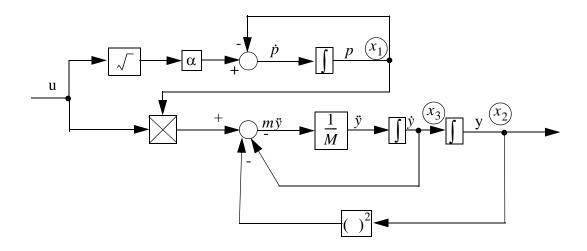
## LINEAR SYSTEMS CONTROL

# **Solutions to Problems**

## **Problem 2.8**

a. A block diagram for the system can be drawn from the given equations.



b. The state equations for the nonlinear system can be derived as follows by choosing the state vector:  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} p & \dot{y} & y \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \end{bmatrix}^T$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x_1} &= -x_1 + \alpha \sqrt{u} \\ \dot{x_2} &= x_3 \\ \dot{x_3} &= \frac{1}{m} (-x_2^2 - x_3 + x_1 u) \\ y &= x_2 \end{aligned}$$

The stationary stated can be found by setting  $\dot{\mathbf{x}} = 0$ :

c. Now defining:

## LINEAR SYSTEMS CONTROL

## **Solutions to Problems**

#### Problem 2.8

$$x_1 = x_{10} + \Delta x_1$$
  $u = u_0 + \Delta u$   
 $x_2 = x_{20} + \Delta x_2$   $y = y_0 + \Delta y$   
 $x_3 = x_{30} + \Delta x_3$ 

the linearized state space model is:

$$\dot{\Delta \mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{A} \Delta \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{B} \Delta \mathbf{u}, \quad \Delta \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Delta \mathbf{x}$$

where:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \dot{x}_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_1}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_1}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{x}_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_2}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_2}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial x_3} \\ \end{bmatrix}_0, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \dot{x}_1}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{x}_2}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{x}_3}{\partial u} \end{bmatrix}_0$$

Choosing  $x_{20} = \sqrt{\alpha u_0^{\frac{3}{2}}}$  one obtains:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{u_0}{m} - \frac{2}{m} \sqrt{\alpha u_0^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{m}} \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\alpha}{2\sqrt{u_0}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{\alpha}{m} \sqrt{u_0} \end{bmatrix}$$