

# Analisis\_lab1

2025-02-06

## Analisis naive search v binary search

### Se cargan los datos medidos

```
library(readr)
results <- read_csv("C:/Users/Sonyvideo1/Programas
Personales/clase_analisis_algoritmos/lab1/results.csv")

## Rows: 60 Columns: 3
## — Column specification
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (3): n, naive, binary
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this
data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet
this message.

results

## # A tibble: 60 × 3
##       n      naive    binary
##   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1  100 0          0
## 2  100 0.00500    0
## 3  100 0          0
## 4  100 0.000996  0.00100
## 5  100 0          0.00100
## 6  100 0.000998  0.00101
## 7  100 0.000999  0.000995
## 8  100 0.00100    0
## 9  100 0          0
## 10 100 0          0.00587
## # i 50 more rows
```

### Se calculan las medias de los algoritmos para los tamaños n

```
medias_por_n <- aggregate(. ~ n, data = results, FUN = mean)
medias_por_n

##       n      naive    binary
## 1 100 0.0008999586 0.0009874105
## 2 200 0.0045328617 0.0029238462
## 3 300 0.0017807484 0.0012571812
```

```
## 4 400 0.0009668827 0.0006894588
## 5 500 0.0028706312 0.0024353266
## 6 600 0.0046893358 0.0067376137
```

Se calculan las frecuencias

```
plot(medias_por_n$n, medias_por_n$naive, type = "o", col = "blue", pch =
16,
     xlab = "n", ylab = "Media", main = "Media de naive y binary por n",
     ylim = range(c(medias_por_n$naive, medias_por_n$binary)))

# Agregar binary al mismo gráfico
lines(medias_por_n$n, medias_por_n$binary, type = "o", col = "red", pch =
16)

# Agregar Leyenda
legend("topright", legend = c("naive", "binary"), col = c("blue", "red"),
pch = 16, lty = 1)
```

