THE UK UNIVERSITY INTEGRATION BEE 2021/22

 \int

ROUND TWO

Saturday, 20 November 2021





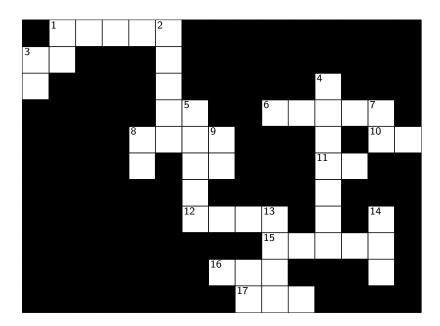






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Across

1. Smallest palindrome bigger than 17 ACROSS $\cdot (8 \text{ DOWN} + 1)^2$

3.
$$\int_0^2 f(x) dx$$
 where $3 \int_1^2 f(x) dx - 5 \int_0^1 f(x) dx = 17$ and $21 \int_0^1 f(x) dx - 7 \int_1^2 f(x) dx = 35$

6.
$$\frac{1+16 \text{ ACROSS }^4 + (16 \text{ ACROSS } + 1)^4}{1+16 \text{ ACROSS }^2 + (16 \text{ ACROSS } + 1)^2}$$

8. The year the Riemann Integral was first published

10.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\int_0^{14}\arctan(x^n)dx$$
 to 2 significant figures

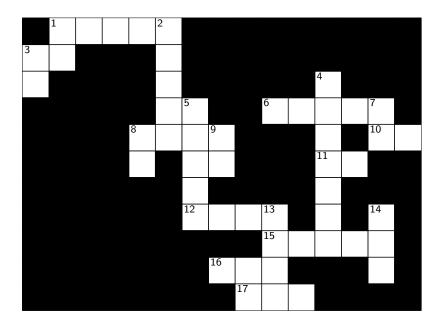
11. Sum of the three smallest numbers

12. A Fibonacci number

15.
$$\frac{1+310^2+310^4}{1+310+310^2}$$

16. 7 DOWN \times 10 ACROSS - 10

17. A power of 7



Down

1.
$$\frac{16 \text{ ACROSS } + 1}{3}$$

2. The nearest integer to
$$\frac{279^4+4}{279^2+2\cdot 279+2}+\int_0^\infty \frac{\ln(\sqrt{1+x})}{x\sqrt{x}}\mathrm{d}x$$

3. The x^{th} triangular number where x is 7^{9} DOWN mod 7 DOWN

5. The largest
$$n$$
 such that $I_n = \int_0^1 \frac{x^n}{1+x} dx > \frac{1}{6 \text{ ACROSS} - 1}$

6. Palindromic number whose product of digits is 252 and whose digit sum is $x \mod 9$ where x is a solution of the quadratic $x^2 - 7$ DOWN + 32 = 0

7.
$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx$$
 where $5 \int_0^2 f(x) dx + 4 \int_0^1 f(x) dx = 143$ and $7 \int_0^2 f(x) dx + 11 \int_1^2 f(x) dx = 210$

8. The expected number of coin flips to get three heads in a row on a fair coin

13. The year the Lebesgue Integral was published

14.
$$f(6)$$
 where f is such that $f(x) + \int_{2}^{5} f(t) dt = 12x^{2}$