

# **פרויקט גמר - אלגוריתמים מתקדמים למערכות נבונות**

## **Enhanced Checkers**

שם המרצה: ד"ר רינה צbial גירשין  
שמות המציגים: עלאל יחיא  
מוחמד אבו פול  
מוחמד לחאם

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## סיכום כללי

### הרקע והבעה

בעיית הבסיס היא פיתוח משחק דמקה אינטראקטיבי שיירחיב את חוקי הדמקה הקלאסית, מאפשר גודל לוחות משתנים, מערכת כוחות מיוחדים חד-פעמיים ויתמוך במשחק מול בינה מלאכותית חכמה.

### פתרונות שבינו

- ממשק גרפי: באמצעות Pygame, עם בחירת לוח, אнимציות תנועה, הדגשת מהלכים וחילון מידע.
- לוח דינמי:  $12 \times 10 / 10 \times 8 / 8 \times 8$ :
- מוצבי משחק: שחקו-נגד-שחקו (PvP) ושחקו-נגד-AI כלומר (PvAI).
- כוחות מיוחדים (פעם אחת לכל שחקן):
  - DOUBLE\_JUMP – קפיצה של שתי משבצות
  - IMMUNITY – חסינות לטור היריב הבא
  - MOVE\_TWICE – שני מהלכים רצופים
  - FORCE\_SWAP – החלפת בעלות על כל היריב
- בינה מלאכותית: שימוש שני אלגוריתמי חיפוש – Minimax רגיל ו-Alpha-Beta Pruning (1–8).

### טכנולוגיות ושפות

- שפת תכנות Python:
- ספרייה גרפית Pygame:
- יתרונות: פשוטות, מהירות פיתוח, נידות בין פלטפורמות.

# הסבר על המשחק עצמו נמצא במצגת, סרט הדגמה למצגת וסרט הדגמה למשחק.

# אלגוריתמים וניהול AI

## ריגל Minimax

פונקציה:

```
def minimax_plain(board, depth, maximizing_player, current_player):  
    if depth == 0 or board.is_terminal(): ...  
    moves = board.get_all_moves(current_player)  
    ...  
    # maximize or minimize
```

- מועד עצם מלא לעומק  $h$ ; סיבוכיות  $O(b^d)$ .

## Alpha-Beta Pruning

פונקציה:

```
def minimax_ab(board, depth, alpha, beta, maximizing_player,  
current_player):  
    if depth == 0 or board.is_terminal(): ...  
    for mv in moves:  
        ...  
        alpha = max(alpha, eval_score)  
        if beta <= alpha: break
```

- חיתוך ענפים חסרי תועלת (prune) בעזרת  $\alpha$  ו- $\beta$ .

## הסיבוכיות

הפרויקט משתמש באלגוריתמים **Alpha-Beta Pruning** ו- **Minimax** לקבלת החלטות עבור שחקן ה- AI.

הסיבוכיות של האלגוריתמים האלה נבחנת לפי שני פרמטרים:

- **b** - מספר האפשרויות הממוצע לתור אחד (branching factor)
- **d** - עומק החיפוש של האלגוריתם

**Minimax** – ♦ סיבוכיות תאורטית:  $O(b^d)$

כלומר, ככל שמתרכבים מספר האפשרויות בתור והעומק בו מוחפש ה- AI כמוות הממצאים הנבדקים גדלה בצורה אקספוננציאלית.

**Alpha-Beta Pruning** – ♦ סיבוכיות במקרה הטוב:  $(b^{d/2})O$

כאשר מבוצע חיתוך ענפים אפקטיבי. כלומר, האלגוריתם מדלג על מצבים מיוחדים שברור שלא יספרו את התוצאה.

## הפונקציה ההיריסטיבית (Evaluation)

- **מרכיבים:**

1. חומר:  $\text{Man}=1, \text{King}=2, \text{Super-King}=3 \rightarrow$

$$\sum (\text{יריב}) - (\text{שחקן}) = \text{score}$$

2. משקל כוחות פעילים:

▪ DOUBLE\_JUMP → בונוס לטוווח תנוצה

▪ IMMUNITY → בונוס לחסינות מדריג אכילה

▪ MOVE\_TWICE → תור נוסף ↔ בונוס אסטרטגי

▪ FORCE\_SWAP → ערך לפי חשיבות הכלי המוחלף

3. אכילה לאחר: יתרון לחיל רגל → מגדילה את מגוון המהלךים החוקיים

4. התאמות לגודל לוח (לוחות גדולים → משקל גובה יותר על יתרון חומר).

### 5. מלך על (Super King)

- "טנווה מעופפת" באלקסונים, אכילה מרחוק
- בפונקציה: בונוס של 3 נקודות לחומר + תוספת משקל אסטרטגי (Mobility)

• התוצאה: הערכה מורכבת יותר שמשלבת חומר, כוחות, ויכולות תנוצה.

## מתי ויכיזד AI משתמש בכוח

פונקציה:

```
def should_ai_use_power(board, ai_player):  
    if board.power_used[ai_player]: return False  
    ai_pieces = ...  
    opp_pieces = ...  
    if ai_pieces < opp_pieces or (ai_pieces+opp_pieces)<8:  
        return True  
    return random.random() < 0.3
```

- שילוב קритריונים (`#pieces`, שלב המשחק) ו-30% סיכוי אקראי.
- 

## קטוע קוד עיקריים

### שימוש לוח ודפוס תנועה

```
class Board:
    def __init__(self, size):
        self.size = size
        self.matrix = [[0]*size for _ in range(size)]
        self._init_pieces()
        self.power_used = {'R': False, 'G': False}
        self.active_powers = {'R': None, 'G': None}
        self. immunity_turns = {'R': 0, 'G': 0}
        self.double_jump_active = {'R': False, 'G': False}
        self.move_twice_active = {'R': False, 'G': False}
    def _init_pieces(self):
        rows_each = self.size//2-1
        for r in range(self.size):
            for c in range(self.size):
                if (r+c)%2==0:
                    if r<rows_each: self.matrix[r][c]=1
                    elif r>=self.size-rows_each: self.matrix[r][c]=-1
```

### חיפוש מהלכים ואכילה

```
def _get_piece_moves(self, start_pos):
    # handle normal, king, super-king captures
    # check immunity: if self. immunity_turns[player]>0: continue
    # double_jump_active extends jump_range
```

### הפעלה וזרימת כוח

```
def generate_random_power(self, player):
    if not self.power_used[player]:
        p = random.choice(list(PowerType))
        self.active_powers[player] = p
        self.power_used[player] = True
    return p
```

```

        return None

def activate_power(self, player, power_type, target=None):
    if power_type == PowerType.DOUBLE_JUMP:
        self.double_jump_active[player] = True
    elif power_type == PowerType.IMMUNITY:
        self. immunity_turns[player] = 1
    # etc.

```

## Alpha-Beta-ι Minimax

```

def minimax_plain(board, depth, max_p, curr_p): ...
def minimax_ab(board, depth, alpha, beta, max_p, curr_p): ...
def find_best_move(board, ai_p, depth, alg):
    if alg=="Minimax": return minimax_plain(...)
    return minimax_ab(...)

```

## שילוב AI בלוחת המשחק

```

if mode=='AI' and curr_player=='R':
    if should_ai_use_power(board, 'R'):
        p = board.generate_random_power('R')
        board.activate_power('R', p)
    ai_move = find_best_move(board, 'R', ai_depth, ai_algorithm)
    animate_move(...)
    board.update_turn_effects('R')
    curr_player='G'

```

## אנימציה מהלך ואכילה מרובת קפיצות

```

def animate_move(...):
    for each segment:
        # הפקת אנטזיה חלקה ב-steps
        if capture: remove piece immediately; pause 0.5s
    capture_count = 0 # בסיום: קידום לפי

```

## קוד מלא

### מצורף בקובץ מקורי (`checkers.py`)

```
import pygame
import sys
import math
import random
from enum import Enum

# Power-up types
class PowerType(Enum):
    DOUBLE_JUMP = "🔥 Double Jump"
    IMMUNITY = "🛡️ Immunity"
    MOVE_TWICE = "🌀 Move Twice"
    FORCE_SWAP = "🔄 Force Swap"

# Descriptions for each power, shown in the pop-out alert
POWER_DESCRIPTIONS = {
    PowerType.DOUBLE_JUMP: "Allows jumping over two spaces in a single move segment.",
    PowerType.IMMUNITY: "Your pieces cannot be captured during your opponent's next turn.",
    PowerType.MOVE_TWICE: "Take two separate moves in this turn.",
    PowerType.FORCE_SWAP: "Swap ownership of an opponent's piece at a chosen position.",
}

# -----
# Configuration
# -----
TIME_PER_TURN = 40 # seconds per turn

# Colors
WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
BLACK = (0, 0, 0)
BLUE = (76, 252, 241)
RED_COLOR = (200, 50, 50)
GREEN_COLOR = (50, 200, 50)
PANEL_BG = (40, 40, 40)
OVERLAY_COLOR = (0, 0, 0, 180)
POWER_BUTTON_COLOR = (100, 100, 255)
POWER_BUTTON_HOVER = (150, 150, 255)
POWER_BUTTON_USED = (80, 80, 80)
IMMUNITY_GLOW = (255, 215, 0) # Golden glow for immunity
BUTTON_TEXT_COLOR = WHITE

# Initialize Pygame
pygame.init()

# Query display size to choose board size dynamically
display_info = pygame.display.Info()
SCREEN_W, SCREEN_H = display_info.current_w, display_info.current_h
```

```

# Fonts
FONT = pygame.font.SysFont('Arial', 24)
BIG_FONT = pygame.font.SysFont('Arial', 32)
CLOCK = pygame.time.Clock()
FPS = 60

# Globals to set after board size selection
ROWS = None
SQUARE_SIZE = None
BOARD_PIXELS = None
# Increase panel height to ensure enough space
PANEL_HEIGHT = 160 # px for info & buttons panel

# Images to load after SQUARE_SIZE known
RED_IMG = None
GREEN_IMG = None
RED_KING_IMG = None
GREEN_KING_IMG = None
STAR_IMG = None

# Pygame window placeholder; will set later
WIN = None

# -----
# Board & Game Logic
# -----
class Board:
    """
    Dynamic-size board representation.
    """

    def __init__(self, size):
        self.size = size
        self.matrix = [[0 for _ in range(size)] for _ in range(size)]
        self._init_pieces()

        # Power-up tracking
        self.power_used = {'R': False, 'G': False}
        self.active_powers = {'R': None, 'G': None}
        # immunity_turns[player] > 0 means this player's pieces are immune for the upcoming opponent
        turn
        self.immunity_turns = {'R': 0, 'G': 0}
        self.double_jump_active = {'R': False, 'G': False}
        self.move_twice_active = {'R': False, 'G': False}

    def _init_pieces(self):
        rows_each = self.size // 2 - 1
        for row in range(self.size):
            for col in range(self.size):
                if (row + col) % 2 == 0:
                    if row < rows_each:
                        self.matrix[row][col] = 1 # Red man
                    elif row >= self.size - rows_each:

```

```

        self.matrix[row][col] = -1 # Green man

def clone(self):
    b = Board(self.size)
    b.matrix = [r.copy() for r in self.matrix]
    b.power_used = self.power_used.copy()
    b.active_powers = self.active_powers.copy()
    b. immunity_turns = self. immunity_turns.copy()
    b.double_jump_active = self.double_jump_active.copy()
    b.move_twice_active = self.move_twice_active.copy()
    return b

def in_bounds(self, row, col):
    return 0 <= row < self.size and 0 <= col < self.size

def get_all_moves(self, player):
    moves = []
    for r in range(self.size):
        for c in range(self.size):
            if player == 'R' and self.matrix[r][c] > 0:
                seqs = self._get_piece_moves((r, c))
                moves.extend(seqs)
            if player == 'G' and self.matrix[r][c] < 0:
                seqs = self._get_piece_moves((r, c))
                moves.extend(seqs)
    return moves

def _get_piece_moves(self, start_pos):
    r0, c0 = start_pos
    piece = self.matrix[r0][c0]
    if piece == 0:
        return []
    player = 'R' if piece > 0 else 'G'
    absval = abs(piece)

    capture_seqs = []

    # DFS for normal captures
    def dfs_normal_captures(r, c, board_mat, path, visited):
        found = False
        for dr, dc in [(-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, -1), (1, 1)]:
            mid_r, mid_c = r + dr, c + dc
            end_r, end_c = r + 2*dr, c + 2*dc
            if self.in_bounds(mid_r, mid_c) and self.in_bounds(end_r, end_c):
                mid_val = board_mat[mid_r][mid_c]
                end_val = board_mat[end_r][end_c]
                if mid_val != 0 and (mid_val * piece) < 0 and end_val == 0:
                    # Check immunity of the target piece's owner
                    target_player = 'R' if mid_val > 0 else 'G'
                    if self. immunity_turns[target_player] > 0:
                        continue
                    if (mid_r, mid_c) in visited:

```

```

        continue
    new_board = [row.copy() for row in board_mat]
    new_board[r][c] = 0
    new_board[mid_r][mid_c] = 0
    new_board[end_r][end_c] = piece
    new_path = path + [(end_r, end_c)]
    new_visited = visited | {(mid_r, mid_c)}
    deeper = dfs_normal_captures(end_r, end_c, new_board, new_path, new_visited)
    if not deeper:
        capture_seqs.append(new_path)
        found = True
    return found

# DFS for super king captures (flying captures)
def dfs_super_captures(r, c, board_mat, path, visited):
    found = False
    for dr, dc in [(-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, -1), (1, 1)]:
        i = 1
        while True:
            mid_r = r + dr*i
            mid_c = c + dc*i
            if not self.in_bounds(mid_r, mid_c):
                break
            mid_val = board_mat[mid_r][mid_c]
            if mid_val == 0:
                i += 1
                continue
            if mid_val * piece > 0:
                break
            if mid_val * piece < 0 and (mid_r, mid_c) not in visited:
                # Check immunity
                target_player = 'R' if mid_val > 0 else 'G'
                if self.ignorance_turns[target_player] > 0:
                    break
                j = 1
                while True:
                    land_r = mid_r + dr*j
                    land_c = mid_c + dc*j
                    if not self.in_bounds(land_r, land_c):
                        break
                    if board_mat[land_r][land_c] != 0:
                        break
                    new_board = [row.copy() for row in board_mat]
                    new_board[r][c] = 0
                    new_board[mid_r][mid_c] = 0
                    new_board[land_r][land_c] = piece
                    new_path = path + [(land_r, land_c)]
                    new_visited = visited | {(mid_r, mid_c)}
                    deeper = dfs_super_captures(land_r, land_c, new_board, new_path, new_visited)
                    if not deeper:
                        capture_seqs.append(new_path)
                    found = True

```

```

        j += 1
        break
    else:
        break
    # next direction
return found

# First, capture search
if absval == 3:
    dfs_super_captures(r0, c0, self.matrix, [(r0, c0)], set())
else:
    dfs_normal_captures(r0, c0, self.matrix, [(r0, c0)], set())

# Simple moves:
moves = []
jump_range = 2 if self.double_jump_active[player] else 1

if absval == 3:
    for dr, dc in [(-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, -1), (1, 1)]:
        i = 1
        while True:
            nr = r0 + dr*i
            nc = c0 + dc*i
            if not self.in_bounds(nr, nc):
                break
            if self.matrix[nr][nc] == 0:
                moves.append([(r0, c0), (nr, nc)])
                i += 1
            else:
                break
    else:
        if absval == 2:
            dirs = [(-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, -1), (1, 1)]
        else:
            if player == 'R':
                dirs = [(1, -1), (1, 1)]
            else:
                dirs = [(-1, -1), (-1, 1)]
for dr, dc in dirs:
    for distance in range(1, jump_range + 1):
        nr = r0 + dr * distance
        nc = c0 + dc * distance
        if self.in_bounds(nr, nc) and self.matrix[nr][nc] == 0:
            if distance == 2:
                mid_r = r0 + dr
                mid_c = c0 + dc
                if self.matrix[mid_r][mid_c] != 0:
                    break
                moves.append([(r0, c0), (nr, nc)])
            else:
                break

```

```

# Combine capture_seqs and simple moves
all_seqs = []
for seq in capture_seqs:
    if seq not in all_seqs:
        all_seqs.append(seq)
for seq in moves:
    if seq not in all_seqs:
        all_seqs.append(seq)
return all_seqs

def apply_move_simple(self, move_seq):
    if not move_seq or len(move_seq) < 2:
        return
    sr, sc = move_seq[0]
    piece = self.matrix[sr][sc]
    initial_piece = piece
    self.matrix[sr][sc] = 0
    curr_r, curr_c = sr, sc
    capture_count = 0

    for idx in range(1, len(move_seq)):
        nr, nc = move_seq[idx]
        dr = nr - curr_r
        dc = nc - curr_c
        # super king
        if abs(initial_piece) == 3:
            if abs(dr) > 1 or abs(dc) > 1:
                step_r = 1 if dr > 0 else -1
                step_c = 1 if dc > 0 else -1
                r_iter, c_iter = curr_r + step_r, curr_c + step_c
                while (r_iter, c_iter) != (nr, nc):
                    val = self.matrix[r_iter][c_iter]
                    if val != 0:
                        if val * initial_piece < 0:
                            self.matrix[r_iter][c_iter] = 0
                            capture_count += 1
                            break
                        else:
                            break
                    r_iter += step_r
                    c_iter += step_c
                curr_r, curr_c = nr, nc
            else:
                curr_r, curr_c = nr, nc
        else:
            if abs(dr) == 2 and abs(dc) == 2:
                mid_r = (curr_r + nr) // 2
                mid_c = (curr_c + nc) // 2
                self.matrix[mid_r][mid_c] = 0
                capture_count += 1
            curr_r, curr_c = nr, nc

```

```

# Promotion / super king
if abs(initial_piece) == 3:
    new_piece = initial_piece
else:
    if capture_count >= 3:
        new_piece = 3 if initial_piece > 0 else -3
    else:
        if initial_piece == 1 and curr_r == self.size - 1:
            new_piece = 2
        elif initial_piece == -1 and curr_r == 0:
            new_piece = -2
        else:
            new_piece = initial_piece
    self.matrix[curr_r][curr_c] = new_piece

def is_terminal(self):
    green_exists = any(self.matrix[r][c] < 0 for r in range(self.size) for c in range(self.size))
    red_exists = any(self.matrix[r][c] > 0 for r in range(self.size) for c in range(self.size))
    if not green_exists or not red_exists:
        return True
    green_moves = self.get_all_moves('G')
    red_moves = self.get_all_moves('R')
    if not green_moves or not red_moves:
        return True
    return False

def get_winner(self):
    green_exists = any(self.matrix[r][c] < 0 for r in range(self.size) for c in range(self.size))
    red_exists = any(self.matrix[r][c] > 0 for r in range(self.size) for c in range(self.size))
    green_moves = self.get_all_moves('G')
    red_moves = self.get_all_moves('R')

    if not green_exists and red_exists:
        return 'R'
    if not red_exists and green_exists:
        return 'G'
    if (not green_moves) and (not red_moves):
        return 'D'
    if not green_moves:
        return 'R'
    if not red_moves:
        return 'G'
    return None

def evaluate(self, player):
    total = 0
    for r in range(self.size):
        for c in range(self.size):
            val = self.matrix[r][c]
            if val < 0:
                total += (1 if val == -1 else 2 if val == -2 else 3)
            elif val > 0:

```

```

        total -= (1 if val == 1 else 2 if val == 2 else 3)
if player == 'G':
    return total
else:
    return -total

def generate_random_power(self, player):
    if not self.power_used[player]:
        powers = list(PowerType)
        selected_power = random.choice(powers)
        self.active_powers[player] = selected_power
        self.power_used[player] = True
    return selected_power
return None

def activate_power(self, player, power_type, target_data=None):
    if power_type == PowerType.DOUBLE_JUMP:
        self.double_jump_active[player] = True
    return True

elif power_type == PowerType.IMMUNITY:
    # Protect this player's pieces during the opponent's upcoming turn:
    self.immunity_turns[player] = 1
    return True

elif power_type == PowerType.MOVE_TWICE:
    self.move_twice_active[player] = True
    return True

elif power_type == PowerType.FORCE_SWAP and target_data:
    row, col = target_data
    piece = self.matrix[row][col]
    if piece != 0:
        # Check if it's opponent's piece
        if (player == 'R' and piece < 0) or (player == 'G' and piece > 0):
            # Swap the piece's ownership:
            new_piece = abs(piece) if player == 'R' else -abs(piece)
            # Check promotion if swapping lands in back row
            if player == 'R' and row == self.size - 1 and abs(new_piece) == 1:
                new_piece = 2
            elif player == 'G' and row == 0 and abs(new_piece) == 1:
                new_piece = -2
            self.matrix[row][col] = new_piece
    return True
return False

def update_turn_effects(self, player):
    """
    Called at end of player 'player's turn (before switching to opponent).
    Clear per-turn flags for this player, and decrement immunity for the opponent.
    """
    # Clear double-jump

```

```

        self.double_jump_active[player] = False
        # Decrement immunity for the opponent (whose pieces were protected during this player's turn)
        opponent = 'R' if player == 'G' else 'G'
        if self.immunity_turns[opponent] > 0:
            self.immunity_turns[opponent] -= 1
        # Clear single-use active power
        if self.active_powers[player] in [PowerType.DOUBLE_JUMP, PowerType.IMMUNITY,
PowerType.FORCE_SWAP]:
            self.active_powers[player] = None

# -----
# Minimax Implementations
# -----
def minimax_plain(board, depth, maximizing_player, current_player):
    if depth == 0 or board.is_terminal():
        return board.evaluate(maximizing_player), None

    moves = board.get_all_moves(current_player)
    if not moves:
        return board.evaluate(maximizing_player), None

    next_player = 'R' if current_player == 'G' else 'G'

    if current_player == maximizing_player:
        max_eval = -math.inf
        best_move = None
        for mv in moves:
            new_b = board.clone()
            new_b.apply_move_simple(mv)
            eval_score, _ = minimax_plain(new_b, depth - 1, maximizing_player, next_player)
            if eval_score > max_eval:
                max_eval = eval_score
                best_move = mv
        return max_eval, best_move
    else:
        min_eval = math.inf
        best_move = None
        for mv in moves:
            new_b = board.clone()
            new_b.apply_move_simple(mv)
            eval_score, _ = minimax_plain(new_b, depth - 1, maximizing_player, next_player)
            if eval_score < min_eval:
                min_eval = eval_score
                best_move = mv
        return min_eval, best_move

def minimax_ab(board, depth, alpha, beta, maximizing_player, current_player):
    if depth == 0 or board.is_terminal():
        return board.evaluate(maximizing_player), None

    moves = board.get_all_moves(current_player)
    if not moves:
        return board.evaluate(maximizing_player), None

```

```

    return board.evaluate(maximizing_player), None

next_player = 'R' if current_player == 'G' else 'G'

if current_player == maximizing_player:
    max_eval = -math.inf
    best_move = None
    for mv in moves:
        new_b = board.clone()
        new_b.apply_move_simple(mv)
        eval_score, _ = minimax_ab(new_b, depth - 1, alpha, beta, maximizing_player, next_player)
        if eval_score > max_eval:
            max_eval = eval_score
            best_move = mv
        alpha = max(alpha, eval_score)
        if beta <= alpha:
            break
    return max_eval, best_move
else:
    min_eval = math.inf
    best_move = None
    for mv in moves:
        new_b = board.clone()
        new_b.apply_move_simple(mv)
        eval_score, _ = minimax_ab(new_b, depth - 1, alpha, beta, maximizing_player, next_player)
        if eval_score < min_eval:
            min_eval = eval_score
            best_move = mv
        beta = min(beta, eval_score)
        if beta <= alpha:
            break
    return min_eval, best_move

def should_ai_use_power(board, ai_player):
    if board.power_used[ai_player]:
        return False

    ai_pieces = sum(1 for r in range(board.size) for c in range(board.size)
                   if board.matrix[r][c] * (1 if ai_player == 'R' else -1) > 0)
    opponent_pieces = sum(1 for r in range(board.size) for c in range(board.size)
                          if board.matrix[r][c] * (-1 if ai_player == 'R' else 1) > 0)

    if ai_pieces < opponent_pieces or (ai_pieces + opponent_pieces) < 8:
        return True
    return random.random() < 0.3

def find_best_move(board, ai_player, depth, algorithm_name):
    if algorithm_name == "Minimax":
        _, mv = minimax_plain(board, depth, ai_player, ai_player)
        return mv
    else:
        _, mv = minimax_ab(board, depth, -math.inf, math.inf, ai_player, ai_player)

```

```

    return mv

# -----
# Drawing Functions
# -----

def draw_board(win, board: Board, highlighted_positions):
    for row in range(board.size):
        for col in range(board.size):
            rect = pygame.Rect(col * SQUARE_SIZE, row * SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE,
SQUARE_SIZE)
            color = BLACK if (row + col) % 2 == 0 else WHITE
            pygame.draw.rect(win, color, rect)

            if (row, col) in highlighted_positions:
                pygame.draw.rect(win, BLUE, rect)

            val = board.matrix[row][col]
            if val != 0:
                # Determine base image
                if val == -1:
                    img = GREEN_IMG
                elif val == -2:
                    img = GREEN_KING_IMG
                elif val == 1:
                    img = RED_IMG
                elif val == 2:
                    img = RED_KING_IMG
                else:
                    if val == -3:
                        img = GREEN_KING_IMG
                    elif val == 3:
                        img = RED_KING_IMG
                    else:
                        img = None
                if img:
                    img_rect = img.get_rect(center=rect.center)
                    win.blit(img, img_rect)
                # If super king, overlay star
                if abs(val) == 3 and STAR_IMG:
                    star_rect = STAR_IMG.get_rect(center=(rect.centerx, rect.centery - SQUARE_SIZE//4))
                    win.blit(STAR_IMG, star_rect)

# Grid lines
for i in range(board.size + 1):
    pygame.draw.line(win, BLACK, (0, i * SQUARE_SIZE), (BOARD_PIXELS, i * SQUARE_SIZE))
    pygame.draw.line(win, BLACK, (i * SQUARE_SIZE, 0), (i * SQUARE_SIZE, BOARD_PIXELS))

# Immunity glow: outline any piece whose owner has immunity_turns > 0
for row in range(board.size):
    for col in range(board.size):
        val = board.matrix[row][col]
        if val != 0:

```

```

player = 'R' if val > 0 else 'G'
if board. immunity_turns[player] > 0:
    rect = pygame.Rect(col * SQUARE_SIZE, row * SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE,
SQUARE_SIZE)
    pygame.draw.rect(win, IMMUNITY_GLOW, rect, 4)

def draw_info_panel(win, board: Board, mode, algo_name, depth, curr_player, red_time_left,
green_time_left, score_green, score_red):
    panel_rect = pygame.Rect(0, BOARD_PIXELS, BOARD_PIXELS, PANEL_HEIGHT)
    pygame.draw.rect(win, PANEL_BG, panel_rect)
    pygame.draw.line(win, WHITE, (0, BOARD_PIXELS), (BOARD_PIXELS, BOARD_PIXELS), 2)

    x_left = 10
    y_top = BOARD_PIXELS + 10

    # ----- Mode / AI Info -----
    surf = FONT.render(f"Mode: {'1v1' if mode == '1v1' else 'Vs AI'}", True, WHITE)
    win.blit(surf, (x_left, y_top))
    if mode == 'AI':
        surf2 = FONT.render(f"AI: {algo_name}, Depth={depth}", True, WHITE)
        win.blit(surf2, (x_left, y_top + 26))

    # ----- Turn & Timers -----
    center_x = BOARD_PIXELS // 3 - 90
    timer_top_offset = 40 if mode == 'AI' else 0
    turn_text = FONT.render(f"Turn: {'Green' if curr_player == 'G' else 'Red'}", True, WHITE)
    win.blit(turn_text, (center_x, y_top))

    def fmt(t):
        if t is None:
            return "--:--"
        if t < 0:
            t = 0
        return f"{int(t)//60:02d}:{int(t)%60:02d}"

    green_t = fmt(green_time_left)
    red_t = fmt(red_time_left) if mode == '1v1' else "--:--"

    red_surf = FONT.render(f"Red Time: {red_t}", True, RED_COLOR if mode == '1v1' else
(120,120,120))
    green_surf = FONT.render(f"Green Time: {green_t}", True, GREEN_COLOR)
    win.blit(red_surf, (center_x, y_top + 28 + timer_top_offset))
    win.blit(green_surf, (center_x, y_top + 56 + timer_top_offset))

    # ----- Score & Buttons -----
    right_x = BOARD_PIXELS * 2 // 3 - 110

    font_btn = pygame.font.SysFont('Arial', 18)
    btn_w, btn_h = 160, 30
    gap_y = 4
    button_rects = {}

```

```

# ----- Green Button -----
btn_x = right_x
btn_y = y_top + 10
green_btn_rect = pygame.Rect(btn_x, btn_y, btn_w, btn_h)
mouse_pos = pygame.mouse.get_pos()
green_used = board.power_used['G']
green_active = board.active_powers['G'].value if board.active_powers['G'] else None

if green_used:
    text = green_active or "Used"
    color = POWER_BUTTON_USED
else:
    color = POWER_BUTTON_HOVER if green_btn_rect.collidepoint(mouse_pos) else
POWER_BUTTON_COLOR
    text = "Generate"
pygame.draw.rect(win, color, green_btn_rect)
pygame.draw.rect(win, WHITE, green_btn_rect, 2)
txt_surf = font_btn.render(text, True, BUTTON_TEXT_COLOR)
win.blit(txt_surf, txt_surf.get_rect(center=green_btn_rect.center))

# Label: if used, show power name instead of "Green Generate Power"
green_label = green_active if green_used else "Green Generate Power"
label_color = GREEN_COLOR
label_surf = font_btn.render(green_label, True, label_color)
win.blit(label_surf, (btn_x + btn_w + 8, btn_y + (btn_h - label_surf.get_height())//2))
button_rects['G'] = green_btn_rect if not green_used else None

# ----- Red/AI Button -----
btn_y2 = btn_y + btn_h + 10
red_btn_rect = pygame.Rect(btn_x, btn_y2, btn_w, btn_h)
red_used = board.power_used['R']
red_active = board.active_powers['R'].value if board.active_powers['R'] else None

if mode == 'AI':
    # AI Mode: button is always disabled
    if red_used:
        text = red_active or "Used"
    else:
        text = "Generate"
        color = POWER_BUTTON_USED
else:
    if red_used:
        text = red_active or "Used"
        color = POWER_BUTTON_USED
    else:
        color = POWER_BUTTON_HOVER if red_btn_rect.collidepoint(mouse_pos) else
POWER_BUTTON_COLOR
        text = "Generate"

pygame.draw.rect(win, color, red_btn_rect)
pygame.draw.rect(win, WHITE, red_btn_rect, 2)
txt2 = font_btn.render(text, True, BUTTON_TEXT_COLOR)

```

```

    win.blit(txt2, txt2.get_rect(center=red_btn_rect.center))

    red_label = red_active if red_used else ("Red Generate Power" if mode == '1v1' else "AI(Red) Generate Power")
    label_color = RED_COLOR if mode == '1v1' else (120,120,120)
    label_surf2 = font_btn.render(red_label, True, label_color)
    win.blit(label_surf2, (btn_x + btn_w + 8, btn_y2 + (btn_h - label_surf2.get_height())//2))

if mode == '1v1' and not red_used:
    button_rects['R'] = red_btn_rect
else:
    button_rects['R'] = None

return button_rects

def draw_end_message(win, message):
    # Dim background with overlay
    overlay = pygame.Surface((BOARD_PIXELS, BOARD_PIXELS), pygame.SRCALPHA)
    overlay.fill(OVERLAY_COLOR)
    win.blit(overlay, (0, 0))

    # Main message (e.g. "Green Wins!" or "Red Wins!" or "Draw")
    text_surf = BIG_FONT.render(message, True, WHITE)
    rect = text_surf.get_rect(center=(BOARD_PIXELS//2, BOARD_PIXELS // 2 - 20))
    win.blit(text_surf, rect)

    # Only show "Press Q to quit"
    sub_surf = FONT.render("Press Q to quit", True, WHITE)
    sub_rect = sub_surf.get_rect(center=(BOARD_PIXELS//2, BOARD_PIXELS // 2 + 20))
    win.blit(sub_surf, sub_rect)

def get_clicked_pos(pos):
    x, y = pos
    if y >= BOARD_PIXELS:
        return None
    col = x // SQUARE_SIZE
    row = y // SQUARE_SIZE
    return (row, col)

def draw_alert(win, alert_message, start_time, total_duration=5000, display_time=4000):
    """
    Draw a pop-out alert: fully visible for `display_time` ms, then fades out over (total_duration - display_time) ms.

    alert_message: string (may be multi-line separated by '\n').
    start_time: pygame.time.get_ticks() when alert started.
    total_duration: total ms before expiration (default 5000).
    display_time: ms to keep fully opaque (default 4000).
    """
    now = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    elapsed = now - start_time
    if elapsed >= total_duration:
        return False # alert expired

```

```

# Determine alpha: fully opaque until display_time, then fade out over the remaining time
if elapsed < display_time:
    alpha = 255
else:
    fade_elapsed = elapsed - display_time
    fade_duration = total_duration - display_time
    alpha = int(255 * (1 - fade_elapsed / fade_duration))
    if alpha < 0:
        alpha = 0

# Render a semi-transparent rectangle background
lines = alert_message.split('\n')
font = pygame.font.SysFont('Arial', 24)
text_surfs = [font.render(line, True, WHITE) for line in lines]
width = max(surf.get_width() for surf in text_surfs) + 20
height = sum(surf.get_height() for surf in text_surfs) + 20

# Position: centered horizontally, y at e.g. 20 px below top of board
x = (BOARD_PIXELS - width) // 2
y = 20 # 20 px below top of board

# Create surface with per-pixel alpha
s = pygame.Surface((width, height), pygame.SRCALPHA)
# Background semi-transparent black at half of text alpha
bg_color = (0, 0, 0, alpha // 2)
s.fill(bg_color)

# Blit text with full alpha onto this surface, but set text alpha
y_offset = 10
for surf in text_surfs:
    text_surf = surf.copy()
    text_surf.set_alpha(alpha)
    s.blit(text_surf, (10, y_offset))
    y_offset += surf.get_height()

# Blit s onto main window
win.blit(s, (x, y))
return True # alert still active

# -----
# Animation for Moves
# -----
def animate_move(board, move_seq, piece_val, mode, algo_name, ai_depth, curr_player,
                 red_time_left, green_time_left, score_green, score_red, alert_message=None,
                 alert_start_time=None):
    """
    Animate a move. After each capture segment, pause for 0.5 seconds at the landing square.
    alert_message & alert_start_time: if an alert is active, continue drawing/fading it during animation &
    pauses.
    """
    def piece_image(val):
        if val == -1:

```

```

        return GREEN_IMG
    elif val == -2:
        return GREEN_KING_IMG
    elif val == 1:
        return RED_IMG
    elif val == 2:
        return RED_KING_IMG
    elif val == -3:
        return GREEN_KING_IMG
    elif val == 3:
        return RED_KING_IMG
    else:
        return None

initial_piece = piece_val
# Pre-calc total capture count if needed for promotion later
capture_count = 0
for i in range(len(move_seq) - 1):
    r0, c0 = move_seq[i]
    r1, c1 = move_seq[i+1]
    dr = r1 - r0
    dc = c1 - c0
    if abs(initial_piece) == 3:
        # super king: any jump distance >1 is a capture
        if abs(dr) > 1 or abs(dc) > 1:
            capture_count += 1
    else:
        if abs(dr) == 2 and abs(dc) == 2:
            capture_count += 1

# Loop through each segment
for idx in range(len(move_seq) - 1):
    sr, sc = move_seq[idx]
    er, ec = move_seq[idx+1]
    img = piece_image(piece_val)
    start_px = (sc * SQUARE_SIZE + SQUARE_SIZE//2, sr * SQUARE_SIZE + SQUARE_SIZE//2)
    end_px = (ec * SQUARE_SIZE + SQUARE_SIZE//2, er * SQUARE_SIZE + SQUARE_SIZE//2)
    # Remove piece from source
    board.matrix[sr][sc] = 0

    # Animate the move from start_px to end_px over 'steps' frames
    steps = 10
    for step in range(1, steps + 1):
        t = step / steps
        x = start_px[0] + (end_px[0] - start_px[0]) * t
        y = start_px[1] + (end_px[1] - start_px[1]) * t
        WIN.fill((0, 0, 0))
        draw_board(WIN, board, set())
        if img:
            WIN.blit(img, img.get_rect(center=(x, y)))
        if abs(piece_val) == 3 and STAR_IMG:
            star_pos = (x, y - SQUARE_SIZE//4)

```

```

        WIN.blit(STAR_IMG, STAR_IMG.get_rect(center=star_pos))

# Draw info panel
bt�s = draw_info_panel(WIN, board, mode, algo_name, ai_depth, curr_player,
                      red_time_left, green_time_left, score_green, score_red)

# Draw alert if active
if alert_message is not None and alert_start_time is not None:
    still = draw_alert(WIN, alert_message, alert_start_time)
    if not still:
        alert_message = None
        alert_start_time = None
pygame.display.update()
CLOCK.tick(FPS)

# After animation: handle capture removal at landing square
captured = False
if abs(initial_piece) == 3:
    # super king: if distance > 1 in either direction, remove the captured piece on path
    dr = er - sr
    dc = ec - sc
    if abs(dr) > 1 or abs(dc) > 1:
        captured = True
        step_r = 1 if dr > 0 else -1
        step_c = 1 if dc > 0 else -1
        r_iter, c_iter = sr + step_r, sc + step_c
        while (r_iter, c_iter) != (er, ec):
            val = board.matrix[r_iter][c_iter]
            if val != 0:
                if val * initial_piece < 0:
                    board.matrix[r_iter][c_iter] = 0
                    break
            r_iter += step_r
            c_iter += step_c
    else:
        # normal or king: capture if abs(dr)==2 and abs(dc)==2
        dr = er - sr
        dc = ec - sc
        if abs(dr) == 2 and abs(dc) == 2:
            captured = True
            mid_r = (sr + er) // 2
            mid_c = (sc + ec) // 2
            board.matrix[mid_r][mid_c] = 0

# Place the piece at landing square
board.matrix[er][ec] = piece_val

# If this segment was a capture, pause for 0.5 seconds showing the current board
if captured:
    pause_start = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    while pygame.time.get_ticks() - pause_start < 500:
        # Draw the board state with piece at (er,ec)
        WIN.fill((0, 0, 0))
        draw_board(WIN, board, set())

```

```

# Optionally, highlight the capturing piece? Here we just draw normally.
# Draw info panel
bt�s = draw_info_panel(WIN, board, mode, algo_name, ai_depth, curr_player,
                      red_time_left, green_time_left, score_green, score_red)
# Draw alert if active
if alert_message is not None and alert_start_time is not None:
    still = draw_alert(WIN, alert_message, alert_start_time)
    if not still:
        alert_message = None
        alert_start_time = None
    pygame.display.update()
    CLOCK.tick(FPS)
# Process events lightly to keep window responsive
for ev in pygame.event.get():
    if ev.type == pygame.QUIT:
        pygame.quit()
        sys.exit()
# End of pause for this capture segment

# After all segments: handle final promotion
final_r, final_c = move_seq[-1]
board.matrix[final_r][final_c]=0
if abs(initial_piece) == 3:
    new_piece = initial_piece
else:
    if capture_count >= 3:
        new_piece = 3 if initial_piece > 0 else -3
    else:
        if initial_piece == 1 and final_r == board.size - 1:
            new_piece = 2
        elif initial_piece == -1 and final_r == 0:
            new_piece = -2
        else:
            new_piece = initial_piece
board.matrix[final_r][final_c]=new_piece

# -----
# Main Game Flow
# -----
def main():
    global ROWS, SQUARE_SIZE, BOARD_PIXELS, WIN
    global RED_IMG, GREEN_IMG, RED_KING_IMG, GREEN_KING_IMG, STAR_IMG

    # 1. Board size selection
    ROWS = None
    temp_win = pygame.display.set_mode((600, 400))
    pygame.display.set_caption('Checkers - Select Board Size')
    while ROWS is None:
        temp_win.fill((30, 30, 30))
        title = BIG_FONT.render("Select Board Size", True, WHITE)
        temp_win.blit(title, title.get_rect(center=(300, 100)))
        o1 = FONT.render("Press 1: 8 x 8", True, WHITE)

```

```

o2 = FONT.render("Press 2: 10 x 10", True, WHITE)
o3 = FONT.render("Press 3: 12 x 12", True, WHITE)
temp_win.blit(o1, (300 - o1.get_width()//2, 160))
temp_win.blit(o2, (300 - o2.get_width()//2, 190))
temp_win.blit(o3, (300 - o3.get_width()//2, 220))
pygame.display.update()
for event in pygame.event.get():
    if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
        pygame.quit()
        sys.exit()
    if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
        if event.key == pygame.K_1:
            ROWS = 8
        elif event.key == pygame.K_2:
            ROWS = 10
        elif event.key == pygame.K_3:
            ROWS = 12
        CLOCK.tick(FPS)
# Determine BOARD_PIXELS based on screen size
max_board_h = SCREEN_H - PANEL_HEIGHT - 50
max_board_w = SCREEN_W - 50
BOARD_PIXELS = min(max_board_h, max_board_w)
BOARD_PIXELS = (BOARD_PIXELS // ROWS) * ROWS
SQUARE_SIZE = BOARD_PIXELS // ROWS
WIN = pygame.display.set_mode((BOARD_PIXELS, BOARD_PIXELS + PANEL_HEIGHT))
pygame.display.set_caption('Enhanced Checkers')

# Load images
try:
    RED_IMG = pygame.transform.scale(pygame.image.load(r'images/redcircle.png'),
(SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE))
    GREEN_IMG = pygame.transform.scale(pygame.image.load(r'images/greencircle.png'),
(SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE))
    RED_KING_IMG = pygame.transform.scale(pygame.image.load(r'images/redking.png'),
(SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE))
    GREEN_KING_IMG = pygame.transform.scale(pygame.image.load(r'images/greenking.png'),
(SQUARE_SIZE, SQUARE_SIZE))
    STAR_IMG = pygame.transform.scale(pygame.image.load(r'images/star.png'),
(SQUARE_SIZE//2, SQUARE_SIZE//2))
except Exception as e:
    print("Error loading images. Ensure 'images' folder has correct files.")
    raise

# 2. Mode selection
mode = None      # '1v1' or 'AI'
ai_algorithm = None # "Minimax" or "AlphaBeta"
ai_depth = None   # integer

while mode is None:
    WIN.fill((30, 30, 30))
    title = BIG_FONT.render("Select Mode", True, WHITE)
    WIN.blit(title, title.get_rect(center=(BOARD_PIXELS//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2 - 60)))

```

```

opt1 = FONT.render("Press 1: Two Players (1v1)", True, WHITE)
opt2 = FONT.render("Press 2: Play vs AI", True, WHITE)
WIN.blit(opt1, (BOARD_PIXELS//2 - opt1.get_width()//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2))
WIN.blit(opt2, (BOARD_PIXELS//2 - opt2.get_width()//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2 + 30))
pygame.display.update()
for event in pygame.event.get():
    if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
        pygame.quit()
        sys.exit()
    if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
        if event.key == pygame.K_1:
            mode = '1v1'
        elif event.key == pygame.K_2:
            mode = 'AI'
CLOCK.tick(FPS)

# 3. AI selection
if mode == 'AI':
    while ai_algorithm is None:
        WIN.fill((30, 30, 30))
        prompt = BIG_FONT.render("Select AI Algorithm:", True, WHITE)
        WIN.blit(prompt, prompt.get_rect(center=(BOARD_PIXELS//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2 - 60)))
        o1 = FONT.render("Press 1: Minimax (no pruning)", True, WHITE)
        o2 = FONT.render("Press 2: Minimax w/ Alpha-Beta", True, WHITE)
        WIN.blit(o1, (BOARD_PIXELS//2 - o1.get_width()//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2))
        WIN.blit(o2, (BOARD_PIXELS//2 - o2.get_width()//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2 + 30))
        pygame.display.update()
        for event in pygame.event.get():
            if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
                pygame.quit()
                sys.exit()
            if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
                if event.key == pygame.K_1:
                    ai_algorithm = "Minimax"
                elif event.key == pygame.K_2:
                    ai_algorithm = "AlphaBeta"
CLOCK.tick(FPS)

# 4. AI depth
while ai_depth is None:
    WIN.fill((30, 30, 30))
    prompt = BIG_FONT.render("Select AI Depth (1-8): Press number key", True, WHITE)
    WIN.blit(prompt, prompt.get_rect(center=(BOARD_PIXELS//2, BOARD_PIXELS//2 - 30)))
    pygame.display.update()
    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
            pygame.quit()
            sys.exit()
        if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
            if pygame.K_1 <= event.key <= pygame.K_8:
                depth = event.key - pygame.K_0
                ai_depth = depth

```

```

CLOCK.tick(FPS)

# Scores across games
score_green = 0
score_red = 0

# Outer loop
while True:
    board = Board(ROWS)
    highlighted_piece = None
    possible_moves = []
    highlighted_positions = set()

    force_swap_mode = False
    force_swap_player = None

    curr_player = 'G' # Green starts
    green_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
    red_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
    turn_start_ticks = pygame.time.get_ticks()

    # Alert state
    alert_message = None
    alert_start_time = None

    game_over = False
    end_message = ""

    while True:
        now_ticks = pygame.time.get_ticks()
        elapsed = (now_ticks - turn_start_ticks) / 1000.0

        # Timers
        if mode == '1v1' or (mode == 'AI' and curr_player == 'G'):
            if curr_player == 'G':
                green_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN - elapsed
            else:
                red_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN - elapsed

        # Check timeout
        if ((mode == '1v1' and curr_player == 'G' and green_time_left <= 0) or
            (mode == '1v1' and curr_player == 'R' and red_time_left <= 0) or
            (mode == 'AI' and curr_player == 'G' and green_time_left <= 0)):
            game_over = True
            if mode == '1v1':
                if curr_player == 'G':
                    end_message = "Green timed out! Red wins!"
                    score_red += 1
                else:
                    end_message = "Red timed out! Green wins!"
                    score_green += 1
            else:
                end_message = "Game over! Tie"
                score_red += 1
                score_green += 1

```

```

end_message = "Green timed out! Red (AI) wins!"
score_red += 1

# Draw background & board
WIN.fill((0, 0, 0))
# Draw board
draw_board(WIN, board, highlighted_positions)
# Draw info panel with integrated Generate Power buttons
btn_rects = draw_info_panel(WIN, board, mode, ai_algorithm, ai_depth, curr_player,
                           red_time_left if mode=='1v1' else None,
                           green_time_left, score_green, score_red)
# Draw alert if active
if alert_message is not None and alert_start_time is not None:
    still = draw_alert(WIN, alert_message, alert_start_time)
    if not still:
        alert_message = None
        alert_start_time = None

pygame.display.update()
CLOCK.tick(FPS)

# Event handling
for event in pygame.event.get():
    if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
        pygame.quit()
        sys.exit()

# If game over: only allow R/Q
if game_over:
    if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
        if event.key == pygame.K_r:
            break # restart outer
        elif event.key == pygame.K_q:
            pygame.quit()
            sys.exit()
        continue

# Detect clicks on Generate Power buttons
if event.type == pygame.MOUSEBUTTONDOWN:
    mpos = pygame.mouse.get_pos()
    # Green button?
    if btn_rects.get('G') and btn_rects['G'].collidepoint(mpos):
        if not board.power_used['G']:
            power = board.generate_random_power('G')
            if power:
                # Immediately activate or set force-swap mode
                if power == PowerType.FORCE_SWAP:
                    force_swap_mode = True
                    force_swap_player = 'G'
                else:
                    board.activate_power('G', power)
        # Set alert

```

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        name = power.value
        desc = POWER_DESCRIPTIONS.get(power, "")
        alert_message = f"{name}\n{desc}"
        alert_start_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    continue
# Red/AI button?
if btn_rects.get('R') and btn_rects['R'].collidepoint(mpos):
    if not board.power_used['R']:
        power = board.generate_random_power('R')
        if power:
            if power == PowerType.FORCE_SWAP:
                force_swap_mode = True
                force_swap_player = 'R'
            else:
                board.activate_power('R', power)
# Set alert
name = power.value
desc = POWER_DESCRIPTIONS.get(power, "")
alert_message = f"{name}\n{desc}"
alert_start_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
continue

# Human turn handling (select/move pieces)
human_turn = (mode == '1v1') or (mode == 'AI' and curr_player == 'G')
if human_turn and event.type == pygame.MOUSEBUTTONDOWN:
    mouse_pos = pygame.mouse.get_pos()
    # Handle force-swap
    if force_swap_mode and force_swap_player == curr_player:
        click = get_clicked_pos(mouse_pos)
        if click:
            r, c = click
            if board.activate_power(force_swap_player, PowerType.FORCE_SWAP, (r, c)):
                force_swap_mode = False
                force_swap_player = None
                board.active_powers[curr_player] = None
                # Show alert for FORCE_SWAP
                power = PowerType.FORCE_SWAP
                name = power.value
                desc = POWER_DESCRIPTIONS.get(power, "")
                alert_message = f"{name}\n{desc}"
                alert_start_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    continue

    click = get_clicked_pos(mouse_pos)
    if click:
        r, c = click
        if highlighted_piece and (r, c) in highlighted_positions:
            # Apply move
            for mv in possible_moves:
                if mv[-1] == (r, c):
                    pause_start = pygame.time.get_ticks()
                    piece_val = board.matrix[highlighted_piece[0]][highlighted_piece[1]]

```

```

        animate_move(board, mv, piece_val,
                     mode, ai_algorithm, ai_depth, curr_player,
                     red_time_left, green_time_left,
                     score_green, score_red,
                     alert_message, alert_start_time)
    pause_end = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    turn_start_ticks += (pause_end - pause_start)
    # Handle MOVE_TWICE
    if board.move_twice_active[curr_player] and board.active_powers[curr_player]
== PowerType.MOVE_TWICE:
    board.active_powers[curr_player] = None
    board.move_twice_active[curr_player] = False
    # same player's turn continues
else:
    board.update_turn_effects(curr_player)
    curr_player = 'R' if curr_player == 'G' else 'G'
    green_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
    red_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
    turn_start_ticks = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    highlighted_piece = None
    possible_moves = []
    highlighted_positions.clear()
    break
else:
    val = board.matrix[r][c]
    if val != 0 and ((val < 0 and curr_player == 'G') or (val > 0 and curr_player == 'R')):
        highlighted_piece = (r, c)
        possible_moves = board._get_piece_moves((r, c))
        highlighted_positions = {mv[-1] for mv in possible_moves}
    else:
        highlighted_piece = None
        possible_moves = []
        highlighted_positions.clear()

# If game over: show overlay
if game_over:
    WIN.fill((0, 0, 0))
    draw_board(WIN, board, set())
    draw_info_panel(WIN, board, mode, ai_algorithm, ai_depth,
                   curr_player,
                   red_time_left if mode=='1v1' else None,
                   green_time_left,
                   score_green, score_red)
    draw_end_message(WIN, end_message)
    pygame.display.update()
    CLOCK.tick(FPS)
    continue

# Check no moves => game over
if not game_over:
    moves_avail = board.get_all_moves(curr_player)
    if not moves_avail:

```

```

game_over = True
winner = 'R' if curr_player == 'G' else 'G'
if winner == 'G':
    end_message = "No moves: Green wins!"
    score_green += 1
elif winner == 'R':
    end_message = "No moves: Red wins!"
    score_red += 1
else:
    end_message = "No moves: Draw!"
WIN.fill((0, 0, 0))
draw_board(WIN, board, set())
draw_info_panel(WIN, board, mode, ai_algorithm, ai_depth,
                curr_player,
                red_time_left if mode=='1v1' else None,
                green_time_left,
                score_green, score_red)
draw_end_message(WIN, end_message)
pygame.display.update()
CLOCK.tick(FPS)
continue

# AI turn
if mode == 'AI' and curr_player == 'R':
    # AI may auto-generate power here if desired:
    if should_ai_use_power(board, 'R') and not board.power_used['R']:
        power = board.generate_random_power('R')
    if power:
        if power == PowerType.FORCE_SWAP:
            force_swap_mode = True
            force_swap_player = 'R'
        else:
            board.activate_power('R', power)
    # Alert
    name = power.value
    desc = POWER_DESCRIPTIONS.get(power, "")
    alert_message = f"{name}\n{desc}"
    alert_start_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    pause_start = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    ai_move = find_best_move(board, 'R', ai_depth, ai_algorithm)
    pause_end = pygame.time.get_ticks()
    turn_start_ticks += (pause_end - pause_start)
    if ai_move:
        piece_val = board.matrix[ai_move[0][0]][ai_move[0][1]]
        animate_move(board, ai_move, piece_val,
                     mode, ai_algorithm, ai_depth, curr_player,
                     None, green_time_left,
                     score_green, score_red,
                     alert_message, alert_start_time)
    if board.move_twice_active['R'] and board.active_powers['R'] ==
PowerType.MOVE_TWICE:
        board.active_powers['R'] = None

```

```
    board.move_twice_active['R'] = False
else:
    board.update_turn_effects('R')
    curr_player = 'G'
green_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
red_time_left = TIME_PER_TURN
turn_start_ticks = pygame.time.get_ticks()
highlighted_piece = None
possible_moves = []
highlighted_positions.clear()

# End of single game: loops to restart automatically on R key

# Entry point
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```