Spencer Freeman AOE 5784, Estimation and Filtering 11/21/2024

Midterm 2

4-7) O Simplify
$$(4.3.3-1)$$
 for a time-invariant system, that is, $F(i) = F$, $G(i) = G$.

$$\underline{\times}(k) = \left(\prod_{j=0}^{k-1-1} F(k-1-j) \right) \underline{\times}(k) + \underbrace{\xi}_{i=0}^{k-1} \left(\prod_{j=0}^{k-i-2} F(k-1-j) \right) \cdot \dots$$

$$[G(i)\underline{w}(i) + \underline{v}(i)]$$

(4.3.3-1)

(2) Find a close-form solution, similar to
$$4.3.3-1$$
, for the covariance $4.3.4-7$ assuming $F(k)=F$, $\Gamma(k)=\Gamma$, $Q(k)=Q$.

$$P_{xx}(k+1) = F(k)P_{xx}(k)F(k)^{T} + P(k)Q(k)P(k)^{T}$$
(4.3.4-7)

$$F=\emptyset$$
 $\Rightarrow = F^{k-1}$

$$\frac{k-i-2}{TI}F(k-1-i) = F(k-1-(0)) - F(k-1-(k-i-2))$$

$$j=0$$

$$\underline{X}(K) = F^{K-1}\underline{X}(N) + \underbrace{E}_{i=1}^{K-1} F^{K-i-1} [G\underline{N}(i) + \underline{V}(i)]$$

$$P_{xx}(k+1) = F_{xx}(k) F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}$$

$$P_{xx}(k+1-1) = F_{xx}(k-1) F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}$$

$$P(k+1) = F [FP(k-1)F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}]F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}$$

$$P(k+1) = F^{2} P(k-1)F^{2} + F [\Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}]F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}$$

$$P(k) = F^{2} P(k) F^{T} + F [\Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}]F^{T} + \Gamma Q \Gamma^{T}$$

HW5

2) Prove: 120 (k+1) 5 (K+1) D(k+1) = J. ((k), & (k+1), k)

Jo[V(K), X(KH), K]= J. [F'(K)(X(KH)-G(K)U(K)-[(K)Y(K)), X(KH), X(KH), K] Ja[x(k), y(k), x(k+1), k] = \(\(\chi(k) - \hat{\chi}(k)\) \(\chi(k) - \hat{\chi}(k)\) +... - V(K)Q(K) V(K) + - [= (KH)-H(K+1)X(K+1)] R'(K+1)[... Z(k+1)-H(k+1)x(k+1)

J_[(k), X(k+1), K] = - ATP'(K)A++ CTQ'(K) C++BT R'(K+1) B $\hat{X}(K|K+I) = F^{-1}(K)[\hat{X}(K+I) - G(K) \underline{W}(K) - P(K)\hat{V}(K)]$

 $\underline{A} = \left[\hat{X}(k|k+1) - \hat{X}(k)\right]$ $\subseteq = \hat{Y}(k)$ B = [Z(K+1)-H(K+1)&(K+1)]

Vewrite in terms of innovation, D(K+1)

 $C = \hat{Y}(k) = Q(k) \int_{-1}^{T}(k) \hat{P}^{-1}(k+1) \left[\hat{X}(k+1) - \hat{F}(k) \hat{X}(k) - G(k) \hat{Y}(k) \right]$ X(K+1) = F(K) &(K) + 6(K) W(K) -> state mean propagation 全(k+1)= 区(k+1)+P(k+1)+T(k+1)5"(k+1)2(k+1)→ k.F. update C = Q(k) [T(k) F-1(k+1)[x(k+1)+F(k+1)+T(k+1)51(k+1)](k+1) - ... F(K)F'(K) &(K+1)-6(K)U(K))-6(K)V(K)] ⊆ = Q(k) [T(k) HT(k+1) 5-1(k+1) D(k+1)

$$A = F^{-1}(k)[\hat{\chi}(k+1) - G(k)\underline{\chi}(k) - f'(k)\hat{\chi}(k)] - \hat{\chi}(k)$$

$$\underline{A} = F^{-1}(k)[\hat{\chi}(k+1) + \hat{f}(k+1)H^{T}(k+1)S^{T}(k+1)\underline{D}(k+1) - \dots$$

$$G(k)\underline{\chi}(k) - f'(k)\hat{\chi}(k) - (\hat{\chi}(k+1) - G(k)\underline{\chi}(k))]$$

$$\underline{A} = F^{-1}(k)[\hat{f}(k+1) - f'(k)G(k)f^{T}(k)]H^{T}(k+1)S^{-1}(k+1)\underline{L}(k+1)$$

$$\underline{A} = F^{-1}(k)[\hat{f}(k+1) - f'(k)G(k)f^{T}(k)]H^{T}(k+1)S^{-1}(k+1)\underline{L}(k+1)$$

$$\underline{A} = F(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)S^{-1}(k+1)\underline{D}(k+1)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2}(k) - \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(k+1) = \frac{1}{2}(k+1) - \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2}(k+1) + \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1) - \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1) + \dots$$

$$F(k+1) + \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(k+1)$$

$$B = \left[\frac{1}{2}(k+1) - \frac{1}{2}(k+1) \cdot \frac{1}{2}($$

$$\underline{A} = \Theta_{A} S^{-1}(k+1) \mathcal{D}(k+1)$$

$$\underline{B} = \Theta_{B} S^{-1}(k+1) \mathcal{D}(k+1)$$

$$\underline{C} = \Theta_{C} S^{-1}(k+1) \mathcal{D}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{A} \qquad \Phi_{C} \qquad \Phi_{B}$$

$$\underline{C} = \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{D}(k+1)^{T} S^{-1}(k+1)^{T} \left[\Theta_{A}^{T} P^{-1}(k)\Theta_{A} + \Theta_{C}^{T} Q^{-1}(k)\Theta_{C} + \Theta_{B}^{T} R^{-1}(k+1)\Theta_{B}\right]$$

$$\Phi_{A} = \left(P(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)\right)^{T}P^{-1}(k)P(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{A} = H(k+1)F(k)P^{T}(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{C} = H(k+1)\Gamma(k)Q^{T}(k)Q^{-1}(k)Q(k)\Gamma^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{C} = H(k+1)EP(k+1)-F(k)P(k)F^{T}(k)T^{T}H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{C} = H(k+1)P^{T}(k+1)H^{T}(k+1)-H(k+1)F(k)P^{T}(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{B} = R^{T}(k+1)R^{-1}(k+1)R(k+1)$$

$$\Phi_{B} = R^{T}(k+1) = S^{T}(k+1)-H(k+1)P^{T}(k+1)H^{T}(k+1)$$

$$J_{b}[] = \frac{1}{2} 2^{T}(k+1) 5^{-1}(k+1)^{T}[H(k+1)F(k)P^{T}(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1) + ...$$

$$-H(k+1)P^{T}(k+1)H^{T}(k+1) + ...$$

$$-H(k+1)F(k)P^{T}(k)F^{T}(k)H^{T}(k+1) + ...$$

$$5^{T}(k+1)-H(k+1)P^{T}(k+1)H^{T}(k+1)...$$

$$J_{5^{-1}}(k+1)D(k+1)$$

J6[1(K), &(K+1), K] = + 2[(K+1)5"(K+1) [S"(K+1)]5"(K+1)V(4+1)

(S(k+1)=5T(k+1))

HW5 Problem 6

Spencer Freeman

AOE 5784

11/21/2024

Results:

```
HW5-P6
50 Monte Carlo's:
P_obs_10 =
 0.001685037889159 -0.001960890248705
-0.001960890248705  0.132750322569187
xtil_mu_10 =
 0.009836097018543 \  \  0.002413490133935
P_est_10 =
 0.001684356805503  0.000851637905493
 0.000851637905493  0.089420255095101
P_obs_35 =
 0.001604954483244 \  \  0.000929190452452
 0.000929190452452 0.061380608944991
xtil_mu_35 =
-0.001730036769037 -0.082745748260370
P_est_35 =
 0.001622216524173  0.000662325081077
 0.000662325081077 \ \ 0.084545653745850
1000 Monte Carlo's:
P_obs_10 =
 0.001780496800946  0.000613055000826
 0.000613055000826 \ \ 0.092962887993726
xtil_mu_10 =
-0.000920179678361 -0.015401560401631
```

P_est_10 =

```
0.001684356805503 0.000851637905493 0.000851637905493 0.089420255095101

P_obs_35 =

0.001595398953031 0.000386304340128 0.085142434109844

xtil_mu_35 =

0.000752078684707 0.016454329553106

P_est_35 =

0.001622216524173 0.000662325081077 0.000662325081077 0.084545653745850
```

Code:

```
\%\% Implement a Kalman filter for the example problem that was presented in class
 % Spencer Freeman, 11/20/2024
 % AOE 5784, Estimation and Filtering
% This script solves number 6 of problem set 5
 % -----
clear;clc;close all
disp('HW5-P6')
format long
%% P3
kf_example02a % bring in data
% Q(k) = 6 and the new measurement noise covariance R(k) = 0.05.
Qk = 6;
Rk = 0.05;
nx = length(xhat0);
n = length(thist) + 1;
nmc = 50; % monte carlo's
disp(" ")
 disp("50 Monte Carlo's:")
[P\_obs\_10, xtil\_mu\_10, P\_est\_10, P\_obs\_35, xtil\_mu\_35 \ P\_est\_35] = run\_mc( \dots \ P\_obs\_35, xtil\_mu\_35 \ P\_est\_35] = ru
            thist, Fk,Gammak,Hk,Qk,Rk,xhat0,P0,n, nx, nmc)
nmc = 1000; % monte carlo's
disp(" ")
disp("1000 Monte Carlo's:")
[P\_obs\_10, xtil\_mu\_10, P\_est\_10, P\_obs\_35, xtil\_mu\_35 \ P\_est\_35] = run\_mc(\ \dots \ P\_obs\_35, xtil\_mu\_35 \ P\_est\_35] = run\_mc(\ \dots \ P\_obs\_35, xtil\_mu\_35 \ P\_obs\_
            thist, Fk,Gammak,Hk,Qk,Rk,xhat0,P0,n, nx, nmc)
```

```
function [P_obs_10, xtil_mu_10, P_est_10, P_obs_35, xtil_mu_35 P_est_35] = run_mc( ...
  thist, Fk,Gammak,Hk,Qk,Rk,xhat0,P0,n, nx, nmc)
xtil = nan(nx, n, nmc); % error for MC's
for j = 1:nmc
[xtruehist,zhist] = kf_truthmodel_midterm(Fk,Gammak,Hk,Qk,Rk,xhat0,P0,n - 1);
t = 0; % s
xhat = xhat0; % initial state estimate
phat = P0; % initial state covariance
ts = nan(1, n);
xhats = nan(nx, n);
phats = nan(nx * nx, n);
for i = 1:(n - 1)
  ts(i) = t;
  xhats(:, i) = xhat;
  phats(:, i) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
  t = thist(i); % s
  xbar = Fk * xhat; % propagate state estimate
  pbar = Fk * phat * Fk' + Gammak * Qk * Gammak'; % propagate state covariance
  zbar = Hk * xbar; % expected measurement
  z = zhist(i); % actual measurement
  v = z - zbar; % filter innovation
  S = Hk * pbar * Hk' + Rk; % expected measurement covariance
  W = pbar * Hk' * inv(S); % filter gain
  xhat = xbar + W * v; % updated state estimate
  phat = pbar - W * S * W'; % updates state covariance
end % for
% record the final filter outputs
ts(n) = t;
xhats(:, n) = xhat;
phats(:, n) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
xtil(:,:,j) = xtruehist' - xhats;
end % for
xtil_10 = squeeze(xtil(:, 10, :))';
xtil_mu_10 = mean(xtil_10, 1);
% P_obs_10 = cov(xtil_10);
temp = nan(2, 2, nmc);
for i = 1:nmc
 temp(:, :, i) = xtil(:, 10, i) * xtil(:, 10, i)';
end
P_{obs_10} = mean(temp, 3);
P_est_10 = reshape(phats(:, 10), size(P0));
```

```
xtil_35 = squeeze(xtil(:, 35, :))';
xtil_mu_35 = mean(xtil_35, 1);
% P_obs_35 = cov(xtil_35);

temp = nan(2, 2, nmc);
for i = 1:nmc
    temp(:, :, i) = xtil(:, 35, i) * xtil(:, 35, i)';
end
P_obs_35 = mean(temp, 3);

P_est_35 = reshape(phats(:, 35), size(P0));
```

end % function

Section 3.5

$$\omega(k) = \phi(k) + C$$
, $\overline{\phi}(k) = 0$, $\mathcal{E}[\phi(k)] = \sqrt{-1}$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
X = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} & F & F \\
X(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T & 0 \end{bmatrix} & X(k) + \begin{bmatrix} T^2/27 & V(k) \\ T & 0 \end{bmatrix} & V(k) \\
\frac{2}{3}(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & X(k) + \varphi(k) & \varphi(k)
\end{array}$$

HW6 Problem 2

Spencer Freeman

AOE 5784

11/21/2024

Results:

```
HW6-P2
```

Filter Problem a

xhat(50):

1.0e+05 *

- -2.1063
- -0.0529
- -0.0007

phat(50):

8.6366 -0.7391 -6.4165 -0.7391 1.2292 -0.5956 -6.4165 -0.5956 8.6089

xhat_SRIF(50):

1.0e+05 *

- -2.1063
- -0.0529
- -0.0007

phat_SRIF(50):

8.6366 -0.7391 -6.4165 -0.7391 1.2292 -0.5956 -6.4165 -0.5956 8.6089

covariance error metric (50):

1.0e-09 *

0.0280 0.2491 0.0196 0.2716 0.0757 0.0251 0.0209 0.0249 0.0120

Filter Problem b

xhat(50):

1.0e+04 *

-4.0118

```
0.0254

0.0022

phat(50):

6.5794 -0.6665 -5.2465

-0.6665 0.7258 -0.7852

-5.2465 -0.7852 6.8169

xhat_SRIF(50):

1.0e+04 *

-4.0118

0.0254

0.0022

phat_SRIF(50):

6.5794 -0.6665 -5.2465

-0.6665 0.7258 -0.7852

-5.2465 -0.7852 6.8169
```

covariance error metric (50):

1.0e-06 *

0.1397 0.1292 0.1423 0.1292 0.1412 0.1515 0.1423 0.1515 0.1444

Code:

```
\%\% Implement a Kalman filter for the example problem that was presented in class
% Spencer Freeman, 11/21/2024
% AOE 5784, Estimation and Filtering
% This script solves number 2 of problem set 6
clear;clc;close all
disp('HW6-P2')
%%
kf_example03a % bring in data
[ts, xhats_a, phats_a, \sim] = ...
  filter(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist);
[~, xhats_s_a, phats_s_a, ~] = ...
  SRIF(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist);
cov_error_metric_a = abs(phats_a - phats_s_a) ./ (abs(phats_s_a) + eps^6);
kf_example03b % bring in data
[~, xhats_b, phats_b, ~] = ...
  filter(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist);
[~, xhats_s_b, phats_s_b, ~] = ...
  SRIF(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist);
cov_error_metric_b = abs(phats_b - phats_s_b) ./ (abs(phats_s_b) + eps^6);
%% plotting
close all
plot_filter(ts, xhats_a, phats_a, 'KF-a')
plot_filter(ts, xhats_s_a, phats_s_a, 'SRIF-a')
plot_filter(ts, xhats_b, phats_b, 'KF-b')
plot_filter(ts, xhats_s_b, phats_s_b, 'SRIF-b')
%%
ind = 50;
disp(" ")
disp('Filter Problem a')
disp(" ")
disp("xhat(50): ")
disp((xhats_a(:, ind)))
disp(" ")
disp("phat(50): ")
disp((reshape(phats_a(:, ind), size(P0))))
disp(" ")
disp("xhat_SRIF(50): ")
disp((xhats_s_a(:, ind)))
```

```
disp(" ")
disp("phat_SRIF(50): ")
disp((reshape(phats_s_a(:, ind), size(P0))))
disp(" ")
disp("covariance error metric (50): ")
disp((reshape(cov_error_metric_a(:, ind), size(P0))))
disp(" ")
disp("Filter Problem b")
disp(" ")
disp("xhat(50): ")
disp((xhats_b(:, ind)))
disp(" ")
disp("phat(50): ")
disp(reshape(phats_b(:, ind), size(P0)))
disp(" ")
disp("xhat_SRIF(50): ")
disp((xhats_s_b(:, ind)))
disp(" ")
disp("phat_SRIF(50): ")
disp((reshape(phats_s_b(:, ind), size(P0))))
disp("covariance error metric (50): ")
disp((reshape(cov_error_metric_b(:, ind), size(P0))))
disp(" ")
function plot_filter(ts, xhats, phats, name)
h = figure;
h.WindowStyle = 'Docked';
subplot(3, 1, 1)
plot(ts, xhats(1, :), 'r*'); hold on
plot(ts, xhats(1, :) + sqrt(phats(1, :)) .* [1; -1], 'bo')
legend('Estimate', '+-1\sigma')
title(name)
ylabel('xhat_1')
subplot(3, 1, 2)
plot(ts, xhats(2, :), 'r*'); hold on
plot(ts, xhats(2, :) + sqrt(phats(5, :)) .* [1; -1], 'bo')
grid on
ylabel('xhat_2')
subplot(3, 1, 3)
plot(ts, xhats(3, :), 'r*'); hold on
plot(ts, xhats(3, :) + sqrt(phats(9, :)) .* [1; -1], 'bo')
grid on
ylabel('xhat_2')
xlabel('Time (s)')
end
function [ts, xhats, phats, evs] = ...
  SRIF(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist)
n = length(thist) + 1;
```

```
nx = length(xhat0);
nv = size(Qk, 1);
t = 0; % s
ev = 0;
Finv = inv(Fk);
info = inv(P0); % information matrix
Rxx = chol(info);
Rvv = inv(chol(Qk))';
Ra = chol(Rk);
Rainv = inv(Ra);
Ha = Rainv' * Hk;
zahist = Rainv' * zhist;
zx = Rxx * xhat0;
G = 0;
u = 0;
xhat = xhat0; % initial state estimate
phat = P0; % initial state covariance
ts = nan(1, n);
xhats = nan(nx, n);
phats = nan(nx * nx, n);
evs = nan(1, n);
for i = 1:(n - 1)
  ts(i) = t;
  xhats(:, i) = xhat;
  phats(:, i) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
  evs(i) = ev;
  t = thist(i); % s
  % propagation
  [q, r] = qr([...
   Rvv, zeros(nv, nx); ...
   -Rxx * Finv * Gammak, Rxx * Finv]);
  Rvvbar = r(1:nv, 1:nv);
  Rvxbar = r(1:nv, nv + 1:end);
 Rxxbar = r(nv + 1:end, nv + 1:end);
  temp = Ta * [zeros(nv, 1); zx];
  zxbar = temp(nv + 1:end, :);
  % measurement update
  [q, r] = qr([Rxxbar; Ha]);
  Tb = q';
  Rxx = r(1:nx, :);
  temp = Tb * [zxbar; zahist(i)];
  zx = temp(1:nx, :);
  % convert back to true states
  Rxxinv = inv(Rxx);
  xhat = Rxxinv * zx;
  phat = Rxxinv * Rxxinv';
```

```
% record the final filter outputs
ts(n) = t;
xhats(:, n) = xhat;
phats(:, n) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
evs(n) = ev;
end % function
function [ts, xhats, phats, evs] = ...
 filter(Fk, Gammak, Hk, Qk, Rk, xhat0, P0, thist, zhist)
n = length(thist) + 1;
nx = length(xhat0);
t = 0; % s
xhat = xhat0; % initial state estimate
phat = P0; % initial state covariance
ev = 0;
ts = nan(1, n);
xhats = nan(nx, n);
phats = nan(nx * nx, n);
evs = nan(1, n);
for i = 1:(n - 1)
  ts(i) = t;
  xhats(:, i) = xhat;
  phats(:, i) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
  evs(i) = ev;
  t = thist(i); % s
  xbar = Fk * xhat; % propagate state estimate
  pbar = Fk * phat * Fk' + Gammak * Qk * Gammak'; % propagate state covariance
 zbar = Hk * xbar; % expected measurement
  z = zhist(i); % actual measurement
  v = z - zbar; % filter innovation
  S = Hk * pbar * Hk' + Rk; % expected measurement covariance
  Sinv = inv(S);
  W = pbar * Hk' * Sinv; % filter gain
  ev = v' * Sinv * v; % estimation error statistic
  xhat = xbar + W * v; % updated state estimate
  phat = pbar - W * S * W'; % updates state covariance
end
% record the final filter outputs
ts(n) = t;
xhats(:, n) = xhat;
phats(:, n) = phat(:); % unwrap to column vector
evs(n) = ev;
end % function
```

3)

$$\underline{X}^{*}(k) = F^{-1}(k) \left[\underline{X}^{*}(k+1) - G(k) \underline{M}(k) - \Gamma(k) \underline{V}^{*}(k) \right]$$

$$\underline{X}^{*}(k) = \underline{X}(k) + P(k) F^{-1}(k) P^{-1}(k+1) \left[\underline{X}^{*}(k+1) - \underline{X}(k+1) \right]$$

$$\underline{A}^{*}(k) = \underline{X}(k) + P(k) F^{-1}(k) P^{-1}(k+1) \left[\underline{X}^{*}(k+1) - \underline{X}(k+1) \right]$$

$$F^{-1}(k)[X^{*}(k+1)-G(k)\underline{N}(k)-\Gamma(k)Y^{*}(k)]-F^{-1}(k)F(k)\hat{\chi}(k)+\hat{\chi}(k)$$

$$\overline{\Lambda}_{*}(K) = \delta(k) \bigcup_{\perp} (K) \underline{b}_{\perp}(K+1) \left[\overline{X}_{*}(K+1) - \overline{X}(K+1) \right]$$

(MAP Kalman Fitter derivation

4 Kalman Filter covariance propagation

$$P(k)F^{+}(k)P^{-}(k+1)\left[\underline{X}^{*}(k+1)-\underline{X}(k+1)\right]+\underline{\hat{X}}(k)=\underline{X}^{*}(k)$$

$$=$$
 \triangle