Please check the examination det	tails below	before ente	tering your candidate information
Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centro	e Number	r Candidate Number
Thursday 11	Jun	e 20	020
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 mine	utes)	Paper Re	Reference WME03/01
Mathematics			
International Advance Mechanics M3	ed Suk	osidiary	ry/Advanced Level
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Sta	atistical ⁻	Tables (Blu	Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶





(6)

1.

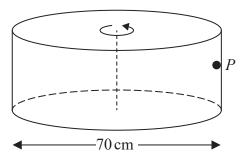


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a hollow cylinder with diameter $70 \,\mathrm{cm}$. The cylinder is rotating at a constant angular speed about its axis, which is vertical. As the cylinder rotates, a particle P remains in contact with the same point on the rough inside surface of the cylinder. The particle is moving in a horizontal circle of diameter $70 \,\mathrm{cm}$.

The cylinder makes 2 complete revolutions every second.

The coefficient of friction between P and the cylinder is μ .

Find the range of possible values of μ .

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2.

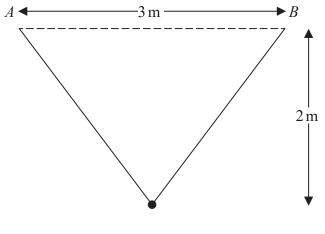


Figure 2

A smooth bead of weight 12 N is threaded onto a light elastic string of natural length 3 m. The points A and B are on a horizontal ceiling, with AB = 3 m. One end of the string is attached to A and the other end of the string is attached to B.

The bead hangs freely in equilibrium, 2 m below the ceiling, as shown in Figure 2.

(a) Find the tension in the string.

(4)

(b) Show that the modulus of elasticity of the string is 11.25 N.

(2)

The bead is now pulled down to a point vertically below its equilibrium position and released from rest.

(c) Find the elastic energy stored in the string at the instant when the bead is moving at its maximum speed.

(2)





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(7)

3.

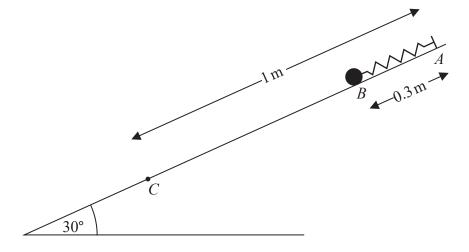


Figure 3

A particle P of mass 2 kg is attached to one end of a light elastic spring, of natural length 0.8 m and modulus of elasticity 12 N. The other end of the spring is attached to a fixed point A on a rough plane. The plane is inclined at 30° to the horizontal. Initially P is held at rest on the plane at the point B, where B is below A, with AB = 0.3 m and AB lies along a line of greatest slope of the plane. The point C lies on the plane with AC = 1 m, as shown in Figure 3.

The coefficient of friction between P and the plane is 0.3

After being released P passes through the point C.

Find the speed of P at the instant it passes through C.

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(5)

4. (a) Use algebraic integration to show that the centre of mass of a uniform solid hemisphere of radius a is a distance $\frac{3}{8}a$ from the centre of its plane face.

[You may assume that the volume of a sphere of radius r is $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$]

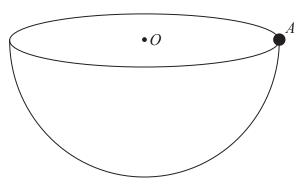


Figure 4

A uniform solid hemisphere has mass m and radius a. A particle of mass km is attached to a point A on the circumference of the plane face of the hemisphere to form the loaded solid S. The centre of the plane face of the hemisphere is the point O, as shown in Figure 4.

The loaded solid S is placed on a horizontal plane. The curved surface of S is in contact with the plane and S rests in equilibrium with OA making an angle α with the horizontal, where $\tan \alpha = \sqrt{3}$

(b)	Find	the	exact	value	of	k.
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5. A particle P of mass 0.5 kg moves along the positive x-axis in the positive x direction.

At time t seconds, $t \ge 1$, P is x metres from the origin O and is moving with speed $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

The resultant force acting on P has magnitude $\frac{2}{x^3}$ N and is directed towards O.

When t = 1, x = 1 and v = 3

Show that

(a)
$$v^2 = \frac{4}{x^2} + 5$$

(b) $t = \frac{a + \sqrt{bx^2 + c}}{d}$, where a, b, c and d are integers to be found.



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6. A light elastic string has natural length a and modulus of elasticity $\frac{3}{4}$ mg. A particle P of mass m is attached to one end of the string. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point A. Particle P hangs freely in equilibrium at the point O, vertically below A.

(a) Find the distance OA.

(2)

The particle P is now pulled vertically down to a point B, where AB = 3a, and released from rest.

(b) Show that, throughout the subsequent motion, P performs **only** simple harmonic motion, justifying your answer.

(6)

The point C is vertically below A, where AC = 2a.

Find, in terms of a and g,

(c) the speed of P at the instant that it passes through C,

(3)

(d) the time taken for P to move directly from B to C.

(4)

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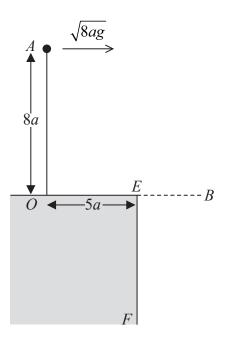


Figure 5

A particle of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length 8a. The other end of the string is fixed to the point O on the smooth horizontal surface of a desk. The point E is on the edge of the desk, where OE = 5a and OE is perpendicular to the edge of the desk. The particle is held at the point A, vertically above O, with the string taut.

The particle is projected horizontally from A with speed $\sqrt{8ag}$ in the direction OE, as shown in Figure 5.

When the particle is above the level of OE the particle is moving in a vertical circle with radius 8a.

Given that, when the string makes an angle θ with the upward vertical through O, the tension in the string is T,

(a) show that
$$T = 3 mg (1 - \cos \theta)$$
 (7)

At the instant when the string is horizontal, the particle passes through the point B.

(b) Find the instantaneous change in the tension in the string as the particle passes through B.

The particle hits the vertical side *EF* of the desk and rebounds. As a result of the impact, the particle loses one third of the kinetic energy it had immediately before the impact.

In the subsequent motion the string becomes slack when it makes an angle α with the upward vertical through O.

(c) Show that
$$\cos \alpha = \frac{7}{12}$$
 (7)

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