

# Pipeline Scripts

- A Pipeline is a user-defined model of a CD pipeline. A Pipeline's code defines your entire build process, which typically includes stages for building an application, testing it and then delivering it
- Jenkins with its rich set of plugins provides many ways to create a CI/CD pipeline, pipeline-as-code is just one of the many; and the most prominent approach to that.
- The pipeline code can either be written in a Jenkins job (using the Groovy Plugin) or as a Jenkinsfile and committing it to the source-control.
- Pipeline script skeleton differs for **Declarative Pipeline syntax** and **Scripted Pipeline syntax**.

## *Declarative Pipeline*

pipeline {	# a pipeline block is a key part of Declarative Pipeline syntax
agent any	#Execute this Pipeline or any of its stages, on any available agent.
environment {	#The environment directive specifies a sequence of key-value pairs which will be defined as environment variables for the all steps, or stage-specific steps, depending on where the environment directive is located within the Pipeline.
CC = 'clang'	
}	
tools {	# A section defining tools to auto-install and put on the PATH.
maven 'apache-maven-3.0.1'	
}	
stages {	
stage('Build') {	#A stage block defines a conceptually distinct subset of tasks performed through the entire Pipeline (e.g. "Build", "Test" and "Deploy" )
steps {	# a step tells Jenkins <i>what</i> to do at a particular

point in time. For example, to execute the shell command make use the sh step: sh 'make'

```
        //
    }
}
stage('Test') {
    steps {
        //
    }
}
stage('Deploy') {
    steps {
        //
    }
}
post {
    always {
        echo 'I will always say Hello again!'
    }
}
}
```

- The amount of sophistication that can be brought in the pipelines is very much dependent on the use of sessions, the list goes long, **refer Pipeline Syntax in jenkins.io.**

(<https://jenkins.io/doc/book/pipeline/syntax/>)

- ***Scripted Pipeline***

```
node {

    stage('Build') {
        //
    }
    stage('Test') {
        //
    }
    stage('Deploy') {
        //
    }
}
```

*# In Scripted Pipeline syntax, one or more node blocks do the core work throughout the entire Pipeline.*

- The concept of stages and sessions remains unchanged in both scripted and declarative pipelines.

## • A working DevOps Pipeline (Canon CI/CD)

```
node {
  cleanWs()
  stage '1. Git checkout ContentAPI'
    git branch: 'develop', credentialsId: 'continuous-delivery-bitbucket', url:
'https://Continuous.Delivery@canon-europe-bitbucket.valiantys.net/scm/cmp/content-
api.git'
    dir('PROPERTIES') {
      # in below git checkout will be performed in the
      PROPERTIES directory
      git credentialsId: 'continuous-delivery-bitbucket', url:
'https://Continuous.Delivery@canon-europe-
bitbucket.valiantys.net/scm/cmp/properties.git'
    }

  stage '2. Prepare Environment'
    tool name: 'Maven 3.3.9', type: 'maven'
    env.JAVA_HOME="${tool 'OpenJDK 1.8'}"
    env.PATH="${env.JAVA_HOME}/bin:${env.PATH}"

  stage '3. Add <distributionManagement>'
    dir('contentapiapp') {
      sh """"
      # sh here indicates a bash script will ensue, bat is used for
      windows
      echo '<distributionManagement>'
      <snapshotRepository>
      <id>snapshots</id>
      <name>Snapshots</name>
      <url>http://nexus:8081/nexus/content/repositories/snapshots/ContentApiStaging</url>
      </snapshotRepository>
      </distributionManagement>
      </project>' > append
    }
```

```
sed -i 's|</project>||g' pom.xml
cat append >> pom.xml
```

*#since while adding <distributionManagement>  
the </project> is added, the sed(stream Editor):  
a cmd used to edit a file w/o opening it is used  
to replace existing </project> with a white space  
's'(used for substitution)| search pattern| replacement| g- global  
replacement(replaces all occurrence in the give pattern'*

```
tail -n 50 pom.xml
"""
```

*#prints the last 50 lines of pom.xml*

```
sh "cat pom.xml"
}
```

stage '4. Execute Unit Tests'

```
withMaven(globalMavenSettingsConfig: 'a3c77df0-d448-414b-8c6c-
4879598a99e1', jdk: 'OpenJDK 1.8', maven: 'Maven 3.3.9') {
    dir('contentapiapp') {
        sh "mvn clean install -X"
    }
}
```

stage '5. SonarQube analysis'

```
dir('contentapiapp') {
    def ACCESS_TOKEN = 'a3ed1f9fb8fd4639b97fa4d8a4e9af1452bbe146';
    def SONAR_URL = 'http://172.31.82.116:9000'
    def scannerHome = tool 'SonarQube scanner';
    def pom = readMavenPom file: 'pom.xml';
    sh """
        ${scannerHome}/bin/sonar-scanner \
        -Dsonar.host.url=${SONAR_URL} \
        -Dsonar.login=${ACCESS_TOKEN} \
        -Dsonar.projectKey=${pom.artifactId} \
        -Dsonar.projectName=${pom.artifactId} \
        -Dsonar.projectVersion=${pom.version} \
        -Dsonar.sources=. \
        -Dsonar.java.binaries=. \
        -Dsonar.java.source=1.8 \
        -Dsonar.language=java \
        -X
    """
}
```

stage '6. Make project comply with DEV\_STAGING mode'

```
dir('contentapiapp') {
    sh """
```

```

        sed -i '/<artifactId>/ s/contentapi/contentapi-Staging/' pom.xml
        cp ../PROPERTIES/cms/dev/staging/cd_client_conf.xml content-
api/src/main/resources/cd_client_conf.xml
        ls -la content-api/src/main/resources/
    """"
}

```

```

stage '7. Build and deploy contenapi-STAGING to Nexus Snapshots repository'
withMaven(globalMavenSettingsConfig: 'a3c77df0-d448-414b-8c6c-
4879598a99e1', jdk: 'OpenJDK 1.8', maven: 'Maven 3.3.9') {
    dir('contentapiapp') {
        sh "mvn deploy"
    }
}

```

```

stage '8. Deploy contentapi-STAGING in DEV_API machine'
dir('contentapiapp') {
    def pom = readMavenPom file: 'pom.xml';
    build job: 'CONTENT_API_DEV_STAGING_DEPLOYMENT', parameters:
[string(name: 'DEPLOYMENT_VERSION', value: pom.version)]
}
}

```