LINEAR SYSTEMS CONTROL

Solutions to Problems

Problem 6.2

a. In order that f(x) is a proper p.d.f. it is necessary that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\chi) d\chi = 1 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{a}{\chi^2 + 1} d\chi$$
$$= a \arctan(\chi) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}$$
$$= a \Big[\frac{\pi}{2} - \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \Big] = a\pi$$
$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

b. The distribution function corresponding to the p.d.f. is given by

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(\chi) d\chi = \frac{1}{\pi} = \int_{-\infty}^{x} \frac{1}{1 + \chi^{2}} d\chi$$
$$= \frac{1}{\pi} [\arctan \chi] \Big|_{-\infty}^{x} = \frac{1}{\pi} [\arctan x - \arctan (-\infty)]$$
$$= \frac{1}{\pi} [\arctan x + \frac{\pi}{2}] = \frac{1}{\pi} \arctan x + \frac{1}{2}$$

c. It is given that the range of *X* is:

$$\frac{1}{4} \le X \le 1$$

Thus the probability which must be found is:

$$Pr\left\{\frac{1}{4} \le X \le 1\right\} = \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1} f(\chi)d\chi = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[atan(1) - atan\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - 0.148\pi\right) = 0.102$$

d. It is given that

$$\frac{1}{4} \le X^2 \le 1 \implies \frac{1}{2} \le X \le 1$$
 or $-1 \le X \le -\frac{1}{2}$

LINEAR SYSTEMS CONTROL

Solutions to Problems

Problem 6.2

$$\Rightarrow Pr\left\{\frac{1}{4} \le X^2 \le 1\right\} = \int_{-1}^{-\frac{1}{2}} f(\chi)d\chi + \int_{\frac{1}{2}} f(\chi)d\chi$$

so that

$$Pr\left\{\frac{1}{4} \le X^2 \le 1\right\} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1} \frac{1}{1+\chi^2} d\chi = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\text{atan}(1) - \text{atan}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right]$$
$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - 0.148\pi\right) = 0.204$$