

Section: 1973 oil crisis

Context: Some of the income was dispensed in the form of aid to other underdeveloped nations whose economies had been caught between higher oil prices and lower prices for their own export commodities, amid shrinking Western demand. Much went for arms purchases that exacerbated political tensions, particularly in the Middle East. Saudi Arabia spent over 100 billion dollars in the ensuing decades for helping spread its fundamentalist interpretation of Islam, known as Wahhabism, throughout the world, via religious charities such as al-Haramain Foundation, which often also distributed funds to violent Sunni extremist groups such as Al-Qaeda and the Taliban. CANNOTANSWER

STUDENT: **How much did Saudi Arabia spend on spreading Wahhabism?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (over 100 billion dollars)

STUDENT: **Which group benefited from the funds distributed by the religious charity, al-Haramain Foundation?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (Al-Qaeda and the Taliban)

STUDENT: **Some of the income went to the purchase of arms which exacerbated political tension especially in which area?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (Middle East)

STUDENT: **What is one of the reason that underdeveloped nations received aid from the oil income?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (shrinking Western demand)

STUDENT: **What is a fundamentalist interpretation of Islam called?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (Wahhabism)

STUDENT: **How much did Saudi Arabia spend on Western demand for oil?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (CANNOTANSWER)

STUDENT: **Some of the export commodities that were used for oil purchases helped create tensions where?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (CANNOTANSWER)

STUDENT: **When did Saudi Arabia spend 100 billion on oil prices?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (CANNOTANSWER)

STUDENT: **What is a fundamentalist interpretation of al-Haramain called?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (CANNOTANSWER)

STUDENT: **What is one reason that Al-Qaeda received aid from Sunni extremists?**

TEACHER: ➡ "" (CANNOTANSWER)