

HW#3

February 18, 2018

1 CS 524

HW3 Sparsh Agarwal 9075905142

Q1. Yes, a schedule where all 15 senior employees are able to meet the candidate is possible.

In [174]: `using JuMP, NamedArrays`

```
availability =  
[ 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0  
  0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0  
  0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1  
  0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0  
  0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0  
  0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0  
  0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0  
  1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1  
  1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0  
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0  
  0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0  
  1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1  
  1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1  
  0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
  1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ]
```

```
TIMES = ["10:00", "10:20", "10:40", "11:00", "11:20", "11:40", "lunch", "1:00", "1:20", "1:40"  
NAMES = [:Manuel, :Luca, :Jule, :Michael, :Malte, :Chris, :Spyros, :Mirjam, :Matt, :Florian, :  
times = NamedArray( availability, (NAMES, TIMES), ("NAME", "TIME"))
```

Out[174]: 15E13 Named Array{Int64,2}

NAME	TIME	10:00	10:20	10:40	11:00	11:20	11:40	1:00	1:20	1:40
:Manuel		0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
:Luca		0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
:Jule		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
:Michael		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	
:Malte		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
:Chris		0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	
:Spyros		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	

:Mirjam	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
:Matt	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
:Florian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
:Josep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
:Joel	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
:Tom	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
:Daniel	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
:Anne	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
In [175]: using JuMP, Clp, NamedArrays
```

```
indices_no_lunch = [1:6;8:13]
```

```
m = Model(solver=ClpSolver())
```

```
@variable(m, x[NAMES,TIMES] >= 0)
```

```
@constraint(m, constrA[j in TIMES[indices_no_lunch]], sum(x[i,j] * times[i,j] for i in NAMES) == 3 )
```

```
@constraint(m, sum(x[i,"lunch"] * times[i,"lunch"] for i in NAMES) == 3 )
```

```
@constraint(m, constrB[i in NAMES], sum(x[i,j] * times[i,j] for j in TIMES) >= 1 )
```

```
for i in NAMES
```

```
    for j in TIMES
```

```
        @constraint(m, x[i,j] <= times[i,j])
```

```
    end
```

```
end
```

```
@expression(m, num_int_per[i in NAMES], sum(x[i,j] for j in TIMES))
```

```
@expression(m, tot_int, sum(num_int_per[i] for i in NAMES))
```

```
@objective(m, Max, tot_int)
```

```
status = solve(m)
```

```
println(getobjectivevalue(m))
```

```
# println(getvalue(x))
```

```
# for j in TIMES
```

```
#     for i in NAMES
```

```
#         println(getvalue(x[i,j]))
```

```
#     end
```

```
# end
```

```
# for i in NAMES
```

```
#     println(i)
```

```
# end
```

```
for j in TIMES
```

```
    print(j, " : ")
```

```
    if j == "lunch"
```

```

        for i in NAMES
            if getvalue(x[i,j]) == 1.0
                print(i , " , ")
            end
        end
    else
        for i in NAMES
            if getvalue(x[i,j]) == 1.0
                print(i)
            end
        end
    end
    println("")
end

# println(num_int_per[:Manuel])
# println(getvalue(x))

```

```

15.0
10:00 : Matt
10:20 : Anne
10:40 : Daniel
11:00 : Manuel
11:20 : Jule
11:40 : Tom
lunch : Malte , Spyros , Josep ,
1:00 : Florian
1:20 : Luca
1:40 : Chris
2:00 : Mirjam
2:20 : Michael
2:40 : Joel

```

Q2. S site is the supplying destination and D Site is the destination site.

In [176]: `using JuMP, Clp, NamedArrays`

```

coordinateX = [0 20 18 30 35 33 5 5 11 2]
coordinateY = [0 20 10 12 0 25 27 10 0 15]

sites = [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]

cost_per_mile = 0.50

supply = Dict{zip( sites, [0 7 0 0 3 0 0 4 6 0] )}
demand = Dict{zip( sites, [2 0 4 3 0 5 1 0 0 5] )}

```

```

distance = Array{Float64}(10,10)

for i in sites
    for j in sites
        distance[i,j]= 1.3*sqrt((coordinateX[i]-coordinateX[j])^2 + (coordinateY[i]-coordinateY[j])^2)
        # println( distance[i,j] )
    end
end

m = Model(solver=ClpSolver())

@variable(m, x[sites,sites] >= 0)           # x[i,j] is lumber shipped from site i to site j
# @variable(m, distance[sites,sites] >= 0, Float64)

@constraint(m, sup[i in sites], sum(x[i,j] for j in sites) == supply[i] )    # supply constraint
@constraint(m, dem[j in sites], sum(x[i,j] for i in sites) == demand[j] )    # demand constraint

@objective(m, Min, cost_per_mile*sum( x[i,j]*distance[i,j] for i in sites, j in sites))

status = solve(m)

println(status)

# nicely formatted solution
solution = NamedArray( Int[getvalue(x[i,j]) for i in sites, j in sites], (sites,sites))
println( solution )
println()
println("Total cost will be \$", getobjectivevalue(m))

```

Optimal

10E10 Named Array{Int64,2}

S Sites	D Sites	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2		0	0	1	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5		0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
9		2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
10		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Total cost will be \$152.63901632295628

Q3 # Data for stadium building problem

```
In [177]: using JuMP
```

```
tasks = 1:18
durations = [2 16 9 8 10 6 2 2 9 5 3 2 1 7 4 3 9 1]
dur_dict = Dict{zip(tasks,durations)};
predecessors = ( [], [1], [2], [2], [3], [4,5], [4], [6], [4,6], [4], [6], [9], [7],
pred_dict = Dict{zip(tasks,predecessors)};    # dictionary mapping tasks --> predecessors

# additional columns of data (maximum reduction possible )
max_reduction = [0, 3, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 3, 0]
cost_reduction = [0, 30, 26, 12, 17, 15, 8, 0, 42, 21, 18, 0, 0, 22, 12, 6, 16, 0]
bonus_amount = 30    # bonus for expediting the project ($1,000/week )
;
```

```
In [178]: using JuMP, Clp
```

```
m = Model(solver=ClpSolver())
```

```
@variable(m, tstart[tasks] >= 0)
```

```
# one-line implementation of the constraints:
```

```
# @constraint(m, link[i in tasks, j in pred[i]], tstart[i] >= tstart[j] + duration[j])
```

```
for i in tasks
```

```
    for j in pred_dict[i]
```

```
        @constraint(m, tstart[i] >= tstart[j] + dur_dict[j])
```

```
    end
```

```
end
```

```
@constraint(m, tstart[1] == 0)
```

```
@objective(m, Min, tstart[18] + dur_dict[18])    # total duration is start time of
```

```
solve(m)
```

```
println(getvalue(tstart))
```

```
println("minimum duration in weeks: ", getobjectivevalue(m))
```

```
tstart: 1 dimensions:
```

```
[ 1] = 0.0
```

```
[ 2] = 2.0
```

```
[ 3] = 18.0
```

```
[ 4] = 18.0
```

```
[ 5] = 27.0
```

```
[ 6] = 37.0
```

```
[ 7] = 26.0
```

```
[ 8] = 43.0
```

```
[ 9] = 43.0
```

```
[10] = 26.0
```

```
[11] = 43.0
```

```
[12] = 52.0
```

```
[13] = 28.0
```

```

[14] = 18.0
[15] = 26.0
[16] = 46.0
[17] = 54.0
[18] = 63.0
minimum duration in weeks: 64.0

```

```

In [179]: using JuMP, Clp
          m = Model(solver=ClpSolver())

          @variable(m, tstart[tasks] >= 0)
          @variable(m, tloss[tasks] >= 0)

          # one-line implementation of the constraints:
          # @constraint(m, link[i in tasks, j in pred[i]], tstart[i] >= tstart[j] + duration[j])

          @expression(m, total_loss, sum(cost_reduction[i]*tloss[i] for i in tasks))
          @expression(m, finish_date, tstart[18] + dur_dict[18]) #as max reduction in last task
          @expression(m, extra_payment, (64-finish_date) * bonus_amount)
          @expression(m, total_profit, (extra_payment - total_loss))

          for i in tasks
              for j in pred_dict[i]
                  @constraint(m, tstart[i] >= tstart[j] + dur_dict[j] - tloss[j])
                  @constraint(m, tloss[j] <= max_reduction[j])
              end
          end
          @constraint(m, tstart[1] == 0)
          @objective(m, Max, total_profit)

          solve(m)
          println(getvalue(tstart))
          println("New Finish Date in weeks: ", getvalue(tstart[18] + dur_dict[18])) #as max reduction in last task
          println("Extra payment in k: ", getvalue(extra_payment))
          println("Total loss in k: ", getvalue(total_loss))
          println("Total Profit in k: ", getobjectivevalue(m))

```

tstart: 1 dimensions:

```

[ 1] = 0.0
[ 2] = 2.0
[ 3] = 18.0
[ 4] = 18.0
[ 5] = 26.0
[ 6] = 34.0
[ 7] = 26.0
[ 8] = 39.0
[ 9] = 39.0

```

```

[10] = 26.0
[11] = 39.0
[12] = 48.0
[13] = 28.0
[14] = 18.0
[15] = 26.0
[16] = 42.0
[17] = 50.0
[18] = 56.0

```

New Finish Date in weeks: 57.0

Extra payment in k: 210.0

Total loss in k: 123.0

Total Profit in k: 87.0

$$Q4 \begin{cases} 0.x + 1.y = 0 \\ 3.x - y = 1500 \\ 2.x - 3.y = 300 \\ 0.x + 1.y = 500 \\ 1.x + 0.y = 0 \end{cases}$$

```

In [180]: using JuMP, Clp
          using PyPlot

```

```

A = [0 -1; 3 -1; 2 -3; 0 1; -1 0 ];
b = [0; 1500; 300; 500; 0]

```

```

m = Model(solver=ClpSolver())
@variable(m, r >= 0)           # radius
@variable(m, x[1:2])           # coordinates of center
for i = 1:size(A,1)
    @constraint(m, A[i,:]'*x + r*norm(A[i,:]) <= b[i])
end
@Objective(m, Max, r)          # maximize radius

status = solve(m)
center = getvalue(x)
radius = getvalue(r) - 50

```

*#Deduction by 50: because when a circle is found in original polyhedron,
 #it would touch one of the sides which will be tangential to circle at
 #point of contact so to find a circle with a distance of 50 feet from each
 #side, just reduce the radius of circle by 50 as then that point of contact
 #of circle will be 50 feet away from the original side in a normal direction*

```

rad = linspace(0, 2, 100)
x = center[1] + radius*cos.(rad)
y = center[2] + radius*sin.(rad)
plot(x, y)

```

```

c = linspace(0,500,1000)
c1 = linspace(0,300,100)

```