```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set_theme(color_codes=True)

df=pd.read_csv(r'/content/drive/MyDrive/Data sets/Medical Cost Personal Datasets/insurance.csv')
df.head()
```

charges	region	smoker	children	bmi	sex	age	
16884.92400	southwest	yes	0	27.900	female	19	0
1725.55230	southeast	no	1	33.770	male	18	1
4449.46200	southeast	no	3	33.000	male	28	2
21984.47061	northwest	no	0	22.705	male	33	3
3866.85520	northwest	no	0	28.880	male	32	4

## → Data Preprocessing Part

#Checking object data type with uninque value count
df.select\_dtypes(include='object').nunique()

sex 2 smoker 2 region 4 dtype: int64

#Checking intger data type with uninque value count
df.select\_dtypes(include=int).nunique()

age 47 children 6 dtype: int64

```
#Checking in data frame data type null value count and all columns
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 1338 entries, 0 to 1337
     Data columns (total 7 columns):
         Column
                  Non-Null Count Dtvpe
                  -----
                   1338 non-null int64
         age
                  1338 non-null object
      1
         sex
         bmi
                  1338 non-null float64
         children 1338 non-null int64
      3
         smoker
                 1338 non-null object
      5
         region
                 1338 non-null object
         charges 1338 non-null float64
    dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(3)
     memory usage: 73.3+ KB
#Deleting rows form data frame if null value available in any row
df.dropna(inplace=True)
#Data frame information in rows and columns
df.shape
     (1338, 7)
#checking null values count in columns
df.isna().sum()
     age
     sex
     bmi
     children
     smoker
     region
     charges
     dtype: int64
# checking statical information
df.describe()
```

	age	bmi	children	charges
ount	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000
nean	39.207025	30.663397	1.094918	13270.422265
std	14.049960	6.098187	1.205493	12110.011237
min	18.000000	15.960000	0.000000	1121.873900
25%	27.000000	26.296250	0.000000	4740.287150
50%	39.000000	30.400000	1.000000	9382.033000
,	= 4 000000	0.4.000==0	0.00000	10000 010515

## ▼ Removing Outlier using percentile

## Correlation Heatmap

```
#Checking correlation by heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 9))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),fmt='.2g',annot=True)
```

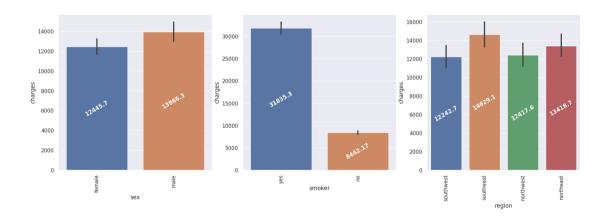
<ipython-input-15-3145246314e8>:3: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in sns.heatmap(df.corr(),fmt='.2g',annot=True)



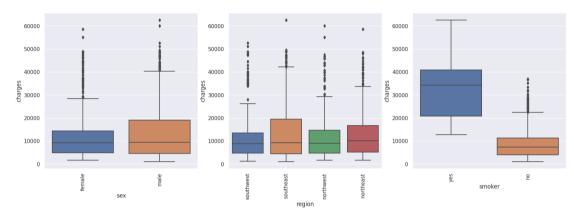


## ▼ Exploratory data Analysis

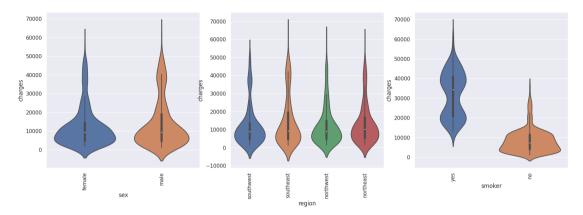
```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['sex', 'smoker', 'region']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create bar plot for each categorical column
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.barplot(x=var,y='charges',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
    for container in ax.containers:
        container.datavalues
        ax.bar_label(container,color='white',weight='bold',rotation=30,label_type='center')
```



```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['sex', 'region', 'smoker']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create boxplot for each categorical column
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.boxplot(x=var,y='charges',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

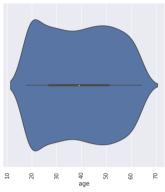


```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['sex', 'region', 'smoker']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create violinplot for each categorical column
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
   ax=sns.violinplot(x=var,y='charges',data=df,ax=axs[i])
   axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

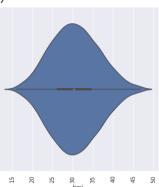


```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create violinplot for each categorical column
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
   ax=sns.violinplot(x=var,data=df,ax=axs[i])
   axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

```
<ipython-input-19-6f54336a923b>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
<ipython-input-19-6f54336a923b>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
<ipython-input-19-6f54336a923b>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

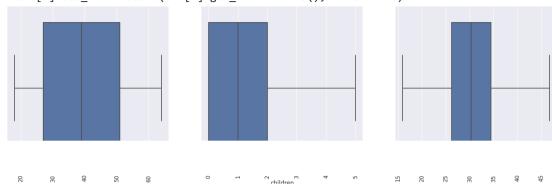






```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create boxplot for each categorical column
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.boxplot(x=var,data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

```
<ipython-input-20-4192c10c3cab>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
<ipython-input-20-4192c10c3cab>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
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<ipython-input-20-4192c10c3cab>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```



```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create scatterplot for each categorical column and region wise
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.scatterplot(x=var,y='charges',hue='region',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
fig.tight layout()
```

```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create boxplot for each categorical column snd smoker wise
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.scatterplot(x=var,y='charges',hue='smoker',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
fig.tight_layout()
```

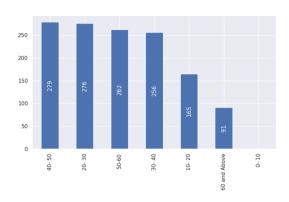
```
<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
   axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
   axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
   axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
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<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
   axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
<ipython-input-22-f003f089cffff>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
   axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
```

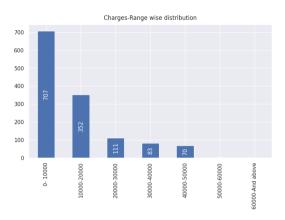
```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create boxplot for each categorical column and sex wise
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.scatterplot(x=var,y='charges',hue='sex',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
fig.tight_layout()
```

```
<ipvthon-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get yticklabels(),rotation=30)
     <ipython-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set xticklabels(axs[i].get xticklabels(),rotation=90)
     <ipython-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set yticklabels(axs[i].get yticklabels(),rotation=30)
     <ipython-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set xticklabels(axs[i].get xticklabels(),rotation=90)
     <ipython-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set yticklabels(axs[i].get yticklabels(),rotation=30)
     <ipython-input-23-7812beb2fa04>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
       axs[i].set xticklabels(axs[i].get xticklabels(),rotation=90)
       60000
                                                                                          30000
           children
bins age=np.arange(0,df['age'].max()+10,10)
slot age=['0- 10','10- 20','20- 30','30- 40','40- 50','50-60','60 and Above']
df['Age Range']=pd.cut(df['age'],bins=bins age,labels=slot age)
bins charges=np.arange(0,round(df['charges'].max())+10000,10000)
slot charges=['0- 10000','10000-20000','20000-30000','30000-40000','40000-50000','50000-60000','60000-And above']
df['Charges-Range']=pd.cut(df['charges'],bins=bins charges,labels=slot charges)
```

```
cat_var_b=['Age_Range', 'Charges-Range']
fig,axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=2,figsize=(20,5))
axs=axs.flatten()
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var_b):
   plt.title(f"{var} wise distribution",loc='center',pad=10)
   ax=df[f'{var}'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar',ax=axs[i])
```

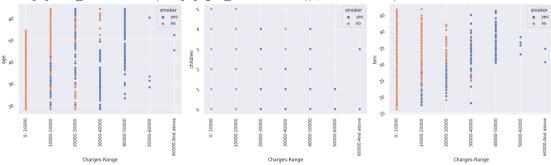
```
for container in ax.containers:
   container.datavalues
   ax.bar_label(container,color='white',rotation=90,label_type='center')
```





```
#list of categorical columns
cat_var=['age', 'children', 'bmi']
#Create figure with subplot
fig, axs=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3, figsize=(20,6))
axs=axs.flatten()
#Create boxplot for each categorical column snd smoker wise
for i,var in enumerate(cat_var):
    ax=sns.scatterplot(y=var,x='Charges-Range',hue='smoker',data=df,ax=axs[i])
    axs[i].set_yticklabels(axs[i].get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
    axs[i].set_xticklabels(axs[i].get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
fig.tight layout()
```

- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
  axs[i].set\_yticklabels(axs[i].get\_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used top
  axs[i].set xticklabels(axs[i].get xticklabels(),rotation=90)
- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
  axs[i].set yticklabels(axs[i].get yticklabels(),rotation=30)
- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used top
  axs[i].set xticklabels(axs[i].get xticklabels(),rotation=90)
- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:9: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used tog
  axs[i].set\_yticklabels(axs[i].get\_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
- <ipython-input-27-5469d2e9957d>:10: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used to{
   axs[i].set\_xticklabels(axs[i].get\_xticklabels(),rotation=90)



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