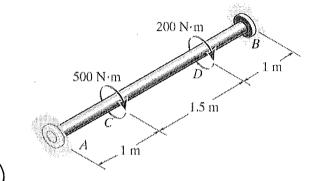
Name:

## **MECH 3130: Mechanics of Materials**

Ouiz-4 Spring 2012

The A-36 steel shaft has a **diameter** of 60 mm and is fixed at its ends A and B. If it is subjected to torques as shown, determine the absolute maximum shear stress in the shaft. Given, shear modulus for A-36 steel is 75 GPa.



$$5T = 0 \Rightarrow -T_A + 500 + 200 \bullet T_B = 0$$

$$T_A + T_B = 700 N - M - 0$$

Compatibility > \$\phi\_{A/B}^{-0} > \phi\_{A/c}^{+} \phi\_{C/D}^{+} \phi\_{D/B}^{+} = 0\$  $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{Tl}{GJ}\right)_{AC} + \left(\frac{Tl}{GJ}\right)_{CD} + \left(\frac{Tl}{GJ}\right)_{DB} = 0$ For Various segments Ac, CD, DB ->

$$T_{AC} = T_{A}$$

$$T_{CD} = T_{A} - 500$$

$$T_{DB} = T_{A} - 700$$

$$T_{AC} = T_A$$
 $T_{CD} = T_A - 500$ 
 $T_{DB} = T_A - 700$ 
 $T_{AC} = T_A - 700$ 

o. 
$$T_A = 414.3 \text{ N-m}$$
 and  $T_B = 285.7 \text{ N-m}$ 

Recall,  $T = \frac{Tr}{J}$ ; max. torque is  $T_{AC}$ .