Napredni razvoj programske potpore za web

predavanja -2021./2022.

8. Jednostranične web-aplikacije Vue.js

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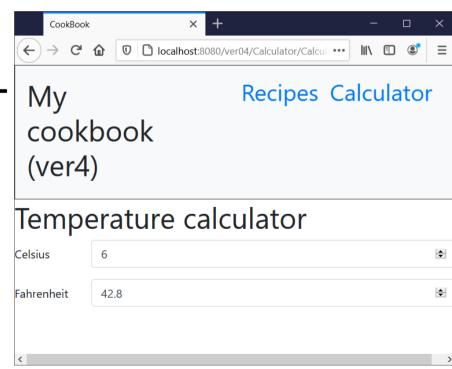
μSPA – ver4

Znamo:

- Dinamički promijeniti sadržaj stranice
- Presresti (i promijeniti) klik, ostvariti lokalno usmjeravanje i mijenjanje "stranica"
 - Koristimo vlastite oznake unutar HTML-a, npr. data-link
- Razložiti kôd na module koji odgovaraju stranicama, stranice imaju jednostavne zadatke
- Dohvatiti podatke s weba i formatirati HTML

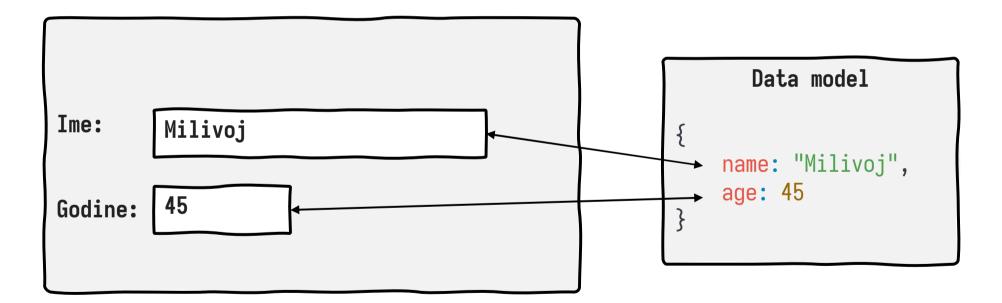
Napravimo:

- Model binding povežimo HTML elemente s JS objektima (podatcima)
- Automatske izračune ovisnih vrijednosti
- Automatsko iscrtavanje (rendering)



Povezivanje podataka (UI data binding)

- Obrazac kod razvoja GUI aplikacija
- Povezivanje elemenata GUI-ja i domenskog modela
 - Two-way (npr. Angular)
 - Unidirectional (npr. React)





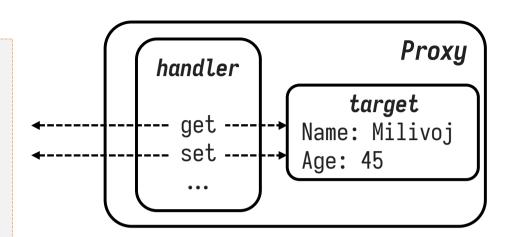
Pogledajmo prvo klijentsku stranu – Calculator

```
async getHtml() {
Calculator.js
                                            return `
                                              <h1>Temperature calculator</h1>
export default class {
                                              <form>...
  constructor () {
                                                <input type="number"</pre>
    this.myData = {
                                                   id="celsius" placeholder="C"
        tempCelsius: 0,
                                                   uspa-bind="tempCelsius">
        tempFahrenheit: 32
    };
                                                <input type="number"</pre>
                                                    id="fahrenheit" placeholder="F"
  async getHtml() {(...)}
                                                   uspa-bind="tempFahrenheit">
  getData() { return this.myData; }
                                                  ...</form>`;
  onChange(key, value) {
    if (key === "tempCelsius") {
      this.myData.tempFahrenheit = parseFloat(value) * 9 / 5 + 32;
    } else if (key === "tempFahrenheit") {
      this.myData.tempCelsius = (parseFloat(value) - 32) * 5/ 9;
                                                               Temperature calculator
```

US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global Objects/Proxy

ProxyExample.js

```
let obj = { name: "Milivoj", age: 45 };
let pObi = new Proxv(obi, {
  get: function (target, prop) {
    console.log("Netko želi znati ", prop);
    return target[prop];
  set: function (obj, prop, value) {
    console.log("Netko postavlja ", prop, "na", value);
   if (prop === "age") {
     if (!Number.isInteger(value)) {
        throw new TypeError("Godine moraju biti cijeli broj!");
    obj[prop] = value;
    return true; // Indicate success
 },
console.log(obj.name, obj.age);
console.log(p0bj.name, p0bj.age);
try {
    p0bj.age = "33a";
} catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
p0bj.age = 33;
console.log(obj);
```





Dodajmo i Observer obrazac

Observer.js

```
export default class Observer {
  constructor(dataObject, listener) {
   this.observersSet = []:
   if (listener) this.observersSet.push(listener);
   let self = this:
   this.proxyObject = new Proxy(dataObject, {
     set: (target, key, value, receiver) => {
       const result = Reflect.set(target, key, value, receiver);
       self.dataObjectClone = {...dataObject}; // used in isDirty()
       self.observersSet.forEach(observer => observer(key, value));
        return result;
                                                     U našem slučaju, zainteresiran je:
   });
                                                    Calculator.onChange(key, value)
 isDirty() { // poor man's micro-optimization
   for (const key in this.dataObjectClone) {
      if (this.dataObjectClone[key] !== this.proxyObject[key]) { return true; }
   return false;
```



Konačno – povežimo sve

uspa.js

```
async setView(viewName) {
 let viewClass = this.currView.getViews()[viewName];
                                                                       Izmjestili u posebnu
 this.currViewObject = new viewClass(); // should I cache it?
                                                                      metodu (sljedeći slajd)
  await this.render();
 history.pushState(null, null, `${this.stubUrl}/${viewName}`);
 this.bindViewData(); }
bindViewData() {
 if (this.currViewObject.getData) {
   let currViewData = this.currViewObject.getData();
   this.currViewProxy = new Observer(currViewData,
                                      this.currViewObject.onChange.bind(this.currViewObject));
   document.querySelectorAll("[uspa-bind]").forEach((elem) => {
      let name = elem.getAttribute("uspa-bind");
      let proxy = this.currViewProxy.getProxy();
     elem.value = proxy[name];
     elem.onkeyup = () => {
       proxy[name] = elem.value; // could use some metadata and do parsing, eg int, date, etc
       if (this.currViewProxy.isDirty()) {
         this.render(name);
          }); } }
```



...nastavak:

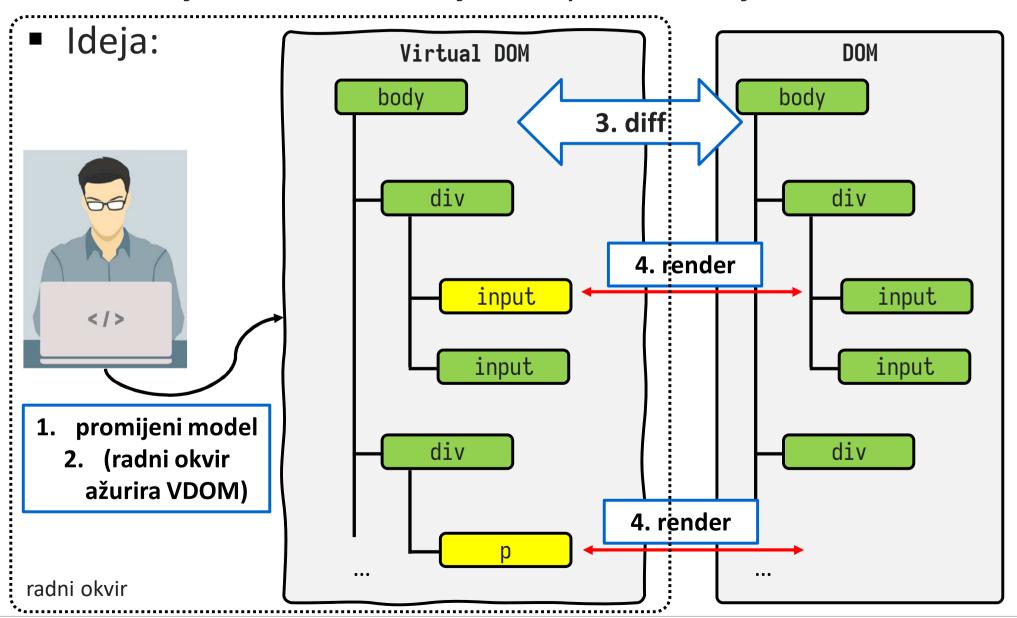
```
async render(focusOnElementName) { // silly rendering...
    document.guerySelector("router-
view").innerHTML = await this.currViewObject.getHtml();
    this.bindViewData(); // 🕾
    if (focusOnElementName) {
                                                       HTML
      document.querySelector(`[uspa-
                                                      element
bind="${focusOnElementName}"]`).focus();
                                             1. inicijalna
                                                              2. onkeyup
                                             vrijednost
                                                          Proxy
                                                      ViewData
                                 Calculator
                                 .onChange()
                                              3. obavijesti
                                              zainteresirane
                                                                   (re)
                                                                  render
                                                    4. isDirty()?
```

"Silly" rendering...

- Iscrtavanje na takav način bi bilo loše kod svake promjene se:
 - ponovo iscrtava cijeli sadržaj
 - i ponovo se radi povezivanje svega!
- Različiti radni okviri koriste različite pristupa za optimiranje iscrtavanja, npr.:
 - React i Vue koriste tzv. Virtual DOM
 - Angular koristi "Incremental DOM" https://github.com/google/incremental-dom
 - Svelte ni jedno ni drugo, itd.
- S korisničke strane želi se postići da korisnik (developer) ne mora brinuti o (performansama) iscrtavanja, već da se bavi deklarativnim programiranjem i promjenama stanja

Virtual DOM

Nezahtjevna JS memorijska reprezentacija DOM-a



Kraj primjera

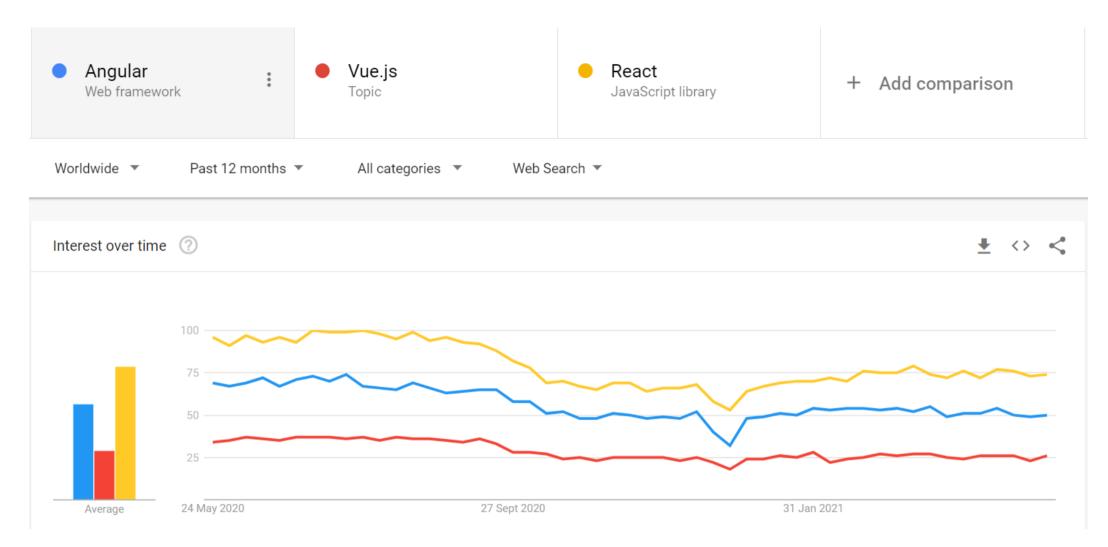
- Vidjeli smo:
- Routing
 - History API
- Data-binding
 - Proxy, Observer
- Rendering
 - Virtual DOM
- (HTML) templates
- "Components"

A sad idemo na pravi radni okvir...



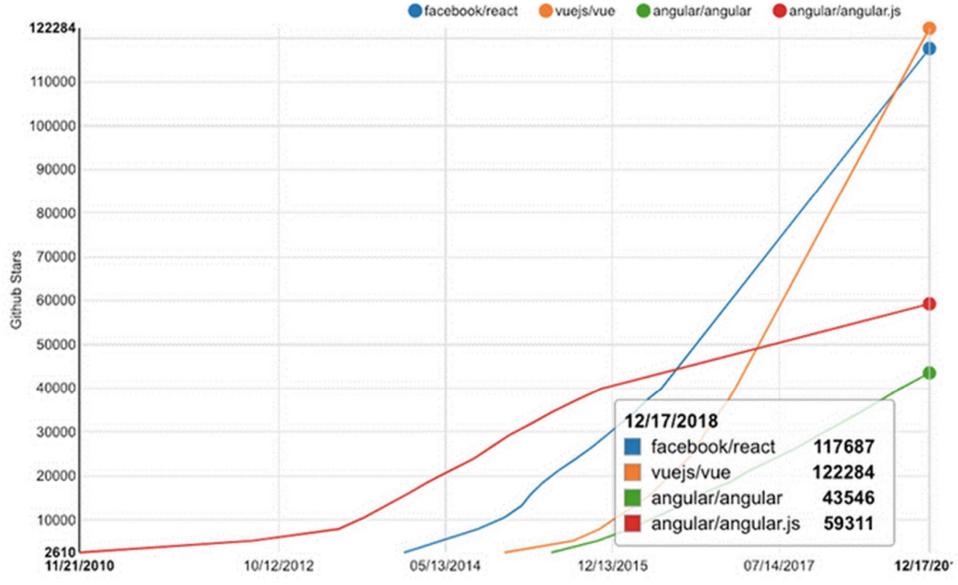
a crash course...

Velika trojka: Angular, Vue, React



https://trends.google.com/trends/explore?q =%2Fg%2F11c6w0ddw9,%2Fg%2F11c0v mgx5d,%2Fm%2F012I1vxv

Github stars



https://theappsolutions.com/blog/development/vue-angular-react-comparison/

Vue.js

- "nije važno" -> sva tri su dobra
- Wikipedia:
 - Vue.js (commonly referred to as Vue; pronounced /vjuː/, like "view") is an open-source model-view-viewmodel front end JavaScript framework for building user interfaces and singlepage applications.
- Vue.js:
 - Vue is a progressive framework for building user interfaces.
- Evan You, 2014.:
 - "I figured, what if I could just extract the part that I really liked about Angular and build something really lightweight."

https://web.archive.org/web/20170603052649/https://betweenthewires.org/2016/11/03/evan-you/

Vue 2 -> Vue 3

01-basics, interpolation, v-bind

Primjer – Calculator

```
app.js
```

```
const Calculator = {
  data() {
    return {
      tempCelsius: 0,
      tempFahrenheit: 32,
      startedDateAt: new Date().toLocaleDateString("hr-HR"),
      startedTimeAt: new Date().toLocaleTimeString("hr-HR"),
    };
  },
const app = Vue.createApp(Calculator);
app.mount("#my-app");
                                                     16:28:59
                                                     Celsius
           HTML (template) je zasad u index.html
```

(sljedeći slajd)

Temperature calculator, the time is: 18. 05. 2021. 16:28:59

Fahrenheit

32

Primjer – Calculator

index.html

interpolation: {{ js }}

```
<body>
   <div id="my-app">
     <h3>Temperature calculator, the time is: {{ startedDateAt }} {{ startedTimeAt }} </h3>
     <form>
       <div class="form-group row">
         <label for="celsius" class="col-sm-2 col-form-label">Celsius</label>
         <div class="col-sm-10">
           <input type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="C"</pre>
             v-bind:value="tempCelsius">
         </div>
                                              v-bind: jednosmjerno
       </div>
       <div class="form-group row">
         <label for="fahrenheit" class="col-sm-2 col-form-label"</pre>
         <div class="col-sm-10">
           <input type="number" class="form-control" placeholder:</pre>
             :value="tempFahrenheit">
         </div>
       </div>
     </form>
                                v-bind: skraćena sintaksa
   </div>
 </body>
UNIZG-FER
                                    Napredni razvoj programske potpore za weł
```

Temperature calculator, the time is: 18, 05, 2021. 16:28:59

Celsius

0

Fahrenheit

32

02-basics, events, methods, this

Dodajmo interakciju – prvo dodajem methods

```
app.js
```

```
const Calculator = {
  data() {
   return {
                                 Pored data, sad imamo i
   → tempCelsius: 0,
                                        methods
    tempFahrenheit: 32, (...)
   };
                                                     Očigledno, svojstva podatkovnog
  },
                                                    objekta i funkcije u methods bivaju
  methods: {
                                                        mapirane na this (Proxy)
    c2f() {
      this.tempCelsius = this.toFloat(this.$refs.tempCelsius.value);
      this.tempFahrenheit = Math.round(this.tempCelsius * 9 / 5 + 32);
                                                         Pozivat ćemo ih onclick; ako nas zanima
    f2c(event) { _____
                                                            Vue će nam poslati i event object.
      event.preventDefault();
      this.tempFahrenheit = this.toFloat(this.$refs.tempFahrenheit.value);
      this.tempCelsius = Math.round((this.tempFahrenheit 32) * 5/ 9);
    },
    toFloat(value) { // suvišno, samo da se vidi this.method
                                                                         Ugrađeni $refs objekt
      return parseFloat(value);
                                                                          će sadržavati HTML
                                                                        elemente koje označimo
                                                                             (sljedeći slajd)
```

Dodajmo interakciju (pretvorbu)

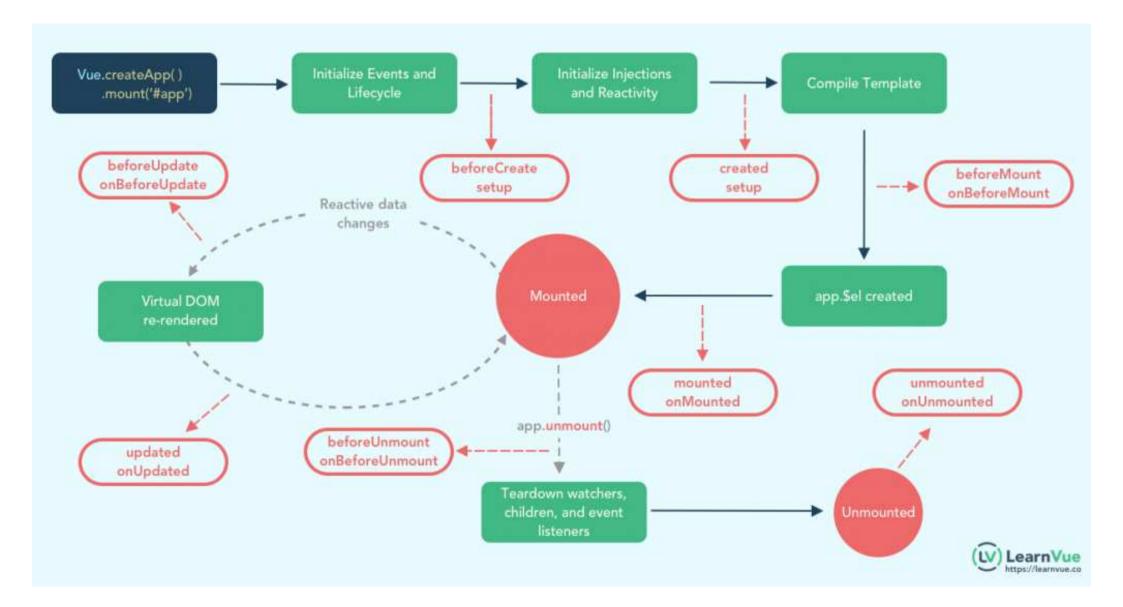
index.html

UNITOFFIS

```
<form>
  <div class="form-group row">
    <label for="celsius" class="col-sm-4 col-form-label">Celsius</lab</pre>
    <div class="col-4">
                                                                            dodajemo u $refs,
      <input type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="C"</pre>
                                                                            ime je proizvoljno
        v-bind:value="tempCelsius" ref="tempCelsius">→
    </div>
    <div class="col-2">
      <button v-on:click="c2f">→F</button>
    </div>
  </div>
                                                v-on:event: method ili method(...)
  <div class="form-group row">
    <label for="fahrenheit" class="col-4 col-form-label" >Fa
                                                                 Temperature calculator, the time is: 19. 05.
    <div class="col-4">
                                                                 2021, 10:27:01
      <input type="number" class="form-control" placeholder=</pre>
        :value="tempFahrenheit" ref="tempFahrenheit">
                                                                                                →F
                                                                 Celsius
                                                                                 202
    </div>
                                                                                                →C
                                                                 Fahrenheit
                                                                                 395
    <div class="col-2">
      <button @click.prevent="f2c">→C</button>
    </div>
  </div>
                                                        event modifier – otkazuje submit
            v-on: skraćena sintaksa @
                                           zvoj prograr
```

03-basics, v-model, lifecycle

Vue3 Lifecycle



https://learnvue.co/2020/12/how-to-use-lifecycle-hooks-in-vue3/



25

v-model: povezujemo UI i varijablu modela index.html (i uklanjamo gumbe)

```
<h3>Temperature calculator, the time is: {{ startedDateAt }} {{ startedTimeAt }}
} </1
          Two-way binding: v-model
<forn
                                                                      Mijenjat ćemo svake
                                                                        sekunde! Što je s
                  elsius" class="col-sm-4 col-form-label">Celsi
    <label
                                                                         iscrtavanjem?
                 col-4">
    <div c
               type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="C"
        v-model="tempCelsius" @keyup="c2f">
    </div>
                                                        Kod svake promjene izračunavamo F
    </div>
    <div class="form-group row">
    <label for="fahrenheit" class="col-4 col-form-label" >Fahrenheit/label>
    <div class="col-4">
        <input type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="F"</pre>
        v-model.number="tempFahrenheit" @keyup.enter="f2c">
    </div>
    </div>
</form>
                Binding modifier: vue će pretvarati
                                                    keyup modifier: samo ako je enter
                        string u number
```

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Lifecycle event - mounted

```
app.js
                                                 Primijetiti da više ne moramo postavljati C,
                                                  lokalna varijabla this.tempCelsius je
methods: {
                                                           automatski ažurna
  c2f() {
    this.tempFahrenheit = Math.round((this.tempCelsius * 9) / 5 + 32);
  },
                                                            Zbog binding modifera ovo će biti
  f2c() {
                                                                       number
    console.log(typeof this.tempFahrenheit);
    this.tempCelsius = Math.round(((this.tempFahrenheit - 32) * 5) / 9);
                                                   Lifecycle event:
},
                                     https://v3.vuejs.org/guide/instance.html#lifecycle-
mounted() {
                                                      diagram
  window.setInterval(() => {
    this.startedTimeAt = new Date().toLocaleTimeString("hr-HR");
  }, 1000);
                                         Svaku sekundu ažuriramo
                                     vrijednost jedne varijable modela i
                                         ne brinemo za iscrtavanje!
```

04-basics: v-for, v-if, :class, template

Dodajmo novu varijablu i dvije funkcije

```
app.js
 data() {
                          Dodajmo polje
   return {
     (\ldots)
    logItems: []
   };
 methods: {
   c2f() { ... },
   f2c() { ... },
   logItemClass(item) {
      return (item.C > 200) ? "hot" : "";
   logTemp() {
     this.logItems.push({
        C: this.tempCelsius,
        F: this.tempFahrenheit
      })
                       Dodajemo trenutne
                           vrijednosti
 },
                       temperatura u polje
```

```
...
.hot::after {
    content: " \1F525";
    color: red;
    font-weight: bold;
}
```

styles.css

Temperature calculator, the time is: 19. 05. 2021. 15:00:56

Celsius -18

Fahrenheit 0

Log it

Logged temperatures:

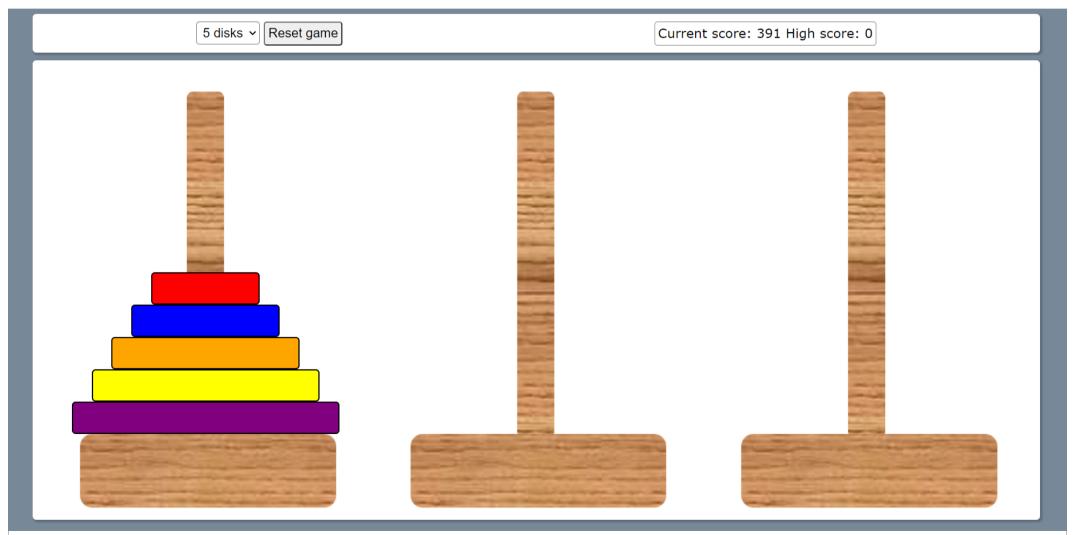
170°C = 338°F
210°C = 410°F
230°C = 446°F
-18°C = 0°F

Preselili HTML iz index.html -> app.js

index.html app.js const Calculator = { <body> template: `<h3>Temperature calculator, the time is: {{starte <div id="my-app"> <form> </div> (\dots) </body> <div class="form-group row"> <div class="col-12"> <button type="button" @click.prevent="logTemp">Log_it/button> </div> Izgubili smo *syntax coloring*, vidjet </div> ćemo kasnije bolji način za definirati <div v-if="logItems.length > 0">_ template unutar "komponente" <h2>Logged temperatures:</h2> <div class="form-group row"> Ako je polje prazno, <11> nema cijelog div bloka tem.C }}°C = {{ item.F }}°F </div> Bind klase (class), metoda će vratiti </div> Iteriramo po elementima polja, postoji ime. Nije u koliziji s eventualno ručno </form> `, i sintaksa za dobiti indekse postavljenim klasama. data() {...

Novi primjer – Hanojski tornjevi

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tower_of_Hanoi



Stick.png

Inicijalne postavke – HTML, CSS

index.html

```
<div id="app">
    <div class="hoard">
        <div class="rod">
        </div>
        <div class="rod">
        </div>
        <div class="rod">
        </div>
    </div>
</div>
```

hanoi.css

```
div.board {
  margin: auto;
  width: 1000px;
  border-radius: 5px;
  box-shadow: 2px 2px 2px 1px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
  display: flex;
  justify-content: space-around;
div.rod {
  width: 300px;
  height: 500px;
  background-image: url("./stick.png");
  background-position: center;
  background-repeat: no-repeat;
  background-size: cover;
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  flex-direction: column;
  justify-content: flex-end;
  padding-bottom: 107px;
div.disk {
  height: 40px;
  border-radius: 5px;
  border: 2px solid black;
```

v-for, style – iscrtavamo N diskova

Napr

index.html

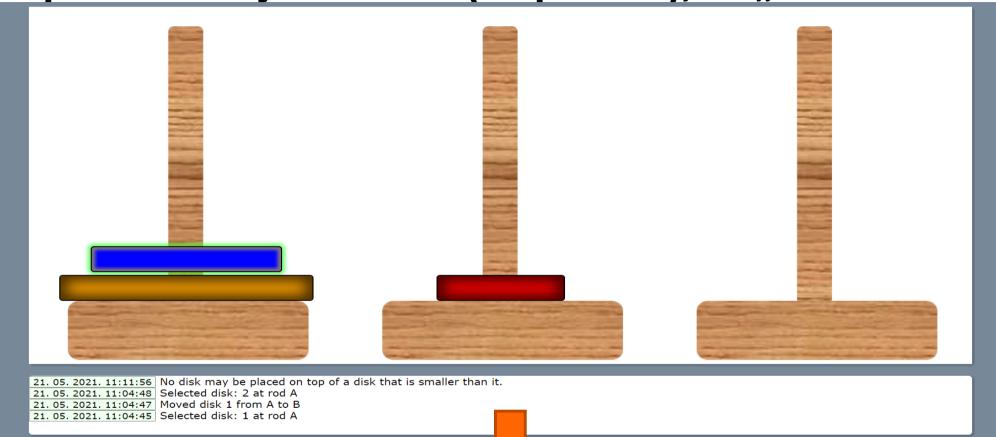
```
<div class="board">
  <div class="rod">
    <div v-for="disk in positionA"
       class="disk"
       Oclick="onSelectFrom(disk)"
       :style="rodStyle(disk)">
    </div>
 </div>
 <div class="rod">
   <div v-for="disk in positionB"
     class="disk"
     @click="onSelectFrom(disk)"
     :style="rodStyle(disk)">
   </div>
 </div>
  <div class="rod">
   <div v-for="disk in positionC"
     class="disk"
     @click="onSelectFrom(disk)"
     :style="rodStyle(disk)">
   </div>
 </div>
</div>
```

```
hanoi.js
```

```
Nova sintaksa
```

```
var app = new Vue({ -
 el: '#app',
 data: {
   diskNumber: 3.
   positionA: [1, 2, 3],
   positionB: [],
   positionC: [],
 methods: {
  rodStyle(diskSize){
     return {
       width: (diskSize / this.diskNumber * 60 + 20) + '%',
        backgroundColor: this.getRodColor(diskSize)
   },
   getRodColor(diskSize){
     const colors = ['green', 'red', 'blue',
          'orange', 'yellow', 'purple'];
      return colors[diskSize % colors.length];
```

Omogućimo vizualno isticanje odabranog diska, prebacivanje diskova (uz pravila), te "dnevnik"



Congrats, game over in 7 moves!

That is optimal.

21. 05. 2021. 11:14:00	Moved disk 1 from A to B
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:59	Selected disk: 1 at rod A
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:58	Moved disk 2 from C to B
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:57	Selected disk: 2 at rod C
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:56	Moved disk 1 from C to A
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:55	Selected disk: 1 at rod C
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:54	Moved disk 3 from A to B
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:53	Selected disk: 3 at rod A
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:52	Moved disk 1 from B to C
21. 05. 2021. 11:13:51	Selected disk: 1 at rod B
24 05 2024 44.42.40	M - - - - - - -

DN15

IM1

Reactivity

index.html

```
optimalan broj poteza,
                                                                      v-else prikazujemo igru (board)
<div v-if="isGameOver" class="board card"> 
    <h1>Congrats, game ver in {{ moves }} moves!</h1>
    <h2>That is {{ moves \!== (Math.pow(2, diskNumber)-1) ? "SUB" : "" }}optimal.</h2>
</div>
<div v-else class="board cald">
                                                                       (uvjetno) postavljamo klase
  <div class="rod" @click="onSelectTo('A')">
                                                                       selectedDisk i inactiveDisk
    <div v-for="disk in positionA"
       class="disk"
       :class="{selectedDisk : disk === selectedDisk, inactiveDisk: selectedDisk != null && disk !== selectedDisk}"
       @click="onSelectFrom(disk,
       :style="rodStyle(disk)">
                                              var app = new Vue({
    </div>
                                                el: '#app',
  </div>
                                                data: { diskNumber: 3,
Analogno za druga dva...
```

Napred

computed property – kada imamo iole složeniju logiku u templateima (koja se temelji na modelu) možemo ju premjestiti u computed property. Npr. izračun optimalnog broja poteza gore se također mogao "izmjestiti"

```
hanoi.js
 positionA: [1, 2, 3], positionB: [], positionC: [],
 selectedDisk: null,
                         selectedRod: null,
 logMessages: [],
 moves: 0
computed: {
 isGameOver: function() {
   return this.positionB.length === this.diskNumber
      this.positionC.length === this.diskNumber
}, ... nastavak na sljedećem slajdu...
```

v−if je igra gotova, ispišemo je li

Slide 34

:class se može računati u metodi, ovdje je samo radi primjera... Danijel Mlinarić; 13.9.2021. DM5

zapravo prije u computed prop, a ne u metodi. Igor Mekterović; 2.12.2021. IM1

Reactivity: odabir i spuštanje diska

hanoi.js

```
methods: { ...
  onSelectFrom(disk, rod) {
      if (
      (this.positionA[0] === disk)
      || (this.positionB[0] === disk)
      | (this.positionC[0] === disk)
      ) {
      this.selectedDisk = disk;
      this.selectedRod = rod;
      this.log("Selected disk: "
     + this.selectedDisk + " at rod "
      + this.selectedRod);
      } else {
         this.log("You can only select the
topmost disk.");
 },
 log(msq) {
    this.logMessages.unshift({
    ts: new Date().toLocaleString("hr-HR"),
    text: msg,
  });
  },
```

```
hanoi.js
```

```
onSelectTo(rod) {
   if (this.selectedDisk
        && rod !== this.selectedRod) {
   let positionABC = [this.positionA, this.positionB,
                         this position[];
   let idxTo = rod.charCodeAt(0) - "A".charCodeAt(0);
   let rodToArray = positionABC[idxTo];
   let idxFrom = this.selectedRod.charCodeAt(0)-"A".charCodeAt(0);
   let rodFromArray = positionABC[idxFrom];
   if (rodToArray.length && rodToArray[0] < this.selectedDisk) {
        this.log(
   "No disk may be placed on top of a disk that is smaller than it."
        );
   } else {
        rodFromArray.shift();
        rodToArray.unshift(this.selectedDisk);
        this.log("Moved disk " + this.selectedDisk + " from " +
           this.selectedRod + " to " + rod
        );
        this.selectedRod = null;
        this.selectedDisk = null;
        this.moves++;
```

IM3

UNIZG-FER

Napred }

Slide 35

DM6 umjesto rod.charCodeAt(0) - "A".charCodeAt(0) jednostavno bih kao paramatera predao index

Danijel Mlinarić; 13.9.2021.

moglo bi se, ali onda je u kodu rućnije u templateu i važnije - kod ispisa u logu moram ratidi obratno - morao bih pretvarati 0 u A, 1 u B ...

tako da je slično...

Igor Mekterović; 2.12.2021.

Ispis dnevnika i CSS

index.html

```
21. 05. 2021. 11:14:00 Moved disk 1 from A to B Selected disk: 1 at rod A Moved disk 2 from C to B Selected disk: 2 at rod C Moved disk 1 from C to A Selected disk: 1 at rod C Moved disk 1 from C to A Selected disk: 1 at rod C Moved disk 3 from A to B Selected disk: 3 at rod A Moved disk 1 from B to C Selected disk: 1 at rod B Moved disk: 1 at rod B Moved disk: 1 at rod B
```

hanoi.css

```
.selectedDisk {
 margin: 5px;
 box-shadow: 0px 0px 5px 5px rgba(0, 255, 0, 0.5),
 Opx Opx 5px 5px inset rgba(255, 238, 0, 0.5);
.inactiveDisk {
 box-shadow: Opx Opx 2Opx 1Opx inset rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7);
div.log {
 margin-top: 20px;
 max-height: 200px;
 overflow: auto;
 min-height: 100px;
 font-family: Verdana, Geneva, Tahoma, sans-serif;
.log--time {
 font-size: 0.9em;
 background-color: honeydew;
 padding: 0 5px 0 5px;
 border: 1px solid gray;
 border-radius: 2px;
```

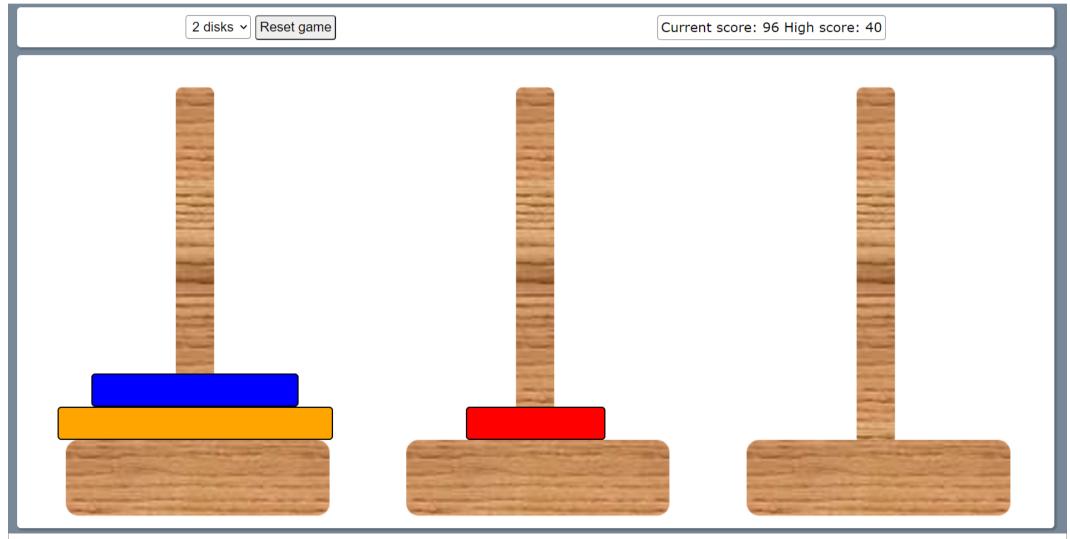
Par napomena uz computed property

- Sličnost s methods
 - Kada koristiti jedno, kada drugo?
 - Computed properties kada samo mijenjamo prezentaciju, ali ne i podatke
 - Štoviše paziti da ne mijenjamo podatke unutra computed properties nezgodni bugovi!
 pogledajte: https://vueschool.io/lessons/computed-properties-in-vue-3?friend=vuejs
 - Methods kada mijenjamo podatke
 - Bitna razlika CP su keširani!
 - Ponovo se izračunavaju samo ako se promijeni neka reaktivna varijabla na temelju koje se izračunava
 - Npr. nikad se neće osvježiti:
 - (moguće isključiti cache)
- Postoji i <u>Computed setter</u>

```
computed: {
  now() {
    return Date.now()
  }
}
```



Omogućimo novu igru s različitim brojem diskova, izračunajmo score i zapamtimo ga kako se ne bi izgubio nakon osvježavanja stranice





Dodajemo highScore, učitavamo, snimamo...

index.html hanoi.js

```
<div class="board card">
  <div class="reset-game">
  <select ref="disksNumber"</pre>
     class="form-control">
     Number of disks:
     <option value="2">2 disks
     <option value="3">3 disks</option>
     <option value="4">4 disks</option>
     <option value="5">5 disks</option>
  </select>
  <button @click="resetGame"</pre>
     class="form-control">Reset game
  </button>
  </div>
    <div class="high-score"
     :class="{ newHighScore: isNewHighScore }">
    Current score: {{score}}
    High score: {{highScore}}
    </div>
</div>
                   Lifecycle event
```

```
computed: { ...
  score: function () {
    return this.diskNumber * 10 -
       11 * (this.moves - this.optimalMoves());
 }.
  isNewHighScore: function () {
    return this.isGameOver
       && (this.score > this.highScore);
}, methods: { ...
onSelectTo(rod) {
    this.moves++;
    if (this.isNewHighScore) {
      this.highScore = this.score;
      localStorage.setItem('highScore', this.highScore);
      this.log("** CONGRATS!!! NEW HIGH SCORE!! **");
beforeMount() {
  let highScore = localStorage.getItem('highScore');
 if (highScore != null) {
    this.highScore = parseInt(highScore);
} ...
```