

Mid-term presentation CL Team Lab

Group 9 Emotion Classification

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Emotion Classification

- ▶ International Survey On Emotion Antecedents And Reactions (ISEAR)
- ▶ Students asked to describe emotional events for 7 emotions including *joy*, *fear*, *anger*, *sadness*, *disgust*, *shame*, and *guilt*
 - ★ *joy* - A party I went to last Christmas.
 - ★ *disgust* - An Engineer I know wants war so he can get a job making bombs.
- ▶ Supervised Classification Task:
Predict correct emotion given a text sequence from the data set

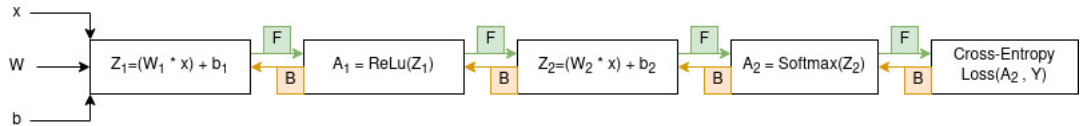
Simple Neural Networks and Data Preprocessing

- ▶ Neural Network as baseline because it is state-of-the-art architecture
- ▶ Simple 2 and 4-layer Neural Network to understand how architecture works

Data Preprocessing: tf_idf and One Hot Encoding

- ▶ tf-idf = Term frequency (tf) * Inverse document frequency (idf)
 - ★ $tf_{t,d}$ of term t in document d is the number of times t occurs in d
 - ★ df_t is the number of documents that t occurs in
 - ★ $idf_t = \log_{10} \frac{N}{df_t}$, N is the number of documents in the data set
- ▶ One Hot Encoding
 - ★ $joy = [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]$, $fear = [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]$, $shame = [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]$, etc.

Graphic of 2-Layer Neural Network



Hyperparameters

- ▶ 2 and 4-layers architecture
- ▶ Tried 5, 10, and 20 epochs
- ▶ Each epoch with 0.01, 0.001, 0.0001, 0.00001 as learning rates

Precision, Recall and F_1 Score

Layers	Class	Precision	Recall	F_1 Score
2-layer	Joy	.13	1.0	.23
	Fear	.00	.00	.00
	Shame	.00	.00	.00
	Disgust	.00	.00	.00
	Guilt	.00	.00	.00
	Anger	.00	.00	.00
	Sadness	.00	.00	.00
4-layer	Joy	.13	1.0	.23
	Fear	.00	.00	.00
	Shame	.00	.00	.00
	Disgust	.00	.00	.00
	Guilt	.00	.00	.00
	Anger	.00	.00	.00
	Sadness	.00	.00	.00

Std/mean value of each epoch

Conclusion and Future Work

- ▶ Problem: Our baseline predicts the same class regardless of hyperparameters
- ▶ *Can we improve the performance of the emotion detection method by converting the multi-class classification problem into a binary one?*
 - ★ Experiment 1:
Have one classifier per emotion, e.g. joy vs rest
 - ★ Experiment 2:
Have a classifier for a pair of opposite emotions, e.g. joy vs sadness