not better)
             DistTO[F] = DistTo[A] + weight(A,F) = 6 update (it is better)
          (indicate new or updated in the table)
Tree: C,B,A
      DistTo CandidateEdge
               from B
   A 4
T*
               from C
   B 3
F*
   D 7
               from C
   F 6
               from A
Step 3: etc. (copy the above, paste and update).
Pick F (show that F is T* in the table)
Tree (T*) now has:C,B,A,F
F is next to: D,E
DistTo to these Fringe (F*) vertices when going through A:
             DistTO[D] = DistTo[F] + weight(F,D) = 7 update (it is better)
             DistTO[E] = DistTo[F] + weight(F,E) = 9 no change (it is not better)
          (indicate new or updated in the table)
Tree: C,B,A,F
      DistTo CandidateEdge
Т*
   A 4
             from B
T* B 3
             from C
F* D 7
             from C
F* E 9
             from F
T* F 6
             from A
Pick D (show that D is T* in the table)
Tree (T*) now has:C,B,A,F,D
D is next to: A,E
DistTo to these Fringe (F*) vertices when going through A:
             DistTO[A] = DistTo[D] + weight(D,A) = 6 no change
             DistTO[E] = DistTo[D] + weight(D,E) = 9 update (it is better)
          (indicate new or updated in the table)
Tree: C,B,A,F,D
      DistTo CandidateEdge
   A 4
             from B
T* B 3
             from C
T* D 7
             from C
F* E 9
             from F
T* F 6
             from A
```

Tree: C,B,A,F,D,E

		DistTo	<u>CandidateEdge</u>
T *	A	4	from B
T *	В	3	from C
T *	D	7	from C
T *	E	9	from F
T *	F	6	from A

b) What was the path from C to E found by the algorithm? Indicate the vertices on the path.[2]

C-B-A-F-E

c) How did you retrieve that path from the table? (What information from the very last table did you use?)[2]

I started with e, in this case, and kept going back to `from' or `candidate edge' until it got to c or the root. Then the shortest path would be the reverse of that pathway i found from e to c because I wanted the shortest pathway from c to e

Submit this file:

• This assignment sheet with your answers