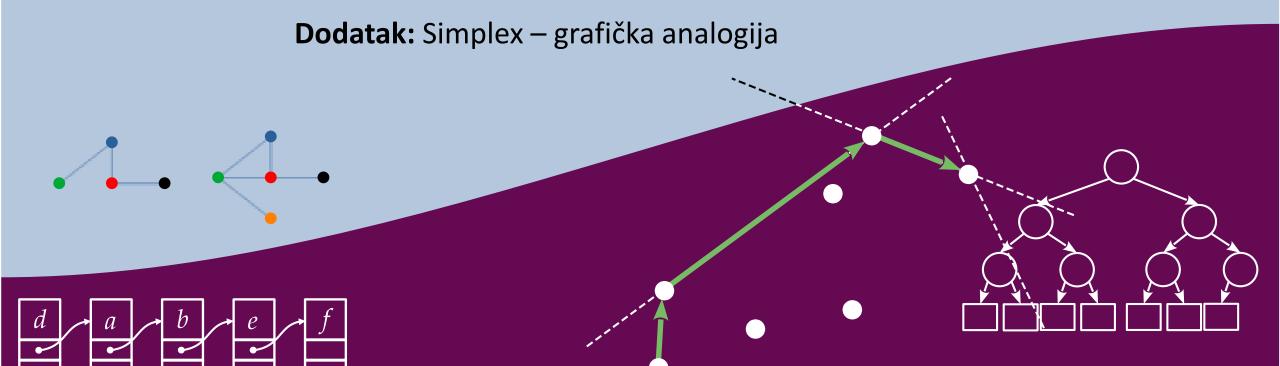


Napredni algoritmi i strukture podataka



Problem

Riješite:

max
$$3x_1 + 5x_2$$

uz $x_1 + 5x_2 \le 40$
 $2x_1 + x_2 \le 20$
 $x_1 + x_2 \le 12$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$





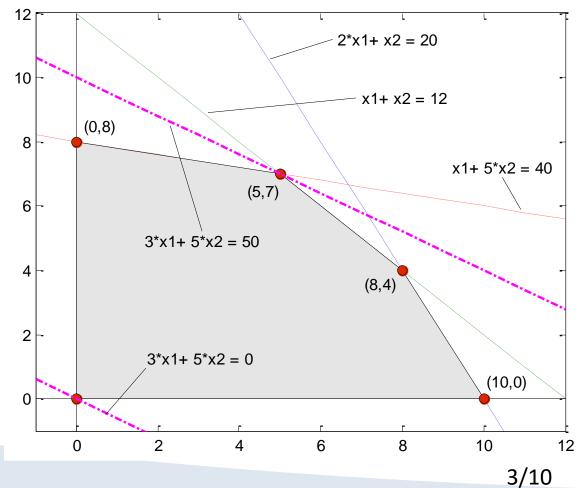
Rješenje grafičkom metodom

Grafičko rješenje

$$f_{\text{min}} = 0$$
; $x_1 = 0$, $x_2 = 0$
 $f_{\text{max}} = 50$; $x_1 = 5$, $x_2 = 7$

max
$$3x_1 + 5x_2$$

uz $x_1 + 5x_2 \le 40$
 $2x_1 + x_2 \le 20$
 $x_1 + x_2 \le 12$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$



Simplex – init (iteracija 0)

Pretvorba u standardnu formu:

min

uz

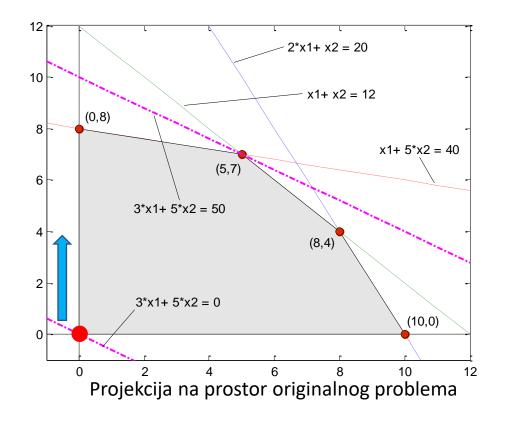
$$x_1 + x_2 + x_5 = x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \ge 0$$

- Kao polazno rješenje uzimamo ekstrem $\mathbf{x}_0 = [0, 0, 40, 20, 12]^T$. $f(x_0) = 0$
- Bazične varijable (x₃,x₄,x₅)



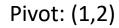
a_1	a_2	a_3	a ₄	a ₅	RHS
- 3	- 5	0	0	0	0
1	5	1	0	0	40
2	1	0	1	0	20
1	1	0	0	1	12

$$x_{(0)} = [0,0,40,20,12]^T$$
, $f(x_{(0)}) = 0$

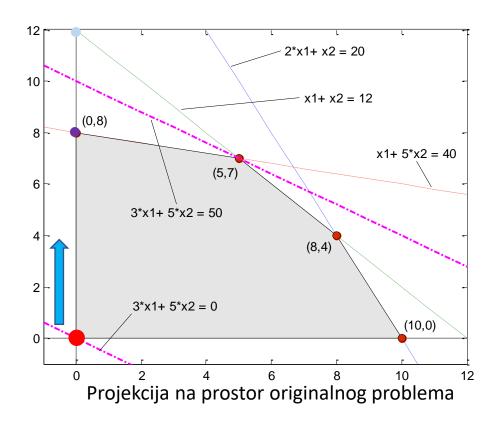




a_1	a_2	a_3	a ₄	a ₅	RHS	Q
- 3	- 5	0	0	0	0	
1	5	1	0	0	40	8
2	1	0	1	0	20	20
1	1	0	0	1	12	12



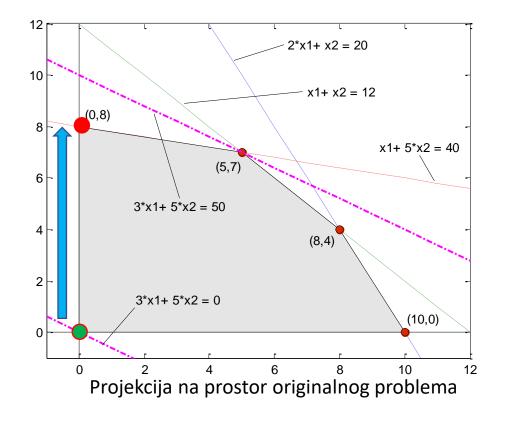
^{*}Iteracija se završava pivotiranjem



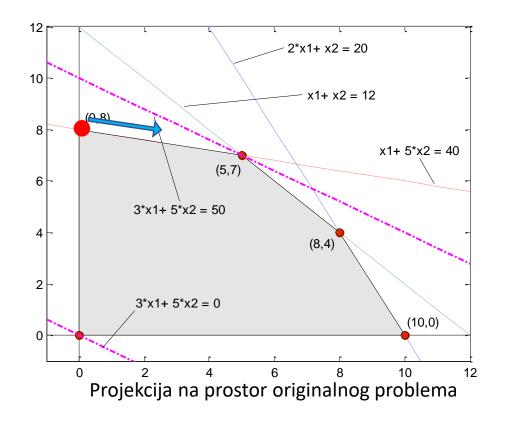


a_1	a_2	a_3	a ₄	a ₅	RHS
-2	0	1	0	0	40
1/5	1	1/5	0	0	8
9/5	0	-1/5	1	0	12
4/5	0	-1/5	0	1	4

Skok iz $x_{(0)}$ u: $x_{(1)}=[0,8,0,12,4]^T$, $f(x_{(1)})=-40$



a_1	a ₂	a ₃	a ₄	a ₅	RHS
-2	0	1	0	0	40
1/5	1	1/5	0	0	8
9/5	0	-1/5	1	0	12
4/5	0	-1/5	0	1	4

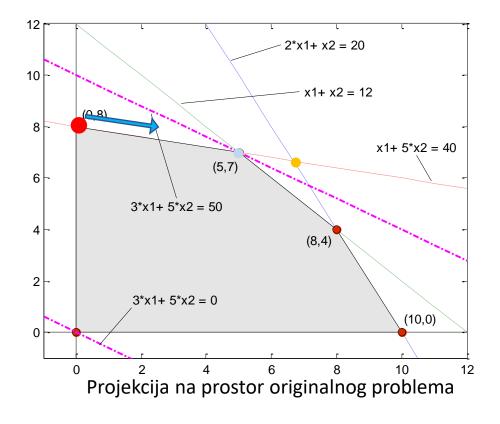






a_1	a_2	a ₃	a ₄	a ₅	RHS	Q
-2	0	1	0	0	40	
1/5	1	1/5	0	0	8	40
9/5	0	-1/5	1	0	12	60/9
4/5	0	-1/5	0	1	4	5

Pivot: (3,1)







a_1	a_2	a_3	a ₄	a ₅	RHS
0	0	1/2	0	10/4	50
0	1	1/20	0	-1/4	7
0	0	1/4	1	-9/4	3
1	0	-1/4	0	5/4	5

Skok iz x₍₁₎ u:

 $x_{(2)} = [5,7,0,3,0]^T$, $f(x_{(2)}) = -50$

OPTIMUM!

