

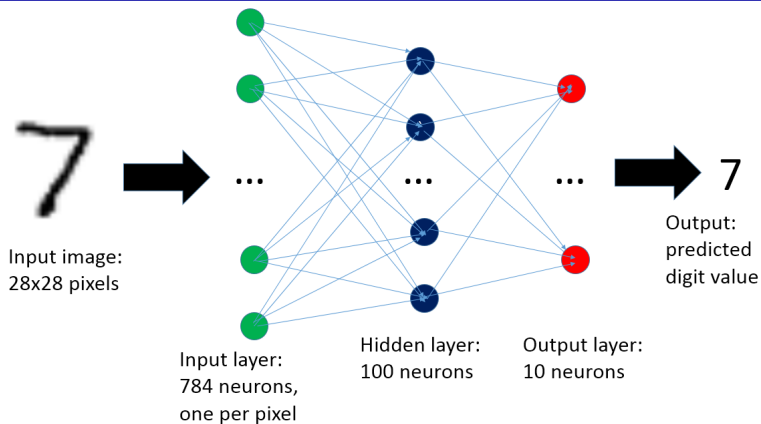
MNIST number recognition using simple neural network

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Simple neural network with 1 hidden layer



Mathematical model of neuron:

$$x_k^{i+1} = f \left(\sum_{j=1}^N w_j^k x_j^i \right)$$

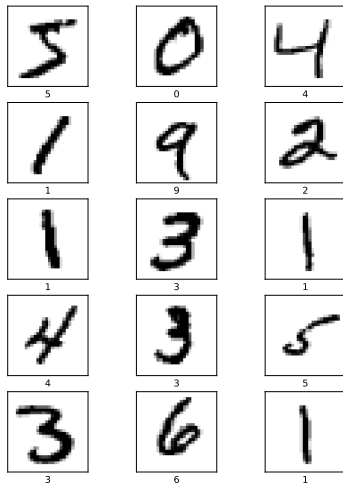
Import all necessary packages

```
1 from keras.datasets import mnist
2 from keras.models import Sequential
3 from keras.layers import Dense
4 from keras.layers import Flatten
5 import numpy as np
6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load and normalize data

```
1 (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) =
   mnist.load_data()
2
3 train_images = train_images / 255.0
4 test_images = test_images / 255.0
```

MNIST dataset



```
1 plt.figure(figsize=(7,9))
2 for i in range(15):
3     plt.subplot(5,3,i+1)
4     plt.xticks([])
5     plt.yticks([])
6     plt.imshow(train_images[i],
7                 cmap=plt.cm.binary)
8     plt.xlabel(train_labels[i])
9 plt.savefig('mnist.pdf')
plt.show()
```

Create and compile model

```
1 def baseline_model():
2     model = Sequential()
3     model.add(Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)))
4     model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
5     model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
6     model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
7                   optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
8     return model
```

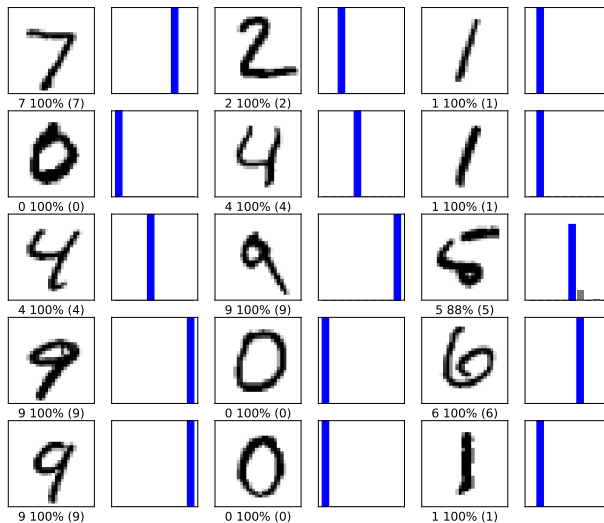
Build and fit model

```
1 model = baseline_model()
2 model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10)
```

Accuracy estimation

```
1 test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images,
2                                       test_labels)
3 print('Accuracy:', test_acc)
```

Results



Wrong results

