



DEEP LEARNING

MODAL DECOMPOSITION

Reconstruction

Prediction

HOSVD

Pattern detection

Data Repairing

HODMD

Pattern detection

Autoencoders

Reconstruction

Superresolution

Full DL

Prediction

Hybrid

HODMD

ModelFLOWs

Superresolution

















MODAL DECOMPOSITION

Pattern detection

Reconstruction

Prediction

HOSVD

Data Repairing

HODMD

Pattern detection

Autoencoders

DEEP LEARNING

Reconstruction

Superresolution

Full DL

Prediction

Hybrid

HODMD

ModelFLOWs

Superresolution













Motivation



International Journal of Heat and Fluid Flow 100 (2023) 109101



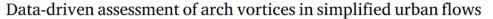
Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

International Journal of Heat and Fluid Flow

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ijhff



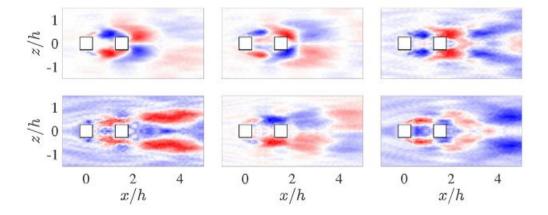




Álvaro Martínez-Sánchez ^{a,c}, Eneko Lazpita ^b, Adrián Corrochano ^b, Soledad Le Clainche ^b, Sergio Hoyas ^a, Ricardo Vinuesa ^{c,*}

- a Instituto Universitario de Matemática Pura y Aplicada, Universitat Politècnica de València, Valencia 46022, Spain
- ^b School of Aerospace Engineering, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, 28040 Madrid, Spain
- ^c FLOW, Engineering Mechanics, KTH Royal Institute of Technology, SE-100 44 Stockholm, Sweden

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijheatfluidflow.2022.109101



Pattern analysis in turbulent complex flows in urban environments using proper orthogonal decomposition (POD).















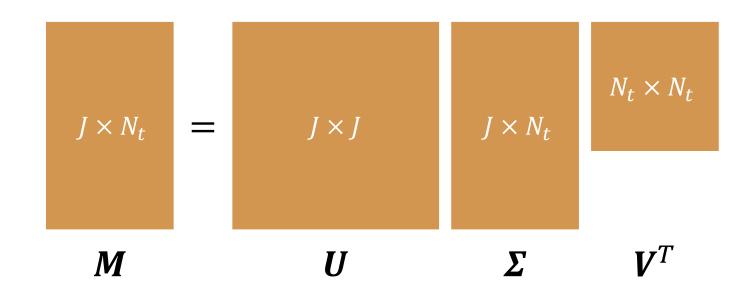
Methodology

HOSVD

$$M = U \Sigma V^T$$

Spatial dimension: $J \equiv N_u \times N_x \times N_y \times N_z$

Temporal dimension: N_t

















Methodology

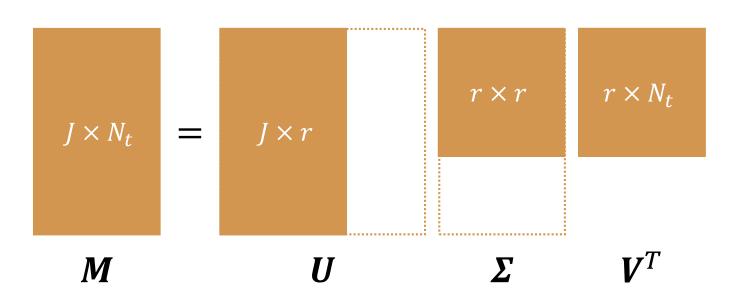
HOSVD

$$M = U \Sigma V^T$$

Spatial dimension: $J \equiv N_u \times N_x \times N_y \times N_z$

Temporal dimension: N_t

Rank: $r \leq \min(J, N_t)$

















Methodology

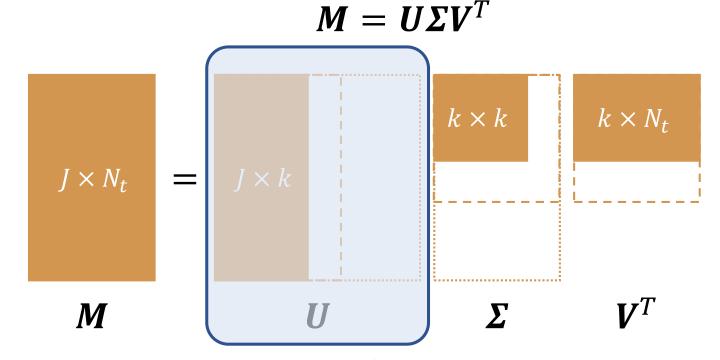
HOSVD

Spatial dimension: $J \equiv N_u \times N_x \times N_y \times N_z$

Temporal dimension: N_t

Rank: $r \leq \min(J, N_t)$

Reduce data dimensionality: k



POD modes
Identify spatial patterns







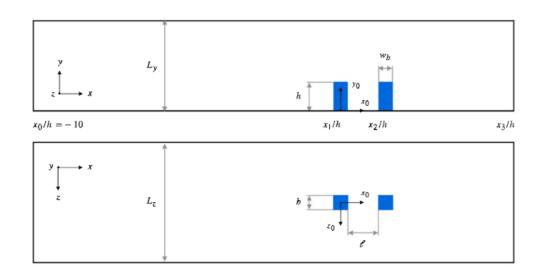


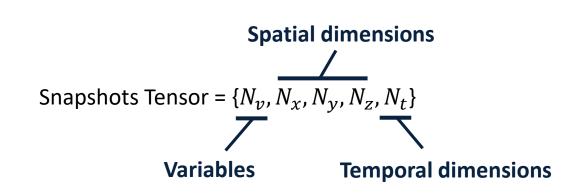




Database & Data preparation



















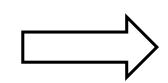


Database & Data preparation



Snapshots Tensor =
$$\{N_v, N_x, N_y, N_z, N_t\}$$

$$\begin{cases} - & N_v = 3 \\ - & N_x = 100 \\ - & N_y = 125 \\ - & N_z = 50 \\ - & N_t = 224 \end{cases}$$



Spatial dimension = 1875000

Temporal dimension = 224















Calibration



Spatial dimension = 1875000

Tolerance SVD: The energy amplitude where we cut the spectrum.

Values: 1e-2, 1e-3, 1e-4

Temporal dimension = 224











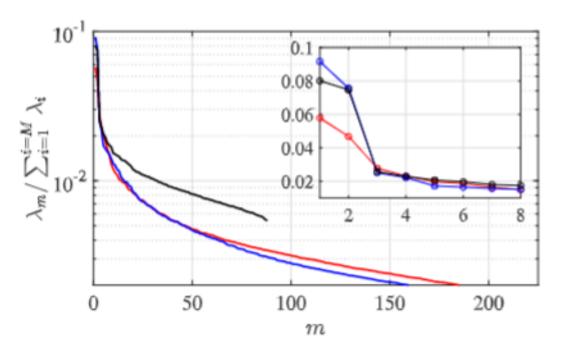


Calibration



Tolerance SVD:

Values: 1e-2, 1e-3, 1e-4



Mode energy decay spectrum







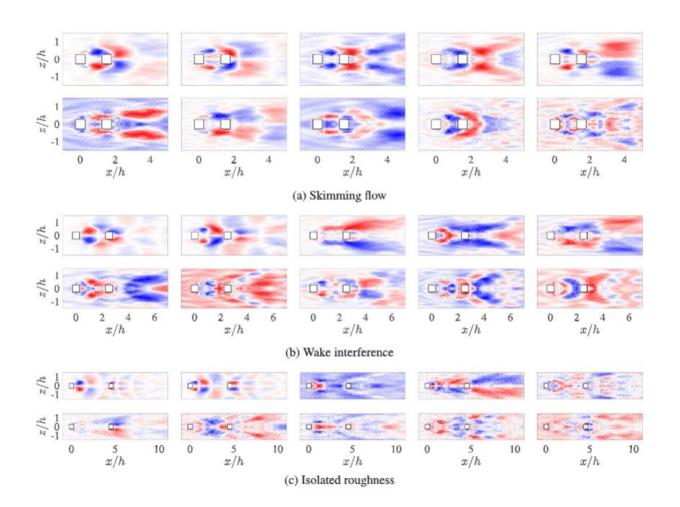






HOSVD

Results



Streamwise velocity patterns.

- 1st 10 most energetic modes.
- 3 different regimes
- Symmetry.
- Vortical structures.



Click here for more information







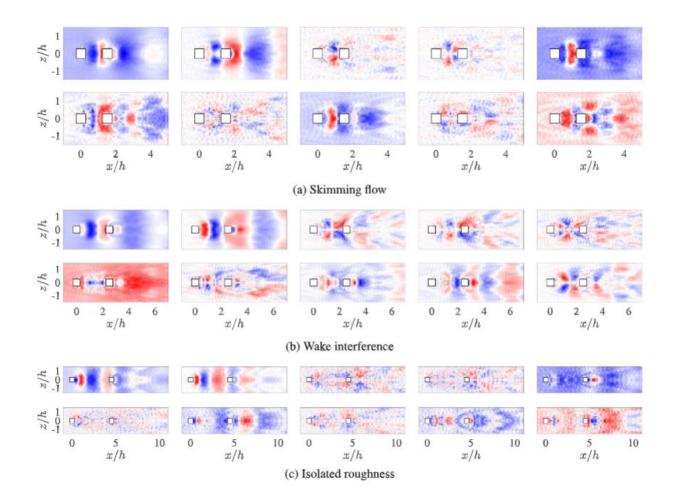






HOSVD

Results



Spanwise velocity patterns.

- 1st 10 most energetic modes.
- 3 different regimes
- Symmetry.
- Vortical structures.



Click here for more information













```
Thanks for
watching! Visit us
on:
http://modelflows.e
S
```