

Prograss Report 3

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Overview of the Progress

- ▶ Introduction to KLEE and static analyzer of ABSINT
- ▶ A summary of the tools: capabilities and algorithms.
- ▶ A survey paper.
- ▶ Currently working on designing data structures for later development.

Tool Survey: KLEE

Usage:

```
llvm-gcc --emit-llvm -c code.c -o code.bc  
klee --max-time 2 --sym-args 1 10 10--sym-files 2  
2000 --max-fail 1 code.bc
```

Algorithm and Techniques:

- ▶ Symbolic Execution.
- ▶ Maintaining of path condition of the path.
- ▶ Classify dangerous operation and when bug identified use SMT solver to find concrete value.

Application:

KLEE was applied and reach a coverage of 81% of GNU Coreutil. It found totally 10 errors and even some bugs in heavily-tested code.

Tool Survey: ASTREE of AbsInt

Toolset: Check C code for runtime error: ASTREE.

Check code guideline: RULECHECKER.

Compiling: COMPCERT.

Check Stack usage: STACKANALYZER .

Analyze execution time: AIT, TIMEWEAVER.

Tool Survey: ASTREE

ABSINT focuses on non-functional program errors.

Capability: Check

- ▶ Division by zero
- ▶ Out-of-bounds array indexing.
- ▶ erroneous pointer manipulation and dereferencing
- ▶ interger and floating-point arithmetic overflow
- ▶ read uninitialized variables
- ▶ data races
- ▶ inconsistent locking
- ▶ violation of user-given assertions
- ▶ unreachable code

Summary of Tools

- ▶ CBMC: verifies memory safety (array bounds and safe use of pointers), check for exceptions. Algorithm used: bounded model checking.
- ▶ NuSMV: a symbolic model checker utilizing BDD library and able to model and check.
- ▶ CPAchecker: a static analyzing tool capable of doing data-flow analysis and automatic testing. Algorithm used: CPA algorithm which integrates several static analysis algorithms based on abstract interpretation, symbolic execution for automatic testing and CEGAR loop for refining.
- ▶ Infer: A static analysis tool used mainly for finding bugs for programs that manipulate heaps and memory. Algorithm: inference of separation logic and invariant synthesis using shape analysis, incorrectness logic inference.
- ▶ KLEE: A testing tool based on LLVM use symbolic execution for automatic testing.
- ▶ ASTREE: A static analyzer detecting runtime errors. Algorithm: Abstract interpretation.

Functionalities of Tools

Toolname	AI	CE	BMC	SMC	SE	Conc	SA
CBMC		×	×		×		
CPACHECKER	×	×	×(dep.)		×		×
INFER							×
KLEE				×			
ASTREE	×			×		×	

Survey Paper

A Survey of Automated Techniques for Formal Software Verification

		<div> <div>Symbolic analysis</div> <div>Abstraction</div> <div>Counterexample</div> <div>BMC</div> <div>Concurrency</div> </div>					Languages
Tool name	Tool developer						
II	ASTRÉE	École Normale Supérieure	×	×			C (subset)
	CODESONAR	Grammatech Inc.	×	×			C, C++, ADA
	PolySpace	PolySpace Technologies	×	×		×	C, C++, ADA, UML
	PREVENT	Coverity	×	×		×	C, C++, Java
III	BLAST	UC Berkeley/EPF Lausanne	×	×	×		C
	F-SOFT (abs)	NEC	×	×	×		C
	Java PathFind.	NASA	×		×	×	Java
	MAGIC	Carnegie Mellon University	×	×	×	×	C
	SATABS	Oxford University	×	×	×	×	C, C++, SpecC, SystemC
	SLAM	Microsoft	×	×	×	×	C
	SPIN	Bell Labs ²			×	×	PROMELA, C ³
	ZING	Microsoft Research			×	×	ZING (object oriented)
IV	CBMC	CMU/Oxford University	×		×	×	C, C++, SpecC, SystemC
	F-SOFT (bmc)	NEC	×		×	×	C
	EXE	Stanford University	×		×	×	C
	SATURN	Stanford University	×		×	×	C

LLVM Pass & LLVM C++ API

Compiling of llvm pass:

```
clang 'llvm-config --cxxflags' -Wl,-znodelete  
-fno-rtti -fPIC -shared [Passname].cpp -o  
[Passname].so 'llvm-config --ldflags' opt -load  
./[Passname].so -[Pass] [filename].ll
```

Compiling of llvm api:

```
c++ IRReaderTest.cpp 'llvm-config --cxxflags  
--ldflags --libs core' -o a
```

Later Work

- ▶ Design of the abstract data structure.
- ▶ Building the gap between LLVM data structure and our own data structure.