







80



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices

SEO

PWA



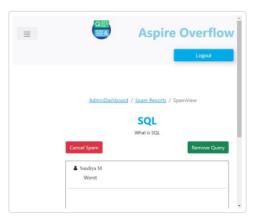
Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

▲ First Contentful Paint

5.7 s

▲ Time to Interactive

7.1 s

▲ Speed Index

5.7 s

Total Blocking Time

90 ms

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

7.0 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.037



Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Enable text compression

4.93 s ^

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/vendor.js (localhost)	5,039.6 KiB	4,052.8 KiB
/scripts.js (localhost)	1,066.6 KiB	776.5 KiB
/main.js (localhost)	557.6 KiB	484.0 KiB
/styles.css (localhost)	369.1 KiB	315.5 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	297.0 KiB	223.6 KiB
/styles.js (localhost)	173.8 KiB	126.1 KiB
/runtime.js (localhost)	6.5 KiB	4.8 KiB

▲ Reduce unused JavaScript 3.09 s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/vendor.js (localhost)	5,039.9 KiB	2,406.0 KiB
@ng-bootstrap/ng-bootstrap/fesm2015/ng-bootstrap.mjs	605.9 KiB	395.1 KiB
@angular/core/fesm2015/core.mjs	1,128.5 KiB	351.8 KiB
chart.js/dist/chart.esm.js	358.6 KiB	334.5 KiB
@angular/animations/fesm2015/browser.mjs	164.3 KiB	141.8 KiB
@angular/forms/fesm2015/forms.mjs	277.8 KiB	110.4 KiB
/scripts.js (localhost)	1,066.9 KiB	680.2 KiB
datatables.net\js\jquery.dataTables.js	443.1 KiB	225.6 KiB
jquery\dist\jquery.js	279.9 KiB	200.3 KiB
bootstrap\dist\js\bootstrap.js	144.4 KiB	97.0 KiB
datatables.net\js\jquery.dataTables.min.js	88.2 KiB	73.4 KiB
jquery\dist\jquery.min.js	87.4 KiB	63.7 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/main.js (localhost)	557.9 KiB	312.6 KiB
src/app/Shared Pages/register/register.component.html	18.4 KiB	18.4 KiB
src/app/User Pages/homepage/homepage.component.html	12.8 KiB	12.8 KiB
src/app/User Pages/create-article-page/create-article-page.component.html	10.6 KiB	10.6 KiB
src/app/User Pages/my-articles/my-articles.component.html	9.4 KiB	9.4 KiB
src/app/User Pages/update-article-page/update-article-page.component.html	9.3 KiB	9.3 KiB
/styles.js (localhost)	174.1 KiB	167.2 KiB
/node_modules/html-entities/lib/named-references.js	68.4 KiB	68.4 KiB
/node_modules/webpack-dev-server/client/modules/logger/index.js	26.8 KiB	26.8 KiB
/node_modules/events/events.js	15.1 KiB	15.1 KiB
/node_modules/webpack-dev-server/client/index.js	8.3 KiB	8.3 KiB
/node_modules/html-entities/lib/index.js	8.0 KiB	8.0 KiB
standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)	190.8 KiB	165.8 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	297.3 KiB	65.1 KiB
node_modules/zone.js/fesm2015/zone.js	124.9 KiB	25.6 KiB
node_modules/events/events.js	14.8 KiB	11.5 KiB
node_modules/webpack-dev-server/client/modules/logger/index.js	26.3 KiB	7.7 KiB
node_modules/html-entities/lib/index.js	7.8 KiB	5.5 KiB
node_modules/webpack-dev-server/client/overlay.js	6.7 KiB	5.2 KiB

▲ Minify JavaScript 2.24 s ^

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/vendor.js (localhost)	5,039.9 KiB	2,092.2 KiB
/scripts.js (localhost)	1,066.9 KiB	508.6 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	297.3 KiB	98.8 KiB
/main.js (localhost)	557.9 KiB	75.7 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/styles.js (localhost)	174.1 KiB	36.4 KiB
/runtime.js (localhost)	6.8 KiB	3.8 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.6 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/font-awesome.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	6.2 KiB	220 ms
/styles.css (localhost)	369.3 KiB	1,490 ms
standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)	190.8 KiB	1,020 ms

Reduce unused CSS

0.4 s ^

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/styles.css (localhost)	369.3 KiB	355.9 KiB

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

0.24 s ^

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [TBT]

Source	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
node_modules/html-entities		150.75 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	75.50 KiB	
/vendor.js (localhost)	73.85 KiB	

2.00 1 101		
Source	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/styles.js (localhost)	76.90 KiB	
node_modules/webpack-dev-server		119.00 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	59.60 KiB	
/vendor.js (localhost)	58.30 KiB	
/styles.js (localhost)	60.70 KiB	
node_modules/events		29.60 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	14.85 KiB	
/vendor.js (localhost)	14.50 KiB	
/styles.js (localhost)	15.10 KiB	
node_modules/ansi-html-community		8.45 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	4.25 KiB	
/vendor.js (localhost)	4.15 KiB	
/styles.js (localhost)	4.30 KiB	
node_modules/webpack		2.75 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	1.35 KiB	
/vendor.js (localhost)	1.35 KiB	
/styles.js (localhost)	1.40 KiB	

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 9 resources found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more. ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1) Cache Transfer URL TTL Size /vendor.js (localhost) 5,040 KiB None 1,067 KiB /scripts.js (localhost) None /main.js (localhost) None 558 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
/styles.css (localhost)	None	369 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	None	297 KiB
/styles.js (localhost)	None	174 KiB
/assets/Logo.png (localhost)	None	24 KiB
/runtime.js (localhost)	None	7 KiB
standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)	7 d	191 KiB

▲ Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

URL Potential Savings

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 60 ms

Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 7,813 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size
/vendor.js (localhost)	5,039.9 KiB
/scripts.js (localhost)	1,066.9 KiB
/main.js (localhost)	557.9 KiB
/styles.css (localhost)	369.3 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	297.3 KiB
standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)	190.8 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
/styles.js (localhost)	174.1 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	76.1 KiB
/assets/Logo.png (localhost)	24.5 KiB
/runtime.js (localhost)	6.8 KiB

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 860 ms

Initial Navigation

/SpamView/3 (localhost)

- ...css/bootstrap.min.css (localhost) 20 ms, 0.00 KiB
- ...css/font-awesome.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)
 - ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 60 ms, 76.09 KiB

/styles.css (localhost) - 20 ms, 369.34 KiB

...standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com) - 140 ms, 190.83 KiB

/runtime.js (localhost) - 20 ms, 6.82 KiB

/polyfills.js (localhost) - 20 ms, 297.30 KiB

/vendor.js (localhost) - 90 ms, 5,039.86 KiB

/main.js (localhost) - 50 ms, 557.85 KiB

User Timing marks and measures — 36 user timings

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone	Measure	432.49 ms	0.41 ms
Zone:ZoneAwarePromise	Measure	432.9 ms	0.6 ms
Zone:toString	Measure	433.41 ms	0.19 ms

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone:util	Measure	433.53 ms	0.37 ms
Zone:legacy	Measure	433.84 ms	0.16 ms
Zone:queueMicrotask	Measure	433.89 ms	0.11 ms
Zone:timers	Measure	433.95 ms	0.35 ms
Zone:requestAnimationFrame	Measure	434.2 ms	0.1 ms
Zone:blocking	Measure	434.27 ms	0.23 ms
Zone:EventTarget	Measure	434.38 ms	0.92 ms
Zone:MutationObserver	Measure	435.28 ms	0.22 ms
Zone:IntersectionObserver	Measure	435.48 ms	0.52 ms
Zone:FileReader	Measure	435.88 ms	0.22 ms
Zone:on_property	Measure	436.02 ms	18.68 ms
Zone:customElements	Measure	454.64 ms	0.26 ms
Zone:XHR	Measure	454.85 ms	0.35 ms
Zone:geolocation	Measure	455.14 ms	0.16 ms
Zone:PromiseRejectionEvent	Measure	455.26 ms	0.14 ms
Zone	Mark	432.52 ms	
Zone:ZoneAwarePromise	Mark	432.91 ms	
Zone:toString	Mark	433.42 ms	
Zone:util	Mark	433.53 ms	
Zone:legacy	Mark	433.85 ms	
Zone:queueMicrotask	Mark	433.89 ms	
Zone:timers	Mark	433.95 ms	

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone:requestAnimationFrame	Mark	434.21 ms	
Zone:blocking	Mark	434.28 ms	
Zone:EventTarget	Mark	434.38 ms	
Zone:MutationObserver	Mark	435.29 ms	
Zone:IntersectionObserver	Mark	435.49 ms	
Zone:FileReader	Mark	435.9 ms	
Zone:on_property	Mark	436.02 ms	
Zone:customElements	Mark	454.66 ms	
Zone:XHR	Mark	454.86 ms	
Zone:geolocation	Mark	455.15 ms	
Zone:PromiseRejectionEvent	Mark	455.26 ms	

 $\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,$ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small $\,\,-\,$ 15 requests • 7,811 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn more</u>.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	15	7,811.3 KiB
Script	7	7,333.6 KiB
Stylesheet	3	375.6 KiB
Font	1	76.1 KiB
Image	1	24.5 KiB
Document	1	1.4 KiB
Other	2	0.2 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Siz
Third-party	3	273.2 Ki
Largest Contentful Paint	element — 1 element found	
his is the largest contentfo	ul element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u> <u>LCP</u>	
Element		
	h1.text	
Avoid large layout shifts	— 4 elements found	
hese DOM elements cont	ribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS	
Flement		
Element		
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-	
Element		Contributio
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-	Contributio
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-	Contributio
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-orientation-vertical	Contributio
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-orientation-vertical	CL Contribution 0.02
Element	cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-viewport.example-viewport.cdk-virtual-scroll-orientation-vertical	Contributio

Element		CLS Contribution
button.btn-danger		0.002
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 3 long tasks found		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contribu	tors to input delay. <u>Learn more</u>	TBT
URL	Start Time	Duration
/styles.js (localhost)	7,058 ms	142 ms
Unattributable	200 ms	103 ms
/runtime.js (localhost)	945 ms	73 ms
Avoid non-composited animations — 1 animated element found		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn r		
Element	Name	
div#sidebar-wrapper.bg-light.border-right.text.show Unsupported CSS Property: margin-left	margin-let	ft
More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't	directly affect the Performance	score.
PASSED AUDITS (24)		Hide
Properly size images — Potential savings of 23 KiB		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve lo	oad time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img. Log olm /assets/Logo.png (localhost) g	24.2 KiB	23.5 KiB

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u>.

Minify CSS

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 13 KiB

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img. Log olm g	/assets/Logo.png (localhost)	24.2 KiB	13.0 KiB

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>FCP</u>

URL Time Spent
/SpamView/3 (localhost) 0 ms

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

Preload key requests

Use HTTP/2

Consider using `k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP (LCP)

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> [CCP]

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 27 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More (TBT)

URL Potential Savings 26.1 KiB /scripts.js (localhost) scripts.js:117 Array.isArray scripts.js:117 Array.prototype.includes scripts.js:31709 @babel/plugin-transform-classes /styles.js (localhost) 0.2 KiB styles.js:944 @babel/plugin-transform-classes 0.2 KiB /polyfills.js (localhost)

URL		Potential Savings
polyfills.js:1054	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	
/vendor.js (localhost)		0.2 KiB
vendor.js:25705	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

^

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. (LCP)

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 81 elements

^

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		81
Maximum DOM Depth	i.fa.fa-desktop.me-2	10
	body	
Maximum Child Elements		7

JavaScript execution time - 0.3 s

^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/SpamView/3 (localhost)	238 ms	37 ms	4 ms
/styles.js (localhost)	218 ms	208 ms	3 ms
Unattributable	163 ms	3 ms	0 ms
standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)	53 ms	27 ms	12 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/scripts.js (localhost)	50 ms	35 ms	14 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.8 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	333 ms
Other	209 ms
Style & Layout	91 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	67 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	43 ms
Rendering	29 ms
Garbage Collection	1 ms

Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Cloudflare CDN	82 KiB	0 ms
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	76 KiB	0 ms
css/font-awesome.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	6 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more</u>.

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as 'passive' to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u> more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

CONTRAST

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

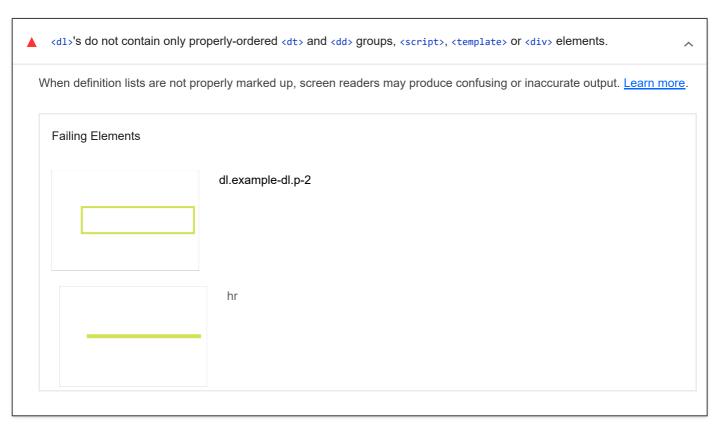
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements	
	h1.text
na	v.navbar.bg-light.navbar-light.px-2.py-20
	button.custom-btn.btn-1
	а
body	
	a
body	
	h1.Title

Failing Elei	ments			
	body			
p.mb-0				

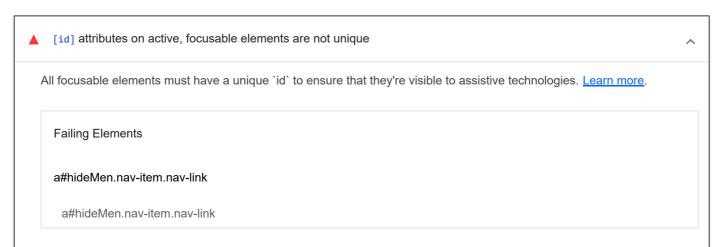
These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

TABLES AND LISTS



These are opportunities to improve the experience of reading tabular or list data using assistive technology, like a screen reader.

NAVIGATION



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10) Hide The page has a logical tab order Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more. Interactive controls are keyboard focusable Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more. Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn more. The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more. User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (17) Hide [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when 'aria-hidden="true" is set on the document '<body>'. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements ^ Screen readers require list items (`') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (24)	Hide
O [accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.	
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	able
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unu for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	sable
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	able
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, mait unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	aking
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility funct <u>Learn more</u> .	ions.
O [role] values are valid	^

A	ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
	When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusal or users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	ble
0	ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable or users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	е
0	ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable or users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	е
0	ARIA IDs are unique	^
	The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Lea</u> nore.	<u>arn</u>
0	No form fields have multiple labels	^
	Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
S	Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
	When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand he purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Form elements have associated labels	^
L	abels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.	
0	The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
	Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	

<object> elements have alternate text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. O No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. O [lang] attributes have a valid value ^ Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

GENERAL

Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

Source	Description
	ERROR TypeError: Cannot read properties of undefined (reading 'query') at SpamViewComponent_Template
	<pre>(http://localhost:4200/main.js:521:85) at executeTemplate (http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:66026:9)</pre>
	at refreshView (http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:65889:13) at refreshComponent
vendor	<pre>(http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:67086:13) at refreshChildComponents</pre>
<u>.js:628</u>	(http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:65685:9) at refreshView (http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:65939:13)
<u>88</u>	at refreshEmbeddedViews (http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:67040:17) at refreshView
	(http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:65913:9) at refreshComponent
	<pre>(http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:67086:13) at refreshChildComponents</pre>
	(http://localhost:4200/vendor.js:65685:9)
3:1	Refused to apply style from 'http://localhost:4200/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css' because its MIME type ('text/html') is not a supported stylesheet MIME type, and strict MIME checking is enabled.
3:1	Refused to apply style from 'http://localhost:4200/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css' because its MIME type ('text/html') is not a supported stylesheet MIME type, and strict MIME checking is enabled.

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	5.1.3
jQuery	3.6.0
Angular	13.3.11

▲ Missing source maps for large first-party JavaScript

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL

...standard/ckeditor.js (cdn.ckeditor.com)

Large JavaScript file is missing a source map

/runtime.js (localhost)

/runtime.js.map (localhost)

Warning: missing 3 items in `.sourcesContent`

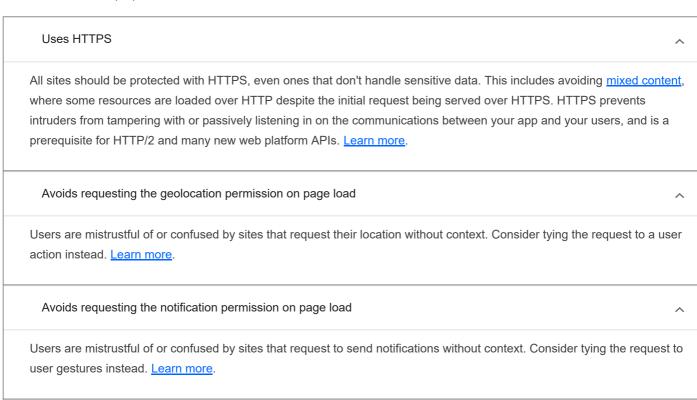
^

nap (localhost)
ap (localhost)
nap (localhost)
map (localhost)
p (localhost)

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		
A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significan	ntly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting	g (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn more</u>
Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

PASSED AUDITS (11) Hide



Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited <u>Learn more</u> .	d by attackers.
Allows users to paste into password fields	^
Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize imagemore.	je clarity. <u>Learn</u>
Page has the HTML doctype	^
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Properly defines charset	^
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more.	f the HTML or in
Avoids deprecated APIs	^
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools	^
Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come fr request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in 6 for more details on each issue.	
OT APPLICABLE (1)	Hid
Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^
Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more	



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES	
▲ Document does not have a meta description	^
Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Lea	<u>arn more</u> .
Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.	
CRAWLING AND INDEXING	
▲ Links are not crawlable	^
Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attributes on links to crawl websites.	bute of anchor elements links
Uncrawlable Link	
a.text-white.border-bottom	
a.text-white	
a.text-white	
a.text-white	
a.text-white.border-bottom	
To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (8)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 milliseco</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u> . TBT	<u>nd delay</u>
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>e if a</td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Leal</u></td><td>rn more.</td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an er attribute. Learn more.</td><td>mpty alt</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or re
Learn more.</td><td>egion.</td></tr><tr><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>NOT APPLICABLE (4)</td><td>Hide</td></tr><tr><td>o robots.txt is valid</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

If your robots.txt file is malformed	crawlers may not	be able to unde	erstand how y	ou want your	website to b	e crawled	or
indexed. Learn more.							

O Document has a valid rel=canonical

^

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

^

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

^

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

INSTALLABLE

A \

Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

^

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest < link > URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

^

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more. TBT Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Jul 12, 2022, 2:55 PM GMT+5:30 Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 9.6.1 Custom throttling Single page load

Using Chromium 103.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 9.6.1 | File an issue