

This supplementary information presents :

- first, the code to generate the figures from the paper,
- second, some control experiments that were mentioned in the paper,
- finally, some perspectives for future work inspired by the algorithms presented in the paper.

Figures for "An adaptive algorithm for unsupervised learning"

```
In [1]: %load_ext autoreload
        %autoreload 2
```

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
        np.set_printoptions(precision=2, suppress=True)
        seed = 42
        np.random.seed(seed)
```

```
In [3]: # some overhead for the formatting of figures
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

        fontsize = 12
        FORMATS = ['.pdf', '.eps', '.png', '.tiff']
        FORMATS = ['.pdf', '.png']
        dpi_export = 600

        fig_width_pt = 318.670 # Get this from LaTeX using \showthe\column
                                width
        fig_width_pt = 450 # Get this from LaTeX using \showthe\columnwidt
                                h
        #fig_width_pt = 1024 #221 # Get this from LaTeX using \showthe\
                                columnwidth / x264 asks for a multiple of 2
        ppi = 72.27 # (constant) definition of the ppi = points per inch
        inches_per_pt = 1.0/ppi # Convert pt to inches
        #inches_per_cm = 1./2.54
        fig_width = fig_width_pt*inches_per_pt # width in inches
        grid_fig_width = 2*fig_width
        phi = (np.sqrt(5) + 1. ) /2
        #legend.fontsize = 8
        #fig_width = 9
        fig_height = fig_width/phi
        figsize = (fig_width, fig_height)

        def adjust_spines(ax, spines):
            for loc, spine in ax.spines.items():
                if loc in spines:
                    spine.set_position(('outward', 10)) # outward by 10 po
                                ints
                    spine.set_smart_bounds(True)
                else:
```

```

        spine.set_color('none') # don't draw spine

# turn off ticks where there is no spine
if 'left' in spines:
    ax.yaxis.set_ticks_position('left')
else:
    # no yaxis ticks
    ax.yaxis.set_ticks([])

if 'bottom' in spines:
    ax.xaxis.set_ticks_position('bottom')
else:
    # no xaxis ticks
    ax.xaxis.set_ticks([])

import matplotlib
pylab_defaults = {
    'font.size': 10,
    'xtick.labelsize': 'medium',
    'ytick.labelsize': 'medium',
    'text.usetex': False,
    # 'font.family' : 'sans-serif',
    # 'font.sans-serif' : ['Helvetica'],
}

#matplotlib.rcParams.update({'font.size': 18, 'font.family': 'STIXG
eneral', 'mathtext.fontset': 'stix'})
matplotlib.rcParams.update(pylab_defaults)
#matplotlib.rcParams.update({'text.usetex': True})

import matplotlib.cm as cm

from IPython.display import Image

DEBUG = True
DEBUG = False
hl, hs = 10*'- ', 10*' '

```

```

In [4]: tag = 'ICLR'
datapath = '../..../SparseHebbianLearning/database'
# different runs
#opts = dict(datapath=datapath, verbose=0)
#opts = dict(cache_dir='cache_dir_cluster', datapath=datapath, verb
ose=0)
#opts = dict(cache_dir='cache_dir_ICLR', datapath=datapath, verbose
=0)
opts = dict(cache_dir='cache_dir_cluster25', eta=0.002, eta_homeo=0
.005, datapath=datapath, verbose=0)

```

```

In [5]: from shl_scripts.shl_experiments import SHL
shl = SHL(**opts)
data = shl.get_data(matname=tag)

```

```
In [6]: shl?
```

Type: SHL
String form: <shl_scripts.shl_experiments.SHL object at 0x109194128>
File:
~/science/SparseHebbianLearning/shl_scripts/shl_experiments.py
Docstring:
Base class to define SHL experiments:
- initialization
- coding and learning
- visualization
- quantitative analysis

```
In [7]: print('number of patches, size of patches = ', data.shape)
print('average of patches = ', data.mean(), ' +/- ', data.mean(axis=1).std())
SE = np.sqrt(np.mean(data**2, axis=1))
print('average energy of data = ', SE.mean(), '+/-', SE.std())
```

number of patches, size of patches = (65520, 324)
average of patches = 5.0641928164665185e-19 +/- 0.009577051865437931
average energy of data = 0.29851622590347293 +/- 0.08935954499531101

```
In [8]: #!ls -l {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*
!ls {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*lock*
!rm {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*lock*
#!rm {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*
#!ls -l {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*

ls: cache_dir_cluster25/ICLR*lock*: No such file or directory
rm: cache_dir_cluster25/ICLR*lock*: No such file or directory
```

figure 1: Role of homeostasis in learning sparse representations

TODO : cross-validate with 10 different learnings

```
In [9]: fname = 'figure_map'
N_cv = 10
one_cv = 0 # picking one to display intermediate results
```

learning

The actual learning is done in a second object (here dico) from which we can access another set of properties and functions (see the [shl_learn.py](https://github.com/bicv/SHL_scripts/blob/master/shl_scripts/shl_learn.py) (https://github.com/bicv/SHL_scripts/blob/master/shl_scripts/shl_learn.py) script):

```

In [10]: homeo_methods = ['None', 'OLS', 'HEH']

list_figures = ['show_dico', 'time_plot_error', 'time_plot_logL', '
time_plot_MC', 'show_Pcum']
list_figures = []
dico = {}
for i_cv in range(N_cv):
    dico[i_cv] = {}
    for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
        shl = SHL(homeo_method=homeo_method, seed=seed+i_cv, **opts
)
        dico[i_cv][homeo_method] = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_f
igures=list_figures, matname=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_seed=' +
str(seed+i_cv))

list_figures = ['show_dico']
for i_cv in [one_cv]:
    for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
        print(hl + hs + homeo_method[:3] + hs + hl)
        shl = SHL(homeo_method=homeo_method, seed=seed+i_cv, **opts
)
        shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, matnam
e=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_seed=' + str(seed+i_cv))

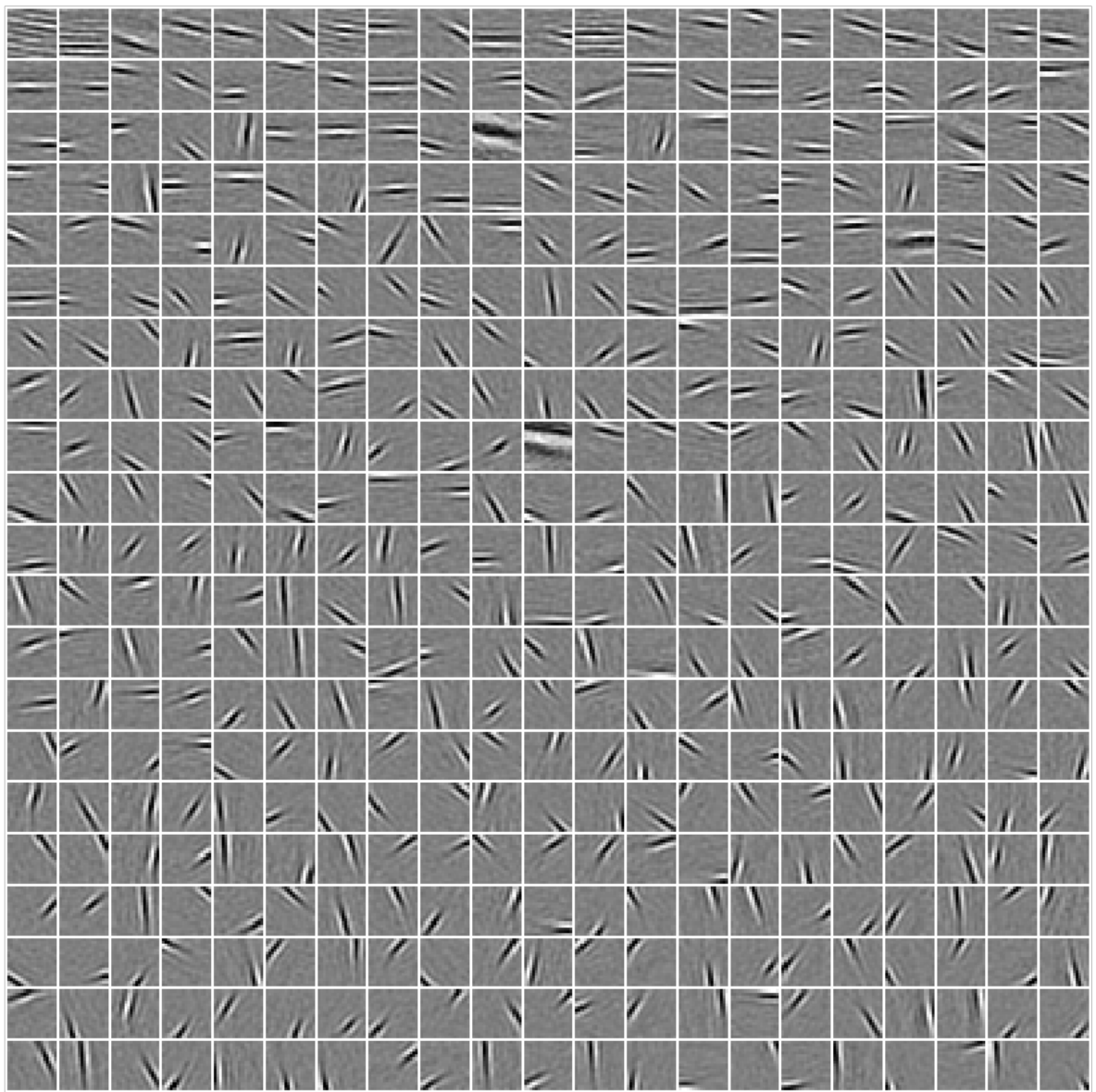
        print('size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of ima
gelets) = ', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary.shape)
        print('average of filters = ', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].di
ctionary.mean(axis=1).mean(),
              '+/-', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary.mean(axis
=1).std())
        SE = np.sqrt(np.sum(dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary**2,
axis=1))
        print('average energy of filters = ', SE.mean(), '+/-', SE.
std())
        plt.show()

```

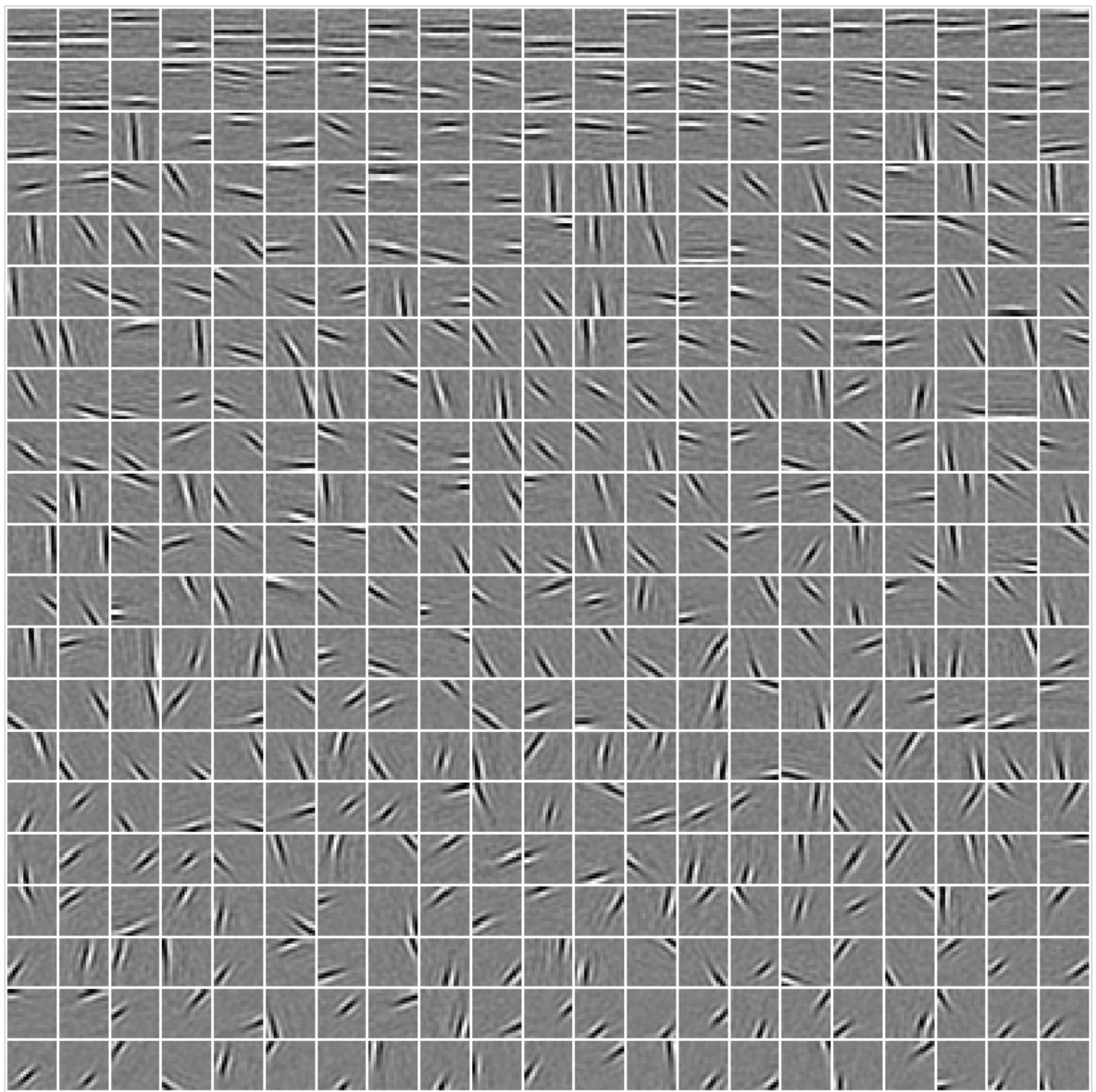
```

----- Non -----
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44
1, 324)
average of filters = -1.1980961885168967e-05 +/- 0.00124694840890
4883
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.920778245506598e-17

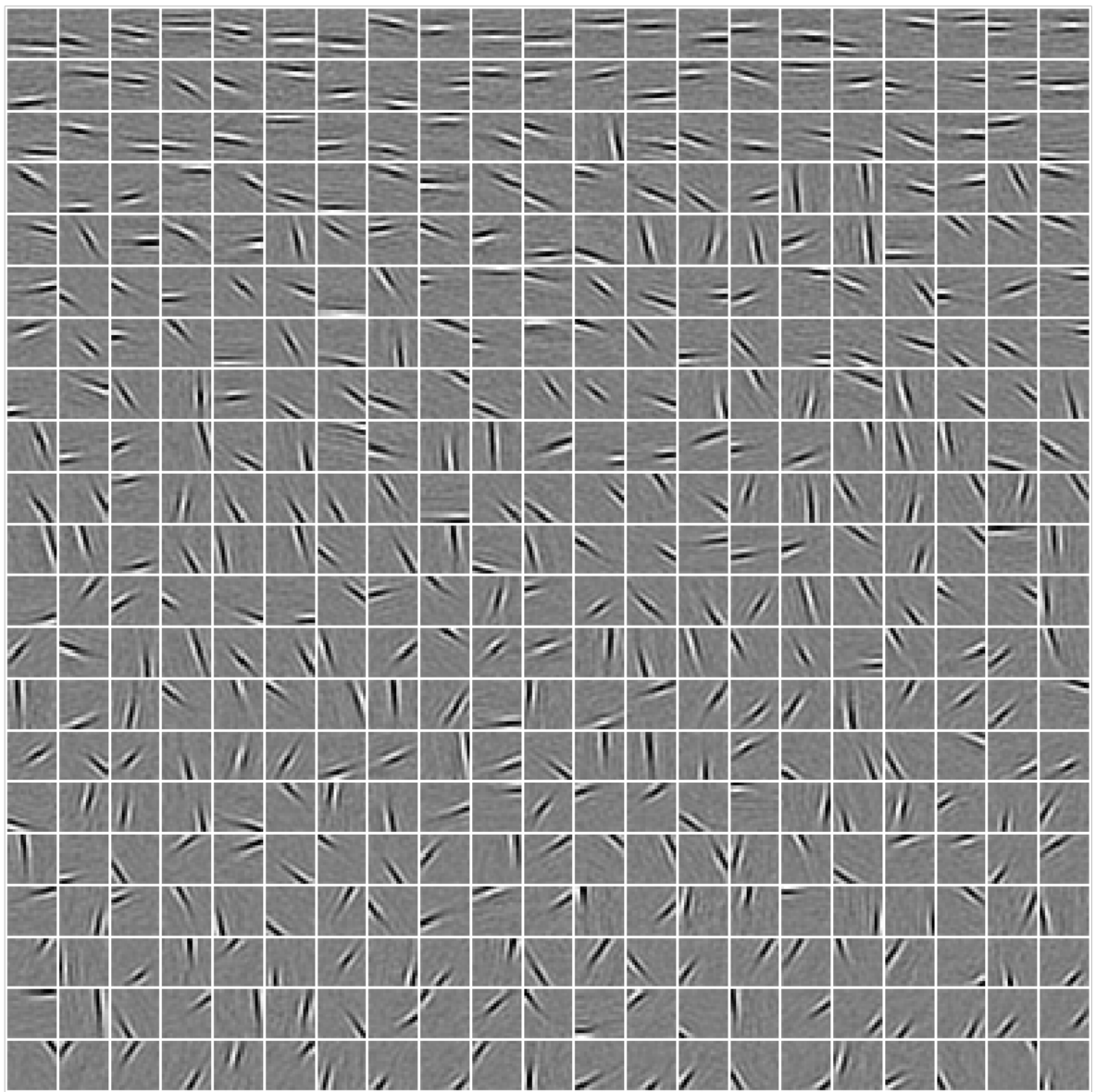
```



```
----- OLS -----  
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44  
1, 324)  
average of filters = -4.089243933727358e-06 +/- 0.001241096006797  
0878  
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.9562611248144994e-17
```



```
-----      HEH      -----  
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44  
1, 324)  
average of filters = -6.6112572753952305e-06 +/- 0.00121065448870  
92556  
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.700743415417188e-17
```



panel A: plotting some dictionaries

```
In [11]: pname = '/tmp/panel_A' #pname = fname + '_A'
```

```
In [12]: from shl_scripts import show_dico
if DEBUG: show_dico(shl, dico[one_cvi_cv][homeo_method], data=data,
dim_graph=(2,5))
```

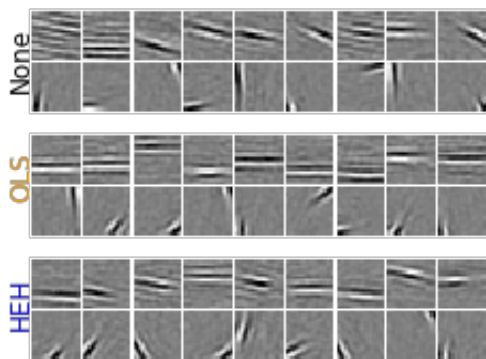
```
In [13]: dim_graph = (2, 9)
colors = ['black', 'orange', 'blue']
homeo_methods
```

```
Out[13]: ['None', 'OLS', 'HEH']
```

```
In [14]: subplotpars = dict( left=0.042, right=1., bottom=0., top=1., wspace
=0.05, hspace=0.05,)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+ph
i)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)

for ax, color, homeo_method in zip(axs.ravel(), colors, homeo_metho
ds):
    ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w')
    ax.set_facecolor('w')
    fig, ax = show_dico(shl, dico[one_cv][homeo_method], data=data,
dim_graph=dim_graph, fig=fig, ax=ax)
    # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
    ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=co
lor, rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'

for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
```



```
In [15]: ### TODO put the p_min an p_max value in the filter map
```

```
In [16]: if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')
```

```
In [17]: if DEBUG: help(fig.subplots_adjust)
```

```
In [18]: if DEBUG: help(plt.subplots)
```

```
In [19]: if DEBUG: help(matplotlib.gridspec.GridSpec)
```

panel B: quantitative comparison

```
In [20]: pname = '/tmp/panel_B' #fname + '_B'
```

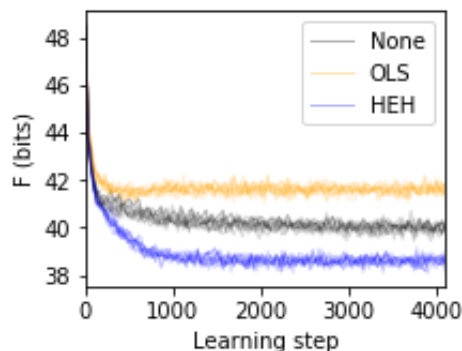


```

In [21]: from sh1_scripts import time_plot
variable = 'F'
alpha_0, alpha = .3, .15
subplotpars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2, top=.95) #, wspace=0.05, hspace=0.05,)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)
for i_cv in range(N_cv):
    for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
        ax.axis(c='b', lw=2, axisbg='w')
        ax.set_facecolor('w')
        if i_cv==0:
            fig, ax = time_plot(sh1, dico[i_cv][homeo_method], variable=variable, unit='bits', color=color, label=homeo_method, alpha=alpha_0, fig=fig, ax=ax)
        else:
            fig, ax = time_plot(sh1, dico[i_cv][homeo_method], variable=variable, unit='bits', color=color, alpha=alpha, fig=fig, ax=ax)

            # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
            #ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color='k', rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'
ax.legend(loc='best')
for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')

```



Montage of the subplots

```

In [22]: import tikzmagic

```

```

In [23]: %load_ext tikzmagic

```

```

In [24]: #DEBUG = True
if DEBUG: help(tikzmagic)

```

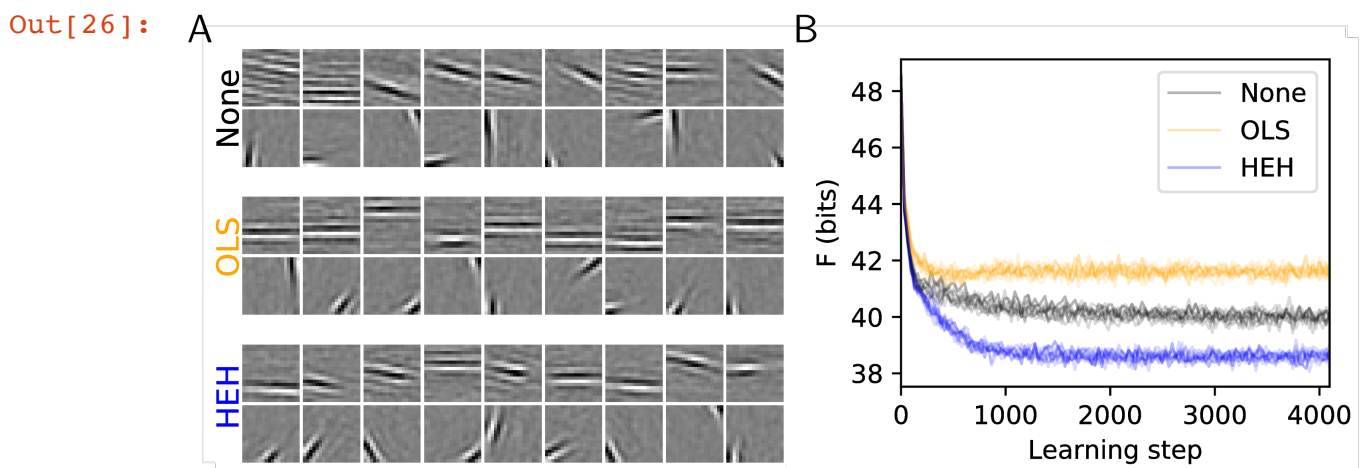
```

%tikz \draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1);%%tikz --save {fname}.pdf \draw[white, fill=white] (0.\linewidth,0) rectangle (1.\linewidth, .382\linewidth) ;

```

```
In [25]: %%tikz -f pdf --save {fname}.pdf
\draw[white, fill=white] (0.\linewidth,0) rectangle (1.\linewidth,
.382\linewidth) ;
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_A}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.5\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_B}};
\begin{scope}[font=\bf\sffamily\large]
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {$\mathsf{A}$};
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.5\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {$\mathsf{B}$};
\end{scope}
```

```
In [26]: !convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.jpg
!convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.png
#!convert -density {dpi_export} -resize 5400 -units pixelsperinch
-flatten -compress lzw -depth 8 {fname}.pdf {fname}.tiff
Image(fname + '.png')
```



```
!echo "width=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%[fx:w]" info: !echo ", \nheight=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format
"%[fx:h]" info: !echo ", \nunit=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%U" info: !identify {fname}.tiff
```

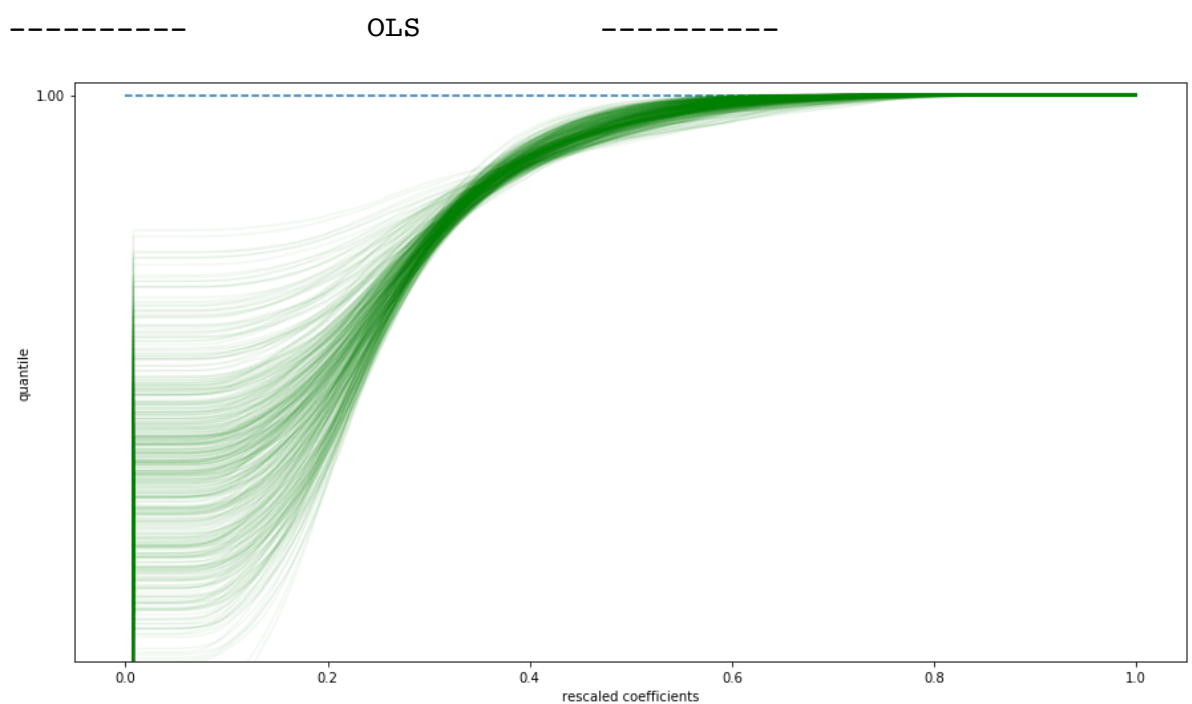
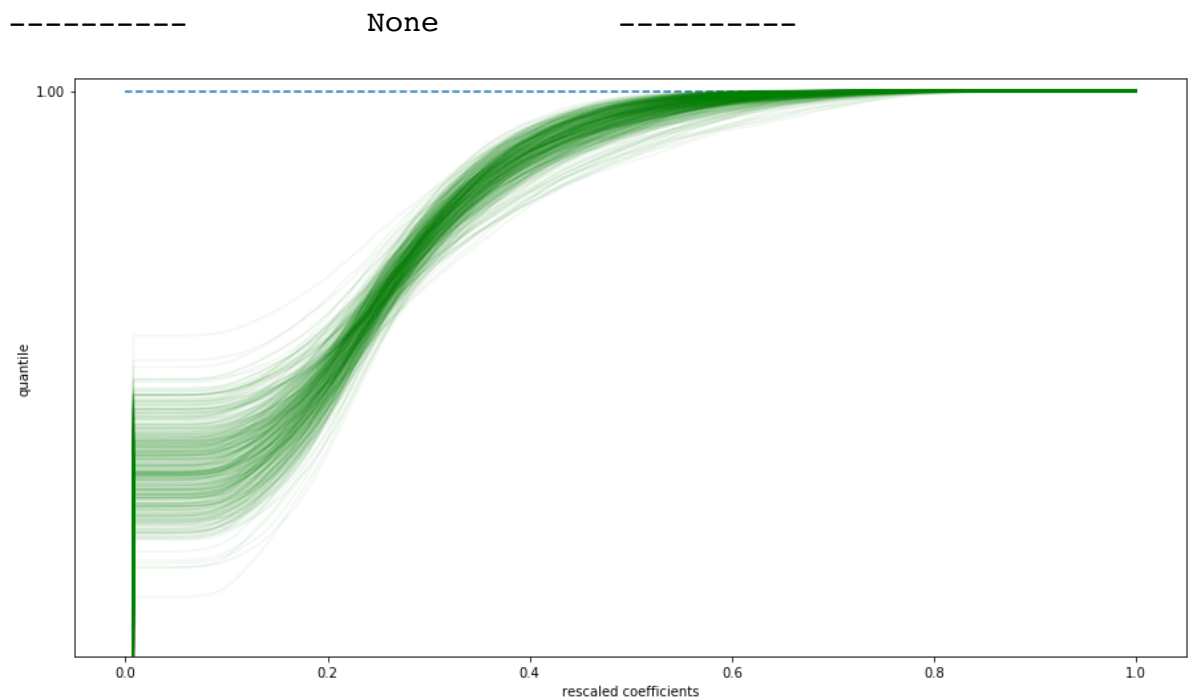
figure 2: Histogram Equalization Homeostasis

```
In [27]: fname = 'figure_HEH'
```

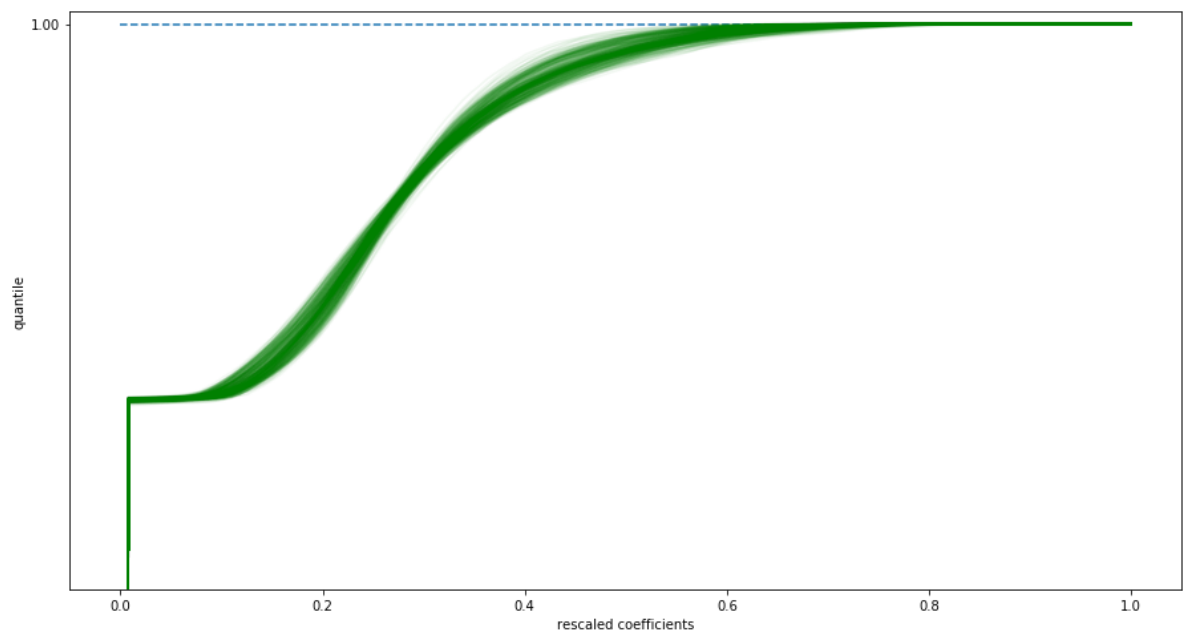
First collecting data:

```
In [28]: list_figures = ['show_Pcum']

dico = {}
for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
    print(hl + hs + homeo_method + hs + hl)
    shl = SHL(homeo_method=homeo_method, **opts)
    #dico[homeo_method] = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, matname=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_' + str(one_cv))
    dico[homeo_method] = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, matname=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_seed=' + str(seed+one_cv))
    plt.show()
```



----- HEH -----



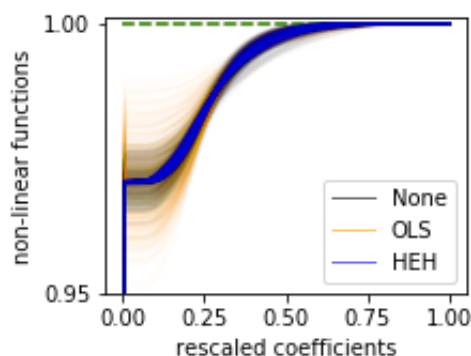
```
In [29]: dico[homeo_method].P_cum.shape
```

```
Out[29]: (441, 128)
```

panel A: different P_cum

```
In [30]: pname = '/tmp/panel_A' #pname = fname + '_A'

from shl_scripts import plot_P_cum
variable = 'F'
subplotpars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2, top=.95)#, wspa
ce=0.05, hspace=0.05,)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi
)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)
for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
    ax.axis(c='b', lw=2, axisbg='w')
    ax.set_facecolor('w')
    fig, ax = plot_P_cum(dico[homeo_method].P_cum, ymin=0.95, ymax=
1.001,
                        title=None, subtitle=None, ylabel='non-lin
ear functions',
                        verbose=False, n_yticks=21, alpha=.02, c=c
olor, fig=fig, ax=ax)
    ax.plot([0], [0], lw=1, color=color, label=homeo_method, alpha=
.6)
    # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
    #ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color='
k', rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'
ax.legend(loc='lower right')
for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')
```



```
In [31]: if DEBUG: help(fig.legend)
```

panel B: comparing the effects of parameters

```
In [35]: opts
```

```
Out[35]: {'cache_dir': 'cache_dir_cluster25',
'eta': 0.002,
'eta_homeo': 0.005,
'datapath': '../..SparseHebbianLearning/database',
'verbose': 0}
```

```
In [ ]: pname = '/tmp/panel_B' #fname + '_B'

from shl_scripts.shl_experiments import SHL_set
```

```

homeo_methods = ['None', 'EMP', 'HAP', 'HEH', 'OLS']

homeo_methods = ['None', 'OLS', 'HEH']

variables = ['eta', 'alpha_homeo', 'eta_homeo', 'l0_sparseness', 'n_dictionary']
variables = ['eta', 'alpha_homeo', 'eta_homeo', 'l0_sparseness']
variables = ['alpha_homeo', 'eta_homeo']
variables = ['eta', 'alpha_homeo', 'eta_homeo']
variables = ['eta', 'eta_homeo']

list_figures = []

bases = [10, 10, 2, 2]
bases = [4] * 4

for homeo_method, base in zip(homeo_methods, bases):
    opts_ = opts.copy()
    opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method)
    experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method)#, base=base)
    experiments.run(variables=variables, n_jobs=1, verbose=0)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
subplotpars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2, top=.95, wspace=0.5, hspace=0.35,)

x, y = .05, -.3

if len(variables)==4:
    fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars, sharey=True)
    for i_ax, variable in enumerate(variables):
        for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
            opts_ = opts.copy()
            opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method)
            experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method)#, base=base)
            ax = axs[i_ax%2][i_ax//2]
            fig, ax = experiments.scan(variable=variable, list_figures=[], display='final', fig=fig, ax=ax, color=color, display_variable='F', verbose=0) #, label=homeo_method)
            ax.set_xlabel('') #variable
            ax.text(x, y, variable, transform=axs[i_ax].transAxes)
            #axs[i_ax].get_xaxis().set_major_formatter(matplotlib.ticker.ScalarFormatter())
    else:
        fig, axs = plt.subplots(len(variables), 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars, sharey=True)

        for i_ax, variable in enumerate(variables):
            for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
                opts_ = opts.copy()
                opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method)

```

```

        experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_meth
od)#, base=base)
        fig, axs[i_ax] = experiments.scan(variable=variable, li
st_figures=[], display='final', fig=fig, ax=axs[i_ax], color=color,
display_variable='F', verbose=0) #, label=homeo_metho
        axs[i_ax].set_xlabel('') #variable
        axs[i_ax].text(x, y, variable, transform=axs[i_ax].tra
nsAxes)
        #axs[i_ax].get_xaxis().set_major_formatter(matplotlib.t
icker.ScalarFormatter())

#fig.legend(loc='lower right')
for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')

```

Montage of the subplots

```

In [ ]: %%tikz -f pdf --save {fname}.pdf
\draw[white, fill=white] (0.\linewidth,0) rectangle (1.\linewidth,
.382\linewidth) ;
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_A.pdf}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.5\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_B.pdf}};
\begin{scope}[font=\bf\sffamily\large]
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {$\mathsf{A}$};
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.53\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {$\mathsf{B}$};
\end{scope}

```

```

In [ ]: !convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.jpg
!convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.png
#!convert -density {dpi_export} -resize 5400 -units pixelsperinch
-flatten -compress lzw -depth 8 {fname}.pdf {fname}.tiff
Image(fname + '.png')

```

```

!echo "width=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%[fx:w]" info: !echo ", \nheight=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format
"%[fx:h]" info: !echo ", \nunit=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%U" info: !identify {fname}.tiff

```

figure 3:

learning

```

In [36]: fname = 'figure_HAP'

```

```

In [37]: colors = ['orange', 'red', 'green', 'blue']
homeo_methods = ['OLS', 'HEH', 'EMP', 'HAP']
list_figures = []
dico = {}
for i_cv in range(N_cv):
    dico[i_cv] = {}
    for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
        shl = SHL(homeo_method=homeo_method, seed=seed+i_cv, **opts
)
        dico[i_cv][homeo_method] = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_f
igures=list_figures, matname=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_seed=' +
str(seed+i_cv))

list_figures = ['show_dico'] if DEBUG else []
for i_cv in [one_cv]:
    for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
        print(hl + hs + homeo_method + hs + hl)
        shl = SHL(homeo_method=homeo_method, seed=seed+i_cv, **opts
)
        shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, matnam
e=tag + '_' + homeo_method + '_seed=' + str(seed+i_cv))
        plt.show()
        print('size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of ima
gelets) = ', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary.shape)
        print('average of filters = ', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].di
ctionary.mean(axis=1).mean(),
              '+/-', dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary.mean(axis
=1).std())
        SE = np.sqrt(np.sum(dico[i_cv][homeo_method].dictionary**2,
axis=1))
        print('average energy of filters = ', SE.mean(), '+/-', SE.
std())

```



```

----- OLS -----
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44
1, 324)
average of filters = -4.089243933727358e-06 +/- 0.001241096006797
0878
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.9562611248144994e-17
----- HEH -----
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44
1, 324)
average of filters = -6.6112572753952305e-06 +/- 0.00121065448870
92556
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.700743415417188e-17
----- EMP -----
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44
1, 324)
average of filters = 4.993730484951632e-05 +/- 0.0012218228270885
788
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.700743415417188e-17
----- HAP -----
size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets) = (44
1, 324)
average of filters = -2.429586935952582e-05 +/- 0.001195729444507
5826
average energy of filters = 1.0 +/- 3.775513461943296e-17

```

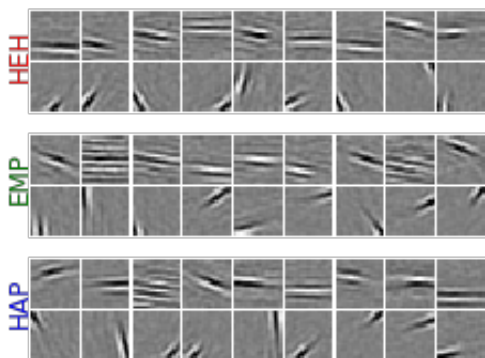
panel A: plotting some dictionaries

```
In [38]: pname = '/tmp/panel_A' #pname = fname + '_A'
```

```
In [39]: subplotpars = dict( left=0.042, right=1., bottom=0., top=1., wspace
=0.05, hspace=0.05,)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)

for ax, color, homeo_method in zip(axs.ravel(), colors[1:], homeo_methods[1:]):
    ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w')
    ax.set_facecolor('w')
    from shl_scripts import show_dico
    fig, ax = show_dico(shl, dico[one_cv][homeo_method], data=data,
dim_graph=dim_graph, fig=fig, ax=ax)
    # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
    ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=color, rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'

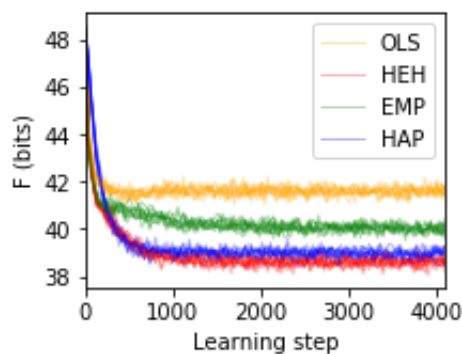
for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
```



panel B: quantitative comparison

```
In [40]: pname = '/tmp/panel_B' #fname + '_B'
```

```
In [41]: from shl_scripts import time_plot
variable = 'F'
alpha = .3
subplotpars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2, top=.95)#, wspace=0.05, hspace=0.05,)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)
for i_cv in range(N_cv):
    for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
        ax.axis(c='b', lw=2, axisbg='w')
        ax.set_facecolor('w')
        if i_cv==0:
            fig, ax = time_plot(shl, dico[i_cv][homeo_method], variable=variable, unit='bits', color=color, label=homeo_method, alpha=alpha_0, fig=fig, ax=ax)
        else:
            fig, ax = time_plot(shl, dico[i_cv][homeo_method], variable=variable, unit='bits', color=color, alpha=alpha, fig=fig, ax=ax)
ax.legend(loc='best')
for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')
```

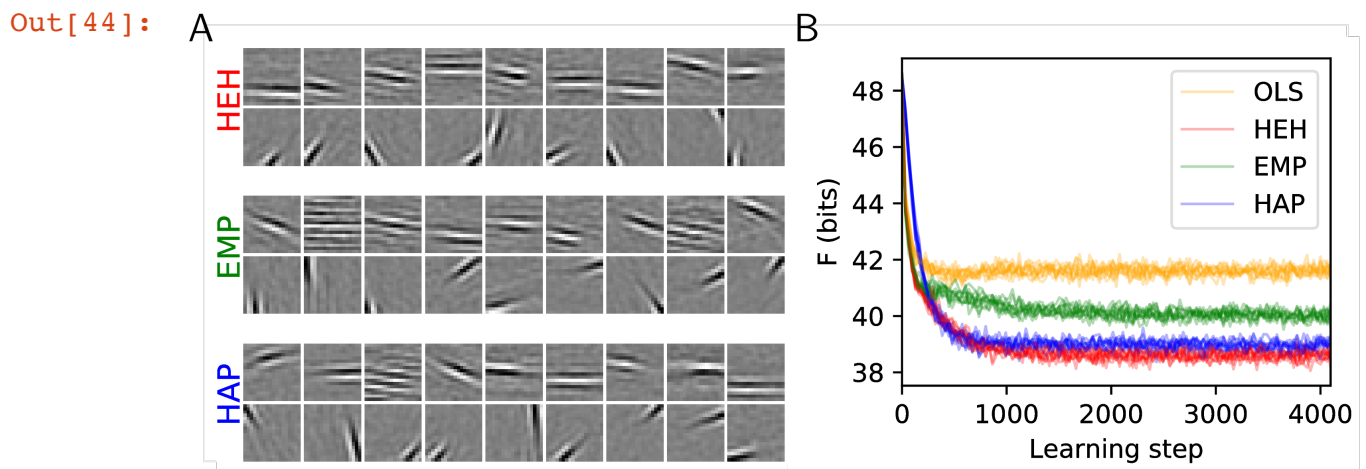


```
In [42]: if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')
```

Montage of the subplots

```
In [43]: %%tikz -f pdf --save {fname}.pdf
\draw[white, fill=white] (0.\linewidth,0) rectangle (1.\linewidth,
.382\linewidth) ;
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_A}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.5\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.5\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_B}};
\begin{scope}[font=\bf\sffamily\large]
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {\$ \mathsf{A} \$};
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.53\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {\$ \mathsf{B} \$};
\end{scope}
```

```
In [44]: !convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.jpg
!convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.png
#!convert -density {dpi_export} -resize 5400 -units pixelsperinch
-flatten -compress lzw -depth 8 {fname}.pdf {fname}.tiff
Image(fname + '.png')
```



```
!echo "width=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%[fx:w]" info: !echo ", \nheight=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format
"%[fx:h]" info: !echo ", \nunit=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%U" info: !identify {fname}.tiff
```

figure 4: Convolutional Neural Network

```
In [45]: fname = 'figure_CNN'
```

```

In [46]: from CHAMP.DataLoader import LoadData
from CHAMP.DataTools import LocalContrastNormalization, FilterInput
Data, GenerateMask
from CHAMP.Monitor import DisplayDico, DisplayConvergenceCHAMP, Dis
playWhere

import os
datapath = os.path.join("/tmp", "database")
path = os.path.join(datapath, "Raw_DataBase")
TrSet, TeSet = LoadData('Face', path, decorrelate=False, resize=(65
, 65))

# MP Parameters
nb_dico = 20
width = 9
dico_size = (width, width)
l0 = 20
seed = 42
# Learning Parameters
eta = .05
nb_epoch = 500

TrSet, TeSet = LoadData('Face', path, decorrelate=False, resize=(65
, 65))
N_TrSet, _, _, _ = LocalContrastNormalization(TrSet)
Filtered_L_TrSet = FilterInputData(
    N_TrSet, sigma=0.25, style='Custom', start_R=15)

mask = GenerateMask(full_size=(nb_dico, 1, width, width), sigma=0.8
, style='Gaussian')

from CHAMP.CHAMP_Layer import CHAMP_Layer

from CHAMP.DataTools import SaveNetwork, LoadNetwork
homeo_methods = ['None', 'HAP']

for homeo_method, eta_homeo in zip(homeo_methods, [0., 0.0025]):
    fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_' + homeo_method + '.pkl'
    try:
        L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
    except:
        L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=l0, nb_dico=nb_dico,
                               dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=1
)
        dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
            Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, eta_homeo=eta_homeo, nb_epoc
h=nb_epoch, seed=seed)
        SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)

```

panel A: plotting some dictionaries

```

In [47]: pname = '/tmp/panel_A' #pname = fname + '_A'

```

```

subplotpars = dict( left=0.042, right=1., bottom=0., top=1., wspace=0.05, hspace=0.05,) fig, axs =

```

```
plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars) for ax, color,
homeo_method in zip(axes.ravel(), ['black', 'green'], homeo_methods): ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w')
ax.set_facecolor('w') fname = 'cache_dir/CHAMP_low_' + homeo_method + '.pkl' L1_mask =
LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname) fig, ax = DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary, fig=fig, ax=ax) #
ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method) ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=color,
rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white' for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
```

```
In [48]: subplotpars = dict(left=0.042, right=1., bottom=0., top=1., wspace=
0.05, hspace=0.05,)

for color, homeo_method in zip(['black', 'green'], homeo_methods):
    #fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/
    (1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars)
    fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_' + homeo_method + '.pkl'
    L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
    fig, ax = DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
    # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
    #for ax in list(axes):
    #    ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w')
    #    ax.set_facecolor('w')
    ax[0].text(-4, 3, homeo_method, fontsize=8, color=color, rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'
    plt.tight_layout( pad=0., w_pad=0., h_pad=.0)

    for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + '_' + homeo_method + ex
t, dpi=dpi_export)
```

<Figure size 576x28.8 with 0 Axes>



<Figure size 576x28.8 with 0 Axes>



panel B: quantitative comparison

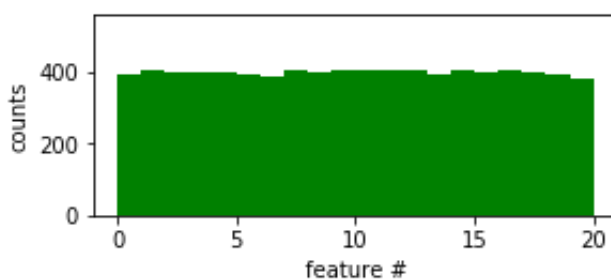
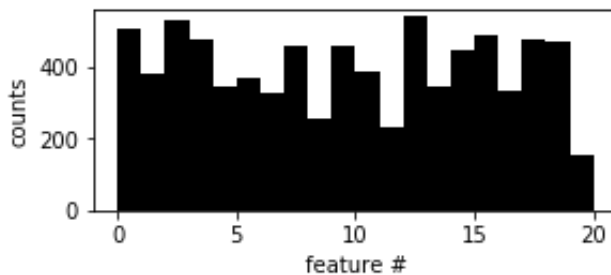
```
In [49]: pname = '/tmp/panel_B' #fname + '_B'
```

```
from sh1_scripts import time_plot variable = 'F' alpha = .3 subplotpars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2,
top=.95)#, wspace=0.05, hspace=0.05,) fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)),
gridspec_kw=subplotpars) for ax, color, homeo_method in zip(axes, ['black', 'green'], homeo_methods):
print(ax, axes) fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_' + homeo_method + '.pkl' L1_mask =
LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname) fig, ax = DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['histo'],
fig=fig, ax=ax) ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w') ax.set_facecolor('w') # ax.set_ylabel(homeo_method)
#ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=color, rotation=90)#,
backgroundcolor='white' for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + ext, dpi=dpi_export) if DEBUG:
Image(pname + '.png')
```

```
In [50]: from shl_scripts import time_plot
variable = 'F'
alpha = .3
subplotspars = dict(left=0.2, right=.95, bottom=0.2, top=.95)#, wspace=0.05, hspace=0.05,)

for color, homeo_method in zip(['black', 'green'], homeo_methods):
    #fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fig_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotspars)
    ffname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_' + homeo_method + '.pkl'
    Ll_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=ffname)
    fig, ax = DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(Ll_mask, to_display=['histo'], color=color)
    ax.axis(c=color, lw=2, axisbg='w')
    ax.set_facecolor('w')
    ax.set_ylabel('counts')
    ax.set_xlabel('feature #')
    ax.set_ylim(0, 560)
    #ax.text(-8, 7*dim_graph[0], homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=color, rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'
    #ax[0].text(-8, 3, homeo_method, fontsize=12, color=color, rotation=90)#, backgroundcolor='white'

    for ext in FORMATS: fig.savefig(pname + '_' + homeo_method + ext, dpi=dpi_export)
    if DEBUG: Image(pname + '.png')
```



Montage of the subplots

In [51]: `%ls -ltr /tmp/panel_*`

```
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    67281 Nov 27 00:04 /tmp/panel_A.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    79492 Nov 27 00:04 /tmp/panel_A.png
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    49220 Nov 27 00:04 /tmp/panel_B.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel   555716 Nov 27 00:04 /tmp/panel_B.png
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    27370 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_A_None.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    18909 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_A_None.png
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    26909 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_A_HAP.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    16431 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_A_HAP.png
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel     8816 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_B_None.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    39035 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_B_None.png
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel     8813 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_B_HAP.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 501  wheel    38743 Nov 27 00:05 /tmp/panel_B_HAP.png
```

In [52]: `fname`

Out[52]: `'figure_CNN'`

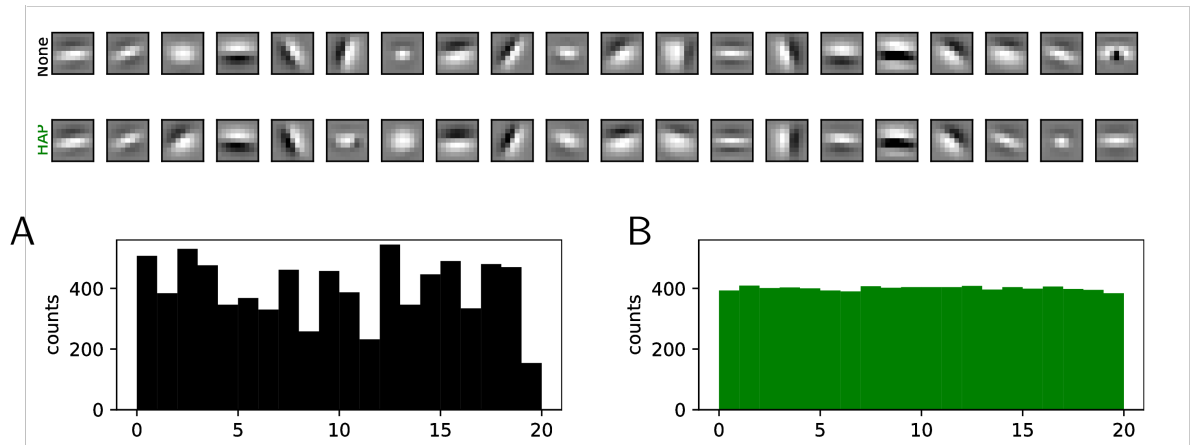
In [53]: `382+191`

Out[53]: `573`

In [54]: `%%tikz -f pdf --save {fname}.pdf
\draw[white, fill=white] (0.\linewidth,0) rectangle (1.\linewidth,
.382\linewidth) ;
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .375\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.95\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_A_None}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .300\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.95\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_A_HAP}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.0\linewidth, .191\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.45\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_B_None}};
\draw [anchor=north west] (.5\linewidth, .191\linewidth) node {\inc
ludegraphics[width=.45\linewidth]{/tmp/panel_B_HAP}};
\begin{scope}[font=\bf\sffamily\large]
%\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.0\linewidth, .382\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {A};
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.0\linewidth, .191\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {A};
\draw [anchor=west,fill=white] (.53\linewidth, .191\linewidth) node
[above right=-3mm] {B};
\end{scope}`


```
In [55]: !convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.jpg
!convert -density {dpi_export} {fname}.pdf {fname}.png
#!convert -density {dpi_export} -resize 5400 -units pixelsperinch
-flatten -compress lzw -depth 8 {fname}.pdf {fname}.tiff
Image(fname + '.png')
```

Out[55]:



```
!echo "width=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%[fx:w]" info: !echo ", \nheight=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format
"%[fx:h]" info: !echo ", \nunit=" ; convert {fname}.tiff -format "%U" info: !identify {fname}.tiff
```

coding

The learning itself is done via a gradient descent but is highly dependent on the coding / decoding algorithm. This belongs to a another function (in the [shl_encode.py](https://github.com/bicv/SHL_scripts/blob/master/shl_scripts/shl_encode.py) (https://github.com/bicv/SHL_scripts/blob/master/shl_scripts/shl_encode.py) script)

Supplementary controls

starting a learning

```
In [ ]: shl = SHL(**opts)
list_figures = ['show_dico', 'show_Pcum', 'time_plot_F']
dico = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, matname
=tag + '_vanilla')
```

```
In [ ]: print('size of dictionary = (number of filters, size of imagelets)
= ', dico.dictionary.shape)
print('average of filters = ', dico.dictionary.mean(axis=1).mean()
,
      '+/-', dico.dictionary.mean(axis=1).std())
SE = np.sqrt(np.sum(dico.dictionary**2, axis=1))
print('average energy of filters = ', SE.mean(), '+/-', SE.std())
```

getting help

```
In [ ]: help(shl)
```

```
In [ ]: help(dico)
```

loading a database

Loading patches, with or without mask:

```
In [ ]: N_patches = 12
        from shl_scripts.shl_tools import show_data
        opts_ = opts.copy()
        opts_.update(verbose=0)
        for i, (do_mask, label) in enumerate(zip([False, True], ['Without mask', 'With mask'])):
            data_ = SHL(DEBUG_DOWNSCALE=1, N_patches=N_patches, n_image=1,
            do_mask=do_mask, seed=seed, **opts_).get_data()
            fig, axs = show_data(data_)
            axs[0].set_ylabel(label);
            plt.show()
```

Testing different algorithms

```
In [ ]: fig, ax = None, None

        for homeo_method in ['None', 'HAP']:
            for algorithm in ['lasso_lars', 'lars', 'elastic', 'omp', 'mp']:
                : # 'threshold', 'lasso_cd',
                    opts_ = opts.copy()
                    opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method, learning_algorithm=
algorithm, verbose=0)
                    shl = SHL(**opts_)
                    dico= shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=[],
                                         matname=tag + ' - algorithm={}'.format(algor
ithm) + ' - homeo_method={}'.format(homeo_method))
                    fig, ax = shl.time_plot(dico, variable='F', fig=fig, ax=ax,
label=algorithm + '_' + homeo_method)

                    ax.legend()
```

Testing two different dictionary initialization strategies

White Noise Initialization + Learning

```
In [ ]: shl = SHL(one_over_F=False, **opts)
dico_w = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_WHITE', list_figures=[])
shl = SHL(one_over_F=True, **opts)
dico_loF = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_OVF', list_figures=[])
fig_error, ax_error = None, None
fig_error, ax_error = shl.time_plot(dico_w, variable='F', fig=fig_error, ax=ax_error, color='blue', label='white noise')
fig_error, ax_error = shl.time_plot(dico_loF, variable='F', fig=fig_error, ax=ax_error, color='red', label='one over f')
#ax_error.set_ylim((0, .65))
ax_error.legend(loc='best')
```

Testing two different learning rates strategies

We use by default the strategy of ADAM, see <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.6980.pdf> (<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.6980.pdf>)

```
In [ ]: shl = SHL(betal=0., **opts)
dico_fixed = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_fixed', list_figures=[])
shl = SHL(**opts)
dico_default = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_default', list_figures=[])
fig_error, ax_error = None, None
fig_error, ax_error = shl.time_plot(dico_fixed, variable='F', fig=fig_error, ax=ax_error, color='blue', label='fixed')
fig_error, ax_error = shl.time_plot(dico_default, variable='F', fig=fig_error, ax=ax_error, color='red', label='ADAM')
#ax_error.set_ylim((0, .65))
ax_error.legend(loc='best')
```

Testing different number of neurons and sparsity

As suggested by AnonReviewer3, we have tested how the convergence was modified by changing the number of neurons. By comparing different numbers of neurons we could re-draw the same figures for the convergence of the algorithm as in our original figures. In addition, we have also checked that this result will hold on a range of sparsity levels. In particular, we found that in general, increasing the `l0_sparseness` parameter, the convergence took progressively longer. Importantly, we could see that in both cases, this did not depend on the kind of homeostasis heuristic chosen, proving the generality of our results.

This is shown in the supplementary material that we have added to our revision ("Testing different number of neurons and sparsity"). This useful extension proves the originality of our work as highlighted in point 4, and the generality of these results compared to the parameters of the network.

```

In [ ]: from shl_scripts.shl_experiments import SHL_set
homeo_methods = ['None', 'OLS', 'HEH']
homeo_methods = ['None', 'EMP', 'HAP', 'HEH', 'OLS']

variables = ['l0_sparseness', 'n_dictionary']
list_figures = []

#n_dictionary=21**2

for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
    opts_ = opts.copy()
    opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method, datapath=datapath)
    experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method)
    experiments.run(variables=variables, n_jobs=1, verbose=0)

fig, axs = plt.subplots(len(variables), 1, figsize=(fig_width/2, fi
g_width/(1+phi)), gridspec_kw=subplotpars, sharey=True)

for i_ax, variable in enumerate(variables):
    for color, homeo_method in zip(colors, homeo_methods):
        opts_ = opts.copy()
        opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method, datapath=datapath)
        experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method)
        fig, axs[i_ax] = experiments.scan(variable=variable, list_f
igures=[], display='final', fig=fig, ax=axs[i_ax], color=color, dis
play_variable='F', verbose=0) #, label=homeo_metho
        axs[i_ax].set_xlabel('') #variable
        axs[i_ax].text(.1, .8, variable, transform=axs[i_ax].trans
Axes)
        #axs[i_ax].get_xaxis().set_major_formatter(matplotlib.ticke
r.ScalarFormatter())

```

Perspectives

Convolutional neural networks

```
In [ ]: from CHAMP.DataLoader import LoadData
        from CHAMP.DataTools import LocalContrastNormalization, FilterInput
        Data, GenerateMask
        from CHAMP.Monitor import DisplayDico, DisplayConvergenceCHAMP, Dis
        playWhere

        import os
        home = os.getenv('HOME')
        datapath = os.path.join("/tmp", "database")
        path = os.path.join(datapath, "Face_DataBase")
        TrSet, TeSet = LoadData('Face', path, decorrelate=False, resize=(65
        , 65))
        to_display = TrSet[0][0, 0:10, :, :, :]
        print('Size=', TrSet[0].shape)
        DisplayDico(to_display)
```

Training on a face database

```
In [ ]: # MP Parameters
        nb_dico = 20
        width = 9
        dico_size = (width, width)
        l0 = 20
        seed = 42
        # Learning Parameters
        eta = .05
        nb_epoch = 500

        TrSet, TeSet = LoadData('Face', path, decorrelate=False, resize=(65
        , 65))
        N_TrSet, _, _, _ = LocalContrastNormalization(TrSet)
        Filtered_L_TrSet = FilterInputData(
            N_TrSet, sigma=0.25, style='Custom', start_R=15)
        to_display = Filtered_L_TrSet[0][0, 0:10, :, :, :]
        DisplayDico(to_display)

        mask = GenerateMask(full_size=(nb_dico, 1, width, width), sigma=0.8
        , style='Gaussian')
        DisplayDico(mask)
```

Training the ConvMP Layer with homeostasis

```
In [ ]: from CHAMP.CHAMP_Layer import CHAMP_Layer

from CHAMP.DataTools import SaveNetwork, LoadNetwork
fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_None.pkl'
try:
    L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
except:
    L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=10, nb_dico=nb_dico,
                          dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=2)
    dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
        Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, nb_epoch=nb_epoch, seed=seed)
    SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)

DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['error', 'histo'])
DisplayWhere(L1_mask.where)
```

Training the ConvMP Layer with homeostasis

```
In [ ]: fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_low_HAP.pkl'
try:
    L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
except:

    # Learning Parameters
    eta_homeo = 0.0025
    L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=10, nb_dico=nb_dico,
                          dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=1
    )
    dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
        Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, eta_homeo=eta_homeo, nb_epoch=nb
        _epoch, seed=seed)
    SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)

DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['error', 'histo'])
DisplayWhere(L1_mask.where)
```

Reconstructing the input image

```
In [ ]: from CHAMP.DataTools import Rebuilt
import torch
rebuilt_image = Rebuilt(torch.FloatTensor(L1_mask.code), L1_mask.di
ctionary)
DisplayDico(rebuilt_image[0:10, :, :, :])
```

Training the ConvMP Layer with higher-level filters

We train higher-level feature vectors by forcing the network to :

- learn bigger filters,
- represent the information using a bigger dictionary (higher sparseness)
- represent the information with less features (higher sparseness)

```
In [ ]: fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_high_None.pkl'
try:
    L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
except:

    nb_dico = 60
    width = 19
    dico_size = (width, width)
    l0 = 5
    mask = GenerateMask(full_size=(nb_dico, 1, width, width), sigma
=0.8, style='Gaussian')
    # Learning Parameters
    eta_homeo = 0.0
    eta = .05
    nb_epoch = 500
    # learn
    L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=l0, nb_dico=nb_dico,
                        dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=0
    )
    dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
        Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, eta_homeo=eta_homeo, nb_epoch=nb
_epoch, seed=seed)
    SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)

DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['error'])#, 'histo'])
DisplayWhere(L1_mask.where)
```

```
In [ ]: fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_high_HAP.pkl'
try:
    L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
except:

    nb_dico = 60
    width = 19
    dico_size = (width, width)
    l0 = 5
    mask = GenerateMask(full_size=(nb_dico, 1, width, width), sigma
=0.8, style='Gaussian')
    # Learning Parameters
    eta_homeo = 0.0025
    eta = .05
    nb_epoch = 500
    # learn
    L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=l0, nb_dico=nb_dico,
                        dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=0
    )
    dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
        Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, eta_homeo=eta_homeo, nb_epoch=nb
_epoch, seed=seed)
    SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)

    DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
    DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['error'])#, 'histo'])
    DisplayWhere(L1_mask.where)
```

Training on MNIST database

```
fname = 'cache_dir_CNN/CHAMP_MNIST_HAP.pkl'
try: L1_mask = LoadNetwork(loading_path=fname)
except: path = os.path.join(datapath, "MNISTtorch")
TrSet, TeSet = LoadData('MNIST', data_path=path)
N_TrSet, _, _, _ = LocalContrastNormalization(TrSet)
Filtered_L_TrSet = FilterInputData( N_TrSet, sigma=0.25,
style='Custom', start_R=15)
nb_dico = 60 width = 7 dico_size = (width, width) l0 = 15 # Learning Parameters
eta_homeo = 0.0025 eta = .05 nb_epoch = 500 # learn
L1_mask = CHAMP_Layer(l0_sparseness=l0, nb_dico=nb_dico, dico_size=dico_size, mask=mask, verbose=2)
dico_mask = L1_mask.TrainLayer(
Filtered_L_TrSet, eta=eta, eta_homeo=eta_homeo, nb_epoch=nb_epoch, seed=seed)
SaveNetwork(Network=L1_mask, saving_path=fname)
DisplayDico(L1_mask.dictionary)
DisplayConvergenceCHAMP(L1_mask, to_display=['error', 'histo'])
DisplayWhere(L1_mask.where)
```

Computational details

caching simulation data

A convenience script to run and cache most learning items in this notebooks:


```
In [ ]: !ls -l {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*
        #!rm {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*lock*
        #!rm {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*
        #!ls -l {shl.cache_dir}/{tag}*
```

```
In [ ]: %%writefile model.py
        #!/usr/bin/env python3
        # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
        tag = 'ICLR'
        from shl_scripts.shl_experiments import SHL, prun
        # pre-loading data
        datapath = '../..../SparseHebbianLearning/database'
        # different runs
        #opts = dict(cache_dir='cache_dir_ICLR', datapath=datapath, verbose
        =0)
        #opts = dict(cache_dir='cache_dir_cluster', datapath=datapath, verb
        ose=0)
        opts = dict(datapath=datapath, verbose=0)

        shl = SHL(**opts)
        data = shl.get_data(matname=tag)

        #running main simulations
        # Figure 1 & 3
        N_cv = 10
        homeo_methods = ['None', 'OLS', 'HEH', 'HAP', 'EMP']
        seed = 42

        # running in parallel on a multi-core machine
        import sys
        try:
            n_jobs = int(sys.argv[1])
            print('n_jobs=', n_jobs)
        except:
            n_jobs = 4
            n_jobs = 9
            n_jobs = 10
            n_jobs = 1
            n_jobs = 35

        if n_jobs>0:

            list_figures = []

            from shl_scripts.shl_experiments import SHL_set
            for homeo_method in homeo_methods:
                opts_ = opts.copy()
                opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method)
                experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method,
                N_scan=N_cv)
                experiments.run(variables=['seed'], n_jobs=n_jobs, verbose=
                0)

            # Figure 2-B
            variables = ['eta', 'alpha_homeo', 'eta_homeo']
```

```

variables = ['eta', 'eta_homeo', 'l0_sparseness', 'n_dictionary
']
bases = [10, 10, 2, 2]

for homeo_method, base in zip(homeo_methods, bases):
    opts_ = opts.copy()
    opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method)
    experiments = SHL_set(opts_, tag=tag + '_' + homeo_method,
base=base)
    experiments.run(variables=variables, n_jobs=n_jobs, verbose
=0)

    # Annex X.X

    shl = SHL(**opts)
    dico = shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=list_figures, mat
name=tag + '_vanilla')

    for algorithm in ['lasso_lars', 'lasso_cd', 'lars', 'elastic',
'omp', 'mp']: # 'threshold',
        opts_ = opts.copy()
        opts_.update(homeo_method='None', learning_algorithm=algori
thm, verbose=0)
        shl = SHL(**opts_)
        dico= shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=[],
                           matname=tag + ' - algorithm={}'.format(algor
ithm))

    for homeo_method in ['None', 'HAP']:
        for algorithm in ['lasso_lars', 'lars', 'elastic', 'omp', '
mp']: # 'threshold', 'lasso_cd',
            opts_ = opts.copy()
            opts_.update(homeo_method=homeo_method, learning_algori
thm=algorithm, verbose=0)
            shl = SHL(**opts_)
            dico= shl.learn_dico(data=data, list_figures=[],
                               matname=tag + ' - algorithm={}'.format(a
lgorithm) + ' - homeo_method={}'.format(homeo_method))

            shl = SHL(one_over_F=False, **opts)
            dico_w = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_WHITE', list
_figures=[])
            shl = SHL(one_over_F=True, **opts)
            dico_loF = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_OVF', list
_figures=[])

            shl = SHL(beta1=0., **opts)
            dico_fixed = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_fixed',
list_figures=[])
            shl = SHL(**opts)
            dico_default = shl.learn_dico(data=data, matname=tag + '_defaul
t', list_figures=[])

```

In []: %run model.py 0

Version used

```
In [ ]: %load_ext version_information
        %version_information numpy, shl_scripts
```

version control

```
In [ ]: !git status
```

```
In [ ]: !git pull
```

```
In [ ]: !git commit -am' {tag} : re-running notebooks'
```

```
In [ ]: !git push
```

exporting the notebook

```
In [ ]: !jupyter nbconvert Annex.ipynb
```

```
In [ ]: #!/jupyter-nbconvert --template report --to pdf Annex.ipynb
```

```
In [ ]: !pandoc Annex.html -o Annex.pdf
```

```
In [ ]: !zip Annex.zip Annex.html
```

Done. Thanks for your attention!