

```

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Paths;

public class Driver {

    /** Simple error handling routine: reports line number and message */
    public static void error(String errorMessage, int lineNumber) {
        System.out.print("Error on line " + lineNumber + ": ");
        System.out.println(errorMessage);
        System.exit(1);
    }

    /** Runtime errors -- no line number */
    public static void error(String errorMessage) {
        System.out.println(errorMessage);
        System.exit(1);
    }

    /** Run a script: main driver of the interpreting process */
    public void run(String inputPath) throws IOException {
        // Step 1: Open then file and read its characters into a buffer
        byte[] bytes = Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(inputPath));
        String characters = new String(bytes);

        // Step 2: Lexical analysis: Returns an ArrayList<Token>
        Lexer lex = new Lexer(characters);
        ArrayList<Token> tokens = lex.analyze();

        for (Token t : tokens) {
            System.out.println(t);
        }

        /** Parsing and execution will go here in future versions (project 2) */
    }

    /** Main: interpret the file name given as a command line argument */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        if (args.length < 1) {
            System.out.println("Usage: java Driver FILENAME");
            System.exit(0);
        }

        Driver driver = new Driver();

        try {
            driver.run(args[0]);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            driver.error("Could not open file " + args[0] + ".", 0);
        }
    }
}

```

```
enum Tokens {  
    NAME,  
    PLUS,  
    MINUS,  
    TIMES,  
    DIVIDE,  
    EOF,  
    UNKNOWN
```

```
}
```

```
public class Token {
```

```
    Tokens type;
```

```
    // Some tokens have associated values:  
    // NAME tokens have a string that is the name of the variable  
    // STRING tokens have the string  
    // NUMBER tokens have the value of the number
```

```
    Object value;  
    int line;
```

```
    public Token(Tokens type, Object value, int line) {  
        this.type = type;  
        this.value = value;  
        this.line = line;  
    }
```

```
    public Token(Tokens type, int line) {  
        this.type = type;  
        this.value = null;  
        this.line = line;  
    }
```

```
    public String toString() {  
        return "<" + this.type + ", value = " + this.value + ", line = " + this.line + ">";  
    }
```

```
}
```

```

import java.util.ArrayList;

public class Lexer {
    // String containing the program's text
    String program;

    // Index of the current character being analyzed
    int index;

    // Line counter
    // Used for error reporting and incremented on each newline
    int line;

    /** Constructor */
    public Lexer(String program) {
        this.program = program;
        this.index = 0;
        this.line = 1;
    }

    /** Back-up one character */
    public void unread() {
        this.index--;
    }

    /** Return the next character and advance the index pointer */
    public char nextCharacter() {
        if (this.index >= this.program.length()) {
            this.index++;
            return (char) 0; // EOF
        }

        char c = this.program.charAt(this.index);
        this.index++;
        return c;
    }

    /** Build an identifier: returns a NAME or keyword Token */
    public Token analyzeIdentifier() {
        String identifier = "";

        while (true) {
            char c = nextCharacter();

            if (!Character.isLetter(c) && !Character.isDigit(c) && c != '_' ) {
                unread();
                break;
            } else {
                identifier += c;
            }
        }

        return new Token(Tokens.NAME, identifier, this.line);
    }
}

```

```
/** Integer number literals */  
public Token analyzeNumber() {
```

```
}
```

```
/** Find and return the next Token */  
public Token nextToken() {
```

```
    while (true) {  
        char c = nextCharacter();  
  
        if (c == 0) {  
            return new Token(Tokens.EOF, this.line);  
        }  
  
        // NAME TOKEN  
        if (Character.isLetter(c)) {  
            unread();  
            return analyzeIdentifier();  
        }  
  
        // INTEGER TOKEN  
        else if (Character.isDigit(c) || c == '.') {  
            unread();  
            return analyzeNumber();  
        }  
  
        // Math symbols  
        else if (c == '+') {  
            return new Token(Tokens.PLUS, this.line);  
        } else if (c == '*') {  
            return new Token(Tokens.TIMES, this.line);  
        } else if (c == '/') {  
            return new Token(Tokens.DIVIDE, this.line);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

    } else if (c == '-') {
        return new Token(Tokens.MINUS, this.line);
    }

    //Relational operators!

```

```

    // Newline
    else if (c == '\n') {
        this.line++;
    }

    // Default: ignore whitespace
    else if (!Character.isWhitespace(c)) {
        Driver.error("Unexpected character " + (char) c, this.line);
    }
}

```

```

}

/** Main lexical analysis routine */
//
// Scans the input program and returns an ArrayList containing all of its
// Tokens.
public ArrayList<Token> analyze() {

    ArrayList<Token> tokens = new ArrayList<Token>();

    Token t;
    do {
        t = nextToken();
        tokens.add(t);
    } while (t.type != Tokens.EOF);

    return tokens;
}
}

```