Code:

```
1 | #include < stdio.h >
 2 | #include < conio.h >
 3 | #include < stdlib.h >
 4 | #include < graphics.h >
 5 | #include < math.h >
 6 typedef enum
 7
       TRANSLATE, SCALE, ROTATE, ROTATEAAA, SHEAR, REFLECT
 8
   }Operation;
   typedef struct Matrix
10
11
12
       int rows, columns;
       double matrix[4][4];
13
14|}Matrix;
15 typedef struct
16 | {
17
       int sides;
18
       Matrix* arr;
19 | }Shape;
20 | Shape initShape(int arr[], int sides);
21 | Shape applyTransform(Shape shape, Operation op);
22 void drawShape(Shape shape);
23 | void destroyShape(Shape shape);
24 | Matrix initMatrix(int rows, int columns);
25 | void printMatrix(Matrix m);
26 | Matrix multiplyMatrix(Matrix m1, Matrix m2);
27 | Matrix setMatDataAt(int data, Matrix mat, int row, int column);
28 | Matrix initHomoTransform();
29 | Matrix translate(int tx, int ty);
30 | Matrix scale(double sx, double sy);
31 | Matrix rotate(int angle);
32 | Matrix rotateAbout(int angle, int anchorx, int anchory);
33 | Matrix shear(double shx, int x_axis);
34
35 | Shape initShape(int arr[], int sides)
36 | {
37
       int i, j, k;
38
       Shape shape;
       shape.sides = sides;
39
       shape.arr = (Matrix*)malloc((sides + 1)* sizeof(Matrix));
40
       k = 0;
41
       for( i = 0; i < sides + 1; i++)
42
       {
43
44
            *(shape.arr + i) = initMatrix(3, 1);
            *(shape.arr + i) = setMatDataAt(1, *(shape.arr + i), 2, 0);
45
```

```
for(j = 0; j < 2; j++)
46
47
                *(shape.arr + i) = setMatDataAt(arr[k], *(shape.arr + i), j, 0);
48
               k++;
49
           }
50
       }
51
       return shape;
52
53
   Shape applyTransform(Shape shape, Operation op)
54
55
56
       int i;
       double d1, d2, d3, d4;
57
       Matrix transform = initHomoTransform();
58
       switch(op)
59
       {
60
           case TRANSLATE:
61
               printf("Enter tx & ty: ");
62
               scanf("%lf%lf", &d1, &d2);
63
               transform = translate((int) d1, (int) d2);
64
               break:
65
           case SCALE:
66
               printf("Enter sx & asy: ");
67
               scanf("%lf%lf", &d1, &d2);
68
               transform = translate(- (*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
69
                                       - (*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0]);
70
               transform = multiplyMatrix(scale(d1,d2), transform);
71
               transform = multiplyMatrix(
72
                    translate((*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
73
       (*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0])
                    , transform);
74
               break:
75
           case ROTATE:
76
               printf("Enter the angle to rotate with: ");
77
                scanf("%lf", &d1);
78
                transform = translate(- (*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
79
                                       - (*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0]);
80
               transform = multiplyMatrix(rotate((int)d1), transform);
81
82
               transform = multiplyMatrix(
                    translate((*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
83
       (*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0])
                    , transform);
84
               break:
85
           case ROTATEAAA:
86
               printf("Enter the point about which to rotate: ");
87
               scanf("%lf%lf", &d1, &d2);
88
               printf("Enter the angle: ");
89
               scanf("%lf", &d3);
90
```

```
transform = translate(- (int)d1, - (int)d2);
91
                transform = multiplyMatrix(rotate((int)d3), transform);
92
                transform = multiplyMatrix(
93
                     translate((int) d1, (int) d2)
94
                     , transform);
95
                break:
96
            case SHEAR:
97
                printf("Enter the shear factor: ");
98
                 scanf("%lf", &d1);
99
                printf("Enter 1 for shearing about X-axis or 0 for shearing about
100
       Y-axis: ");
101
                scanf("%d", &i);
                transform = translate(- (*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
102
                                        -(*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0]);
103
                transform = multiplyMatrix(shear(d1, i), transform);
104
                transform = multiplyMatrix(
105
106
                     translate((*(shape.arr)).matrix[0][0],
        (*(shape.arr)).matrix[1][0])
                     , transform);
107
                     break:
108
            case REFLECT:
109
                for(i = 0; i < shape.sides + 1; i++)
110
                 {
111
                     (shape.arr + i)->matrix[0][0] = ((double) getmaxx() -
112
                        (shape.arr + i)->matrix[0][0]);
                 }
113
                return shape;
114
                break;
115
            default:
116
            printf("Shouldn't Be Here");
117
118
        for(i = 0; i < shape.sides + 1; i++)
119
120
           *(shape.arr + i) = multiplyMatrix(transform, *(shape.arr + i));
121
122
123
        return shape;
124
125
126 | void drawShape(Shape shape)
127
128
        int i, j, k;
        int result2[20];
129
        k = 0;
130
        for( i = 0; i < shape.sides + 1 ; i++)</pre>
131
132
            for(j = 0; j < 2; j++)
133
134
```

```
// printMatrix(*(shape.arr + i));
135
                 result2[k] = (*(shape.arr + i)).matrix[j][0];
136
                 k++;
137
             }
138
139
        drawpoly(shape.sides + 1, result2);
140
        getch();
141
        cleardevice();
142
143
    void destroyShape(Shape shape)
144
145
146
        int i;
        for(i = 0; i < shape.sides + 1; i++)
147
148
            free((shape.arr + i));
149
150
151
    Matrix initMatrix(int rows, int columns)
152
153
        int i,j;
154
        Matrix m;
155
        m.rows = rows;
156
        m.columns = columns;
157
        for(i = 0; i < rows; i++)
158
159
             for(j = 0; j < columns; j++)
160
161
                 m.matrix[i][j] = 0;
162
163
        }
164
165
        return m;
166
    void printMatrix(Matrix m)
167
168
        int i,j;
169
        for(i = 0; i < m.rows; i++)
170
171
             for(j = 0; j < m.columns; j++)
172
             {
173
                 printf("%lf", m.matrix[i][j]);
174
175
            printf("\n");
176
177
        printf("\n");
178
179
180
181 | Matrix multiplyMatrix(Matrix m1, Matrix m2)
```

```
182 {
        int i, j, k;
183
        Matrix mult = initMatrix(m1.rows, m2.columns);
184
185
        for( i = 0; i < m1.rows; i++)
186
            for(j = 0; j < m2.columns; j++)
187
            {
188
                 for(k = 0; k < m2.rows; k++)
189
190
                     mult.matrix[i][j] = mult.matrix[i][j] + m1.matrix[i][k] *
191
       m2.matrix[k][j];
192
                 }
193
194
195
        return mult;
196
197
   Matrix setMatDataAt(int data, Matrix mat, int row, int column)
198
        mat.matrix[row] [column] = data;
199
        return mat;
200
201
202 Matrix initHomoTransform()
203
        int i,j;
204
205
        Matrix m;
        m.rows = 3;
206
        m.columns = 3;
207
        for(i = 0; i < m.rows; i++)
208
209
            for(j = 0; j < m.columns; j++)
210
211
                 if( i == j )
212
213
                     m.matrix[i][j] = 1;
214
                 }
215
216
                 else
217
                     m.matrix[i][j] = 0;
218
219
            }
220
        }
221
222
        return m;
223
224 | Matrix translate(int tx, int ty)
225
226
        Matrix m;
        m = initHomoTransform();
227
```

```
m.matrix[0][2] = tx;
228
        m.matrix[1][2] = ty;
229
        return m;
230
231
    Matrix scale(double sx, double sy)
232
233
        Matrix m;
234
        m = initHomoTransform();
235
        m.matrix[0][0] = sx;
236
        m.matrix[1][1] = sy;
237
238
        return m;
239
    Matrix shear(double sh, int x_axis)
240
241
        Matrix m = initHomoTransform();
242
        if(x axis)
243
244
            m.matrix[0][1] = sh;
245
246
        else
247
248
            m.matrix[1][0] = sh;
249
250
251
        return m;
252
   Matrix rotate(int angle)
253
    {
254
        Matrix m;
255
        double inRadians = (angle * 3.1415926535 / 180);
256
        m = initHomoTransform();
257
        m.matrix[0][0] = cos(inRadians);
258
        m.matrix[0][1] = - sin(inRadians);
259
        m.matrix[1][0] = sin(inRadians);
260
        m.matrix[1][1] = cos(inRadians);
261
        return m;
262
263
264
265
    int main()
266
    {
        int gd = DETECT, gm, length, sides, i, j, k;
267
        int vertices[20], result2[20];
268
        Shape shapeT, shapeS, shapeR, shapeSh, shapeRe;
269
        Matrix transform = initHomoTransform();
270
271
        vertices[0] = 200;
272
        vertices[1] = 250;
        vertices[2] = 250;
273
        vertices[3] = 250;
274
```

```
275
        vertices[4] = 250;
        vertices[5] = 300;
276
        vertices[6] = 200;
277
278
        vertices[7] = 300;
        vertices[8] = 200;
279
        vertices[9] = 250;
280
        initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
281
        printf("Enter the number of sides: ");
282
        scanf("%d", &sides);
283
        shapeT = initShape(vertices, sides);
284
        shapeS = initShape(vertices, sides);
285
        shapeSh = initShape(vertices, sides);
286
        shapeR = initShape(vertices, sides);
287
        shapeRe = initShape(vertices, sides);
288
        drawShape(shapeT);
289
        shapeT = applyTransform(shapeT, TRANSLATE);
290
291
        drawShape(shapeT);
        shapeS = applyTransform(shapeS, SCALE);
292
        drawShape(shapeS);
293
        shapeR = applyTransform(shapeR, ROTATE);
294
        drawShape(shapeR);
295
        shapeSh = applyTransform(shapeSh, SHEAR);
296
        drawShape(shapeSh);
297
        printf("Reflection: ");
298
        shapeRe = applyTransform(shapeSh, REFLECT);
299
        drawShape(shapeRe);
300
        getch();
301
        closegraph();
302
        return 0;
303
304 }
```