

Template Week 4 – Software

Student number: 589531

Assignment 4.1: ARM assembly

Screenshot of working assembly code of factorial calculation:

Assignment 4.2: Programming languages

Take screenshots that the following commands work:

`javac -version`

`java -version`

`gcc -version`

`python3 -version`

`bash -version`

Assignment 4.3: Compile

Which of the above files need to be compiled before you can run them?

Fib.c en Fibonacci.java

Which source code files are compiled into machine code and then directly executable by a processor?

Fib.c, nadat die gecompiled is dan word die leesbaar voor de CPU

Which source code files are compiled to byte code?

Fibonacci.java

Which source code files are interpreted by an interpreter?

Fib.py (python interpreter) en Fib.sh (bash interpreter)

These source code files will perform the same calculation after compilation/interpretation. Which one is expected to do the calculation the fastest?

Fib.c want hij heeft geen interpreter nodig om te runnen.

How do I run a Java program?

Eerst het programma compilen door `javac Fibonacci.java`, dat creeert `Fibonacci.class` en dat kun je runnen.

How do I run a Python program?

Die kun je gelijk runnen zonder te compilen.

How do I run a C program?

Door de file te compilen met GCC en dat maakt een executable file.

How do I run a Bash script?

Compilen met `chmod` en daarna gewoon runnen.

If I compile the above source code, will a new file be created? If so, which file?

Ja, voor C komt een exe file, voor Java komt er een `.class` file dat je kan runnen, voor python en bash niet.

Take relevant screenshots of the following commands:

Compile the source files where necessary

Make them executable

Run them

Which (compiled) source code file performs the calculation the fastest?

De snelste bleek C te zijn met `sys` 0.001s echt snel snel

Assignment 4.4: Optimize

Take relevant screenshots of the following commands:

Figure out which parameters you need to pass to the gcc compiler so that the compiler performs a number of optimizations that will ensure that the compiled source code will run faster. Tip! The parameters are usually a letter followed by a number. Also read page 191 of your book, but find a better optimization in the man pages. Please note that Linux is case sensitive.

Compile fib.c again with the optimization parameters

Run the newly compiled program. Is it true that it now performs the calculation faster?

Zoals je kan zien runt die intotaal maar 0.03 miliseconden sneller dus inprincipe is die wel sneller ja.

Edit the file `runall.sh`, so you can perform all four calculations in a row using this Bash script. So the (compiled/interpreted) C, Java, Python and Bash versions of Fibonacci one after the other.

Assignment 4.5: More ARM Assembly

Like the factorial example, you can also implement the calculation of a power of 2 in assembly. For example you want to calculate  $2^4 = 16$ . Use iteration to calculate the result. Store the result in `r0`.

Main:

```
mov r1, #2
```

```
mov r2, #4
```

```
Loop:
```

```
End:
```

Complete the code. See the PowerPoint slides of week 4.

Screenshot of the completed code here.

Ready? Save this file and export it as a pdf file with the name: week4.pdf