



CLASS:

SUBJECT: SC

EXPT. NO:

DATE:

TITLE : Mamdani Fuzzy Model

OBJECTIVES: To study and implement Mamdani Fuzzy Model in MATLAB using various membership functions.

THEORY:

- The Mamdani fuzzy inference system was proposed as the first attempt to control a steam engine and boiler combination by a set of linguistic control rules obtained from experienced human operators.
- As an illustration of this model we would consider an example in which two input linguistic variables, Temperature (T) and Pressure (P) are considered with following membership functions:
- The Mamdani fuzzy inference system was proposed as the first attempt to control a steam engine and boiler combination by a set of linguistic control rules obtained from experienced human operators.
- As an illustration of this model we would consider an example in which two input linguistic variables, Temperature (T) and Pressure (P) are considered with following membership functions:

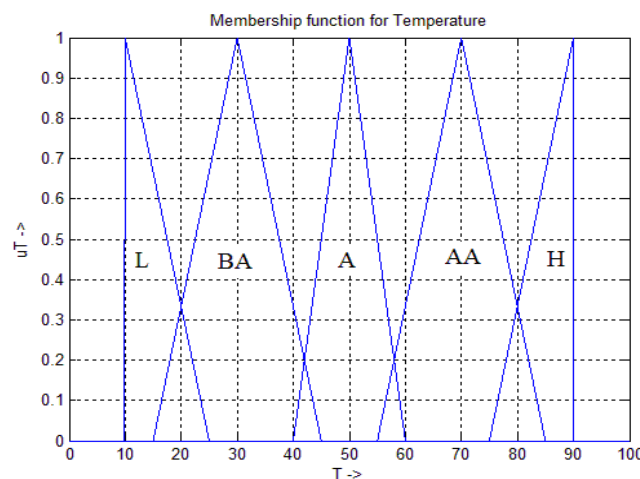


Figure 1: Temperature MF.

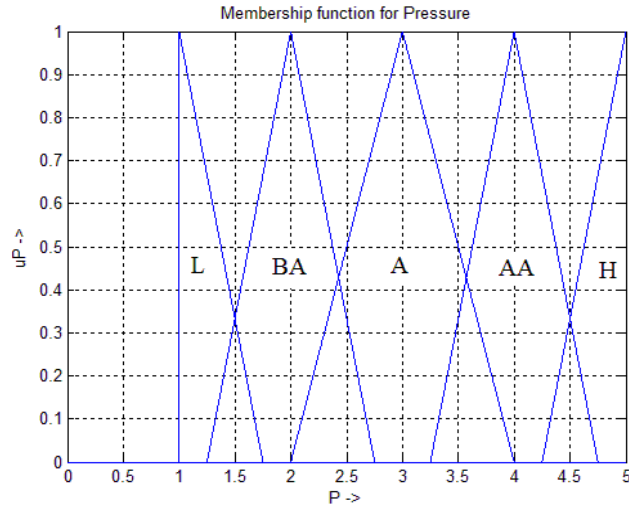


Figure 2: Pressure MF.

Legend: L: Low, BA: Below Average, A: Average, AA: Above Average, H: High.

The output linguistic variable is Heater Power (HP) whose membership functions are given as follows:

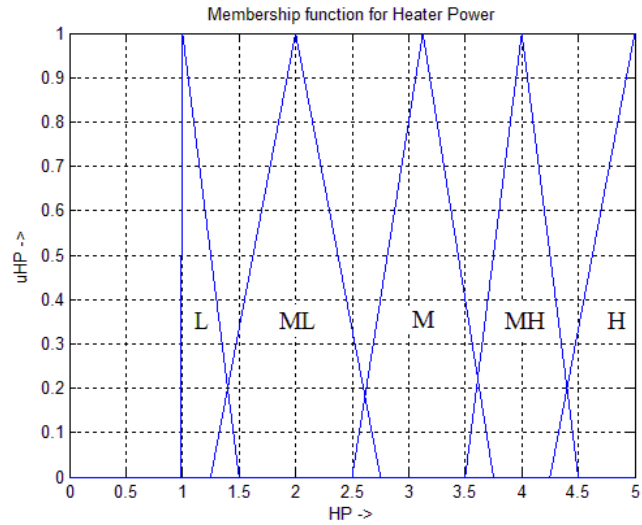


Figure 3: Heater Power MF

Legend: L: Low, ML: Medium Low, M: Medium, MH: Medium High, H: High.

Let us consider only **two rules from the Rule Base**:

R1: If the Temperature is BELOW AVERAGE and Pressure is BELOW AVERAGE, then Heater Power is MEDIUM HIGH.

R2: If the Temperature is LOW and Pressure is LOW then Heater Power is HIGH.

Note: There exist 25 such rules in the Rule Base corresponding to:

5 (Ranges of Temperature) X 5 (Ranges of Pressure).

Now, let us consider a **fact** that is given as input to the fuzzy inference system:

$T = 22.5^\circ \text{C}$ (T falls in two ranges, L and BA).

$P = 1.5 \text{ atm}$ (P falls in two ranges, L and BA).

For this input **Mamdani fuzzy inference** system will work as follows:

Rule 1 Inference:

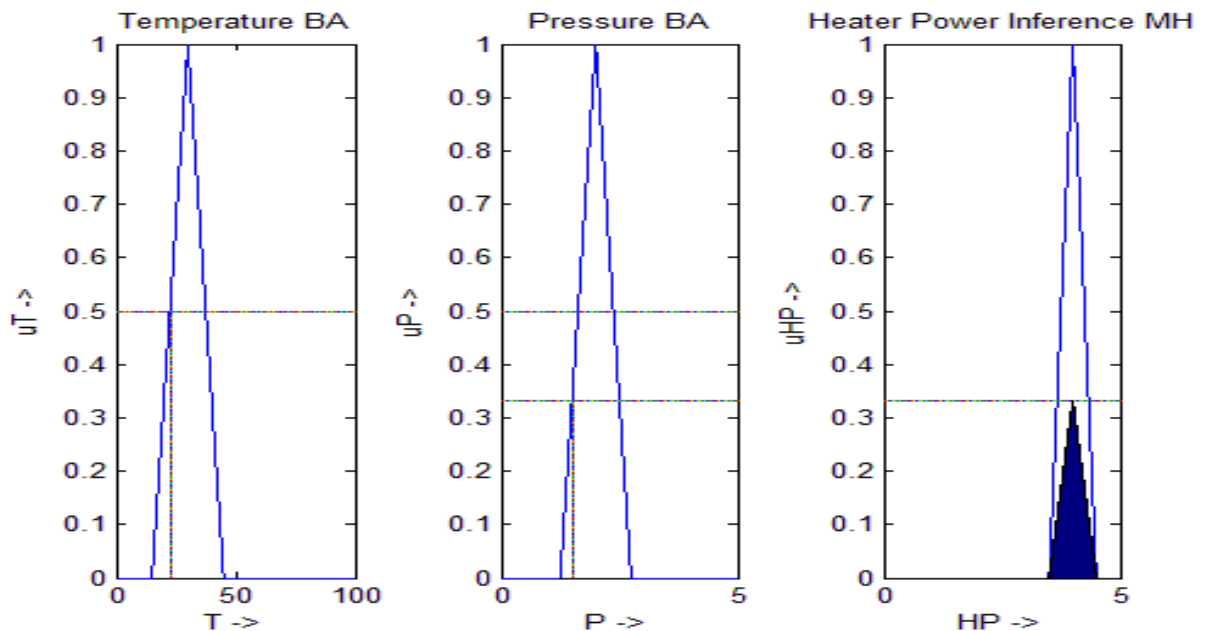


Figure 4.

$$u_{BA}^T(22.5) = 0.5$$

$$u_{BA}^P(1.5) = 0.3333$$

$$\min(0.5, 0.3333) = 0.3333$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow \text{Inference MF(shaded)} \\ &= u_{MH}^{HP}(\text{new}) \\ &= 0.3333 \times u_{MH}^{HP} \end{aligned}$$

Rule 2 Inference:

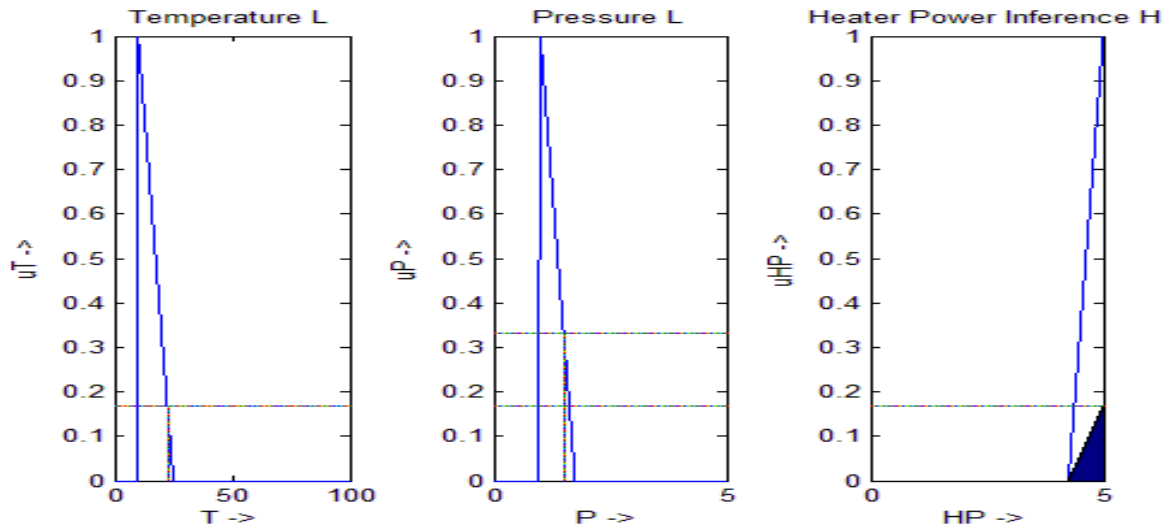


Figure 5.

$$u_{T_L}^T(22.5) = 0.16667$$

$$u_{P_L}^P(1.5) = 0.3333$$

→ Inference MF (shaded)

$$= u_{H}^{HP}(\text{new})$$

$$= 0.1667 \times u_{H}^{HP}$$

$$\min(0.1667, 0.3333) = 0.1667$$

Resultant Fuzzy reasoning:

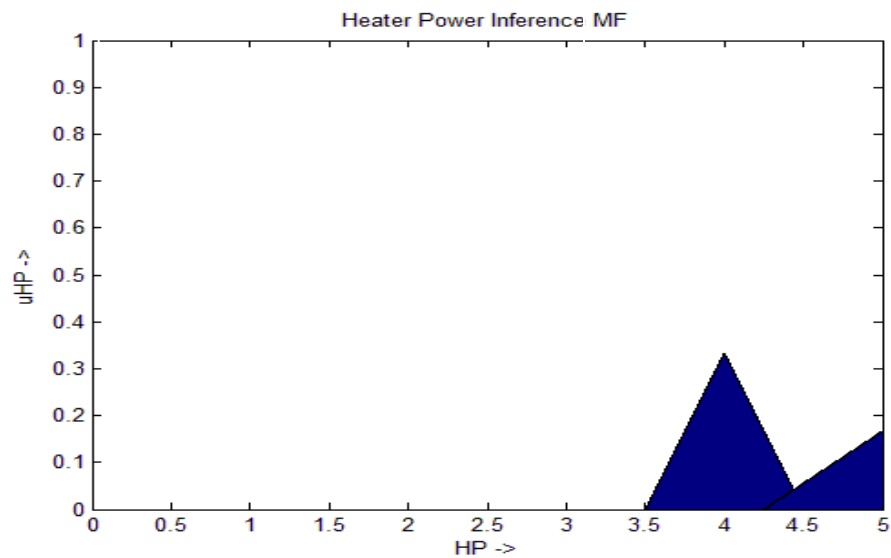


Figure 6.



Defuzzification Step:

$$\text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}}) = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 1 = 0.5$$

$$\text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}}) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 0.75 \times 1 \right) = 0.375$$

$$\text{Centre } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}}) = 4$$

$$\text{Centre } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}}) = 5$$

$$u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}} (\text{new}) = 0.3333$$

$$u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}} (\text{new}) = 0.1667$$

Centroid =

$$\frac{[u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}} (\text{new}) \times \text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}}) \times \text{Centre } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}}) + u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}} (\text{new}) \times \text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}}) \times \text{Centre } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}})]}{[u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}} (\text{new}) \times \text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{MH}}) + u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}} (\text{new}) \times \text{Area } (u^{\text{HP}}_{\text{H}})]}$$

$$\frac{[0.3333 \times 0.5 \times 4 + 0.1667 \times 0.375 \times 5]}{[0.3333 \times 0.5 + 0.1667 \times 0.375]} = \quad \mathbf{4.2728 \text{ W}}$$

Thus, we have derived a **heater power** required to maintain the temperature and pressure is **4.2728 W** when the temperature reading of the boiler is 22.5° C and pressure reading is 1.5 atm.



CONCLUSION
