

Assignment 2

1. Raindrops are falling at an average rate of 20 drops per square inch per minute. What would be a reasonable distribution to use for the number of raindrops hitting a particular region measuring 5 inches² in t minutes? Why? Using your chosen distribution, compute the probability that the region has no rain drops in a given 3 second time interval. A reasonable choice of distribution is P

Ans:-

Consider time is 1 minute

20 drops $\rightarrow 1 \text{ inch}^2$

x drops $\rightarrow 5 \text{ inch}^2$

Therefore x = 100 drops

For time is 3 seconds

100 drops $\rightarrow 1 \text{ minute} \rightarrow 60 \text{ seconds}$

x drops $\rightarrow 3 \text{ seconds}$

therefore x = 5 drops/3 seconds

Here we will use Poisson's Distribution for computing the Probability. Since the poisson distribution works well when there is some interval given.

P = Poisson's Distributed

X = Is the event of rainfall happening

$$P(X = 0) = (e^{-\mu} * \mu^x) / x!$$

$$P(X = 0) = (e^{-5} * 1) / 1 = 0.0068$$

2. Let X be a random day of the week, coded so that Monday is 1, Tuesday is 2, etc. (so X takes values 1, 2, ..., 7, with equal probabilities). Let Y be the next day after X (again represented as an integer between 1 and 7). Do X and Y have the same distribution? What is $P(X)$

Ans:-

X can have values ranging from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ having equal probabilities of $1/7$ and hence it is **Uniform Distribution**.

If the X is fixed, Y should certainly be the next day after the X . and hence the Y is not a distribution but it is a certain event dependent of the X .

Hence we can say that the X and Y doesn't have the same distribution.

$$P(X) = 1/7$$