Homework 2: Restricted Boltzmann machine

The goal of this exercise is to train a restricted Boltzmann machine to learn the XOR data set.

In the XOR data set, the three-bit patterns shown in the Figure to the right are assigned probability $\frac{1}{4}$, all other patterns are assigned probability zero. Here \Box corresponds to -1, and \blacksquare to +1. See Figure 4.5 in the lecture notes.

Train a restricted Boltzmann machine with three visible and M=1,2,4,8 hidden neurons (all +/-1 neurons) using the CD-k algorithm. Experiment with different values for k and for the learning rate η . Make sure that you use the correct algorithm for +/-1 neurons (Algorithm 3 in the course book).

Compute the Kullback-Leibler divergence as a function of the number of hidden neurons: iterate the dynamics of the restricted Boltzmann machine after training, and count the frequencies at which the different patterns occur. Determine for how long you must run the dynamics to get a precise estimate of the probabilities. Plot the Kullback-Leibler divergence vs. M. Also plot the theory [Equation (4.40)], compare, and discuss your results.

Parameters

```
clc
clear
x1 = [-1; -1; -1];
x2 = [1;-1;1];
x3 = [-1;1;1];
x4 = [1;1;-1];
x = [x1, x2, x3, x4];
x5 = [-1; -1; 1];
x6 = [1;-1;-1];
x7 = [-1;1;-1];
x8 = [1;1;1];
x_{all} = [x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, x7, x8];
P data = 1/4;
counter = 5;
trials = 1000;
minibatch n = 20;
k = 500;
Nout = 3000;
Nin = 2000;
NN = Nout*Nin;
% M = 4;
M = [1,2,3,4,8];
N = 3;
% V = zeros([N,1]);
% H = zeros([M,1]);
% w = normrnd(0, 1/sqrt(N), [M,N]);
% theta_v = zeros([N,1]);
% theta h = zeros([M,1]);
eta = 0.003;%3
```

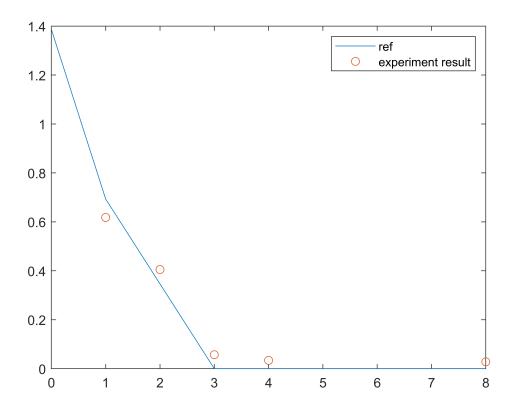
```
D_KL_list=[];
```

```
for iter = 1:length(M_list) % loop through M=1,2,3,4,8
    M = M_list(iter);
    D_KL_minimal = 5;
    for count = 1:counter % convergence over D_KL
        V = zeros([N,1]);
        H = zeros([M,1]);
        w = normrnd(0, 1/sqrt(N), [M,N]);
        theta_v = zeros([N,1]);
        theta_h = zeros([M,1]);
        for trial = 1:trials % convergence over w theta_v theta_h
            delta_w = zeros([M,N]);
            delta_theta_v = zeros([N,1]);
            delta_theta_h = zeros([M,1]);
              input_batch = [x(:,randi(4)),x(:,randi(4)),x(:,randi(4))]; % sample 3 patterns for
            for p = 1:minibatch_n % feed all the patterns in the minibatch
                input_pattern = x_all(:,randi(4)); % [3x1]
                V_0 = input_pattern;
                V = input_pattern;
                b_h_0 = w*V_0 - theta_h;
                % update Hidden neurons
                b_h = w*V - theta_h; % [Mx1]
                for idx = 1:M
                    r = rand(1);
                    if r < P_Boltz(b_h(idx))</pre>
                        H(idx) = 1;
                    else
                        H(idx) = -1;
                    end
                end
                % loop over CD-k
                for t = 1:k
                    % update all visible neurons
                    b_v = w' * H - theta_v; % [3x1]
                    for idx = 1:N
                        r = rand(1);
                        if r < P_Boltz(b_v(idx))</pre>
                             V(idx) = 1;
                        else
                             V(idx) = -1;
                        end
                    end
                    % update all hidden neurons
                    b_h = w*V - theta_h; % [Mx1]
                    for idx = 1:M
                        r = rand(1);
```

```
if r < P_Boltz(b_h(idx))</pre>
                                                         H(idx) = 1;
                                             else
                                                         H(idx) = -1;
                                             end
                                  end
                      end % end of loop over k times
                      % compute weight and threshold increments delta_w_mn
                      for m = 1:M %1->M
%
                                        bm_h_0 = w(m,:)*V_0 - theta_h(m);
                                  bm_h_k = w(m,:)*V - theta_h(m);
                                  for n = 1:length(V) % 1->3
                                             delta_w(m,n) = delta_w(m,n) + eta * (tanh(b_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(n)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*V_0(m)-tanh(b_m_h_0(m))*
%
                                                   delta_theta_v(n) = delta_theta_v(n) - eta * (V_0(n)-V(n));
                                  end
                                  delta_theta_h(m) = delta_theta_h(m) - eta * (tanh(b_h_0(m)) - tanh(bm_h_k)
                      end % end of calculate delta's
                       delta theta v = delta theta v - eta * (V 0-V);
           end % end of minibatches
           % update weights and threshold
           w = w + delta_w;
           theta_v = theta_v + delta_theta_v;
           theta_h = theta_h + delta_theta_h;
end % end of trials, trainings
% Kullback-Leibler divergence.
P_B = zeros([1,8]);
% start the outer loop
for 1 = 1:Nout
           p_selected = x_all(:,randi(8));
           V = p_selected;
           % update Hidden neurons
           b_h = w*V - theta_h; % [Mx1]
           for idx = 1:M
                       r = rand(1);
                      if r < P_Boltz(b_h(idx))</pre>
                                  H(idx) = 1;
                      else
                                  H(idx) = -1;
                       end
           end
           % start the inner loop
           for t = 1:Nin
                      % update all visible neurons
                      b_v = w' * H - theta_v; % [3x1]
                       for idx = 1:N
```

```
r = rand(1);
                     if r < P_Boltz(b_v(idx))</pre>
                         V(idx) = 1;
                     else
                         V(idx) = -1;
                     end
                 end
                 % update all hidden neurons
                 b_h = w*V - theta_h; % [Mx1]
                 for idx = 1:M
                     r = rand(1);
                     if r < P_Boltz(b_h(idx))</pre>
                         H(idx) = 1;
                     else
                         H(idx) = -1;
                     end
                 end
                 % check which pattern of dataset is V
                 for idx = 1:8
                     if isequal(x_all(:,idx), V)
                         P_B(idx) = P_B(idx) + 1;
                     end
                 end
            end % end of inner loop
        end % end of outer loop
        P B = P B/NN;
        D_KL = 0;
        for idx = 1:4
            D_KL = D_KL + P_data * log(P_data/P_B(idx));
        end
        if D_KL < D_KL_minimal</pre>
            D KL minimal = D KL;
        end
    end
    D KL list(end+1) = D KL minimal;
end
```

```
end
figure
plot(M_list_rf,D_KL_Blist)
hold on
scatter(M_list, D_KL_list)
legend("ref","experiment result")
```



```
function p = P_Boltz(b)
    p = 1/(1+exp(-2*b));
end
```