Formula sheet

Series

$$e^{x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n}}{n!}$$

$$\sin(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n} x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$$

$$\cos(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n} x^{2n}}{(2n)!}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^{n}$$

$$\ln(1-x) = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n}}{n}$$

$$(1+x)^{\alpha} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)\dots(\alpha-n+1)}{n!} x^{n}$$

$$\frac{\pi^{2}}{6} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2}}$$

$$G = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{(2n+1)^{2}}$$

Euler's Formula

$$e^{ix} = \cos x + i\sin x$$

Weierstrass Substitution

For
$$t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$
, $\sin x = \frac{2t}{1+t^2}$, $\cos x = \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}$ and $dx = \frac{2dt}{1+t^2}$.

Integral formulas

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(a+b-x) dx$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\int_{a}^{b} f(x,t) dx \right) = \int_{a}^{b} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (f(x,t)) dx.$$