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# SMART CONTRACT

**Security Audit Report** 

Customer: Sphynx Network

Website: https://sphynx.network

Platform: Binance Smart Chain

Language: Solidity

Date: June 14th, 2021

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## Introduction

We were contracted by the Sphynx Network team to perform the Security audit of the SphynxNetwork Token smart contract code. The audit has been performed using manual analysis as well as using automated software tools. This report presents all the findings regarding the audit performed on June 14th, 2021.

## The purpose of this audit was to address the following:

- Ensure that all claimed functions exist and function correctly.
- Identify any security vulnerabilities that may be present in the smart contract.

## **Project Background**

Sphynx Network is a disruptive project targeting to use the full potential of NFTs into the DeFi space. NFTs will make staking more dynamic and flexible by Implementing the transferable function that unties the LP Stake from the user's account.

## **Audit scope**

Name	Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Sphynx Network Token (SPH) Smart Contract	
Platform	BSC / Solidity	
File	SphynxNetwork.sol	
Smart Contract Online Code	https://bscscan.com/address/0x8bAc6b4AF65C8c1967a 0FBc27cd37FD6059daa00#code	
File MD5 Hash	F4E5921C94CDC1D0E25BEA5DA4300C38	
Audit Date	June 14th, 2021	

## **Claimed Smart Contract Features**

Claimed Feature Detail	Our Observation
Name: Sphynx Network Token	YES, This is valid.
Symbol: SPH	YES, This is valid.
Decimals: 18	YES, This is valid.
Minting of tokens	No additional minting possible.
Tax fee: 5%	YES, This is valid. Owner can change
Liquidity fee: 5%	these fees.
Burned Tokens: 10%	
Max Transaction Amount: 5 Trillion	YES, This is valid. Owner can change
	this value.

## **Audit Summary**

According to the standard audit assessment, Customer's solidity smart contract is **secured**. These contracts also have owner functions (described in the centralization section below), which does not make everything 100% decentralized. Thus, the owner must execute those smart contract functions as per the business plan.



We used various tools like MythX, Slither and Remix IDE. At the same time this finding is based on critical analysis of the manual audit.

All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. General overview is presented in AS-IS section and all identified issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

We found 0 critical, 0 high, 0 medium and 5 low and some very low level issues.

## **Technical Quick Stats**

Main Category	Subcategory	Result
Contract	Contract Solidity version not specified	
Programming	Solidity version too old	Moderated
	Integer overflow/underflow	Passed
	Function input parameters lack of check	Passed
	Function input parameters check bypass	Passed
	Function access control lacks management	Passed
	Critical operation lacks event log	Moderated
	Human/contract checks bypass	Passed
	Random number generation/use vulnerability	Passed
	Fallback function misuse	Passed
	Race condition	Passed
	Logical vulnerability	Passed
	Other programming issues	Passed
Code	Function visibility not explicitly declared	Passed
Specification	Var. storage location not explicitly declared	Passed
	Use keywords/functions to be deprecated	Passed
	Other code specification issues	Passed
Gas Optimization	"Out of Gas" Issue	Passed
	High consumption 'for/while' loop	Moderated
	High consumption 'storage' storage	Passed
	Assert() misuse	Passed
Business Risk	The maximum limit for mintage not set	Passed
	"Short Address" Attack	Passed
	"Double Spend" Attack	Passed

**Overall Audit Result: PASSED** 

**Code Quality** 

This audit scope has 1 smart contract. This smart contract also contains Libraries, Smart

contracts inherits and Interfaces. This is a compact and well written contract.

The libraries in the Sphynx Network Token are part of its logical algorithm. A library is a

different type of smart contract that contains reusable code. Once deployed on the

blockchain (only once), it is assigned a specific address and its properties / methods can

be reused many times by other contracts in the Sphynx Network Token.

The Sphynx Network team has not provided scenario and unit test scripts, which would

have helped to determine the integrity of the code in an automated way.

Some code parts are **not well** commented on smart contracts.

**Documentation** 

We were given Sphynx Network Token smart contract code in the form of a BscScan web

link. The hashes of that code are mentioned above in the table.

As mentioned above, some code parts are **not well** commented. So it is difficult to quickly

understand the programming flow as well as complex code logic. Comments are very

helpful in understanding the overall architecture of the protocol.

Another source of information was its official website <a href="https://sphynx.network/">https://sphynx.network/</a> which

provided rich information about the project architecture and tokenomics.

**Use of Dependencies** 

As per our observation, the libraries are used in this smart contract infrastructure that are

based on well known industry standard open source projects. And their core code blocks

are written well.

Apart from libraries, its functions are used in external smart contract calls.

## **AS-IS** overview

Sphynx Network token is a smart contract, having functionality like liquidity, staking, etc.

## SphynxNetwork.sol

## (1) Interface

- (a) IERC20
- (b) IUniswapV2Factory
- (c) IUniswapV2Pair
- (d) IUniswapV2Router01
- (e) IUniswapV2Router02

## (2) Inherited contracts

- (a) Context
- (b) Ownable
- (c) IERC20

### (3) Usages

- (a) using SafeMath for uint256;
- (b) using Address for address;

#### (4) Events

- (a) event Transfer(address indexed from, address indexed to, uint256 value);
- (b) event Approval(address indexed owner, address indexed spender, uint256 value);
- (c) event OwnershipTransferred(address indexed previousOwner, address indexed newOwner);
- (d) event PairCreated(address indexed token0, address indexed token1, address pair, uint);
- (e) event Approval(address indexed owner, address indexed spender, uint value);
- (f) event Transfer(address indexed from, address indexed to, uint value);
- (g) event Mint(address indexed sender, uint amount0, uint amount1);
- (h) event Burn(address indexed sender, uint amount0, uint amount1, address indexed to);

- (i) event Swap(address indexed sender, uint amount0In, uint amount1In, uint amount0Out, uint amount1Out, address indexed to);
- (j) event Sync(uint112 reserve0, uint112 reserve1);
- (k) event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);
- (I) event SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(bool enabled);
- (m) event SwapAndLiquify(uint256 tokensSwapped, uint256 ethReceived, uint256 tokensIntoLiqudity);

### (5) Functions

SI.	Functions	Туре	Observation	Conclusion
1	lockTheSwap	modifier	Passed	No Issue
2	updateDex	read	Passed	No Issue
3	updateTokenLimit	write	access only	No Issue
	•		Owner	
4	name	read	Passed	No Issue
5	symbol	read	Passed	No Issue
6	decimals	read	Passed	No Issue
7	totalSupply	read	Passed	No Issue
8	balanceOf	read	Passed	No Issue
9	transfer	write	Passed	No Issue
10	allowance	read	Passed	No Issue
11	approve	write	Passed	No Issue
12	transferFrom	write	Passed	No Issue
13	increaseAllowance	write	Passed	No Issue
14	decreaseAllowance	write	Passed	No Issue
15	isExcludedFromReward	read	Passed	No Issue
16	totalFees	read	Passed	No Issue
17	deliver	write	external instead	Refer Audit
			of public	Findings
18	reflectionFromToken	read	external instead	Refer Audit
			of public	Findings
19	tokenFromReflection	read	Passed	No Issue
20	excludeFromReward	write	access only	No Issue
			Owner	
21	includeInReward	external	Infinite loop	Refer Audit
			possibility	Findings
22	_transferBothExcluded	write	Passed	No Issue
23	excludeFromFee	write	Missing Events	No Issue
24	includeInFee	write	Missing Events	No Issue
25	setTaxFeePercent	external	Missing Events	No Issue
26	setLiquidityFeePercent	external	Missing Events	No Issue
27	setMaxTxPercent	external	Missing Events	No Issue
28	setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled	write	Missing Events	No Issue

29	receive	write	Passed	No Issue
30	reflectFee	write	Passed	No Issue
31	getValues	read	Passed	No Issue
32	getTValues	read	Passed	No Issue
33	getRValues	write	Passed	No Issue
34	getRate	read	Passed	No Issue
35	getCurrentSupply	read	Passed	No Issue
36	_takeLiquidity	write	Passed	No Issue
37	calculateTaxFee	read	Passed	No Issue
38	calculateLiquidityFee	read	Passed	No Issue
39	removeAllFee	write	Passed	No Issue
40	restoreAllFee	write	Passed	No Issue
41	isExcludedFromFee	read	Passed	No Issue
42	approve	write	Passed	No Issue
43	_transfer	write	Passed	No Issue
44	swapAndLiquify	write	Passed	No Issue
45	swapTokensForEth	write	Passed	No Issue
46	addLiquidity	write	Centralized risk	Refer Audit
			in addLiquidity	Findings
47	_tokenTransfer	write	Passed	No Issue
48	_transferStandard	write	Passed	No Issue
49	_transferToExcluded	write	Passed	No Issue
50	transferFromExcluded	write	Passed	No Issue
51	owner	read	Passed	No Issue
52	onlyOwner	modifier	Passed	No Issue
53	renounceOwnership	write	access only	No Issue
			Owner	
54	transferOwnership	write	access only	No Issue
			Owner	
55	geUnlockTime	read	Passed	No Issue
56	lock	write	access only	No Issue
	la ala		Owner	Defen Audit
57	unlock	write	Ownership can	Refer Audit
	magCandar	rood	be regained	Findings No leave
58	_msgSender	read	Passed	No Issue
59	_msgData	read	Passed	No Issue

# **Severity Definitions**

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to token loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

# **Audit Findings**

## **Critical**

No critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

## High

No high severity vulnerabilities were found.

## Medium

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found.

### Low

(1) Make variables constant:

```
string private _name = "Sphynx Network";
string private _symbol = "SPH";
uint8 private _decimals = 18;
```

Following variables will be unchanged. So, please make it constant. It will save some gas.

- name
- symbol
- decimals

**Resolution**: Declare those variables as constant. Just put a constant keyword.

(2) Possibility of high gas consumption.

If there are so many excluded wallets, then this logic will fail, as it might hit the block's gas limit. If there are very limited exceptions, then this will work, but will cost more gas.

**Resolution**: We suggest excluding limited wallets only.

(3) Centralized risk in addLiquidity:

```
function addLiquidity(uint256 tokenAmount, uint256 ethAmount) private {
    // approve token transfer to cover all possible scenarios
    _approve(address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);

    // add the liquidity
    uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value: ethAmount}(
        address(this),
        tokenAmount,
        0, // slippage is unavoidable
        0, // slippage is unavoidable
        owner(),
        block.timestamp
    );
}
```

In addLiquidityETH function, owner() gets SPH Tokens from the Pool. At some time, The owner will accumulate significant SPH tokens. If the \_owner is an EOA (Externally Owned Account), mishandling of its private key can have devastating consequences to the project.

**Resolution**: Ideally, owner() can be replaced by a contract address, who has governance functionality. Otherwise, the owner must acknowledge this issue and handle the private key of the owner's wallet very securely.

- (4) Possible to gain ownership after renouncing the contract ownership. Owner can renounce ownership and make contract without owner but he can regain ownership by following the steps below:
  - Owner calls the lock function in contract to set the current owner as \_previousOwner.
  - Owner calls unlock to unlock contract and set owner = previousOwner.
  - Owner called renounceOwnership to leave the contract without the owner.
  - Owner calls unlock to regain ownership.

**Resolution**: We suggest removing these lock/unlock functions as this seems not serving a great purpose. Otherwise, always renounce ownership first before calling the lock function.

## (5) Missing Events:

Missing Events log for some functions:

- excludeFromFee
- excludeFromReward
- includeInFee
- includeInReward
- setLiquidityFeePercent
- setMaxTxPercent
- setTaxFeePercent
- setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled

## **Very Low / Discussion / Best practices:**

(1) Use latest solidity version:

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.12;
```

Using the latest solidity will prevent any compiler level bugs.

**Resolution**: Please use 0.8.5 which is the latest version.

(2) external instead of public:

```
function deliver(uint256 tAmount) public {
   address sender = _msgSender();
   require(!_isExcluded[sender], "Excluded addresses cannot call this function");
   (uint256 rAmount,,,,,) = _getValues(tAmount);
   _rOwned[sender] = _rOwned[sender].sub(rAmount);
   _rTotal = _rTotal.sub(rAmount);
   _tFeeTotal = _tFeeTotal.add(tAmount);
}

function reflectionFromToken(uint256 tAmount, bool deductTransferFee) public view returns(uint256) {
   require(tAmount <= _tTotal, "Amount must be less than supply");
   if (!deductTransferFee) {
      (uint256 rAmount,,,,,) = _getValues(tAmount);
      return rAmount;
   } else {
      (,uint256 rTransferAmount,,,,,) = _getValues(tAmount);
      return rTransferAmount;
   }
}</pre>
```

If any function is not called from inside the smart contract, then it is better to declare it as external instead of public. As it saves some gas as well.

https://ethereum.stackexchange.com/guestions/19380/external-vs-public-best-practices

**Resolution**: Make all public to external, which are not called from inside the contract.

## Centralization

This smart contract has some functions which can be executed by Admin (Owner) only. If the admin wallet private key would be compromised, then it would create trouble. Following are Admin functions:

- updateDex: can be updated DexAddress by Owner.
- updateTokenLimit: can be allowed to change the 'numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity'.
- excludeFromReward: Owner can check if the account is excluded.
- includeInReward: Owner can include rewards.
- excludeFromFee: Owner can check exclude Fee.
- includeInFee: Owner can check include Fee.
- setTaxFeePercent: Owner can set tax Fee Percentage.
- setLiquidityFeePercent: Owner can set Liquidity Fee Percentage.
- setMaxTxPercent: Owner can set maximum TxAmount.
- setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled: Owner can set swap and Liquify enable.

Conclusion

We were given a contract code. And we have used all possible tests based on given

objects as files. We observed some issues in the smart contracts and those are

fixed/acknowledged in the smart contracts. So it is good to go for the production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited for such smart contracts protocol, we provide

no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual

observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan everything.

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static

analysis tools. Smart Contract's high level description of functionality was presented in

As-is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed

code.

Security state of the reviewed contract, based on standard audit procedure scope, is

"Secured".

**Our Methodology** 

We like to work with a transparent process and make our reviews a collaborative effort.

The goals of our security audits are to improve the quality of systems we review and aim

for sufficient remediation to help protect users. The following is the methodology we use in

our security audit process.

Manual Code Review:

In manually reviewing all of the code, we look for any potential issues with code logic, error

handling, protocol and header parsing, cryptographic errors, and random number

generators. We also watch for areas where more defensive programming could reduce the

risk of future mistakes and speed up future audits. Although our primary focus is on the

in-scope code, we examine dependency code and behavior when it is relevant to a

particular line of investigation.

**Vulnerability Analysis:** 

Our audit techniques included manual code analysis, user interface interaction, and

whitebox penetration testing. We look at the project's web site to get a high level

understanding of what functionality the software under review provides. We then meet with

the developers to gain an appreciation of their vision of the software. We install and use

the relevant software, exploring the user interactions and roles. While we do this, we

brainstorm threat models and attack surfaces. We read design documentation, review

other audit results, search for similar projects, examine source code dependencies, skim

open issue tickets, and generally investigate details other than the implementation.

#### **Documenting Results:**

We follow a conservative, transparent process for analyzing potential security vulnerabilities and seeing them through successful remediation. Whenever a potential issue is discovered, we immediately create an Issue entry for it in this document, even though we have not yet verified the feasibility and impact of the issue. This process is conservative because we document our suspicions early even if they are later shown to not represent exploitable vulnerabilities. We generally follow a process of first documenting the suspicion with unresolved questions, then confirming the issue through code analysis, live experimentation, or automated tests. Code analysis is the most tentative, and we strive to provide test code, log captures, or screenshots demonstrating our confirmation. After this we analyze the feasibility of an attack in a live system.

#### Suggested Solutions:

We search for immediate mitigations that live deployments can take, and finally we suggest the requirements for remediation engineering for future releases. The mitigation and remediation recommendations should be scrutinized by the developers and deployment engineers, and successful mitigation and remediation is an ongoing collaborative process after we deliver our report, and before the details are made public.

## **Disclaimers**

## **EtherAuthority.io Disclaimer**

EtherAuthority team has analyzed this smart contract in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to: cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report, (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment and functionality (performing the intended functions).

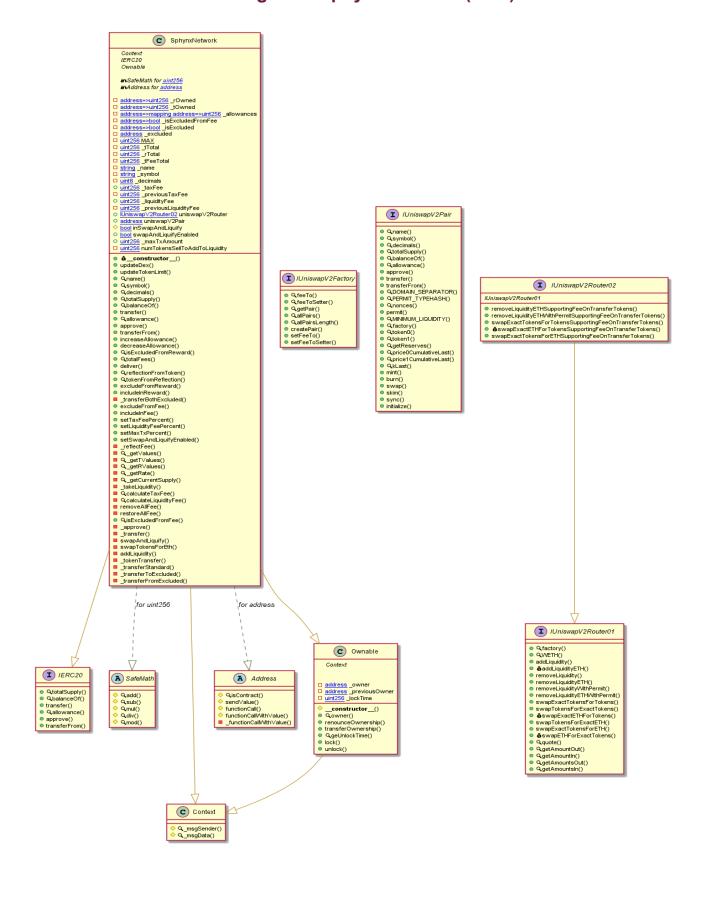
Due to the fact that the total number of test cases are unlimited, the audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only. We also suggest conducting a bug bounty program to confirm the high level of security of this smart contract.

## **Technical Disclaimer**

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have their own vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee explicit security of the audited smart contracts.

## **Appendix**

## Code Flow Diagram - SphynxNetwork (SPH) Token



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## Slither Results Log

#### Slither log >> SphynxNetwork.sol

#### INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.addLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1095-1108) sends eth to arbitrary user Dangerous calls:

- uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) Reference:

https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#functions-that-send-ether-to-arbitrary-destinations

#### INFO:Detectors:

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.\_transfer(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1008-1052): External calls:

- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107)

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

External calls sending eth:

- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) State variables written after the call(s):

- \_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
  - -\_rOwned[address(this)] = \_rOwned[address(this)].add(rLiquidity) (SphynxNetwork.sol#964)
  - rOwned[sender] = rOwned[sender].sub(rAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1133)
  - \_rOwned[sender] = \_rOwned[sender].sub(rAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1142)
  - \_rOwned[sender] = \_rOwned[sender].sub(rAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#880)
  - rOwned[recipient] = rOwned[recipient].add(rTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1134)
  - rOwned[sender] = rOwned[sender].sub(rAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1153)
  - \_rOwned[recipient] = \_rOwned[recipient].add(rTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1154)
  - -\_rOwned[recipient] = \_rOwned[recipient].add(rTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1144)
  - rOwned[recipient] = rOwned[recipient].add(rTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#882)
- -\_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
  - rTotal = rTotal.sub(rFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#919)
- -\_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
  - -\_tOwned[address(this)] = \_tOwned[address(this)].add(tLiquidity) (SphynxNetwork.sol#966)
  - tOwned[sender] = tOwned[sender].sub(tAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1152)
  - tOwned[sender] = tOwned[sender].sub(tAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#879)
  - tOwned[recipient] = tOwned[recipient].add(tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1143)
  - + tOwned[recipient] = tOwned[recipient].add(tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#881)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.addLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1095-1108) ignores return value by uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-return INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.allowance(address,address).owner (SphynxNetwork.sol#796) shadows:

- Ownable.owner() (SphynxNetwork.sol#414-416) (function)

SphynxNetwork.\_approve(address,address,uint256).owner (SphynxNetwork.sol#1000) shadows:

- Ownable.owner() (SphynxNetwork.sol#414-416) (function)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing INFO:Detectors:

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.\_transfer(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1008-1052): External calls:

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- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107)

uniswap V2 Router. swap Exact Tokens For ETH Supporting Fee On Transfer Tokens (token Amount, 0, path, address (this), block. timestamp) (Sphynx Network. sol#1086-1092)

External calls sending eth:

- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:
- ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) State variables written after the call(s):
  - \_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
    - \_liquidityFee = \_previousLiquidityFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#993)
    - liquidityFee = 0 (SphynxNetwork.sol#988)
  - tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
    - previousLiquidityFee = liquidityFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#985)
  - \_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
    - \_previousTaxFee = \_taxFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#984)
  - \_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
    - \_tFeeTotal = \_tFeeTotal.add(tFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#920)
  - \_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
    - taxFee = previousTaxFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#992)
    - taxFee = 0 (SphynxNetwork.sol#987)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.constructor() (SphynxNetwork.sol#736-752):

External calls:

uniswapV2Pair =

IUniswapV2Factory(\_uniswapV2Router.factory()).createPair(address(this),\_uniswapV2Router.WETH()) (SphynxNetwork.sol#741-742)

State variables written after the call(s):

- isExcludedFromFee[owner()] = true (SphynxNetwork.sol#748)
- \_isExcludedFromFee[address(this)] = true (SphynxNetwork.sol#749)
- uniswapV2Router = uniswapV2Router (SphynxNetwork.sol#745)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.swapAndLiquify(uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1054-1075):

External calls:

- swapTokensForEth(half) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1066)

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

- addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) External calls sending eth:

- addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) State variables written after the call(s):

- addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
  - \_allowances[owner][spender] = amount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1004)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#805-809): External calls:

- transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#806)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107)

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

External calls sending eth:

- transfer(sender, recipient, amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#806)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) State variables written after the call(s):

- \_approve(sender,\_msgSender(),\_allowances[sender][\_msgSender()].sub(amount,ERC20: transfer amount exceeds allowance)) (SphynxNetwork.sol#807)
  - \_allowances[owner][spender] = amount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1004)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.updateDex(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#754-762):

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External calls:

- uniswapV2Pair =

IUniswapV2Factory(\_uniswapV2Router.factory()).createPair(address(this),\_uniswapV2Router.WETH()) (SphynxNetwork.sol#757-758)

State variables written after the call(s):

- uniswapV2Router = uniswapV2Router (SphynxNetwork.sol#761)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-2 INFO:Detectors:

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.\_transfer(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1008-1052):

External calls:

- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

 $eth Amount \} (address (this), to ken Amount, 0, 0, owner (), block. times tamp) \ (Sphynx Network. sol \#1100-1107) \\$ 

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

External calls sending eth:

- swapAndLiquify(contractTokenBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1039)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) Event emitted after the call(s):

- Transfer(sender,recipient,tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1137)
  - tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
- Transfer(sender, recipient, tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1147)
  - tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)
- Transfer(sender, recipient, tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1157)
- -\_tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051) Transfer(sender,recipient,tTransferAmount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#885)
  - tokenTransfer(from,to,amount,takeFee) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1051)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.constructor() (SphynxNetwork.sol#736-752):

External calls:

- uniswapV2Pair =

IUniswapV2Factory(\_uniswapV2Router.factory()).createPair(address(this),\_uniswapV2Router.WETH()) (SphynxNetwork.sol#741-742)

Event emitted after the call(s):

- Transfer(address(0),\_msgSender(),\_tTotal) (SphynxNetwork.sol#751)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.swapAndLiquify(uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1054-1075):

External calls:

- swapTokensForEth(half) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1066)

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

- addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) External calls sending eth:

- addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107) Event emitted after the call(s):

- Approval(owner, spender, amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1005)
  - addLiquidity(otherHalf,newBalance) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1072)
- SwapAndLiquify(half,newBalance,otherHalf) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1074)

Reentrancy in SphynxNetwork.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#805-809): External calls:

- transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#806)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107)

uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(t his),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1086-1092)

External calls sending eth:

- transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#806)
  - uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value:

ethAmount}(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,owner(),block.timestamp) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1100-1107)

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Event emitted after the call(s):

- Approval(owner, spender, amount) (SphynxNetwork.sol#1005)
- -\_approve(sender,\_msgSender(),\_allowances[sender][\_msgSender()].sub(amount,ERC20:

transfer amount exceeds allowance)) (SphynxNetwork.sol#807)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3 INFO:Detectors:

Ownable.unlock() (SphynxNetwork.sol#461-466) uses timestamp for comparisons Dangerous comparisons:

- require(bool,string)(now > \_lockTime,Contract is locked until 7 days) (SphynxNetwork.sol#463)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#block-timestamp INFO:Detectors:

Address.isContract(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#266-275) uses assembly

- INLINE ASM (SphynxNetwork.sol#273)

Address.\_functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#359-380) uses assembly

- INLINE ASM (SphynxNetwork.sol#372-375)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#assembly-usage INFO:Detectors:

Address.\_functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#359-380) is never used and should be removed

Address.functionCall(address,bytes) (SphynxNetwork.sol#319-321) is never used and should be removed Address.functionCall(address,bytes,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#329-331) is never used and should be removed

Address.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#344-346) is never used and should be removed

Address.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#354-357) is never used and should be removed

Address.isContract(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#266-275) is never used and should be removed Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#293-299) is never used and should be removed Context.\_msgData() (SphynxNetwork.sol#238-241) is never used and should be removed SafeMath.mod(uint256,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#211-213) is never used and should be removed SafeMath.mod(uint256,uint256,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#227-230) is never used and should be removed Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.\_rTotal (SphynxNetwork.sol#698) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:

- (MAX - (MAX % \_tTotal))

SphynxNetwork.\_previousTaxFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#706) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:

- taxFee

SphynxNetwork.\_previousLiquidityFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#709) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:

\_liquidityFee

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#function-initializing-state-variables INFO:Detectors:

Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#293-299):

- (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (SphynxNetwork.sol#297)

Low level call in Address.\_functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SphynxNetwork.sol#359-380):

- (success, returndata) = target.call{value: weiValue}(data) (SphynxNetwork.sol#363)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls INFO:Detectors:

Function IUniswapV2Pair.DOMAIN\_SEPARATOR() (SphynxNetwork.sol#505) is not in mixedCase

 $Function\ IUniswap V2Pair. PERMIT\_TYPEHASH()\ (SphynxNetwork.sol \#506)\ is\ not\ in\ mixed Case$ 

Function IUniswapV2Pair.MINIMUM\_LIQUIDITY() (SphynxNetwork.sol#523) is not in mixedCase

Function IUniswapV2Router01.WETH() (SphynxNetwork.sol#545) is not in mixedCase

Parameter SphynxNetwork.updateDex(address).\_newDexAddress (SphynxNetwork.sol#754) is not in mixedCase

Parameter SphynxNetwork.setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled(bool).\_enabled (SphynxNetwork.sol#910) is not in mixedCase

Parameter SphynxNetwork.calculateTaxFee(uint256).\_amount (SphynxNetwork.sol#969) is not in mixedCase

Parameter SphynxNetwork.calculateLiquidityFee(uint256).\_amount (SphynxNetwork.sol#975) is not in mixedCase

Variable SphynxNetwork. taxFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#705) is not in mixedCase

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_liquidityFee (SphynxNetwork.sol#708) is not in mixedCase

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Variable SphynxNetwork.\_maxTxAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#717) is not in mixedCase Reference:

https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions INFO:Detectors:

Redundant expression "this (SphynxNetwork.sol#239)" inContext (SphynxNetwork.sol#233-242)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

INFO:Detectors:

Variable

IUniswapV2Router01.addLiquidity(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256).amoun tADesired (SphynxNetwork.sol#550) is too similar to

IUniswapV2Router01.addLiquidity(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256).amoun tBDesired (SphynxNetwork.sol#551)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork, transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is too similar to SphynxNetwork. transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferStandard(address.address.uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to SphynxNetwork. getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork, getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork,sol#925) is too similar to SphynxNetwork. transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132)

Variable SphynxNetwork. transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork. transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

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Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#925) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1151)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#925) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924) Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#925) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getRValues(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#940) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#925) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is

too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932) Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferBothExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#878) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to

SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141)

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Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getTValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#932)

Variable SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#844) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferFromExcluded(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1151) is too similar to

 $SphynxNetwork\_transferToExcluded (address, address, uint 256). tTransferAmount\ (SphynxNetwork.sol \#1141)$ 

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_transferStandard(address,address,uint256).rTransferAmount

(SphynxNetwork.sol#1132) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#924)

Variable SphynxNetwork.\_getValues(uint256).rTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#925) is too similar to SphynxNetwork.\_transferToExcluded(address,address,uint256).tTransferAmount (SphynxNetwork.sol#1141) Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#variable-names-are-too-similar INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.slitherConstructorVariables() (SphynxNetwork.sol#683-1161) uses literals with too many digits:

- tTotal = 1000000 \* 10 \*\* 6 \* 10 \*\* 18 (SphynxNetwork.sol#697)

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits INFO:Detectors:

SphynxNetwork.\_decimals (SphynxNetwork.sol#703) should be constant

SphynxNetwork. name (SphynxNetwork.sol#701) should be constant

SphynxNetwork.\_symbol (SphynxNetwork.sol#702) should be constant

SphynxNetwork.\_tTotal (SphynxNetwork.sol#697) should be constant

Reference:

https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant INFO:Detectors:

renounceOwnership() should be declared external:

- Ownable.renounceOwnership() (SphynxNetwork.sol#433-436)

transferOwnership(address) should be declared external:

- Ownable.transferOwnership(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#442-446) geUnlockTime() should be declared external:
  - Ownable.geUnlockTime() (SphynxNetwork.sol#448-450)

lock(uint256) should be declared external:

- Ownable.lock(uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#453-458)

unlock() should be declared external:

- Ownable.unlock() (SphynxNetwork.sol#461-466)
- updateTokenLimit(uint256) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.updateTokenLimit(uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#765-768) name() should be declared external:
  - SphynxNetwork.name() (SphynxNetwork.sol#770-772)

symbol() should be declared external:

- SphynxNetwork.symbol() (SphynxNetwork.sol#774-776)

decimals() should be declared external:

- SphynxNetwork.decimals() (SphynxNetwork.sol#778-780)

totalSupply() should be declared external:

- SphynxNetwork.totalSupply() (SphynxNetwork.sol#782-784)

transfer(address,uint256) should be declared external:

- SphynxNetwork.transfer(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#791-794) allowance(address,address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.allowance(address,address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#796-798) approve(address,uint256) should be declared external:
  - SphynxNetwork.approve(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#800-803)

transferFrom(address,address,uint256) should be declared external:

- SphynxNetwork.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#805-809) increaseAllowance(address,uint256) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.increaseAllowance(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#811-814) decreaseAllowance(address,uint256) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.decreaseAllowance(address,uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#816-819) isExcludedFromReward(address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.isExcludedFromReward(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#821-823) totalFees() should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.totalFees() (SphynxNetwork.sol#825-827) deliver(uint256) should be declared external:

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- SphynxNetwork.deliver(uint256) (SphynxNetwork.sol#829-836) reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.reflectionFromToken(uint256,bool) (SphynxNetwork.sol#838-847) excludeFromReward(address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.excludeFromReward(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#855-863) excludeFromFee(address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.excludeFromFee(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#888-890) includeInFee(address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.includeInFee(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#892-894) setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled(bool) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled(bool) (SphynxNetwork.sol#910-913) isExcludedFromFee(address) should be declared external:
- SphynxNetwork.isExcludedFromFee(address) (SphynxNetwork.sol#996-998) Reference:

https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#public-function-that-could-be-declared-external INFO:Slither:SphynxNetwork.sol analyzed (10 contracts with 75 detectors), 117 result(s) found INFO:Slither:Use https://crytic.io/ to get access to additional detectors and Github integration

