Home assignment 3

A bar is free to move in the horizontal direction as shown. At t=0, the bar moves with constant velocity \dot{U} to the direction of the x-axis displacements being zeros. Use the Finite Difference Method on a regular grid with $i \in \{0,1,2\}$ and the Crank-Nicolson method with step size Δt to find the displacements and velocities at $t=\Delta t$. Cross-sectional area A, density ρ of the material, and Young's modulus E of the material are constants.

