

Analyzing Route Combination Success vs Defensive Structure in the 2020 NFL Season

### 2021 SIS Analytics Challenge

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# Introduction

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#### Goal:

• Identify "successful" coverages vs the "most popular" route combinations in the 2020 NFL season.

#### Additionally:

Investigate how personnel positioning affects play success

### **Data**

Although the option was

available to use outside

sources, data used in this

project was strictly limited to
the Sports Info Solutions
dataset.

This set featured enough granularity to provide a satisfactory answer to the "General Track" prompt.

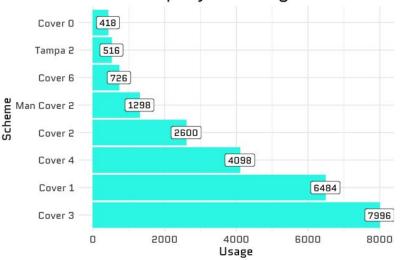


# **Data: Coverages**

While there are many different coverages tracked by the SIS data, only "major" coverages will be used in this study.

#### **Coverage Scheme Usage**

NFL: 2020 | Major Coverages



## **Defining "Success"**

The working definition of "success" in this project is:

#### Explosiveness + Reliability:

- Explosiveness: High EPA\*
- Reliability: High Completion %

RATING = (Standardized Average EPA) + (Standardized Average Completion %)

\* EPA (Expected Points Added) is derived from the Sports Info Solutions dataset.

### **End Product**

- A simple, handheld "hit chart" similar to those seen in games like blackjack
- Practical usage would be for coaches to quickly identify

#### advantages/disadvantages in coverages

- Offense: Calling audibles at the line upon seeing coverages
- Defense: Comparing opponents' route combinations to coverages best suited to defend them

# **Assumptions/Factors**

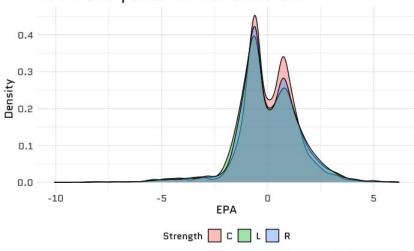
## Formations: Orientation

An offense may choose to align their receivers in many different ways.

Orientation (ex. 3x1 vs 1x3) was not found to have a significant impact on the average EPA of a play across the NFL\*.

#### **Strength Orientation**





<sup>\*</sup> It's possible handedness of QB is a factor here, but there is no data to determine this

## **FIB**

Given the geometry of a football field, there will be a "boundary side" and a "field side" of most plays.

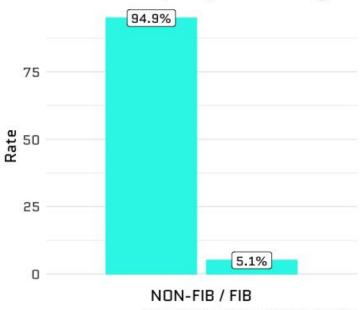
- Boundary Side = Short Side
- Field Side = Long Side

If an offense sets its passing strength (more receivers) toward the short side of the field, this is called "Formation into Boundary", or FIB.

We will only consider non-FIB plays.

#### FIB Usage

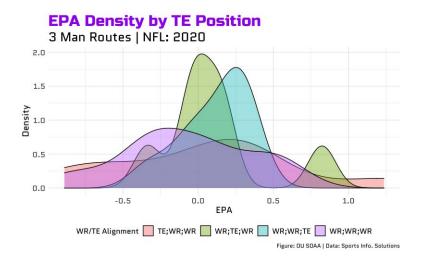
NFL: 2020 | Major Coverages



## Personnel, Positioning

The **position of the TE**, whether they be the #1 receiver or the #3 receiver, **seems to have a significant impact** on the EPA success of a play.

Thus, while a Curl-Curl-Chip/Flat route might work best for an offense, it certainly matters which route a TE is running.



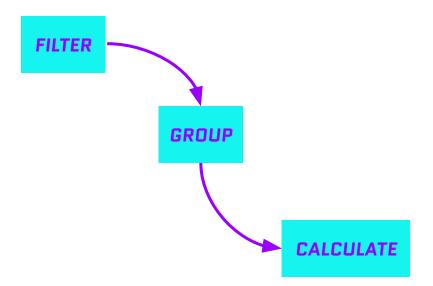
# **Analysis**

## **Popular Route Combinations**

3 REC COMBINATIONS		
Combination	Count	
url::Curl::Curl	97	
o/Fly::Out::Out	96	
url::Fade::Curl	93	
Curl::Curl::Chip-Flat	72	
Curl::Fade::Out	66	

It is worth noting many 2 REC combinations are prevalent in 3 REC combinations

### **Initial Methods**



#### Filter for generality:

- Non-FIB
- Non-Screen
- Major Coverages
- Major Routes (previous)

#### Group by:

- Coverage
- Route Combination

#### Calculate:

- Bootstrapped EPA, Bootstrapped CMP%
- Success Rating (defined earlier)

### The General Answer

Notice that the **semi-paired patterns** (Go/Fly;Out & Go/Fly;Out;Out) have **similar coverage weaknesses**. A notable and interesting exception is 2 curls vs 3 curls.

#### Practical Usage:

- Audibling
- Calling timeouts
- Blitz call timing

#### Slant:Slant Go/Fly;Out;Out 0 0 0 Go/Fly:Out Fade:Out 0 Curl;Seam 0 D D 0 D D 0 Curl;Fade;Out 0 D 0 0

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Pattern vs. Coverage Hit Chart NFL: 2020 | Major Coverages | Non-FIB



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Figure: OU SDAA | Data: Sports Info. Solutions

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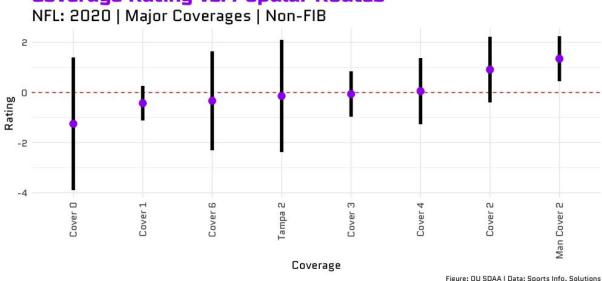
Curl;Fade;Curl

Curl;Curl;Curl

Curl;Curl;Chip - Flat

## The General Answer: Continued

#### **Coverage Rating vs. Popular Routes**



# Scenario

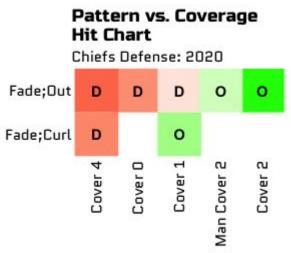
# Ex: Game Planning for Chiefs

Most popular routes run against Chiefs and their performance shown in figure

We have a great chance at a successful hit rate with a **Fade:Out 2-man route** combo **against a Cover 2**, for example.

#### Issues:

- **Small sample size** necessitates bootstrapping
- 3-man route combos are not repeated often enough for significant data



# **Future Work**

# **Multi-Year Analysis**

The primary limitation for this project was a lack of data.

With a larger dataset, more accurate, data-filled hit charts could be created to aid in decision making. Across years, trends could also be identified.

These could be broken down further for:

- Specific coordinators
- Down/distance
- Red zone/open field
- Postseason strategy

# Conclusion

# The Best Coverages

Overall, Cover O performed best against the top route combinations

- High variability in success
- Often run in situations where EPA is in diminishing returns range

In open field, single-high safety looks are more stable than two-high safety looks

- Cover 1, Cover 3
- Cover 2, Cover 4 lead to more offensive success, Tampa 2 has higher variability

While orientation to strength of the field does not matter, WR/TE positioning does

As shown previously on Slide 11

# **Thank You!**

## Appendix A

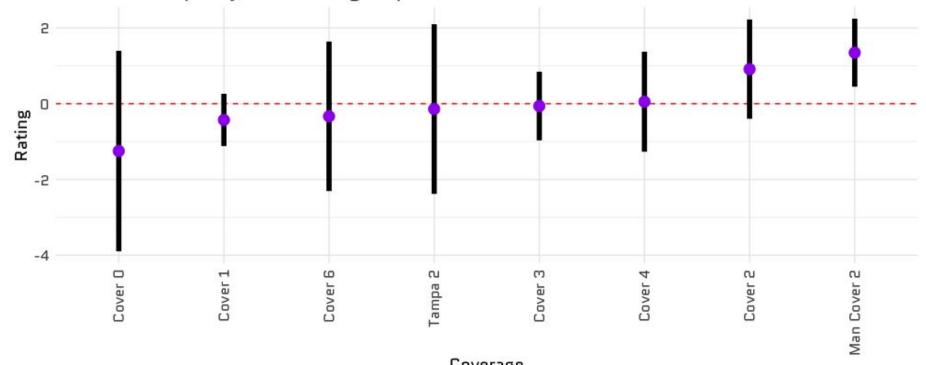
#### Pattern vs. Coverage Hit Chart

NFL: 2020   Major Coverages   Non-FIB										
Slant;Slant	D	D	0	D	0	D	D	0		
Go/Fly;Out;Out	D	o	0		0	D	0	0		
Go/Fly;Out	D	D	0	0	o	D	0	D		
Fade;Out	D	D	D	D	D	0	0	o		
Curl;Seam	0	D	D	o	О	D	D	0		
Curl;Fade;Out	D	o	D		D		0	o		
Curl;Fade;Curl	0	D	D		D	0	О			
Curl;Curl;Curl	D	D	D	0	О	D	0	0		
Curl;Curl;Chip - Flat	0	D	D	D	D	D	0	0		
Curl;Curl	0	D	О	D	0	D	o	0		
	Cover 0	Cover 1	Cover 6	Tampa 2	Cover 3	Cover 4	Cover 2	Man Cover 2		

## **Appendix B**

### Coverage Rating vs. Popular Routes

NFL: 2020 | Major Coverages | Non-FIB



Coverage