

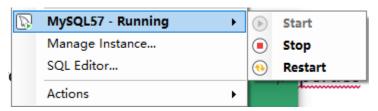
# 《分布式计算》 Spring 数据访问

学院名称: 数据科学与计算机学院

成 员: 陈伟宸

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- 1. 代码见 gtvg-mvc-jdbc.rar
- 2. (1)安装并配置好 MySQL Server



(2)在 pom.xml 中添加 Hibernate、MySQL 等依赖

```
(dependency)
   <groupId>org. hibernate</proupId>
   <artifactId>hibernate=entitymanager</artifactId>
   <version>${hibernate.version}</version>
</dependency>
(dependency)
   <groupId>org.javassist
   (artifactId) javassist(/artifactId)
   (version)3.18.1-GA(/version)
</dependency>
(dependency)
   <groupId>mysql</groupId>
   <artifactId>mysql=connector=java</artifactId>
   <version>${mysql-connector-java.version}</version>
   <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
```

(3)在 resources 中添加 persistence-mysql.properties

```
# jdbc. X

jdbc. driverClassName=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver

jdbc.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/gtvg?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true&useSSL=false

jdbc.user=root

jdbc.pass=CHENveichen

# hibernate.X

hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5Dialect

hibernate.show_sql=false

hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto=create-drop
```

(4)新建 persistence 包,在其中再新建三个包,分别为:dao,model,services

(5)修改每个 model, 让每个类对应数据库中的一个表, 每个类的成员变量对应于相应数据库中的一个字段

### Comment 类:

```
@Entity
public class Comment implements Serializable {

    @Id
    @Column(name = "COMMENT_ID")
    private Integer id = null;

    @Column(name = "TEXT")
    private String text = null;

    @ManyToOne(fetch = FetchType. EAGER)
    @JoinColumn(name = "PRODUCT_ID")
    private Product product = null;
```

### Customer 类:

```
@Entity
public class Customer implements Serializable{

@Id
@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType. AUTO)
@Column(name = "CUSTOMER_ID")
private Integer id = null;

@Column(name = "NAME")
private String name = null;

@Column(name = "CUSTOMERSINCE")
private Calendar customerSince = null;
```

# Order 类:

```
@Entity
public class ProductOrder implements Serializable{

@Id
@Column(name = "ORDER_ID")
private Integer id = null;

@Column(name = "DATE")
private Calendar date = null;

@ManyToOne(cascade = CascadeType. MERGE)
@JoinColumn(name = "CUSTOMER")
private Customer customer = null;

@Column(name = "ORDERLINES")
@ElementCollection(targetClass=OrderLine.class)
private List<OrderLine> orderLines = new ArrayList
```

# OrderLine 类:

```
@Entity
public class OrderLine implements Serializable{

@Id
@OneToOne(cascade = CascadeType. ALL)

@JoinColumn(name = "PRODUCT")
private Product product = null;

@Id
@Column(name = "AMOUNT")
private Integer amount = null;

@Id
@Column(name = "PURCHASEPRICE")
private BigDecimal purchasePrice = null;
```

# Product 类:

```
@Entity
public class Product implements Serializable {

@Id
    @Column(name = "PRODUCT_ID")
    private Integer id = null;

@Column(name = "NAME")
    private String name = null;

@Column(name = "PRICE")
    private BigDecimal price = null;

@Column(name = "INSTOCK")
    private boolean inStock = false;

@OneToMany(mappedBy = "product", fetch = FetchType. EAGER)
    @Column(name = "COMMENTS")
    private List(Comment) comments = new ArrayList(">();
```

### User 类:

```
public class User implements Serializable{

@Id

@Column(name = "FIRSTNAME")
private String firstName = null;

@Column(name = "LASTNAME")
private String lastName = null;

@Column(name = "NATIONALITY")
private String nationality = null;

@Column(name = "AGE")
private Integer age = null;
```

- (6) 实现每个类的 dao
- ① 定义一个抽象类 , AbstractJpaDAO 类 , 通过 EntityManager 完成对数据库的操作

```
private Class(T) clazz;

@PersistenceContext
private EntityManager entityManager:

public EntityManager getEntityManager() { return entityManager; }

public final void setClazz(final Class(T) clazzToSet) { this.clazz = clazzToSet; }

public T findOne(final long id) { return entityManager. find(clazz, id); }

/unchecked/
public List(T) findAll() { return entityManager. createQuery("from " + clazz.getName()).getResultList(); }

public void create(final T entity) {
    entityManager.persist(entity);
}

public T update(final T entity) { return entityManager.merge(entity); }

public void delete(final T entity) { entityManager.remove(entity); }

public toid delete(entity);
}
```

② 对于每个 model 都申明一个 Dao 接口, 然后实现该接口

#### CommentDao:

```
public interface CommentDao {
   Comment findOne(long id);

   List<Comment> findAll();

   void create(Comment comment);

   Comment update(Comment comment);

   void delete(Comment comment);

   void deleteById(long commentId);
}
```

# CommentDaoImpl:

```
@Repository
public class CommentDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO<Comment> implements CommentDao{

public CommentDaoImpl() {
    super();
    setClazz(Comment.class);
}
```

#### CustomerDao:

```
public interface CustomerDao {
   Customer findOne(long id);
   List<Customer> findAll();

   void create(Customer customer);

   Customer update(Customer customer);

   void delete(Customer customer);

   void deleteById(long customerId);
}
```

# CustomerDaoImpl:

```
@Repository
public class CustomerDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO<Customer> implements CustomerDao {
    public CustomerDaoImpl() {
        super();
        setClazz(Customer.class);
    }
}
```

### OrderDao:

```
public interface ProductDao {
    Product findOne(long id);

    List(Product) findAll();

    void create(Product product);

    Product update(Product product);

    void delete(Product product);

    void deleteById(long productId);
}
```

# OrderDaoImpl:

```
@Repository
public class ProductDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO<Product> implements ProductDao{

public ProductDaoImpl() {
    super();

    setClazz(Product.class);
}
```

#### OrderLineDao:

```
public interface OrderLineDao {
    OrderLine findOne(long id);

List<OrderLine> findAll();

void create(OrderLine orderLine);

OrderLine update(OrderLine orderLine);

void delete(OrderLine orderLine);
```

# OrderLineDaoImpl:

```
@Repository
public class OrderLineDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO<OrderLine> implements OrderLineDao {

public OrderLineDaoImpl() {
    super();
    setClazz(OrderLine.class);
}
```

### ProduceDao:

```
public interface ProductDao {
    Product findOne(long id);

    List(Product) findAll();

    void create(Product product);

    Product update(Product product);

    void delete(Product product);

    void deleteById(long productId);
}
```

# ProductDaoImpl:

```
prepository
public class ProductDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO<Product> implements ProductDao{

public ProductDaoImpl() {
    super();
    setClazz(Product.class);
}
```

### UserDao:

```
public interface UserDao {
   User findOne(long id);

  List(User) findAll();

  void create(User user);

  User update(User user);

  void delete(User user);

  void delete(User user);

}
```

# UserDaoImpl:

```
@Repository
public class UserDaoImpl extends AbstractJpaDAO(User) implements UserDao {
   public UserDaoImpl() {
        super();
        setClazz(User.class);
   }
}
```

# (7)实现 Service

# CustomerService:

```
@Service
@Transactional
public class CustomerService {

    @Autowired
    private CustomerDao dao;

public CustomerService() { super(); }

public void create(Customer customer) {
    dao.create(customer);
}

public void update(Customer customer) {dao.update(customer); }

public List<Customer> findAll() { return dao.findAll(); }

public Customer findById(final Integer id) { return dao.findOne(id); }

}
```

### OrderLineService:

```
Prensactional
public class OrderLineService {
    @Autowired
    private OrderLineDao dao;

public OrderLineService() { super(); }

public void create(OrderLine orderLine) { dao.create(orderLine); }

public List(OrderLine) findAll() { return dao.findAll(); }
}
```

### OrderService:

```
@Cransactional
public class OrderService {

@Autowired
private OrderDao dao;

public OrderService() { super(); }

public void create(ProductOrder productOrder) {

dao.create(productOrder);
}

public List(ProductOrder) findAll() { return dao.findAll(); }

public ProductOrder findById(final Integer id) { return dao.findOne(id); }

public BigDecimal getTotal() {...}
```

### ProductService:

```
@Service

@Transactional

public class ProductService {

    @Autowired
    private ProductDao dao;

public ProductService() { super(); }

public void create(Product product) {
    dao.create(product);
}

public List<Product> findAll() { return dao.findAll(); }

public Product findById(final Integer id) { return dao.findOne(id); }

}
```

(8)配置 JPA。新建 config 包,实现 Persistence JPAC onfig

```
@Configuration
@ComponentScan({ "thymeleafexamples.gtvg.persistence" })
@EnableTransactionManagement
@PropertySource({ "classpath:persistence-mysql.properties" })
//@EnableJpaRepositories(basePackages = "me. database.persistence.dao")
public class PersistenceJPAConfig {
    @Autowired
    private Environment env;
    public PersistenceJPAConfig() { super(); }
    // beans
    @Bean
    public LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean entityManagerFactory() {
        final LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean em = new LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean();
        em. setDataSource(dataSource());
        em. setPackagesToScan(new String[] { "thymeleafexamples. gtvg. persistence. model" });
        final MibernateJpaVendorAdapter vendorAdapter = new MibernateJpaVendorAdapter();
        em. setJpaVendorAdapter(vendorAdapter);
        em.setJpaProperties(additionalProperties());
        return em;
   public DataSource dataSource() {
       final BasicDataSource dataSource = new BasicDataSource();
       dataSource.setDriverClassName(Preconditions.checkNotNull(env.getProperty("jdbc.driverClassName")));
       dataSource.setUrl(Preconditions.checkNotNull(env.getProperty("jdbc.url")));
       dataSource.setUsername(Preconditions.checkNotNull(env.getProperty("jdbc.user")));
       dataSource.setPassword(Preconditions.checkNotNull(env.getProperty("jdbc.pass")));
      return dataSource;
 - }
  @Bean
  public PlatformTransactionManager transactionManager(final EntityManagerFactory emf) {
      final JpaTransactionManager transactionManager = new JpaTransactionManager();
      transactionManager.setEntityManagerFactory(emf);
      return transactionManager;
  public PersistenceExceptionTranslationPostProcessor exceptionTranslation() {
      return new PersistenceExceptionTranslationPostProcessor();
  final Properties additional Properties() {
      final Properties hibernateProperties = new Properties();
      hibernateProperties.setProperty("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto", env.getProperty("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto"));
      hibernateProperties.setProperty("hibernate.dialect", env.getProperty("hibernate.dialect"));
      // hibernateProperties.setProperty("hibernate.globally_quoted_identifiers", "true");
      return hibernateProperties;
```

# (9) 修改 Controller,将数据访问方式修改为使用 Dao

### OrderDetailsController

```
@Controller
public class OrderDetailsController {
    @RequestMapping("/order/details")

public String orderDetails(@RequestParam(value="orderId") int orderId, Model model) {
    AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
    ctx.register(PersistenceJPAConfig.class);
    ctx.refresh();
    OrderService os = ctx.getBean(OrderService.class);
    final Order order = os.findById(orderId);
    model.addAttribute("order", order);
    return "order/details";
}
}
```

### OrderListController:

```
@Controller
public class OrderListController {
    @RequestMapping("order/list")
    public String orderList(Model model) {
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
        ctx.register(PersistenceJPAConfig.class);
        ctx.refresh();
        OrderService os = ctx.getBean(OrderService.class);
        final List<Order> allOrders = os.findAll();
        model.addAttribute("orders", allOrders);
        return "order/list";
    }
}
```

#### ProductCommentsController:

```
@Controller
public class ProductCommentsController {
    @RequestMapping("product/comments")
    public String productComments(@RequestParam(value="prodId") int prodId, Model model) {
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
        ctx.register(PersistenceJPAConfig.class);
        ctx.refresh();
        ProductService ps = ctx.getBean(ProductService.class);
        final Product product = ps.findById(prodId);
        model.addAttribute("prod", product);
        return "product/comments";
    }
}
```

### ProductListController:

```
@Controller
public class ProductListController {
    @RequestMapping("product/list")
    public String productList(Model model) {
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
        ctx.register(PersistenceJPAConfig.class);
        ctx.refresh();
        ProductService ps = ctx.getBean(ProductService.class);
        final List<Product> allProducts = ps.findAll();
        model.addAttribute("prods", allProducts);
        return "product/list";
    }
}
```

#### CommentService:

```
@Service
@Transactional
public class CommentService {

    @Autowired
    private CommentDao dao;

}

public void create(Comment comment) {

    dao.create(comment);
}

public void update(Comment comment) {dao.update(comment); }

public List<Comment> findAll() { return dao.findAll(); }

public Comment findById(final Integer id) { return dao.findOne(id); }

}
```

(10)在GTVGApplication.java中向数据库中写入信息,

```
AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
ctx.register(PersistenceJPAConfig.class);
ctx.refresh();
ProductService ps = ctx.getBean(ProductService.class);
CustomerService cs = ctx.getBean(CustomerService.class);
OrderService os = ctx.getBean(OrderService.class);
OrderLineService ols = ctx.getBean(OrderLineService.class);
CommentService cms = ctx.getBean(CommentService.class);
Customer customer1 = new Customer();
customer1.setId(1);
customer1.setName("David");
customer1.setCustomerSince(CalendarUtil.calendarFor(2002, 3, 2, 10, 23));
Customer customer2 = new Customer();
customer2.setId(2);
customer2.setName("Nancy");
customer2.setCustomerSince(CalendarUtil.calendarFor(2014, 3, 2, 1, 5));
cs. create(customer1);
cs. create(customer2);
Comment comment1 = new Comment();
comment1.setId(1):
comment1.setText("comment1");
Comment comment2 = new Comment();
comment2.setId(2);
comment2.setText("comment2");
```

```
cms. create(comment1);
cms. create(comment2);
Product product1 = new Product(1, "test1", false, new BigDecimal(100));
Product product2 = new Product(2, "test2", true, new BigDecimal(200));
product1.getComments().add(comment1);
product1.getComments().add(comment2);
ps. create(product1);
ps. create(product2);
OrderLine orderLine1 = new OrderLine();
orderLine1.setProduct(product1);
 orderLine1.setAmount(5);
orderLine1.setPurchasePrice(new BigDecimal("10"));
OrderLine orderLine2 = new OrderLine();
orderLine2.setProduct(product2);
 orderLine2. setAmount(10);
 orderLine2.setPurchasePrice(new BigDecimal("20"));
 ols.create(orderLine1);
ols.create(orderLine2);
ProductOrder order1 = new ProductOrder(1, CalendarUtil. calendarFor(2009, 1, 12, 10, 23), customer1);
order1. getOrderLines(). add(orderLine1);
ProductOrder order2 = new ProductOrder(2, CalendarUtil. calendarFor(2016, 3, 2, 8, 3), customer2);
order2.getOrderLines().add(orderLine2);
os. create(order1);
os. create(order2);
```

### 并使用 mvn tomcat7:run 命令运行程序, 查看数据库

```
mysql> use gtvg;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;

| Tables_in_gtvg |
| comment |
| customer |
| orderline |
| product |
| product_comment |
| productorder |
| productorder_orderline |
| user |
| 8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

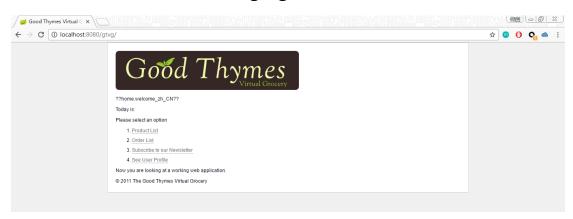
### 各表成功创建

(11)终止程序运行,将属性 hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto 修改为 update

hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto=update

删除 GTVGApplication 中对数据库的写操作,再次运行程序

(12)访问 localhost:8080/gtvg

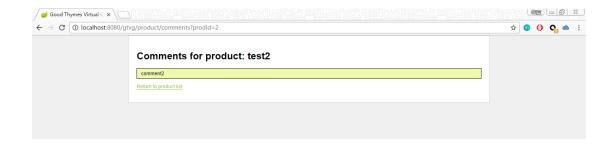


### 点击 Product List



# 点击 VIEW





# 总结

- 1. MySQL 中 order 是关键字 ,所以必须修改 order 类的类名 ,order 表才能被正确地创建!!!!!!!!!
- 2. 由于在 ProductList 中需要加载 comments 所以不能使用 LAZY 的加载方式,应该使用 EAGER

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "product", fetch = FetchType. EAGER)
@Column(name = "COMMENTS")
private List<Comment> comments = new ArrayList<^>();
```

3. hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto 属性被设置为 create-drop 时,在程序运行结束后会清空表中的所有内容。在成功创建所有表后,应该将该属性改为 update,再向数据库中添加数据,数据才会保存下来