SUB: EST SUB CODE:22447

### **QUESTION BANK (UNIT TEST 1)**

П	nit	1	•
U	1111	1	٠

- A. E ENVIRONNER
- **B.** ENVO
- C. ENVIRONNERING
- **D. ENVIRON**

Q.2 THE ENVIRO	ONMENT	CHANGED	OR	MODIFED	BY	THE	INTERFE	RENCE	OF
<b>HUMAN BEINGS</b>	IS CALLE	ED							

- A. NATURAL ENVIRONMENT
- **B. MAN MADE ENVIRONMENT**
- C. SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT
- D. PSYCOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT

#### 0.3 WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING COMES UNDER BIOTIC COMPONENTS?

- A. INSECTS
- **B.** WATER
- C. AIR
- D. BENCHES

## Q.4 \_\_\_\_\_% OF THE EARTH IS COVERED BY WATER

- **A.** 17
- **B.** 2
- **C.** 97
- D. 71

# Q.5 LITHOSPHERE IS THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ OF THE SOLID EARTH

- A. MANTLE
- **B.** MAGMA
- C. OUTER MANTLE
- **D.** CORE

Q.6 THE ENVIRONMENT IN ITS ORIGINAL FORM WITHOUT THE INTERFERENCE OF HUMAN BEINGS IS KNOW AS \_\_\_\_\_

- A. BILOGICAL ENVIRONMENT
- **B. NATURAL ENVIRONMENT**
- C. PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT
- **D.** SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

### Q.7 THE ATMOSPHERE TRANSMITS INFRARED RADIATIONS RANGING FROM

- A. 300 TO 2500 nm
- **B.** 3000 to 25000 nm
- **C.** 2500 to 300 nm
- **D.** 25000 to 3000 nm

Q.8 THE ATMOSPHERE TRANSMITS RADIO WAVES RANGING FROM
Q.9 HOW MUCH AMOUNT OF FRESH WATER IS AVAILABLE FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION ON EARTH?  A. 2% B. 1% C. 0.01% D. 97%
Q.10 THE CURRENT TREND OF ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION CAN BE REVERSED IF A. PEOPLE AREN'T CONCERNED B. PEOPLE OF EDUCATED COMMUNITIES ARE ORAGNIZED AND EMPOWERED C. BOTH A AND B D. None
Q.11 NATURES% OF THE EARTH'S WATER SUPPLY IS IN THE OCEANS  A. 97 B. 71 C. 79 D. 17
Q.12 WHAT DOES ABIOTIC COMPONENTS CONSISTS OF? A. LIVING THINGS B. NON-LIVING THINGS C. BOTH A AND B D. NOVE
Q.13 WHAT ARE THE COMPONENTS OF PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT?  A. SOLID  B. LIQUID C. GAS D. ALL OF THESE
Q. 14 WHAT IS THE NEED OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES?  A. PUBLIC AWARENESS B. REDUCE POLLUTION C. TO WASTE RESOURCES D. BOTH A AND B
Q.15 WHAT ARE THE SEGMENTS OF ENVIRONMENT?  A. NOT KNOWN B. SOLID, LIQUID, GAS C. ATMOSPHERE, HYDROSPHERE, LITHOSPHERE, BIOSPHERE

D. ABIOTIC AND BIOTIC COMPONENTS
Q.16 ABOUT% OF WATER RESOURCES ARE LOCKED IN THE POLAR ICECAPS AND GLACIERS  A. 2 B. 15 C. 1 D. 97
Q.17 WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ATMOSPHERE?  A. IT ABSORBS MOST OF THE COSMIC RAYS FROM OUTER SPACE AND ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION FROM THE SUN  B. IT SAVES IT FROM THE HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT OF THE OUTER SPACE  C. IT SUSTAINS LIFE ON EARTH  D. ALL OF THESE
Q.18 THE ATMOSPHERE FILTERS OUT THE TISSUE-DAMAGING ULTRA VIOLET WAVES BELOW ABOUT  A. 300 nm B. 400 nm C. 500 nm D. 600 nm
Q.19 THE ATMOSPHERE IS COMPOSED OF AND A. NITROGEN, METHANE B. NITROGEN, OXYGEN C. HYDROGEN, OXYGEN D. CLOUDS, BIRDS
Q.20 BY KNOWING THIS SUBJECT WE CAN  A. PROVE OTHER PEOPLE WRONG B. SAVE THE NATURAL RESOURCES C. REDUCES ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTIONS D. BOTH B AND C
Q21.WHICH IS THE LOWEST LAYER OF ATMOSPHERE  E. TROPOSPHERE  F. STRATOSPHERE  G. EXOSPHERE  H. MESOSPHERE
Q22. THE CHLORINE ATOM IS FREE TO DESTROY UP TO OZONE MOLECULES  A. 10000 B. 10,00,00 C. 100,000 D. 10000

Q23.THE CHERNOBYL, UKRAINE NUCLEAR ACCIDENT HAPPENED IN WHICH YEAR  A. 1966 B. 1996 C. 1976 D. 1986
Q24.WHEN DID THE KASHIWAZAKI, JAPAN NUCLEAR ACCIDENT HAPPENED  A. 07,2007  B. 07,2008  C. 06,2008  D. 06,2007
Q25.WHERE DID THE TOKAIMURA NUCLEAR ACCIDENT HAPPENED  A. JAPAN  B. UKRAINE  C. RUSSIA  D. CHINA
Q26.THE URALS, USSR NUCLEAR ACCIDENT HAPPENED IN WHICH YEAR  A. 1968 B. 1998 C. 1938 D. 1958
Q27.WHAT ARE THE 4R'S  A. REDUCE, REUSE, RECYCLE, RECOVER  B. REUSE, RECYCLE, REDEVELOP, REDUCE  C. REDUCE, RECOVER, REPRODUCE, REUSE  D. REDUCE, REUSE, REPRODUCE, RECOVER
Q28. THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS THAT THE GREEN HOUSE EFFECT ON CARBON DIOXIDE WAS A. 68% B. 67% C. 57% D. 58%
Q29. THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS THAT THE GREEN HOUSE EFFECT ON METHANE WAS A. 10% B. 11% C. 22% D. 12%
Q30. ABOUT OF THE SOLAR ENERGY REACHING THE EARTH IS ABSORBED ON THE EARTH'S SURFACE WHICH INCREASES ITS TEMPERATURE  A. 75%  B. 65%

<b>C.</b> 76 <b>D.</b> 78	
Q31.CHE	EMICAL FORMULA OF HYDROFLUROCARBONS
A. HI	FCs
<b>B.</b> HF	
<b>C.</b> HO	
<b>D.</b> HF	<sup>7</sup> s
Q32. CHI	EMICAL FORMULA OF METHANE
<b>A.</b> C	$H_3$
<b>B.</b> C	
<b>C.</b> Cl	
<b>D.</b> Cl	H
Q33. CHI	EMICAL FORMULA OF NITROUS OXIDE
<b>A. N</b> <sub>2</sub>	
<b>B.</b> N	
<b>C.</b> N <sub>2</sub>	
<b>D.</b> No	$O_3$
-	MATE CHANGE OCCURS OVER A PERIOD OF TYPICALLY
	0 YRS
	5 YRS
	5 YRS
<b>D.</b> 2	3 YRS
Q35. ACI	ID RAIN IS BASICALLY RAIN THAT HAS PH
<b>A.</b> H	IIGH
<b>B.</b> N	MODERATE
C. L	
<b>D.</b> V	ERY HIGH
Q36. NIT	TRIC ACID IS A COMBINATION OF
A. N	$O_2 + H_2O$
	$_{2}O + H_{2}O$
	$O_2 + HO_2$
<b>D.</b> N:	$_3\mathrm{O} + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$
Q37. SUI	LPHERIC ACID IS A COMBINATION OF
<b>A.</b>	$SO_2 + H_2O$
В.	$S_2O + N_2O$
C.	$N_3O + S_2O$
D.	$S_3O + H_2O$
Q38. CHI	EMICAL FORMULA OF SULPHERIC ACID
_	. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
В.	· HSO <sub>4</sub>
C	. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>
$\mathbf{D}$	· HSO <sub>3</sub>

Q39. CHEMICAL FORMULA OF NITRIC ACID
A. HNO <sub>3</sub>
B. HNO <sub>4</sub>
C. HN <sub>3</sub> O
$\mathbf{D}$ . $\mathbf{H}_3\mathbf{NO}$
Q40. OZONE LAYER IS FOUND IN
A. THERMOSPHERE
B. TROPOSPHERE
C. STRATOSPHERE
D. MESOSPHERE
Q41. Van Mahotsav is an annual tree-planting festival in India, celebrated on:
A. 2 <sup>nd</sup> June
B. 1st July
C. 1st December
D. 15 <sup>th</sup> September
Q42. 1992 United Nations Conference on Environment and Development was held in
A. Kyoto
B. Sao Paulo, Brazil
C. Bastille, Paris
D. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
Q43. Second highest layer of Earth's atmosphere is
A. Thermosphere
B. Stratosphere
C. Troposphere
D. Mesosphere
Q44. World Environment day is on
A. January 22
B. June 5
C. July 5
D. June 15
Q45. World Water day is celebrated on
A. April 22
B. March 23
C. March 24
D. March 22
0.45 Environmental friendly products are given ISO contification called ISO
Q45. Environmental friendly products are given ISO certification called ISO A. 12000
B. 13000
C. 14000
D. 15000
Q46 is known for his 'Chipkoo Movement'

<ul><li>A. Atal Bihari Vajpayee</li><li>B. Anna Hajare</li></ul>
<ul><li>C. Sundarlal Bahuguna</li><li>D. Pandit Nehru</li></ul>
Q47. World Forest Day is on A. 11 March B. 21 March C. 12 March D. 13 March
Q48. The term Ecology was introduced by A. Newton B. S. S. Rao C. Tansley D. Haeckel
Q49. Wildlife Week is celebrated in the period of <b>A. 1-7<sup>th</sup> October</b> B. 11-18 <sup>th</sup> November  C. 11-18 <sup>th</sup> October  D. 1-7 <sup>th</sup> November
Q50. Earth Day is celebrated on A. March 22 B. June 5 C. April 22 D. February 22
Q51. Chandrayaan-3 was launched on A. 14 June B. 14 July C. 14 August D. 14 April
Q52. Chandrayaan-1 was launched in year A. 2009 B. 2007 C. 2008 D. 2018
Q53. The radiation releases from Chernobyl accident are expected to be major cause of death in surrounding population for years to come  A. True  B. False  C. Maybe  D. None of the above

Q54. Which among the following can cause global warming? A. Fishing B. Plantation C. Mudslides D. Volcanic Eruptions
Q55. The inter-governmental conference on environmental education in 1977 was held in A. Tblisi (USSR) B. Delhi, India C. Albita D. New York, USA
Q56. Layer of ozone absorbs known to cause cancer A. Super light B. Ultraviolet Light C. Bright light D. Beta violet light
Q57. USA dropped bomb in Nagasaki on 1945 A. August 6 B. August 9 C. August 19 D. August 16
Q58. USA dropped bomb in Hiroshima on 1945  A. August 6  B. August 9  C. August 19  D. August 16
Q59. WHO stands for A. World Human Organization B. World Human Operations C. Whole Health Organization D. World Health Organization
Q60. During World War II, USA conducted two atomic bombs attack against cities of A. China B. Singapore C. Japan D. Russia
Q61. The Greek Word means air A. Hydro B. Atmo C. Both (A) and (B) D. None of the above

# <u>**Unit 2:**</u>

8.	is a renewable sources of Energy
	D.Granite
	B. Hematite C. iron
	Which of the following is not a Metallic minerals A Bauxite
	B. Renewable but limiting resource C. Clean resource D. Replenished resource
0.	A. Renewable resource
6.	Water is a
	B. 69% C. 71% D.75%
	A. 70%
5.	Earth is known as the "Blue Planet" because % of the Earth's surface is covered with water.
	A. 50% to 90% B. 20 to 80% C. 40% to 80% D.60% to 100%
4.	Forests are home to of earth's species.
	C. Land Resources  D. Manmade resources
	A. Forest Resources B. mineral Resources
3.	Which of the following is not an example of natural resource
2.	Resources that are drawn directly from the nature and used without modifications are called A. Forest Resources B. mineral Resources C. Natural Resources D. Manmade resources
1.	Anything, which is useful to man, or can be used to produce a useful thing, can be referred as A. Product B. Resources C. Essentials D. Objects

	A. petroleum  R. Coothormal anguar
	B. Geothermal energy C.Natural gas
	D.coal
9.	Underground water covers up onlyof the earth's surface
	A. 72%
	B. 92%
	C. 29%
	D.27%
10.	Proper and is important for the protection of public health, safety, and environmental quality.
	A. solid-waste collection, disposal
	B. liquid waste collection, disposal
	C.liquid waste collection,removal
	D. solid-waste collection, usage
11.	are naturally occurring, inorganic, crystalline solids
	A. Granite
	B. water
	C. Minerals D. Iron
	D. Holl
12.	Resources that can be replenished naturally in the course of time are called resources.
	A. Solar
	B. Non-renewable
	C. Natural gas
	D. Renewable
13.	Which of the following resources is a non-Renewable Resources  A. Timber
	B. Wind
	C. Coal
	D. Solar
14.	unit of solar energy does the earth intercept.
	A. 5000 million
	B. 7000 million
	C. 2000 million
	D. 3500 million

15. Hydro Power is the energy derived from the
A. Solar
B. Timber
C. Coal
D. Falling Water
16 can generate power to the grid and they provide essential
Back-up power during major electricity outages or distruptions.
A. Hydropower Plant
B. Hydropower
C. Water D. Solar
17. The wind energy cab be converted into and to
Generate electricity using wind mills.
A. Nuclear energy, Chemical energy
B. Electrical energy, thermal energy
C. Mechanical energy, electrical energy
D. Electrical energy, Potential energy
18. Tidal energy is used to rotate and generate electricity.
A. Shaft
B. Turbines
C. Water
D. Wind
19. Geothermal energy is and stored in the earth.
A. Electrical Energy
B. Potential Energy
C. Mechanical Energy
D. Thermal Energy
20 is a smokeless domestic fuel.
A. Biogas
B. Solar
C. Coal
D. Water
21 gas is generated from Gobar gas plant .

A.	Ethane
В.	Methane
C.	Propane
D.	Butane
22. Gobar gas plant	have high
A.	Calorific Value.
B.	Ethane Value
C.	Biogas Vlaue
	Water Value
	exist in limited supply and can not be replaced if they are used up
are called	_
A.	Thermal Resources
B.	Non-Renewable
C.	Solar
D.	Renewable
24. Industrial nation	s, with the far in the lead, are the biggest consumers of
A.	China, Turbine Oil
В.	U.S, Crude Oil
C.	India, Hydraulic Oil
D.	Canada, Circulating Oil
25. Once drillers extr	ract natural gas, processing plants removed the and
to obtai	n liquefied petroleum gas(LPG)
A.	Methane, ethane
	Propane, heptane
	Hexane, ethane
	Propane, butane
26. Natural gas is mi	xture of gases which are in rich in
<b>A.</b>	Hydrocarbons
	Methane
C.	Graphite
	Lithane

27 is the p	roduct of millions of years of pressure on original plants and
organic matter b	uried underground.
	Solar
	Wind
	Coal
D.	Natural gas
28. At the power pla	ant, coal is commonly burned in a boiler to produce
A.	Water
В.	Stream
C.	Electricity
D.	Natural gas
29. Coal is a combu	stible black or brownish black rock.
A.	Limestone
B.	Granite
C.	Sedimentary
D.	Sandstone
30 is the u	use of exothermic nuclear process to generate useful heat and
Α.	Nuclear energy
	Solar energy
	Wind energy
	Tidal energy
Q31. Which of the following	ng does not cause Depletion of Natural Resources?
<ul><li>A. Overpopulation</li><li>B. Afforestation</li><li>C. Mining Activities</li><li>D. Pollution</li></ul>	
Q32. Deforestation occurs	due to natural calamities like
A. Forest Fires	
B. Parasites	
C. Hurricanes	
D. All of the above	

Q33. The most abundantly available fossil fuel in India is
<ul><li>A. Oil</li><li>B. Petroleum</li><li>C. Coal</li><li>D. Natural Gas</li></ul>
Q34. Which Indian state is the largest producer of Gold?
A. Karnataka B. Kerala C. Assam D. Goa
Q35. Trees absorb and and produce the oxygen we breathe.
<ul> <li>A. Biogas, Nitrogen</li> <li>B. Greenhouse gases, Carbon dioxide</li> <li>C. Both (A) and (B)</li> <li>D. None of the above</li> </ul>
Q36. Which planet is also known as the 'Blue Planet'?
<ul><li>A. Saturn</li><li>B. Neptune</li><li>C. Earth</li><li>D. Venus</li></ul>
Q37 is a process by which fertile land becomes desert
<ul><li>A. Deforestation</li><li>B. Desertification</li><li>C. Soil Erosion</li><li>D. LandSlides</li></ul>
Q38. What are the man-made causes that leads to soil erosion?
<ul><li>A. Overgrazing by cattle</li><li>B. Construction of buildings</li><li>C. Cutting down of trees</li><li>D. All of the above</li></ul>
Q39. What are the man-made cause of landslide?
A. Cyclones  B. Unsafe Mining Activities

C. Volcanoes

D.	Earthquake
Q40. H	ydroponics is a technique of growing crops without
	Air Water Sunlight
<b>D.</b> 9	Soil
Q41. In	which forest we can see deforestation to large extent?
A.	Borneo Forest
В.	Amazon Forest
C. A	Atlantic Forest
D. S	Sumatra Forest
THAT	WHICH ENERGY REFERS TO THE ENERGY CONTAINED WITHIN A SYSTEM IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS TEMPERATURE?  THERMAL ENERGY  SOLAR ENERGY  GEOTHERMAL ENERGY  WIND ENERGY
TEMPI A.	HEAT ALWAYS FLOWS FROM HIGHER TEMPERATURE TO LOWER ERATURE. <b>TRUE</b> FALSE
RADIA PERFO A. B. C.	THICH ENERGY IS OBTAINED FROM THE SUN BY CAPTURING THE SOLAR ATION AND CONVERTING IT INTO ANOTHER FORM OF ENERGY FOR PRINTING VARIOUS ACTIVITIES?  TIDAL ENERGY  NUCLEAR ENERGY  HYDRO POWER ENERGY  SOLAR ENERGY
THE STATE E. A. B. C.	ARE CAUSED BY THE UNEVEN HEATING OF THE ATMOSPHERE BY UN, THE IRREGULARITIES OF THE EARTH'S SURFACE AND ROTATION OF ARTH. WINDS TIDES BIOMASS HEAT
Q46. V	VHICH ENERGY IS ENVIRONMENT FRIENDLY ENERGY AND DOESN'T

PRODUCE GREENHOUSE GASES?

- A. TIDAL ENERGY
- **B.** GEOTHERMAL ENERGY
- C. HYDRO POWER ENERGY
- **D.** THERMAL ENERGY

Q47. WHICH ENERGY IS OBTAINED FROM THE HOT ROCKS PRESENT INSIDE THE EARTH?

- A. NUCLEAR ENERGY
- **B.** BIOMASS ENERGY
- C. SOLAR ENERGY
- D. GEOTHERMAL ENERGY

Q48. WHICH ENERGY CAN BE GENERATED FROM EVERYDAY HUMAN AND ANIMAL WASTES, VEGETABLE AND AGRICULTURE LEFT-OVER?

- A. BIOMASS ENERGY
- **B.** GEO THERMAL ENERGY
- C. TIDAL ENERGY
- D. HYDRO POWER ENERGY

Q49. WHICH ENERGY REFERS TO THE CONVERSION OF ENERGY FROM FLOWING WATER INTO ELECTRICITY?

- A. SOLAR ENERGY
- **B.** TIDAL ENERGY
- C. HYDRO POWER ENERGY
- **D.** GEO THERMAL ENERGY

Q50. WHICH ENERGY IS A NON RENEWABLE OR CONVENTIONAL FORM OF ENERGY?

- A. BIOMASS ENERGY
- **B.** WIND ENERGY
- C. TIDAL ENERGY
- D. NUCLEAR ENERGY

Q51. WHICH ENERGY IS THE LEADING SOURCE OF ELECTRICITY TODAY?

- A. THERMAL ENERGY
- **B.** NUCLEAR ENERGY
- C. SOLAR ENERGY
- D. GEO THERMAL ENERGY

Q52. The worlds first 100% solar powered airport is located at \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Mumbai, Maharashtra
- B. Cochin, Kerala
- C. Bengaluru, Karnataka
- D. Chennai, Tamil Nadu

Q53. The primary composition of coal is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Nitrogen
- B. Oxygen

C. Carbon D. Hydrogen
Q54. Secondary composition of coal includes  A. Nitrogen, Oxygen, Hydrogen  B. Oxygen, Carbon, Nitrogen  C. Hydrogen, Carbon, Nitrogen  D. None of the above
Q55. The food shortage in 1943 in India is called as A. Kerala Famine B. Calcutta Famine C. Karnataka Famine D. Bengal Famine
Q56. In 2018 the total world energy came from% fossil fuels A. 46% B. 64% C. 4.6% D. 6.4%
Q57. World energy demand increase by% per year on an average A. 16% B. 1.6% C. 6.1% D. 61%
Q58. EIA stands for  A. Energy Information Administration  B. Energy Information Assessment  C. Both (A) and (B)  D. None of the above
Q59. The demand of oil in 2040 will be increase from million barrel to million barrel per day  A. 58,10.6 B. 5.8,106 C. 85,106 D. 8.5,10.6
Q60 is the 2 <sup>nd</sup> most abundant source of energy in the world & is highly used in power generation  A. Oil  B. Coal  C. Natural Gas  D. Nuclear power
Q61. Nuclear power is forecast to grow A. 78% B. 8.7%

C.	7.8%
D.	87%
Ω62	% of earth's water is strong saline
Q02	A. 3%
	B. 29%
	C. 97%
	D. 79%
Q63. T	Γhe% of freshwater in available
	$\overline{3\%}$
	B. 97%
	C. 29%
	D. 31%
Q64. (	Glaciers consist of% of 3% available freshwater
	A. 100%
	B. 79%
	C. 90%
	D. 70%
_	Which one of the following is not a fossil fuel?
	Petroleum
	Uranium
	Coal
D.	Natural Gas
	The death of last individual of a species is called
	Extinction
	Endanger
	Diversity
D.	None of the above
	Oxygen is returned to atmosphere mainly by
	Respiration
	Fungi
	Photosynthesis
D.	Burning of fuels
Q68. (	Coal is an example of
	A. Renewable resources
	B. Non-renewable resources
	C. Both (A) and (B)
	D. None of the above
Q69. (	Oxygen is an example of
	A. Renewable resources
	B. Non-renewable resources
	C. Both (A) and (B)
	D. None of the above

<ul> <li>Q70. CNG stands for</li> <li>A. Critical Natural Gas</li> <li>B. Cooling Natural Gas</li> <li>C. Compound Natural Gas</li> <li>D. Compressed Natural Gas</li> </ul>
Q71. The normal pH value of rain is A. 4 B. 9 C. 7 D. 14
Q72. Chipko Andolan was held in A. Uttar Pradesh B. Uttarakhand C. Himachal Pradesh D. Punjab
Q73. Ozone depletion causes disease like A. Skin Cancer B. Lung Issues C. Blood Cancer D. All of the above
Q74. Wood pulp is used for making  A. Paper  B. Gum  C. Lumber  D. Chipboard
Q75. In Maharashtra nuclear power plant is in A. Chandrapur B. Tarapur C. Nagpur D. Ratnagiri
Q76. EFL stands for A. Ecological Fruitful Land B. Ecological Fractured Land C. Ecological Fragile Land D. Environmental Fatigue Land
Q77. Fossil fuels are termed as A. Earth energy B. Renewable energy C. Non-renewable energy D. Wind energy

Q78. The 4R's provides an ecologically sound and environment friendly approach
to minimize and manage waste streams.
A. Reduce
B. Reuse
C. Recover
D. Recycle
D. Recycle
Q79. Per capita use of water is highest in
A. Kuwait
B. Indonesia
C. India
D. USA
Q80. Which of the following is a non-metallic minerals?
A. Graphite
B. Diamond
C. Both (A) and (B)
D. None of the above
Q81. Chhota Nagpur is famous for
A. Tea Gardens
B. Rose Garden
C. Sugar

D. Rice Mill

Q82. FAO stands for

A. Food and Agro operations

B. Food and Agriculture organisation

C. Frequent Agriculture Organisation

D. Flood and Agriculture organization