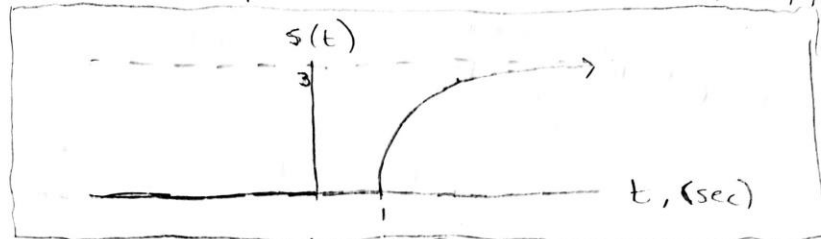


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HW #2  
Spencer Goulette

09/27/18

1. a.



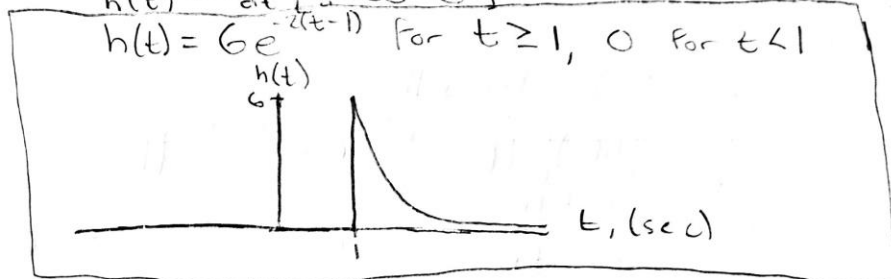
b.

$$h(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [s(t)]$$

$$h(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [3 - 3e^{-2(t-1)}]$$

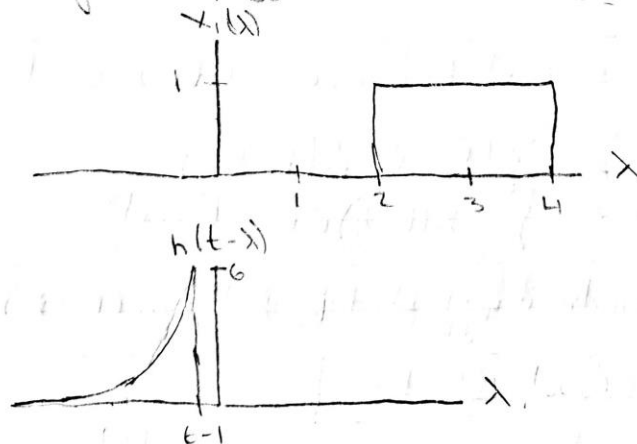
$$h(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [3 - 3e^{-2t} e^2]$$

$$h(t) = 6e^{-2(t-1)} \text{ for } t \geq 1, 0 \text{ for } t < 1$$



c.

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\lambda) h(t-\lambda) d\lambda$$



$$y(t) = 0 \text{ for } t < 3$$

$$y(t) = \int_2^{t-1} 6e^{-2(t-\lambda)} d\lambda \text{ for } 3 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$y(t) = \frac{6e^{-2t+2}}{2} \Big|_2^{t-1} = e^{-2t+2} \left[ \frac{6e^{2t-2}}{2} - \frac{6e^4}{2} \right]$$

$$y(t) = 3 - 3e^{-2t+6} \text{ for } 3 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$y(t) = \int_2^4 6e^{-2(t-\lambda)} d\lambda = \frac{6e^{-2t+2}}{2} \Big|_2^4$$

$$y(t) = 3e^{-2t+10} - 3e^{-2t+6} \text{ for } t > 5$$

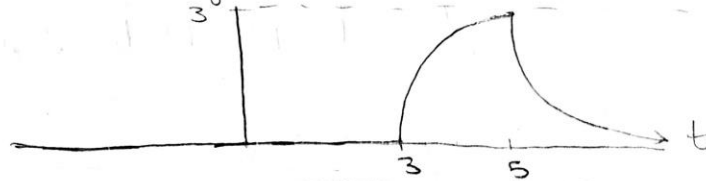
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$$y(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 3 \\ 3 - 3e^{-2t+6}, & 3 \leq t \leq 5 \\ 3e^{-2t+10} - 3e^{-2t+6}, & t > 5 \end{cases}$$



d. To be B.I.B.O. Stable  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt < \infty$  and  $|x(t)| < B$

$$|x(t)| \leq 1 \text{ for all } t$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 6e^{-2(t-1)} dt$$

$$= \left. \frac{6e^{-2t+2}}{-2} \right|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 0 + 3 = 3 < \infty$$

Since  $|x(t)|$  is bounded and  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt < \infty$ , this is B.I.B.O. Stable

e. This is causal because  $h(t) = 0$  for  $t < 0$ .

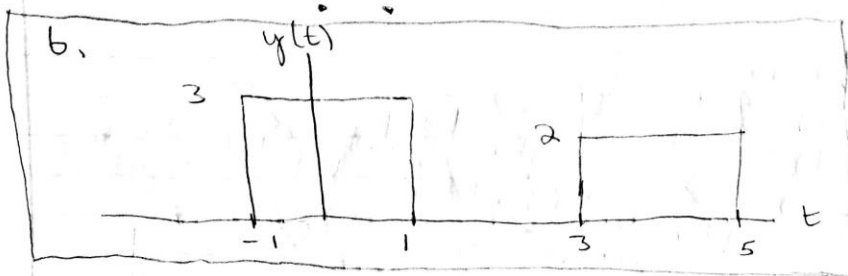
2

$$a. x(t-t_0) = x(t) * \delta(t-t_0)$$

$$x(t-t_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t-\lambda) \delta(\lambda-t_0) d\lambda$$

Since the impulse occurs at  $t_0$ ,  $\lambda$  in  $x(t-\lambda)$  is replaced with  $t_0$

$$x(t-t_0) = x(t-t_0)$$



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3. a.  $\ddot{y} + 6\dot{y} + 34y = 0$   
 $s^2 + 6s + 34 = 0$   
 $s = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4mk}}{2m}$   
 $s = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{(6)^2 - 4(1)(34)}}{2(1)}$

$s_1 = -3 + j5, s_2 = -3 - j5$   
 So, it is underdamped since  $b^2 < 4mk$

$y(t) = e^{-3t}(C_1 \cos(5t) + C_2 \sin(5t))$   
 $\dot{y}(t) = -3e^{-3t}(C_1 \cos(5t) + C_2 \sin(5t)) + e^{-3t}(-5C_1 \sin(5t) + 5C_2 \cos(5t))$   
 $y(0) = 5 = e^0(C_1 \cos(0) + C_2 \sin(0))$   
 $C_1 = 5$

$\dot{y}(0) = 0 = -3e^0(5 \cos(0) + C_2 \sin(0)) + e^0(-5(5) \sin(0) + 5C_2 \cos(0))$   
 $\dot{y}(0) = 0 = -15 + 5C_2$   
 $C_2 = 3$

$y(t) = e^{-3t}(5 \cos(5t) + 3 \sin(5t))$

Matlab Plot for 3a at bottom!

b.  $\ddot{y} + 6\dot{y} + 9y = 0$   
 $s^2 + 6s + 9 = 0$   
 $s = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4mk}}{2m}$   
 $s = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{(6)^2 - 4(1)(9)}}{2(1)}$

$s_1 = s_2 = -3$ , since  $b^2 = 4mk$  it is critically damped

$y(t) = e^{-3t}(C_1 + C_2 t)$   
 $\dot{y}(t) = -3e^{-3t}(C_1 + C_2 t) + C_2 e^{-3t}$   
 $y(0) = 5 = e^0 \cdot C_1$   
 $C_1 = 5$

$\dot{y}(0) = 0 = -3e^0 \cdot (C_2(0) + C_2) + C_2$   
 $C_2 = 3C_1 \Rightarrow C_2 = 15$

$y(t) = e^{-3t}(5 + 15t)$

Matlab Plot for 3b at bottom!

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3. c.  $\ddot{y} + 7\dot{y} + 10y = 0$   
 $s^2 + 7s + 10 = 0$   
 $s = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4mk}}{2m}$   
 $s = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4(1)(10)}}{2(1)}$

$s_1 = -2, s_2 = -5$ , and it is overdamped since  $b^2 > 4mk$

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-2t} + C_2 e^{-5t}$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = -2C_1 e^{-2t} - 5C_2 e^{-5t}$$

$$y(0) = 5 = C_1 + C_2 \Rightarrow \dot{y}(0) = -2C_1 - 5C_2 = 0$$

$$C_1 - \frac{2C_2}{5} = 5$$

$$\frac{3}{5}C_1 = 5 \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{25}{3}$$

$$C_2 = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{25}{3} e^{-2t} - \frac{10}{3} e^{-5t}$$

Matlab Plot for 3c at bottom!

4.  $y(t) = 3e^{-5t} \cos(30t)$   
 $\dot{y}(t) = -15e^{-5t} \cos(30t) - 90e^{-5t} \sin(30t)$   
 $\ddot{y}(t) = 75e^{-5t} \cos(30t) + 900e^{-5t} \sin(30t) - 2700e^{-5t} \cos(30t)$   
 $m\ddot{y} + b\dot{y} + ky = 0$

$$m \cdot -2625 \cos(30t) + m \cdot 900 \sin(30t) + b \cdot -15 \cos(30t) + b \cdot -90 \sin(30t) + k \cdot 3 \cos(30t) = 0$$

$$m \cdot 900 \sin(30t) + b \cdot -90 \sin(30t) = 0$$

$$\frac{m}{b} = \frac{90}{900} = \frac{1}{10} \Rightarrow$$

picked  $m = 3 \Rightarrow b = 30$

$$-3 \cdot 2625 \cos(30t) + 30 \cdot -5 \cos(30t) + k \cdot 3 \cos(30t) = 0$$

$$-2675 + k = 0$$

$$k = 2675$$

$$3\ddot{y} + 30\dot{y} + 2675y = 0$$

Initial conditions

$$y(0) = 3$$

$$\dot{y}(0) = -15$$